

*English Translation
Of The Meanings Of*

The Noble Quran

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Translated and Edited by:

The Message International – USA

Saheeh International – UK

Dar Al Mountada – Saudi Arabia

Al Qummafi – Egypt

For Bulk Orders, please contact:

Egypt: Conveying Islamic Message Society
37 Kanoup ST. Camp Shezar Alex, Egypt

www.islamic-message.net

Tel: +20-3-5908811 / +20-10-6100335

Email: info@FreeQuran.com / info_en@islamic-message.net

USA: P.O. Box 50336, Staten Island, NY 10305

Tel: +1-718-569-2297 / +1-718-448-2004

Email: info@FreeQuran.org

Canada: +1-866-376-9297

Middle East: +20-16-2478667

For more information about Islam :

www.islamreligion.com

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info@FreeQuran.org

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IN THE NAME OF ALLAH, THE MOST COMPASSIONATE, THE MOST MERCIFUL

Noble reader:

Before you is the translation of the meaning of the glorious *Qur'an*. This is not the Arabic *Qur'an* itself. Rather, it is only the translation of its meaning.

The Muslims' holy book (*Qur'an*) was sent down by Allah (God) upon His messenger Muhammad (peace be upon him) in the Arabic language between the years 610 and 632. Since then, it has remained preserved in both written and oral forms of Arabic for the 1.5 billion Muslims all over the world. Approximately 10 million of today's Muslims have memorized the *Qur'an* by heart, cover to cover in the original Arabic language, without differing on a single letter therein, despite coming from every corner of the world. All other Muslims memorize at least parts, chapters, and/or verses from the *Qur'an* in its original Arabic form, regardless of what their tongue of origin may be.

What you currently have before you is an attempt to illustrate and convey as best as possible the message and meaning of the verses of the *Qur'an*, verses that are elegantly enveloped in the depths of the Arabic language. However, even the best attempt at translation is not the same as comprehending the *Qur'an* in its original Arabic. Therefore, after you have read the current translation, we advise you to contact a scholar of Islam via email or telephone to answer any questions that you may have and to clarify for you any passages that may have been difficult to comprehend in English translation.

In what follows, this introduction presents some of the evident truths associated with the glorious *Qur'an*.

WHAT IS THE *QUR'AN*?

The *Qur'an* is the book of Allah (God) and His words that were descended upon the heart of His messenger Muhammad (peace be upon him) through the archangel Gabriel. It was then relayed to us through multiple and rigorously authenticated chains of narrators. The number of these narrators was sufficiently large that it would have been impossible to have had so many unacquainted individuals agree on a lie.

The *Qur'an* also has other names by which it is known, such as: The Book, The Book of Allah, The Criterion, and The Light.

THE *QUR'AN*'S ORIGIN IS DIVINE.

The *Qur'an* is neither the work nor creation of any human being. From the very first letter to the last, it is nothing less than the words of Allah, without the interjection of any human, including the messenger Muhammad (peace be upon him). Allah says:

“Say (O, Muhammad), ‘It is not for me to change it on my own accord. I only follow what is revealed to me.’” {Surat Yunus (Chapter 10), Verse 15}

IT IS ABSOLUTELY IMPOSSIBLE THAT MUHAMMAD WROTE THE QUR'AN.

All circumstantial evidence leads the honest inquirer to the conclusion that Muhammad (peace be upon him) could not have written the *Qur'an*. There are a number of reasons supporting this conclusion.

Firstly, Muhammad (peace be upon him) was known and recognized for his honesty and personal integrity even before he first received revelation. Everyone that knew him bore witness that he was “The Truthful, The Trustworthy.” Thus, he was labeled with that nickname from adolescence onward.

Secondly, he was known among his people to be unlettered and illiterate. Allah says:

“And you did not recite before it any scripture, nor did you inscribe one with your right hand. Then (i.e., otherwise) the falsifiers would have had (cause for) doubt.” {Surat Al-Ankabut (Chapter 29), Verse 48}

Thirdly, in the *Qur'an* are verses reprimanding Muhammad (peace be upon him) in some matters, like for example the beginning of *Surat Abasa*, wherein Allah says:

“He (i.e., the Prophet) frowned and turned away because there came to him the blind man, (interrupting).” {Surat Abasa (Chapter 80), Verses 1-2}

How can it be that a rationale person can condemn himself and mention his own shortcomings in a book that he gives to his followers?

I n t r o d u c t i o n

Fourthly, the *Qur'an* does not contain details of the personal life of Muhammad (peace be upon him), nor does it mention the strife and hardships that he endured, as it is not his biography. On the contrary, Jesus and his mother Mary (peace be upon them) are mentioned by name and in greater detail much more frequently throughout the *Qur'an* than is Muhammad (peace be upon him). Their lives are told in explicit detail, and an entire chapter of the *Qur'an* is entitled *Maryam* (Mary).

Fifthly, in the *Qur'an* are many truths and realities that could only have come from the Creator of the Heavens and the Earth.

Sixthly, it is absurd to maintain that Muhammad (peace be upon him) took the *Qur'an* from his own people, for they were largely illiterate and would have confronted him with the known origins of the *Qur'an* if he had simply plagiarized it from his people.

Seventhly, the messenger Muhammad (peace be upon him) never met any person from the People of the Book (Jews, Christians, etc.) for extended periods of time. As such, he could not have plagiarized the *Qur'an* from the *Bible* and *Talmud*. Further, the *Qur'an* is filled with rebuttals of the falsehoods of the People of the Book, which undermines any argument that the *Qur'an* was somehow plagiarized from them.

OF WHAT IS THE *QUR'AN* COMPRISED?

The *Qur'an* is comprised of 114 chapters, each of which contains verses. The total number of verses in the *Qur'an* is 6,236. Some of the chapters are lengthy and have hundreds of verses, and others are shorter and have only a few verses. For example, *Surat Al-Kawthar* (chapter 108) has only three verses, while *Surat Al-Baqarah* (chapter 2) has 286 verses. Further, Allah has entitled each chapter with a specific name and a fixed order, as is apparent in the organization of the table of contents of this book.

THE LANGUAGE OF THE *QUR'AN*.

The *Qur'an* came down in the Arabic language. Allah says: “*And thus We have revealed it as an Arabic legislation.*” {*Surat Ar-Ra'd (Chapter 13), Verse 37*}

As to why the *Qur'an* was revealed in the Arabic language, we must first say that the human race does not possess a single universal language that everyone shares as a medium of understanding and comprehension. Therefore, it is completely natural that the *Qur'an* must be in one of those languages by which human beings communicate. Also, it is only befitting that the *Qur'an* be revealed in the language of the prophet that received it and in the language of those being addressed by it. Allah says:

“*And We did not send any messenger except (speaking) in the language of his people to state clearly for them...*” {*Surat Ibraheem (Chapter 14), Verse 4*}

Having said that, the reasons for the *Qur'an* being revealed in Arabic are that:

- (1) The Arabic language has established principles and systematic rules that have been unchanged for thousands of years.
- (2) The Arabic language is the most comprehensive of languages and has the most precise and effective method of communication through its ocean of vocabulary. For this reason, you may find that a page of another language may be required to translate two lines of Arabic.

For this reason, the *Qur'an* contains a message that is known by all those who have read it. This is a message that touches the soul and takes it into the world of parables and the horizons of spirituality. To fall upon this wonder, the individual is not asked for anything except to sever him/herself from materialistic attachments and previously acquired notions and to read or even hear the *Qur'an*. Upon doing so with an interested and unbiased approach, he/she will be instantaneously affected by its language and elegance. Allah says:

“And if any one of the polytheists seeks your protection, then grant him protection so that he may hear the words of Allah (i.e., the Qur'an).” {Surat At-Tawbah (Chapter 9), Verse 6}

All that is asked is that you hear and ponder the words of Allah, especially as Allah has facilitated its recitation. Allah says:

“So, (O Muhammad), We have only made it (i.e., the Qur'an) easy in your tongue...” (Surat Maryam (Chapter 19), Verse 97)

THE *QUR'AN* IS ARABIC IN LANGUAGE, UNIVERSAL IN MESSAGE.

The *Qur'an* did not come down for the Arabs alone, but rather for all of humankind. Allah says:

“The month of Ramadan (is that) in which was revealed the Qur'an, a guidance for the people and clear proofs of guidance and criterion.” {Surat Al-Baqarah (Chapter 2), Verse 185}

The *Qur'an* was sent down for all people, and Allah chose the Arabs to carry the message in that age to provide great wisdom to all mankind. Allah says:

“Allah is most knowing of where (i.e., with whom) He places His message.” {Surat Al-An'am (Chapter 6), Verse 124}

Thus, there is no doubt that this divine decision is of tremendous wisdom. With regard to this statement, the following considerations apply.

Firstly, Arabia has in it the first house institutionalized for all humankind to turn to in their testimony to the Oneness of the True God. This is the house that Abraham, the father of the prophets, built. Therefore, it is most appropriate that the seal of revelation should be sent to that very land.

Secondly, the Arabs at that time were a free people. They were not controlled by any of the major empires, nor did they fall under the auspices of any dominating government that would have combated the spread of the 'new' way of life.

Thirdly, they were gifted with the ability of precision memorization, due to their linguistic depths and exposure to poetry. In fact, their memorization skills were developed to such an extent that it was not that difficult for many of them to hear pages of poetry a single time and come away with it memorized ever after to the last letter.

Fourthly, the attributes of the Arabs and the character traits they most esteemed included such virtues as honesty, trustworthiness, fulfillment of promises, and sincerity. This was a result of not being poisoned by the two-faced and dishonest ‘diplomacy’ that crowded civilizations such as those that Rome and Persia adopted, secondary to their offensive and obscene lifestyles.

Lastly but not least, the choice to send the *Qur’an* amongst the Arabs provided another piece of evidence that it was a revelation from Allah. Consider that the *Qur’an* was revealed in a small, undeveloped, and backwards nation. However, after receiving the *Qur’an*, this same nation led the word from East to West for a period that spanned over 1,000 years. Who in his/her right mind would ever for a moment have considered it possible for uneducated Bedouin herders of sheep and camels to present the world with a book that would cause them to lead the world for over a millennium.

THE DESCENDING OF THE *QUR’AN*.

On the year 610, Allah sent the angel Jibreel/Gabriel (peace be upon him) to the city of Makkah where Muhammad bin ‘Abdullah lived. The angel informed him that Allah had chosen him to be his messenger to the entire world and recited to him the first five verses of *Surat Al-‘Alaq* (chapter 96). Since that moment and for a period of 23 years, the *Qur’an* continued its descending upon

the messenger Muhammad (peace be upon him). It began when the messenger Muhammad (peace be upon him) was 40 years of age, the age of maturity and wisdom.

THE GRADUAL DESCENDING OF THE *QUR'AN* AND THE WISDOM IN THAT.

The *Qur'an* used to descend upon the messenger Muhammad (peace be upon him) by way of direct revelation from Allah, the Most High, with the angel Jibreel (peace be upon him) as the medium carrying the inspiration. This lasted a period of approximately 23 years. Why this gradual unfolding of the *Qur'an*? The answer is found in two of its verses.

“And those who disbelieve say: ‘Why was the Qur’an not revealed to him all at once?’ Thus (it is) that We may strengthen thereby your heart. And We have spaced it distinctly.” {Surat Al-Furqan (Chapter 25), Verse 32}

“And (it is) a Qur’an which We have separated (by intervals) that you might recite it to the people over a prolonged period. And We have sent it down progressively.” {Surat Al-Israa’ (Chapter 17), Verse 106}

From these two verses, we can now derive some of the wisdom behind the *Qur'an* being revealed gradually. These include the following.

- (1) Gradual revelation provided for the solace and comfort of Prophet Muhammad (peace be upon him) and partially insulated him from the reoccurring harm that

he would have otherwise suffered at the hands of his people.

- (2) It provided a means for addressing problems as they arose via an ongoing connection to Allah.
- (3) It allowed for the development of an Islamic nation through gradual legislation, thus minimizing difficult adjustments for the first generation of Muslims by not forcing them to make abrupt changes in their lives. This was particularly important during the early days of the Islamic state.
- (4) This gradualism is but one of the many aspects of the miraculous nature of the *Qur'an*. There are parts, such as the beginning of *Surat Al-Baqarah* (chapter 2), which were revealed in the beginning of the years in the city of Madinah, whereas the last Qur'anic verse revealed, some 10 years later, is also in that same chapter. For this to have occurred and the *Qur'an* still be void of confusion, discrepancy and incoherence, while still containing delightful wisdom and secrets, is further proof that this book was not the effort of any man and that it could not be produced even if all of humankind united to contribute to its production.

THE SUBJECTS OF THE *QUR'AN*.

The *Qur'an* provides teaching and instruction for the individual, the family, and the community. It even contains information and direction regarding the establishment of a nation. Within its pages are instructions concerning our relationship with Allah, the Most High, enabling us to know Who created us and why, what the Creator asks of us, and what is our final destination. The *Qur'an* also teaches us about our relationship with the unseen world of angels and devils, and it provides information about those who have come to pass before us in this world of nations and individuals. In it are the basics of worship with regard to prayer, charity, fasting, and pilgrimage to the sacred house. It provides us with a reference as to how we are to relate to the rest of humankind, guiding us with regard to both materialistic and behavioral interactions (i.e., financial transactions and interpersonal etiquette). Finally, we find within the *Qur'an* lessons regarding our relationships with animals and the rest of the creatures of Allah.

To conclude, in every aspect of one's life of spiritual and tangible matters from the moment of birth until the day of breathing one's last, the *Qur'an* covers all the foundations and principles of which one could be of need. Befittingly, Allah has described this very point when He says:

"And We have sent down to you the Book (i.e., the Qur'an) as clarification for all things..." {Surat An-Nahl (Chapter 16), Verse 89}

THE CATEGORICAL ISSUES OF THE *QUR'AN*.

While you are reading the *Qur'an*, you will find some issues or events that are frequently repeated. This is not from redundancy. Instead, such repetition reinforces earlier mention and provides subtle shades of additional meaning. For example, you will see that the *Qur'an* contains an issue being mentioned in multiple chapters, but its mention each time appears in a diverse style or with new additions.

There are several reasons that the *Qur'an* should not be separated into isolated subjects, a few of which are listed below.

- (1) It drives the individual to read the entirety of the *Qur'an*, instead of reading just a portion of it regarding a particular issue and ignoring the rest.
- (2) Despite the number of times it is read, the *Qur'an* repels boredom in the reader by challenging the talents of the human mind. Each time it is read, the reader finds a new literary marvel within the uniqueness of each verse and searches for the purpose behind the slight dissimilarity.
- (3) The *Qur'an's* repetition is yet another aspect of the novelty of the *Qur'an*. With all these subjects intertwined with one another and not primitively isolated by chapters based on subjects, the chapters remain cohesive despite all the variety to be found within some of them. Everything ties together and also ties into the previous and succeeding chapters.

THE WRITING OF THE *QUR'AN* AND ITS COLLECTION.

The writing and collection of the *Qur'an* can be divided into a few stages, which trace its course from its first written form until today.

The first stage was during the lifetime of Prophet Muhammad (peace be upon him). Prophet Muhammad (peace be upon him) used to memorize the *Qur'an* immediately as it was sent down to him, and it was Allah who claimed responsibility to keep the *Qur'an* firmly in the Prophet's memory. Allah says:

"Indeed, upon Us is its collection (in your heart) and (to make possible) its recitation. So when We have recited (through Gabriel), then follow its recitation. Then upon Us is its clarification (to you)." {Surat Al-Qiyamah (Chapter 75), Verses 17-19}


The Prophet (peace be upon him) used to recite the *Qur'an* to his companions as he gradually received the revelation, and they would memorize it, too. The companions would then recite it to their families and children, and they would in turn memorize it. They were all known for their extensive memorization skills, and they recited it in their prayers, which of course aided in its recollection. Both of these supporting factors aided in the memorization of the *Qur'an*. As such, it is not surprising that in just one battle 70 memorizers of the entire *Qur'an* were killed. In addition to memorizing the *Qur'an*, those of the Prophet's (peace be upon him) companions who were literate would write down the *Qur'anic* revelation as they were revealed. While they were not placed together in a single book because the revelation was still ongoing, these earliest writings of *Qur'anic* revelation were yet an additional way in which the *Qur'an* was preserved.

The second stage coexists with the caliphate of Abu Bakr As-Siddeeq, the first caliph. During his caliphate, the entire *Qur'an* was written down and collected into a single volume for the first time. This initial compilation of the first complete written version of the *Qur'an* was based upon the memorization of the *Qur'an* by numerous individuals and upon the earlier, uncollected writings of the *Qur'an*. This project was completed by an indescribably diligent group of the Prophet's (peace be upon him) companions who used an extremely rigorous authentication and verification process to insure precision accuracy in their efforts. This *Mushaf* (written *Qur'an*) remained in the home of the first caliph, Abu Bakr, until his death, at which time it was relocated to the home of the second caliph, Umar ibn Al-Khattab. After this, it went to the home of Umar's daughter, Hafsa bint Al-Khattab, who had been the wife of the Prophet (peace be upon him). There it was safeguarded by her until it was requested by the third caliph, Uthman ibn Affan.

The third stage took place during the caliphate of Uthman ibn Affan. During the time of the third caliph, Islam had expanded to great distances in every direction. Among the Muslims were people of assorted backgrounds and languages. Apparently being concerned about minor differences in Qur'anic recitation that were secondary to differences among various Arabic dialects, Uthman retrieved the written *Qur'an* from Hafsa and commissioned Zayd ibn Thabit, the original compiler of the written *Qur'an*, to utilize this single copy of the written *Qur'an* to produce a final recension of the *Qur'an*, in order to standardize any dialectical differences. There has never been another recension of the *Qur'an*. The *Qur'an* of today is the same as that found in the Uthman recension, being different from the original recension of Abu Bakr only in the standardization of Arabic dialects.

The fourth stage conforms to what is known as the oral collection. In this present day and age, due to technological advancements, we now have the oral collection of the *Qur'an*. What is meant by that is that through modern recording techniques, people can easily listen to the *Qur'an* being recited by experts. There are many recitors of the *Qur'an* who have perfected the recitation of this divine scripture and who have collections of their audio recitations of the *Qur'an*. By listening to these recorded recitations, Muslims may learn the proper pronunciation of the *Qur'an* and have an additional aid in memorizing the *Qur'an*. These recordings can be found on audio cassettes, CDs, and the internet, adding another layer of insurance for the safeguarding of the *Qur'an*.

THE EXTRAORDINARY AND MIRACULOUS NATURE OF THE *QUR'AN*.

 Whenever Allah sent a messenger to a people, He sent with him a miracle. This was to prove to the people of that time the truthfulness of that man's prophethood. The reason for this was that the condition of the people in every time and place was one of stubborn retention of their creeds and the creeds of their forefathers, even if those creeds were clearly false, simply because they had grown up with those creeds. Therefore, Allah would send with the messengers a sign, in order that the people could recognize that the message could only have come from no other than Allah. Surely, Allah, their Creator, knows best and knew that the people already had a problem listening to their fellow human being concerning this matter of revelation. If the revelation entailed believing or doing something that was outside of their customs or entailed abandoning traditions that their parents and grandparents had passed onto them, they were likely to reject it. As such, Allah supported His

messengers by sending alongside of them extraordinary miracles so that they might be believed and followed. Allah says:

“And it was not for a messenger to come with a sign except by permission of Allah.” {Surat Ar-Rad (Chapter 13), Verse 38}

This was the exact condition of Prophet Muhammad (peace be upon him). He was disbelieved by his people, and they refused to follow him. As such, Allah gave him the miracle of the *Qur'an*, and it was a miracle unlike any other. All the other messengers came with a tangible miracle that ended with the death of the messenger. Thereafter, the legislations were changed, the records were lost, and the true believers decreased in numbers. However, Prophet Muhammad's (peace be upon him) miracle has remained and will remain until the end of the universe. As such, the *Qur'an's* law, message, and methodology will never be lost.

What follows are aspects of the miraculous nature of the *Qur'an*.

Firstly, the *Qur'an* is the only book for which Allah assumed responsibility for its protection and preservation from any change or adulteration. Allah says:

“Indeed, it is We Who sent down the message (i.e., the Qur'an), and, indeed, We will be its guardian.” {Surat Al-Hijr (Chapter 15), Verse 9}

For this reason and this reason alone, the *Qur'an* is the only book that was preserved as it was originally revealed, in the original language and without a single letter altered. It is truly amazing that despite the vast variety of Muslims all over the world and their own distinctive languages and objects of loyalty, they all

have one book in which there is no disagreement on even a single word.

Secondly, one can point to the unparalleled eloquence of the *Qur'an*. Despite the *Qur'an* having been initially revealed to a people who took great pride in their skill in the Arabic language and in verbal expression, when they failed to believe Prophet Muhammad (peace be upon him) Allah challenged them to produce even a single chapter comparable to the *Qur'an*. Needless to say, they were incapable of doing so, even though there are chapters in the *Qur'an* that are just three verses in length! As hard as they tried and as urgent as it was to them to combat the message of Prophet Muhammad (peace be upon him), it was a fruitless effort. In His infinite knowledge, Allah noted their inevitable failure to produce something comparable even before they made the attempt.

“And if you are in doubt about what We have sent down (i.e., the Qur'an) upon Our Servant (i.e., Prophet Muhammad), then produce a surah the like thereof and call upon your witnesses (i.e., supporters) other than Allah, if you should be truthful. But if you do not—and you will never be able to—then fear the Fire, whose fuel is men and stones, prepared for the disbelievers.” {Surat Al-Baqarah (Chapter 2), Verses 23-24}

Thirdly, one notes the descriptive illustrations of the *Qur'an*. As one reads through the *Qur'an*, the graphic images drawn in a person's imagination by the words of the Creator cause him to live through incidents as if they were unfolding before his very eyes. This is the case with the lives of the prophets, the moments of hope and despair within our own lives and the emotions that bubble within us during those times, the description of the final moments of one's life and the soul's departure from one's throat, and many other explicit, emotionally charged portrayals.

Fourthly, one can turn to the legislation within the *Qur'an*. It prompts utter astonishment that an illiterate individual such as Prophet Muhammad (peace be upon him) could come forward with a book filled with guidance, direction, and instruction for every aspect of life, no matter how big or small. State affairs during war and peace, social organization, the penalization of those who seek corruption in the earth, the relationship of a human being to his Lord and his path to self-actualization, personal affairs such as breastfeeding, marriage, divorce, and inheritance, and every other thing relevant to the dealings of the human race are included within the pages of the *Qur'an*. Allah says:

“This day I have perfected for you your religion and completed My favor upon you and have approved for you Islam as religion.” {Surat Al-Ma'idah (Chapter 5), Verse 3}

Fifthly, scientific miracles are to be found within the *Qur'an*. Almost 1,000 verses have been found in the *Qur'an* that speak about scientific facts and processes that were known to Allah for all time but that have only recently been discovered and proven as scientific facts by mankind. This is so to such an extent that there have been non-Muslim scientists and doctors who have admitted to learning facts from the *Qur'an* about their fields of specialization that they had never known before. For example, the *Qur'an* speaks about the stages of development of the creation of the human being. Allah says:

“And certainly did We create man from an extract of clay. Then We placed him as a sperm-drop in a firm lodging (i.e., the womb). Then We made the sperm-drop into a clinging clot, and We made the clot into a lump, and We made (from) the lump, bones, and We covered the bones with flesh; then We developed him into another creation. So blessed is Allah, the best of creators.” {Surat Al-Mu'minun (Chapter 23), Verses 12-14}

In these verses are precise, detailed descriptions of the condition of the fetus that are portrayed with pinpoint accuracy. The amazement is when one reads that these facts from the *Qur'an* were only discovered by modern science during the past 30 years of embryological observation, observation that was only made possible by high-tech medical equipment.

Sixthly, the *Qur'an* informs us about the past and future. For example, the *Qur'an* informs us about nations that passed away ages ago and that were not even remembered at the time the *Qur'an* was being revealed. Allah says after mentioning the story of Nuh (Noah, peace be upon him):

“That is from the news of the unseen, which we reveal to you, (O Muhammad). You knew it not, neither you nor your people, before this.” {Surat Hud (Chapter 11), Verse 49}

The *Qur'an* also contains news of many incidents that had not yet come to pass, such as when the *Qur'an* foretold the unexpected defeat of the polytheists. Allah says:

“(Their) assembly will be defeated, and they will turn their backs (in retreat).” {Surat Al-Qamar (Chapter 54), Verse 45}

This was but one of many prophecies that was fulfilled during the time of Prophet Muhammad (peace be upon him).

THE SPECIAL ATTRIBUTES OF THE QUR'AN.

- The *Qur'an* is the only book memorized in its totality, without faltering in any part of it, by an enormous number of believers. It is also the most read book on the face of the earth.
- For every letter that the believer recites of the *Qur'an*, he is rewarded for it with ten good deeds, and Allah then multiplies the reward for whomever He pleases.
- On the Day of Judgment, the *Qur'an* will intercede for those that recite it until it is responsible for his admittance to the eternal abode of paradise.
- Allah has assumed and undertaken the responsibility of the preservation of the *Qur'an* until the Day of Judgment.

“Indeed, it is We Who sent down the message (i.e., the Qur'an), and, indeed, We will be its guardian.” {Surat Al-Hijr (Chapter 15), Verse 9}

- Allah has made it so that the recitation of the *Qur'an* is facilitated and does not require the effort that is needed to go through any other book. Allah says:

“And We have certainly made the Qur'an easy for remembrance, so is there any who will remember?” {Surat Al-Qamar (Chapter 54), Verse 17}

- The reader of the *Qur'an* is never bothered by boredom while reading it, secondary to the *Qur'an's* manner of composition and elegant literary technique.
- The *Qur'an* was made for all people and can be understood by all people—the layman, the intellectual, the average,

and the rocket scientist. All can read, comprehend, and benefit from it.

- Reading the *Qur'an* incites the mind to ponder and imagine and the heart to yearn and tremble.
- It, in and of itself, is a cure for all the diseases of the heart. Allah says:

“And We send down of the Qur'an that which is healing and mercy for the believers...” {Surat Al-Isra' (Chapter 17), Verse 82}

- In the *Qur'an* is the gist of heavenly books that were previously revealed. Allah says:

“Indeed, this is in the former scriptures, the scriptures of Abraham and Moses.” {Surat Al-A'la (Chapter 87), Verses 18-19}

“And We have revealed to you, (O Muhammad), the Book (i.e., the Qur'an) in truth, confirming that which preceded it of the scripture and as a criterion over it.” {Surat Al-Ma'idah (Chapter 5), Verse 48}

Even though this is not the actual *Qur'an*, we request from our noble readers that they respect this book because it is a translation of the meanings of the noble *Qur'an* and within it are the names and attributes of Allah and the names of some of His angels and messengers.

A BRIEF INTRODUCTION TO ISLAM

ISLAM.

Accounting for one fourth of the world's population, Islam is both a religion and a way of life. It is also both a noun and a verb. As a noun, Islam stands for a specific set of religious beliefs. As a verb, Islam denotes the action of submitting to, surrendering to, and falling into accord with the will and pleasure of Allah.

MUSLIMS.

From a linguistic point of view, Muslims are the 'doers' of Islam. They are those who believe in the pillars of the Islamic belief system (i.e., to believe in Allah, His books, His messengers, the Day of Judgment, and *Al-Qadar*, a theological construct combining the absolute foreknowledge of God, natural law as a manifestation of divine decree, and the omnipresent possibility of divine intervention) and take part in the pillars of Islamic practice (i.e., the *Shahadah* (testimony of faith), establishing prayer, paying alms, fasting, and making the *Hajj* pilgrimage).

ALLAH.

Muslims believe in one, unique, incomparable God, Who has neither a son nor a partner. Muslims also believe that none has the right to be worshipped but God alone. He is the true God, and every other deity is false. He has the most magnificent names and sublime and perfect attributes. No one shares His divinity or His attributes. In the *Qur'an*, God describes Himself by stating:

“Say, ‘He is Allah, (Who is) One, Allah, the Eternal Refuge. He neither begets nor is he born, nor is there to Him any equivalent.’” {Surat Al-Ikhlās (Chapter 112), Verses 1-4}

No one has the right to be invoked, supplicated, prayed to, or shown any act of worship, but God alone. God alone is the Almighty, the Creator, the Sovereign, and the Sustainer of everything in existence. He manages all affairs. He stands in need of none of His creatures, and all His creatures depend on Him for all that they need. He is the All-Hearing, the All-Seeing, and the All-Knowing. In a perfect manner, His knowledge encompasses all things, the open and the secret, and the public and the private. He knows what has happened, what will happen, and how it will happen. Whatever He wills is, and whatever He does not will is not and will never be. His will is above the will of all His creatures. He has power over all things, and He is able to do everything. He is the Most Gracious, the Most Merciful, and the Most Beneficent. In one of the sayings of Prophet Muhammad (peace be upon him), we are told that God is more merciful to His creatures than a mother is to her child. God is far removed from injustice and tyranny. He is All-Wise in all of His actions and decrees. If someone wants something from God, he/she can ask God directly without asking anyone else to intercede on his/her behalf.

QUR'AN.

The *Qur'an*, the last revealed word of God, is the primary source of every Muslim's faith and practice. One of its differences from other scriptures is that it remains today as it was revealed, in the original language, without a letter changed or a message adulterated. It deals with all the subjects that concern human beings: wisdom, doctrine, worship, transactions, law, etc. However, its basic theme is the relationship between God and His creatures. At the same time, it provides guidelines and detailed teachings for a just society, proper human conduct, and an equitable economic system. Note that the *Qur'an* was revealed to Prophet Muhammad (peace be upon him) only in Arabic. Therefore, any Qur'anic translation, either into English or any other language, is neither a *Qur'an* nor a version of the *Qur'an*. It is only a translation of the meaning of the *Qur'an*. The *Qur'an* exists only in the Arabic in which it was revealed.

MUHAMMAD (PEACE BE UPON HIM).

Muhammad (peace be upon him) was the final messenger of Allah. Muhammad (peace be upon him) was born in Makkah in the year 570. He was raised illiterate, unable to read or write, and remained so throughout his entire life. As he grew up, he was known as being truthful, honest, trustworthy, generous, and sincere. He was so trustworthy that they called him 'The Trustworthy.' Muhammad (peace be upon him) was also very pious, and he had long detested the decadence and idolatry of his society. At the age of 40, Muhammad (peace be upon him) received his first revelation from God through the angel Gabriel. The revelations continued for 23 years, and they are collectively known as the *Qur'an*.

Before Muhammad (peace be upon him) died at the age of 63, the greater part of the Arabian Peninsula had accepted Islam. Within a century of his death, Islam had spread to Spain in the West and as far as China in the East. Among the reasons for the rapid and peaceful spread of Islam were the truth and clarity of its doctrine. Islam calls for faith in only the One God, Who is the only one worthy of worship.

Prophet Muhammad (peace be upon him) was a perfect example of an honest, just, merciful, compassionate, truthful, and brave human being. Though he was a man, he was far removed from all evil characteristics and strove solely for the sake of God and His reward in the Hereafter. Moreover, in all his actions and dealings, he was ever mindful and fearful of God.

JESUS (PEACE BE UPON HIM).

Muslims respect and revere Jesus (peace be upon him). They consider him one of the greatest of God's messengers to mankind. The *Qur'an* confirms his virgin birth and teaches that he was born miraculously by the command of God, the same command that had brought Adam (peace be upon him) into being with neither a father nor a mother. Muslims believe that during his prophetic mission, Jesus (peace be upon him) performed many miracles. However, Muslims do not believe that he was crucified, even though it was the plan of his enemies to crucify him. Instead, Muslims believe that God saved Jesus (peace be upon him) and raised him up to Him and that another was crucified in place of Jesus (peace be upon him).

Neither Jesus nor Muhammad (peace be upon them) came to change the basic doctrine of belief in One God, which had been previously brought by earlier prophets. Rather, they came to confirm and renew it.

ISLAM & TERRORISM.

Islam is a religion of mercy and does not permit terrorism. In the *Qur'an*, God has said:

“Allah does not forbid you from those who do not fight you because of religion and do not expel you from your homes—from being righteous toward them and acting justly toward them. Indeed, Allah loves those who act justly.” {Surat Al-Mumtahinah (Chapter 60), Verse 8}

In addition, Prophet Muhammad (peace be upon him) once listed murder as the second of the major sins, and he warned that the first cases to be adjudicated between people on the Day of Judgment will be those of bloodshed. Muslims are even encouraged to be kind to animals and are forbidden to hurt them. Prophet Muhammad (peace be upon him) once said: *“A woman was punished because she imprisoned a cat until it died. On account of this, she was doomed to Hell. While she imprisoned it, she did not give the cat food or drink, nor did she free it to eat the insects of the earth.”*

WOMEN IN ISLAM.

Islam sees a woman, whether single or married, as an individual in her own right, with the right to own and dispose of her property and earnings without any guardianship over her (whether that be her father, husband, or anyone else). She has the right to buy and sell, give gifts and charity, and spend her money as she pleases. A marriage dowry is given by the groom to the bride for her own personal use, and she keeps her own family name rather than taking her husband's name.

Islam encourages the husband to treat his wife well. Prophet Muhammad (peace be upon him) said: *"The best among you are those who are best to their wives."*

Within Islam, mothers are also highly honored. Islam recommends treating them in the best way. A man once came to Prophet Muhammad (peace be upon him) and said, *"O Messenger of God, who among the people is the most worthy of my good companionship?"* The Prophet (peace be upon him) said, *"Your mother."* The man said, *"Then who?"* The Prophet (peace be upon him) said, *"Then your mother."* The man further asked, *"Then who?"* The Prophet (peace be upon him) said, *"Then your mother."* The man asked again, *"Then who?"* The Prophet (peace be upon him) said, *"Then your father."*

HOW TO BECOME A MUSLIM.

Simply by saying with conviction, “*La ilaha illa Allah, Muhammadur rasoolu Allah,*” you convert to Islam and become a Muslim. This saying means “there is no god but God (Allah), and Muhammad is the Messenger of God.” The first part, i.e., “there is no god but God,” means that none has the right to be worshipped but God alone and that God has neither partner nor son. To be a Muslim, you must also believe that the glorious *Qur’an* is the literal and revealed word of God and that the Day of Judgment is true and will come as promised in the *Qur’an*. Further, as a Muslim, you must believe in and accept Islam as your religion and way of life. Still further, you must not worship anything or anyone except Allah. Upon entering Islam, you have just added yourself to a family of over 1.5 billion Muslims all over the world. These fellow Muslims become your brothers and sisters in faith and consequently are obliged to support, comfort, and love you for the sake of Allah.

Writing by:

Professor: Mohammad Abdullatif – U.A.E University, Dubai

Professor: Arafaat Muhammad – Al-Azhar University, Cairo

Translated by:

Mohammad El-Shinawy, USA

Osama El-Shinawy, USA

Edited by:

Dr. Jerald F. Dirks, USA

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Of The Meanings Of

The Nobel Quran

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Translated and Edited by:

The Message International – USA

Saheeh International – UK

Dar Al Mountada – Saudi Arabia

Al Qummah – Egypt

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

Fatihah-1⁽¹⁾

- 1) In the name of Allah,⁽²⁾ the Entirely Merciful, the Especially Merciful⁽³⁾
- 2) [All] praise is [due] to Allah, Lord⁽⁴⁾ of the worlds –
- 3) The Entirely Merciful, The Especially Merciful,
- 4) Sovereign of the Day of Recompense.⁽⁵⁾
- 5) It is You we worship and You we ask for help.
- 6) Guide us to the straight path –
- 7) The path of those upon whom You have bestowed favor, not of those who have evoked [Your] anger or of those who are astray.

(1) *Al-Fatiha*: The Opening (of the Qur'an). Note: *Surah* titles are not an integral part of the Qur'an. A distinguishing word in a particular *surah* or a word defining its subject matter often became a common means of identification among the Prophet's companions and later scholars. Although some names, such as *al-Fatihah*, were used by the Prophet (ﷺ) in reference to a particular *surah*, they were not specifically designated by him as titles.

(2) Allah is a proper name belonging only to the one Almighty God, Creator and Sustainer of the heavens and the earth and all that is within them, the Eternal and Absolute, to whom alone all worship is due.

(3) *Ar-Rahman* and *ar-Raheem* are two names of Allah derived from the word "*rahmah*" (mercy). In Arabic grammar both are intensive forms of "merciful" (i.e. extremely merciful). A complimentary and comprehensive meaning is intended by using both together.

Rahman is used only to describe Allah, while *raheem* might be used to describe a person as well. The Prophet (ﷺ) was described in the Qur'an as *raheem*. *Rahman* is above the human level (intensely merciful). Since one usually understands intensity to be something of short duration, Allah describes Himself also as *raheem* (i.e. continually merciful).

Rahman carries also a wider meaning – merciful to all creation. Justice is a part of this mercy. *Raheem* includes the concept of speciality—especially and specifically merciful to the believers. Forgiveness is a part of this mercy. (See al-Qurtubi's *al-Jami'u li Ahkamil-Qur'an*, pp. 103-107.)

(4) When referring to Allah (*subhanahu wa ta'ala*), the Arabic term "*rabb*" (translated as "Lord") includes all of the following meanings: "owner, master, ruler, controller, sustainer, provider, guardian and caretaker."

(5) I.e.. repayment and compensation for whatever was earned of good or evil during life on this earth.

Baqarah-2⁽⁶⁾

In the name of Allah, the Entirely Merciful, the Especially Merciful

- 1) Alif, Lam, Meem.⁷
- 2) This is the Book about which there is no doubt, a guidance for those conscious of Allah⁸ –
- 3) Who believe in the unseen, establish prayer⁹, and spend out of what We¹⁰ have provided for them,
- 4) And who believe in what has been revealed to you, [O Muhammad], and what was revealed before you, and of the Hereafter they are certain [in faith].
- 5) Those are upon [right] guidance from their Lord, and it is those who are the successful.
- 6) Indeed, those who disbelieve¹¹ – it is all the same for them whether you warn them or do not warn them – they will not believe.
- 7) Allah has set a seal upon their hearts and upon their hearing, and over their vision is a veil¹². And for them is a great punishment.
- 8) And of the people are some who say, "We believe in Allah and the Last Day," but they are not believers.

(6) *Al-Baqarah*: The Cow. The name is taken from the story in verses 67-73.

⁷ These are among the fourteen opening letters which occur in various combinations at the beginning of twenty-nine *surahs* in the Qur'an. Although there has been much speculation as to their meaning, it was not, in fact, revealed by Allah to anyone and is known only to Him.

⁸ Literally, "those who have *taqwa*" i.e., who have piety, righteousness, fear and love of Allah, and who take great care to avoid His displeasure.

⁹ At its proper times and according to its specific conditions.

¹⁰ It is to be noted that the reference of Allah (*subhanahu wa ta'ala*) to Himself as "We" in many Qur'anic verses is necessary understood in the Arabic language to denote grandeur and power, as, as opposed to the more intimate singular form "I" used in specific instances.

¹¹ Literally, "cover" or "conceal" (faith or truth).

¹² A covering preventing them from discerning guidance. This condition is a direct result of their arrogance and persistence in sin.

- 9) They [think to] deceive Allah and those who believe, but they deceive not except themselves and perceive [it] not.
- 10) In their hearts is disease, so Allah has increased their disease;¹³ and for them is a painful punishment because they [habitually] used to lie.
- 11) And when it is said to them, "Do not cause corruption on the earth," they say, "We are but reformers."
- 12) Unquestionably, it is they who are the corrupters, but they perceive [it] not.
- 13) And when it is said to them, "Believe as the people have believed," they say, "Should we believe as the foolish have believed?" Unquestionably, it is they who are the foolish, but they know [it] not.
- 14) And when they meet those who believe, they say, "We believe"; but when they are alone with their evil ones, they say, "Indeed, we are with you; we were only mockers."
- 15) [But] Allah mocks them and prolongs them in their transgression [while] they wander blindly.
- 16) Those are the ones who have purchased error [in exchange] for guidance, so their transaction has brought no profit, nor were they guided.
- 17) Their example is that of one who kindled a fire, but when it illuminated what was around him, Allah took away their light and left them in darkness [so] they could not see.
- 18) Deaf, dumb and blind – so they will not return [to the right path].
- 19) Or [it is] like a rainstorm from the sky within which is darkness, thunder and lightning. They put their fingers in their ears against the thunderclaps in dread of death. But Allah is encompassing¹⁴ of the disbelievers.

¹³ The "disease" mentioned here includes doubt, hypocrisy, arrogance and disbelief.

¹⁴ Allah states in the Qur'an that He has certain attributes such as hearing, sight, hands, face, mercy, anger, coming, encompassing, being above the Throne, etc. Yet, He has dissociated Himself from the limitations of human attributes or human imagination. Correct Islamic belief requires faith in the existence of these attributes as Allah has described them without applying to them any allegorical

- 20) The lightning almost snatches away their sight. Every time it lights [the way] for them, they walk therein; but when darkness comes over them, they stand [still]. And if Allah had willed, He could have taken away their hearing and their sight. Indeed, Allah is over all things competent [in power and ability].
- 21) O mankind, worship your Lord, who created you and those before you, that you may become righteous –
- 22) [He] who made for you the earth a bed [spread out] and the sky a ceiling and sent down from the sky, rain and brought forth thereby fruits as provision for you. So do not attribute to Allah equals while you know [that there is nothing similar to Him].
- 23) And if you are in doubt about what We have sent down [i.e., the Qur'an] upon Our Servant [i.e., Prophet Muhammad (ﷺ)], then produce a surah the like thereof and call upon your witnesses [i.e., supporters] other than Allah, if you should be truthful.
- 24) But if you do not – and you will never be able to – then fear the Fire, whose fuel is men and stones, prepared for the disbelievers.
- 25) And give good tidings to those who believe and do righteous deeds that they will have gardens [in Paradise] beneath which rivers flow. Whenever they are provided with a provision of fruit therefrom, they will say, "This is what we were provided with before." And it is given to them in likeness. And they will have therein purified spouses, and they will abide with therein eternally.
- 26) Indeed, Allah is not timid to present an example – that of a mosquito or what is smaller than it. And those who have believed know that it is the truth from their Lord. But as for those who disbelieve, they say, "What did Allah intend by this as an example?" He misleads many thereby and guides many thereby. And He misleads not except the defiantly disobedient,

meanings or attempting to explain how a certain quality could be (while this is known only to Allah) and without comparing them to creation or denying that He (*subhanahu wa ta-ala*) would have such a quality. His attributes are befitting to Him alone, and "There is nothing like unto Him." (42:11)

- 27) Who break the covenant of Allah after contracting it and sever that which Allah has ordered to be joined and cause corruption on earth. It is those who are the losers.
- 28) How can you disbelieve in Allah when you were lifeless and He brought you to life; then He will cause you to die, then He will bring you [back] to life, and then to Him you will be returned.
- 29) It is He who created for you all of that which is on the earth. Then He directed Himself¹⁵ to the heaven, [His being above all creation], and made them seven heavens, and He is Knowing of all things.
- 30) And [mention, O Muhammad]¹⁶, when your Lord said to the angels. "Indeed, I will make upon the earth a successive authority."¹⁷ They said, "Will You place upon it one who causes corruption therein and sheds blood, while we declare Your praise and sanctify You?" He [Allah] said, "Indeed, I know that which you do not know."
- 31) And He taught Adam the names – all of them. Then He showed them to the angels and said, "Inform Me of the names of these, if you are truthful."
- 32) They said, "Exalted are You; we have no knowledge except what You have taught us. Indeed, it is You who is the Knowing, the Wise."
- 33) He said, "O Adam, inform them of their names." And when he had informed them of their names, He said, "Did I not tell you that I know the unseen [aspects] of the heavens and the earth? And I know what you reveal and what you have concealed."
- 34) And [mention] when We said to the angels, "Prostrate before Adam"; so they prostrated, except for Iblees.¹⁸ He refused and was arrogant and became of the disbelievers.

¹⁵ See footnote to 2:19

¹⁶ Allah orders His Prophet (ﷺ) to relate what follows to the people.

¹⁷ *Khalifah*: successor, or generations of man, one following another.

¹⁸ The proper name of Satan, who was not an angel but from the *jinn*, as stated in 18:50. Done in obedience to Allah, this prostration was one of respect, not worship.

- 35) And We said, "O Adam, dwell, you and your wife, in Paradise and eat therefrom in [ease and] abundance from wherever you will. But do not approach this tree, lest you be among the wrongdoers."
- 36) But Satan cause them to slip out of it and removed them from that [condition] in which they had been. And We said, "Go down, [all of you], as enemies to one another, and you will have upon the earth a place of settlement and provision for a time."
- 37) Then Adam received from his Lord [some] words,¹⁹ and He accepted his repentance. Indeed, it is He who is the Accepting of repentance, the Merciful.
- 38) We said, "Go down from it, all of you. And when guidance comes to you from Me, whoever follows My guidance – there will be no fear concerning them, nor will they grieve.
- 39) And those who disbelieve and deny Our signs – those will be companions of the Fire; they will abide therein eternally."
- 40) O Children of Israel, remember My favor which I have bestowed upon you and fulfill My covenant [upon you] that I will fulfill your covenant [from Me], and be afraid of [only] Me.
- 41) And believe in what I have sent down confirming that which is [already] with you, and be not the first to disbelieve in it. And do not exchange My signs for a small price, and fear [only] Me.
- 42) And do not mix the truth with falsehood or conceal the truth while you know [it].
- 43) And establish prayer and give zakah²⁰ and bow with those who bow [in worship and obedience].
- 44) Do you order righteousness of the people and forget²¹ yourselves while you recite the Scripture? Then will you not reason?

¹⁹ Allah taught Adam words of repentance that would be accepted to Him.

²⁰ An annual expenditure for the benefit of the Islamic community required of those Muslims who have excess wealth. Prayer and *zakah* are among the pillars of Islam.

²¹ Make exceptions of.

- 45) And seek help through patience and prayer, and indeed, it is difficult except for the humbly submissive [to Allah]
- 46) Who are certain that they will meet their Lord and that they will return to Him.
- 47) O Children of Israel, remember My favor that I have bestowed upon you and that I preferred you over the worlds [i.e., peoples].
- 48) And fear a Day when no soul will suffice for another soul²² at all, nor will intercession be accepted from it, nor will compensation be taken from it, nor will they be aided.
- 49) And [recall] when We saved you [i.e., your forefathers] from the people of Pharaoh, who afflicted you with the worst torment, slaughtering your sons and keeping your women alive. And in that was a great trial from your Lord.
- 50) And [recall] when We parted the sea for you and saved you and drowned the people of Pharaoh while you were looking on.
- 51) And [recall] when We made an appointment with Moses for forty nights. Then you took [for worship] the calf after him [i.e., his departure], while you were wrongdoers.
- 52) Then We forgave you after that so perhaps you would be grateful.
- 53) And [recall] when We gave Moses the Scripture and criterion²³ that perhaps you would be guided.
- 54) And [recall] when Moses said to his people, "O my people, indeed you have wronged yourselves by your taking of the calf [for worship]. So repent to your Creator and kill yourselves [i.e., the guilty among you]. That is best for [all of] you in the sight of your Creator." Then He accepted your repentance; indeed, He is the Accepting of repentance, the Merciful.
- 55) And [recall] when you said, "O Moses, we will never believe you until we see Allah outright"; so the thunderbolt took you while you were looking on.

²² i.e., fulfill what is due from it

²³ Differentiating between truth and falsehood. "The Scripture and criterion" refers to the Torah.

- 56) Then We revived you after your death that perhaps you would be grateful.
- 57) And We shaded you with clouds and sent down to you manna and quails, [saying], "Eat from the good things with which We have provided you." And they wronged Us not – but they were [only] wronging themselves.
- 58) And [recall] when We said, "Enter this city [i.e., Jerusalem] and eat from it wherever you will in [ease and] abundance, and enter the gate bowing humbly²⁴ and say, 'Relieve us of our burdens [i.e., sins].' We will [then] forgive your sins for you, and We will increase the doers of good [in goodness and reward]."
- 59) But those who wronged changed [those words] to a statement other than that which had been said to them, so We sent down upon those who wronged a punishment [i.e., plague] from the sky because they were defiantly disobeying.
- 60) And [recall] when Moses prayed for water for his people, so We said, "Strike with your staff the stone." And there gushed forth from it twelve springs, and every people [i.e., tribe] knew its watering place. "Eat and drink from the provision of Allah, and do not commit abuse on the earth, spreading corruption."
- 61) And [recall] when you said, "O Moses, we can never endure one [kind of] food. So call upon your Lord to bring forth for us from the earth its green herbs and its cucumbers and its garlic and its lentils and its onions." [Moses] said, "Would you exchange what is better for what is less? Go into [any] settlement and indeed, you will have what you have asked." And they were covered with humiliation and poverty and returned with anger from Allah [upon them]. That was because they [repeatedly] disbelieved in the signs of Allah and killed the prophets without right. That was because they disobeyed and were [habitually] transgressing.

²⁴ In gratitude to Allah and admission of sin.

- 62) Indeed, those who believed and those who were Jews or Christians or Sabeans [before Prophet Muhammad (ﷺ)] – those [among them] who believed in Allah and the Last Day and did righteousness – will have their reward with their Lord, and no fear will there be concerning them, nor will they grieve.²⁵
- 63) And [recall] when We took your covenant, [O Children of Israel, to abide by the Torah] and We raised over you the mount, [saying], "Take what We have given you with determination and remember what is in it that perhaps you may become righteous."
- 64) Then you turned away after that. And if not for the favor of Allah upon you and His mercy, you would have been among the losers.
- 65) And you had already known about those who transgressed among you concerning the Sabbath, and We said to them, "Be apes, despised."
- 66) And We made it a deterrent punishment for those who were present and those who succeeded [them] and a lesson for those who fear Allah.
- 67) And [recall] when Moses said to his people, "Indeed, Allah commands you to slaughter a cow." They said, "Do you take us in ridicule?" He said, "I seek refuge in Allah from being among the ignorant."
- 68) They said, "Call upon your Lord to make clear to us what it is." [Moses] said, "[Allah] says, 'It is a cow which is neither old nor virgin, but median between that,' so do what you are commanded."
- 69) They said, "Call upon your Lord to show us what is her color." He said, "He says, 'It is a yellow cow, bright in color – pleasing to the observers.'"

²⁵ After the coming of the Prophet Muhammad (ﷺ) no religion other than Islam is acceptable to Allah, as stated in 3:85.

- 70) They said, "Call upon your Lord to make clear to us what it is. Indeed, [all] cows look alike to us. And indeed we, if Allah wills, will be guided."
- 71) He said, "He says, "It is a cow neither trained to plow the earth nor to irrigate the field, one free from fault with no spot upon her.' " They said, "Now you have come with the truth." So they slaughtered her, but they could hardly do it.
- 72) And [recall] when you slew a man and disputed²⁶ over it, but Allah was to bring out that which you were concealing.
- 73) So We said, "Strike him [i.e., the slain man] with part of it [i.e., the cow]."²⁷ Thus does Allah bring the dead to life, and He shows you His signs that you might reason.
- 74) Then your hearts became hardened after that, being like stones or even harder. For indeed, there are stones from which rivers burst forth, and there are some of them that split open and water comes out, and there are some of them that fall down for fear of Allah. And Allah is not unaware of what you do.
- 75) Do you covet [the hope, O believers], that they would believe for you while a party of them used to hear the words of Allah and then distort it [i.e., the Torah] after they had understood it while they were knowing?
- 76) And when they meet those who believe, they say, "We have believed"; but when they are alone with one another, they say, "Do you talk to them about what Allah has revealed to you so they can argue with you about it before your Lord?" Then will you not reason?
- 77) But do they not know that Allah knows what they conceal and what they declare?
- 78) And among them are unlettered ones who do not know the Scripture except [indulgement in] wishful thinking, but they are only assuming.

²⁶ i.e., exchanged accusations and denials.

²⁷ Thereupon, Allah restored life to the man, who informed them of his murderer.

- 79) So woe²⁸ to those who write the "scripture" with their own hands, then say, "This is from Allah," in order to exchange it for a small price. Woe to them for what their hands have written and woe to them for what they earn.
- 80) And they say, "Never will the fire touch us, except for [a few] numbered days." Say, "Have you taken a covenant with Allah? For Allah will never break His covenant. Or do you say about Allah that which you do not know?"
- 81) Yes, [on the contrary], whoever earns evil and his sin has encompassed him – those are the companions of the Fire, they will abide therein eternally.
- 82) But they who believe and do righteous deeds – those are the companions of Paradise; they will abide therein eternally.
- 83) And [recall] when We took the covenant from the Children of Israel, [enjoining upon them], "Do not worship except Allah; and to parents do good and to relatives, orphans, and the needy. And speak to people good [words] and establish prayer and give zakah." Then you turned away, except a few of you, and you were refusing.
- 84) And [recall] when We took your covenant, [saying], "Do not shed your [i.e., each other's] blood or evict one another from your homes." Then you acknowledged [this] while you were witnessing.
- 85) Then, you are those [same ones who are] killing one another and evicting a party of your people from their homes, cooperating against them in sin and aggression. And if they come to you as captives, you ransom them, although their eviction was forbidden to you. So do you believe in part of the Scripture and disbelieve in part? Then what is the recompense for those who do that among you except disgrace in worldly life; and on the

²⁸ i.e., death and destruction.

Day of Resurrection they will be sent back to the severest of punishment. And Allah is not unaware of what you do.

- 86) Those are the ones who have bought the life of this world [in exchange] for the Hereafter, so the punishment will not be lightened for them, nor will they be aided.
- 87) And We did certainly give Moses the Scripture [i.e., the Torah] and followed up after him with messengers. And We gave Jesus, the son of Mary, clear proofs and supported him with the Pure Spirit [i.e., the angel Gabriel]. But is it [not] that every time a messenger came to you, [O Children of Israel], with what your souls did not desire, you were arrogant? And a party [of messengers] you denied and another party you killed.
- 88) And they said, "Our hearts are wrapped."²⁹ But, [in fact], Allah has cursed them for their disbelief, so little is it that they believe.
- 89) And when there came to them a Book [i.e., the Qur'an] from Allah confirming that which was with them – although before they used to pray for victory against those who disbelieved – but [then] when there came to them that which they recognized, they disbelieved in it; so the curse of Allah will be upon the disbelievers.
- 90) How wretched is that for which they sold themselves – that they would disbelieve in what Allah has revealed through [their] outrage that Allah would send down His favor upon whom He wills from among His servants. So they returned having [earned] wrath upon wrath. And for the disbelievers is a humiliating punishment.
- 91) And when it is said to them, "Believe in what Allah has revealed," they say, "We believe [only] in what was revealed to us." And they disbelieve in what came after it, while it is the truth confirming that which is with them. Say, "Then why did

²⁹ Covered or sealed against reception of Allah's word.

you kill the prophets of Allah before, if you are [indeed] believers?"

- 92) And Moses had certainly brought you clear proofs. Then you took the calf [in worship] after that, while you were wrongdoers.
- 93) And [recall] when We took your covenant and raised over you the mount, [saying], "Take what We have given you with determination and listen." They said [instead], "We hear and disobey." And their hearts absorbed [the worship of] the calf because of their disbelief. Say, "How wretched is that which your faith enjoins upon you, if you should be believers."
- 94) Say, [O Muhammad], "If the home of the Hereafter with Allah is for you alone and not the [other] people, then wish for death, if you should be truthful.
- 95) But they will never wish for it, ever, because of what their hands have put forth. And Allah is Knowing of the wrongdoers.
- 96) And you will surely find them the most greedy of people for life – [even] more than those who associate others with Allah. One of them wishes that he could be granted life a thousand years, but it would not remove him in the least from the [coming] punishment that he should be granted life. And Allah is Seeing of what they do.
- 97) Say, "Whoever is an enemy to Gabriel – it is [none but] he who has brought it [i.e., the Qur'an] down upon your heart, [O Muhammad], by permission of Allah, confirming that which was before it and as guidance and good tidings for the believers."
- 98) Whoever is an enemy to Allah and His angels and His messengers and Gabriel and Michael – then indeed, Allah is an enemy to the disbelievers.
- 99) And We have certainly revealed to you verses [which are] clear proofs, and no one would deny them except the defiantly disobedient.
- 100) Is it not [true] that every time they took a covenant a party of them threw it away? But, [in fact], most of them do not believe.

- 101) And when a messenger from Allah came to them confirming that which was with them, a party of those who had been given the Scripture threw the Scripture of Allah [i.e., the Torah] behind their backs if they did not know [what it contained].
- 102) And they followed [instead] what the devils had recited during the reign of Solomon. It was not Solomon who disbelieved, but the devils disbelieved, teaching people magic and that which was revealed to the two angels at Babylon, Harut and Marut. But they [i.e., the two angels] do not teach anyone unless they say, "We are a trial. So do not disbelieve [by practicing magic]."³⁰ And [yet] they learn from them that by which they cause separation between a man and his wife. But they do not harm anyone through it except by permission of Allah. And they [i.e., people] learn what harms them and does not benefit them. But they [i.e., the Children of Israel] certainly knew that whoever purchased it [i.e., magic] would not have in the Hereafter any share. And wretched is that for which they sold themselves, if they only knew.
- 103) And if they had believed and feared Allah, then the reward from Allah would have been [far] better, if they only knew.
- 104) O you who have believed, say not [to Allah's Messenger], "Ra'ina" but say, "Unthurna"³¹ and listen. And for the disbelievers is a painful punishment.
- 105) Neither those who disbelieve from the People of the Scripture [i.e., the Jews and Christian] nor the polytheists wish that any good should be sent down to you from your Lord. But Allah selects for His mercy whom He wills, and Allah is the possessor of great bounty.

³⁰ They warn people against the misuse of what they have learned.

³¹ The word "*ra'ina*" in Arabic literally means "consider us," i.e., give us time to hear you and listen to us. The Jews used to use the same word with the meaning of an insult. Therefore, the believers were ordered to avoid this expression and use instead the word "*unthurna*," i.e., "wait for us [so that we may understand]."

- 106) We do not abrogate a verse or cause it to be forgotten except that We bring forth [one] better than it or similar to it. Do you not know that Allah is Over All things competent?
- 107) Do you not know that to Allah belongs the dominion of the heavens and the earth and [that] you have not besides Allah any protector or any helper?
- 108) Or do you intend to ask³² your Messenger as Moses was asked before? And whoever exchanges faith for disbelief has certainly strayed from the soundness of the way.
- 109) Many of the People of the Scripture wish they could turn you back to disbelief after you have believed, out of envy from themselves [even] after the truth has become clear to them. So pardon and overlook until Allah delivers His command. Indeed, Allah is over All things competent.
- 110) And establish prayer and give zakah, and whatever good you put forward for yourselves— you will find it with Allah. Indeed, Allah of what you do, is Seeing.
- 111) And they say, "None will enter Paradise except one who is a Jew or a Christian." That is [merely] their wishful thinking. Say, "Produce your proof, if you should be truthful."
- 112) Yes, [on the contrary], whoever submits his face [i.e., self] in Islam to Allah while being a doer of good will have his reward with his Lord. And no fear will there be concerning them, nor will they grieve.
- 113) The Jews say "The Christians have nothing [true] to stand on," and the Christians say, "The Jews have nothing to stand on," although they [both] recite the Scripture. Thus do those who know not [i.e., the polytheists] speak the same as their words. But Allah will judge between them on the Day of Resurrection concerning that over which they used to differ.

³² i.e., persistently question or, as in the case of the disbelievers , demand a miracle of the Prophet (ﷺ).

- 114) And who are more unjust than those who prevent the name of Allah from being mentioned [i.e., praised] in His mosques and strive toward their destruction. It is not for them to enter them except in fear. For them in this world is disgrace, and they will have in the Hereafter a great punishment.
- 115) And to Allah belongs the east and the west. So wherever you [might] turn, there is the Face³³ of Allah. Indeed, Allah is all-Encompassing and Knowing.
- 116) They say, "Allah has taken a son." Exalted is He!³⁴ Rather, to Him belongs whatever is in the heavens and the earth. All are devoutly obedient to Him,
- 117) Originator of the heavens and the earth. When He decrees a matter, He only says to it, "Be," and it is.
- 118) Those who do not know say, "Why does Allah not speak to us or there come to us a sign?" Thus spoke those before them like their words. Their hearts resemble each other. We have shown clearly the signs to a people who are certain [in faith].
- 119) Indeed, We have sent you, [O Muhammad], with the truth as a bringer of good tidings and a warner, and you will not be asked about the companions of Hellfire.
- 120) And never will the Jews and the Christians approve of you until you follow their religion. Say, "Indeed, the guidance of Allah is the [only] guidance." If you were to follow their desires after what has come to you of knowledge, you would have against Allah no protector or helper.
- 121) Those to whom We have given the Book recite it with its true recital.³⁵ They [are the ones who] believe in it. And whoever disbelieves in it – it is they who are the losers.
- 122) O Children of Israel, remember My favor which I have bestowed upon you and that I preferred you over the worlds.

³³ See footnote to 2:19

³⁴ *Subhanahu* means "far exalted is He above all they attribute to Him."

³⁵ i.e., applying its teachings to their lives.

- 123) And fear a Day when no soul will suffice for another soul³⁶ at all, and no compensation will be accepted from it, nor will any intercession benefit it, nor will they be aided.
- 124) And [mention, O Muhammad], when Abraham was tried by his Lord with words [i.e., commands] and he fulfilled them. [Allah] said, "Indeed, I will make you a leader for the people." [Abraham] said, "And of my descendants?" [Allah] said, "My covenant does not include the wrongdoers."
- 125) And [mention] when We made the House [i.e., the Ka'bah'] a place of return for the people and [a place of] security. And take, [O believers], from the standing place of Abraham a place of prayer. And We charged Abraham and Ishmael, [saying], "Purify My House for those who perform tawaf³⁷ and those who are staying [there] for worship and those who bow and prostrate [in prayer]."
- 126) And [mention] when Abraham said, "My Lord, make this a secure city and provide its people with fruits – whoever of them believes in Allah and the Last Day." [Allah] said, "And whoever disbelieves –I will grant him enjoyment for a little; then I will force him to the punishment of the Fire, and wretched is the destination."
- 127) And [mention] when Abraham was raising the foundations of the House and [with him] Ishmael, [saying], "Our Lord, accept [this] from us. Indeed You are the Hearing, the Knowing."
- 128) Our Lord, and make us Muslims [in submission] to You and from our descendants a Muslim nation [in submission] to You. And show us our rites [of hajj and 'umrah] and accept our repentance. Indeed, You are the Accepting of repentance, the Merciful.
- 129) Our Lord, and send among them a messenger from themselves who will recite to them Your verses and teach them the Book

³⁶ See footnote to 2:48.

³⁷ A form of worship particular to the *Ka'bah* consisting of going around it in circuits.

and wisdom and purify them. Indeed, You are the Exalted in Might, the Wise.

- 130) And who would be averse to the religion of Abraham except one who makes a fool of himself. And We had chosen him in this world, and indeed he, in the Hereafter, will be among the righteous.
- 131) When his Lord said to him, "Submit", he said "I have submitted [in Islam]³⁸ to the Lord of the worlds."
- 132) And Abraham instructed his sons [to do the same] and [so did] Jacob, [saying], "O my sons, indeed Allah has chosen for you this religion, so do not die except while you are Muslims."
- 133) Or were you witnesses when death approached Jacob, when he said to his sons, "What will you worship after me?" They said, "We will worship your God and the God of your fathers, Abraham and Ishmael and Isaac – one God."³⁹ And we are Muslims [in submission] to Him."
- 134) That was a nation which has passed on. It will have [the consequence of] what it earned, and you will have what you have earned. And you will not be asked about what they used to do.
- 135) They say, "Be Jews or Christians [so] you will be guided." Say, "Rather, [we follow] the religion of Abraham, inclining toward truth, and he was not of the polytheists."⁴⁰
- 136) Say, [O believers], "We have believed in Allah and what has been revealed to us and what has been revealed to Abraham and Ishmael and Isaac and Jacob and the Descendants [al-Asbat]⁴¹ and what was given to Moses and Jesus and what was given to

³⁸ The meaning of the word "Islam" is "submission to the will of Allah." This is the way of life ordained by Allah and taught by all of the prophets from Adam to Muhammad. A Muslim is one who submits himself to Allah.

³⁹ Allah (*subhanahu wa ta-ala*) alone.

⁴⁰ Those who associate others with Allah in worship.

⁴¹ The twelve tribes of Israel descended from Jacob.

the prophets from their Lord. We make no distinction between any of them, and we are Muslims [in submission] to Him."

- 137) So if they believe in the same as you believe in, then they have been [rightly] guided; but if they turn away, they are only in dissension, and Allah will be sufficient for you against them. And He is the Hearing, the Knowing.
- 138) [And say, "Ours is] the religion of Allah. And who is better than Allah in [ordaining] religion? And we are worshippers of Him."
- 139) Say, [O Muhammad], "Do you argue with us about Allah while He is our Lord and your Lord? For us are our deeds, and for you are your deeds. And we are sincere [in deed and intention] to Him."
- 140) Or do you say that Abraham and Ishmael and Isaac and Jacob and the Descendants were Jews or Christians? Say, "Are you more knowing or is Allah?" And who is more unjust than one who conceals a testimony⁴² he has from Allah? And Allah is not unaware of what you do.
- 141) That is a nation which has passed on. It will have [the consequence of] what it earned, and you will have what you have earned. And you will not be asked about what they used to do.
- 142) The foolish among the people will say, "What has turned them away from their qiblah,⁴³ which they used to face?"⁴⁴ Say, "To Allah belongs the east and the west. He guides whom He wills to a straight path."
- 143) And thus we have made you a median [i.e., just] community that you will be witnesses over the people and the Messenger

⁴² Statements in previous scriptures attesting to the nature of Allah's religion (Islam) and the coming of Prophet Muhammad (ﷺ).

⁴³ The direction faced in prayer.

⁴⁴ Prior to the command (in verse 144) that the Prophet (ﷺ) and his followers turn toward the *Ka'bah* in Makkah for prayer, they had been facing Jerusalem to the north. The implications of this change are mentioned in succeeding verses.

will be a witness over you. And We did not make the qiblah which you used to face except that We might make evident who would follow the messenger from who would turn back on his heels. And indeed, it is difficult except for those whom Allah has guided. And never would Allah have caused you to lose your faith [i.e., your previous prayers]. Indeed Allah is, to the people, Kind and Merciful.

- 144) We have certainly seen the turning of your face, [O Muhammad], toward the heaven, and We will surely turn you to a qiblah with which you will be pleased. So turn your face [i.e., yourself] toward al-Masjid al-Haram.⁴⁵ And wherever you [believers] are, turn your faces [i.e., yourselves] toward it [in prayer]. Indeed, those who have been given the Scripture [i.e., the Jews and the Christians] will know that it is the truth from their Lord. And Allah is not unaware of what they do.
- 145) And if you brought to those who were given the Scripture every sign, they would not follow your qiblah. Nor will you be a follower of their qiblah. Nor would they be followers of one another's qiblah. So if you were to follow their desires after what has come to you of knowledge, indeed, you would then be among the wrongdoers.
- 146) Those to whom We gave the Scripture know him [i.e., Prophet Muhammad (ﷺ)] as they know their own sons. But indeed, a party of them conceal the truth while they know [it].
- 147) The truth is from your Lord, so never be among the doubters.
- 148) For each [religious following] is a [prayer] direction toward which it faces. So race to [all that is] good. Wherever you may be, Allah will bring you forth [for judgment] all together. Indeed, Allah is over all things competent.

⁴⁵ The Sacred Mosque in Makkah containing the Ka'bah.

- 149) So from wherever you go out [for prayer, O Muhammad] turn your face toward al-Masjid al-Haram, and indeed, it is the truth from your Lord. And Allah is not Unaware of what you do.
- 150) And from wherever you go out [for prayer], turn your face toward al-Masjid al-Haram. And wherever you [believers] may be, turn your faces toward it in order that the people will not have any argument against you, except for those of them who commit wrong; so fear them not but fear Me. And [it is] so I may complete My favor upon you and that you may be guided.
- 151) Just as We have sent among you a messenger from yourselves reciting to you Our verses and purifying you and teaching you the Book and wisdom⁴⁶ and teaching you that which you did not know.
- 152) So remember Me; I will remember you. And be grateful to Me and do not deny Me.
- 153) O you who have believed, seek help through patience and prayer. Indeed, Allah is with the patient.
- 154) 154. And do not say about those who are killed in the way of Allah, "They are dead." Rather, they are alive, but you perceive [it] not.
- 155) And we will surely test you with something of fear and hunger and a loss of wealth and lives and fruits, but give good tidings to the patient,
- 156) Who, when disaster strikes them, say, "Indeed we belong to Allah, and indeed to Him we will return."
- 157) Those are the ones upon whom are blessings from their Lord and mercy. And it is those who are the [rightly] guided.
- 158) Indeed, as-Safa and al-Marwah are among the symbols⁴⁷ of Allah. So whoever makes hajj [pilgrimage] to the House or performs 'umrah – there is no blame upon him for walking

⁴⁶ The wisdom taught by the Prophet (ﷺ) is his *sunnah*.

⁴⁷ Places designated for the rites of *hajj* and *'umrah*.

between them.⁴⁸ And whoever volunteers good – then indeed, Allah is Appreciative and Knowing.

- 159) Indeed, those who conceal what We sent down of clear proofs and guidance after We made it clear for the people in the Scripture – those are cursed by Allah and cursed by those who curse,⁴⁹
- 160) Except for those who repent and correct themselves and make evident [what they concealed]. Those – I will accept their repentance, and I am the Accepting of repentance, the Merciful.
- 161) Indeed, those who disbelieve and die while they are disbelievers – upon them will be the curse of Allah and of the angels and the people, all together,
- 162) Abiding eternally therein. The punishment will not be lightened for them, nor will they be reprieved.
- 163) And your god is one God. There is no deity [worthy of worship] except Him, the Entirely Merciful, the Especially Merciful.
- 164) Indeed, in the creation of the heavens and the earth, and the alternation of the night and the day, and the [great] ships which sail through the sea with that which benefits people, and what Allah has sent down from the heavens of rain, giving life thereby to the earth after its lifelessness and dispersing therein every [kind of] moving creature, and [His] directing of the winds and the clouds controlled between the heaven and the earth are signs for a people who use reason.
- 165) And [yet], among the people are those who take other than Allah as equals [to Him]. They love them as they [should] love Allah. But those who believe are stronger in love for Allah. And if only they who have wronged would consider [that] when they

⁴⁸ Some believers had previously feared that this might be a pagan practice, so Allah confirms that *sa'i* is among the rites of His religion.

⁴⁹ From among the angels and the believers.

see the punishment, [they will be certain] that all power belongs to Allah and that Allah is severe in punishment.

- 166) [And they should consider that] when those who have been followed disassociate themselves from those who followed [them], and they [all] see the punishment, and cut off from them are the ties [of relationship],
- 167) Those who followed will say, "If only we had another turn [at worldly life] so we could disassociate ourselves from them as they have disassociated themselves from us." Thus will Allah show them their deeds as regrets upon them. And they are never to emerge from the Fire.
- 168) O mankind, eat from whatever is on earth [that is] lawful and good and do not follow the footsteps of Satan. Indeed, he is to you a clear enemy.
- 169) He only orders you to evil and immorality and to say about Allah what you do not know.
- 170) And when it is said to them, "Follow what Allah has revealed," they say, "Rather, we will follow that which we found our fathers doing." Even though their fathers understood nothing, nor were they guided?
- 171) The example of those who disbelieve is like of that one who shouts at what hears nothing but calls and cries [i.e., cattle or sheep] – deaf, dumb and blind, so they do not understand.
- 172) O you who have believed, eat from the good [i.e., lawful] things which We have provided for you and be grateful to Allah if it is [indeed] Him that you worship.
- 173) He has only forbidden to you dead animals⁵⁰, blood, the flesh of swine, and that which has been dedicated to other than Allah. But whoever is forced [by necessity], neither desiring [it] nor transgressing [its limit], there is no sin upon him. Indeed, Allah is Forgiving and Merciful.

⁵⁰ Those not slaughtered or hunted expressly for food.

- 174) Indeed, they who conceal what Allah has sent down of the Book and exchange it for a small price – those consume not into their bellies except the Fire. And Allah will not speak to them on the Day of Resurrection, nor will He purify them. And they will have a painful punishment.
- 175) Those are the ones who have exchanged guidance for error and forgiveness for punishment. How patient they are for [i.e., in pursuit of] the Fire!
- 176) That is [deserved by them] because Allah has sent down the Book in truth. And indeed, those who differ over the Book are in extreme dissension.
- 177) Righteousness is not that you turn your faces toward the east or the west, but [true] righteousness is [in] one who believes in Allah, the Last Day, the angels, the Book, and the prophets and gives wealth, in spite of love for it, to relatives, orphans, the needy, the traveler, those who ask [for help], and for freeing slaves; [and who] establishes prayer and gives zakah; [those who] fulfill their promise when they promise; and [those who] are patient in poverty and hardship and during battle. Those are the ones who have been true, and it is those who are the righteous.
- 178) O you who have believed, prescribed for you is legal retribution for those murdered – the free for the free, the slave for the slave, and the female for the female.⁵¹ But whoever overlooks from his brother [i.e., the killer] anything,⁵² then there should be a suitable follow-up and payment to him. [i.e., the deceased's heir or legal representative] with good conduct. This is an alleviation from your Lord and a mercy. But whoever transgresses after that⁵³ will have a painful punishment.

⁵¹ No one else should be executed in place of the killer.

⁵² By accepting compensation payment rather than execution

⁵³ After acceptance of compensation.

- 179) And there is for you in legal retribution [saving of] life, O you [people] of understanding, that you may become righteous.
- 180) Prescribed for you when death approaches [any] one of you if he leaves wealth [is that he should make] a bequest for the parents and near relatives according to what is reasonable – a duty upon the righteous.⁵⁴
- 181) Then whoever alters it [i.e., the bequest] after he has heard it – the sin is only upon those who have altered it. Indeed, Allah is Hearing and Knowing.
- 182) But if one fears from the bequeather [some] error or sin and corrects that which is between them [i.e., the concerned parties], there is no sin upon him. Indeed, Allah is Forgiving and Merciful.
- 183) O you who have believed, decreed upon you is fasting as it was decreed upon those before you that you may become righteous –
- 184) Fasting for] a limited number of days. So whoever among you is ill or on a journey [during them] – then an equal number of days [are to be made up]. And upon those who are able [to fast, but with hardship] – a ransom [as substitute] of feeding a poor person [each day]. And whoever volunteers good [i.e., excess] – it is better for him. But to fast is best for you, if you only knew.
- 185) The month of Ramadhan [is that] in which was revealed the Qu'ran, a guidance for the people and clear proofs of guidance and criterion. So whoever sights [the new moon of] the month, let him fast it; and whoever is ill or on a journey – then an equal number of other days. Allah intends for you ease and does not intend for you hardship and [wants] for you to complete the period and to magnify Allah for that [to] which He has guided you; and perhaps you will be grateful.

⁵⁴ This ruling was abrogated by the revelation in *Surah an-Nisa* stipulating obligatory shares for parents and close relatives. Those who do not inherit by law may be remembered in a bequest. See 4:11:12.

- 186) And when My servants ask you, [O Muhammad], concerning Me- indeed I am near. I respond to the invocation of the supplicant when he calls upon Me. So let them respond to me [by obedience] and believe in Me that they may be [rightly] guided.
- 187) It has been made permissible for you the night preceding fasting to go to your women [for sexual relations]. They are clothing for you and you are clothing for them. Allah knows that you used to deceive yourselves,⁵⁵ so He accepted your repentance and forgave you. So now, have relations with them and seek that which Allah has decreed for you [i.e., offspring]. And eat and drink until the white thread of dawn becomes distinct to you from the black thread [of night]. Then complete the fast until the night [i.e., sunset]. And do not have relations with them as long as you are staying for worship in the mosques. These are the limits of Allah, so do not approach them. Thus does Allah make clear His verses [i.e., ordinances] to the people that they may become righteous.
- 188) And do not consume one another's wealth unjustly⁵⁶ or send it [in bribery] to the rulers in order that [they might aid] you [to] consume a portion of the wealth of the people in sin, while you know [it is unlawful].
- 189) They ask you, [O Muhammad], about the new moons. Say, "They are measurements of time for the people and for haji [pilgrimage]." And it is not righteousness to enter houses from the back, but righteousness is [in] one who fears Allah. And enter houses from their doors. And fear Allah that you may succeed.
- 190) Fight in the way of Allah those who fight you but do not commit aggression. Indeed. Allah does not like aggressors.

⁵⁵ Prior to this revelation, marital relations were unlawful during nights preceding fasting. Some were unable to refrain and secretly disobeyed, but they did not deceive Allah

⁵⁶ i.e., under false pretense.

- 191) And kill them wherever you overtake them and expel them from wherever they have expelled you, and fitnah⁵⁷ is worse than killing. And do not fight them at al-Masjid al-Haram until they fight you there. But if they fight you, then kill them. Such is the recompense of the disbelievers.
- 192) And if they cease, then indeed, Allah is Forgiving and Merciful.
- 193) Fight them until there is no [more] fitnah⁵⁸ and [until] religion [i.e., worship] is [acknowledged to be] for Allah. But if they cease, then there is to be no aggression [i.e., assault] except against their oppressors.
- 194) [Fighting in] the sacred month is for [aggression committed in] the sacred month⁵⁹ and for [all] violations is legal retribution. So whoever has assaulted you then assault him in the same way that he has assaulted you. And fear Allah and know that Allah is with those who fear Him.
- 195) And spend in the way of Allah and do not throw [yourselves] with your [own] hands into destruction [by refraining]. And do good; indeed, Allah loves the doers of good.
- 196) And complete the haji and 'umrah for Allah. But if you are prevented, then [offer] what can be obtained with ease of sacrificial animals. And do not shave your heads until the sacrificial animal has reached its place of slaughter. And whoever among you is ill or has an ailment of the head [making shaving necessary must offer] a ransom of fasting [three days] or charity⁶⁰ or sacrifice.⁶¹ And when you are secure,⁶² then whoever performs 'umrah [during the hajj months]⁶³ followed by

⁵⁷ Disbelief and its imposition on others.

⁵⁸ Among the meanings of fitnah are disbelief, discord, dissension, civil strife, persecution, oppression, injustice, seduction, trial and torment.

⁵⁹ The sacred months are Dhul-Qa'dah, Dhul-Hijjah, Muharram and Rajab.

⁶⁰ Feeding six needy persons.

⁶¹ The slaughter of a sheep.

⁶² Under normal conditions, i.e., are not prevented.

⁶³ The months of Shawwal, Dhul-Qa'dah and Dhul-Hijjah.

hajj [offers] what can be obtained with ease of sacrificial animals. And whoever cannot find [or afford such an animal] – then a fast of three days during hajj and of seven when you have returned [home]. Those are ten complete [days]. This is for those whose family is not in the area of al-Masjid al-Haram. And fear Allah and know that Allah is severe in penalty.

- 197) Hajj is [during] well-known months,⁶⁴ so whoever has made hajj obligatory upon himself therein [by entering the state of ihram], there is [to be for him] no sexual relations and no disobedience and no disputing during hajj. And whatever good you do – Allah knows it. And take provisions, but indeed, the best provision is fear of Allah. And fear Me, O you of understanding.
- 198) There is no blame upon you for seeking bounty⁶⁵ from your Lord [during haji]. But when you depart from 'Arafat, remember Allah at al-Mashar al-Haram.⁶⁶ And remember Him. As He has guided you, for indeed, you were before that among those astray.
- 199) Then depart from the place from where [all] the people depart and ask forgiveness of Allah. Indeed, Allah is Forgiving and Merciful.
- 200) And when you have completed your rites, remember Allah like your [previous] remembrance of your fathers or with [much] greater remembrance. And among the people is he who says, "Our Lord, give us in this world," and he will have in Hereafter no share.
- 201) But among them is he who says, "Our Lord, give us in this world [that which is] good and in the Hereafter [that which is] good and protect us from the punishment of the Fire."
- 202) Those will have a share of what they have earned, and Allah is swift in account.

⁶⁴ See previous footnote.

⁶⁵ i.e., profit from trade or business.

⁶⁶ Which is in Muzdalifah.

- 203) And remember Allah during [specific] numbered days. Then whoever hastens [his departure] in two days – there is no sin upon him; and whoever delays [until the third] – there is no sin upon him – for him who fears Allah. And fear Allah and know that unto Him you will be gathered.
- 204) And of the people is he whose speech pleases you in worldly life, and he calls Allah to witness as to what is in his heart, yet he is the fiercest of opponents.
- 205) And when he goes away, he strives throughout the land to cause corruption therein and destroy crops and animals. And Allah does not like corruption.
- 206) And when it is said to him, "Fear Allah," pride in the sin takes hold of him. Sufficient for him is Hellfire, and how wretched is the resting place.
- 207) And of the people is he who sells himself, seeking means to the approval of Allah. And Allah is Kind to [His] servants.
- 208) O you who have believed, enter into Islam completely [and perfectly] and do not follow the footsteps of Satan. Indeed, he is to you a clear enemy.
- 209) But if you slip [i.e., deviate] after clear proofs have come to you, then know that Allah is Exalted in Might and Wise.
- 210) Do they await but that Allah should come to them in covers of clouds and the angels [as well] and the matter is [then] decided? And to Allah [all] matters are returned.
- 211) Ask the Children of Israel how many a sign of evidence We have given them. And whoever exchanges the favor of Allah [for disbelief] after it has come to him – then indeed, Allah is severe in penalty.
- 212) Beautified for those who disbelieve is the life of this world, and they ridicule those who believe. But those who fear Allah are above them on the Day of Resurrection. And Allah gives provision to whom He wills without account.

- 213) Mankind was [of] one religions [before their deviation]; then Allah sent the prophets as bringers of good tidings and warners and sent down with them the Scripture in truth to judge between the people concerning that in which they differed. And none differed over it [i.e., the Scripture] except those who were given it – after the clear proofs came to them – out of jealous animosity among themselves. And Allah guided those who believed to the truth concerning that over which they had differed, by His permission. And Allah guides whom He wills to a straight path.
- 214) Or do you think that you will enter Paradise while such [trial] has not yet come to you as came to those who passed on before you? They were touched by poverty and hardship and were shaken until [even their] messenger and those who believed with him said, "When is the help of Allah?" Unquestionably, the help of Allah is near.
- 215) They ask you, [O Muhammad], what they should spend. Say, "Whatever you spend of good is [to be] for parents and relatives and orphans and the needy and the traveler. And whatever you do of good – indeed, Allah is Knowing of it."
- 216) Fighting has been enjoined upon while it is hateful to you. But perhaps you hate a thing and it is good for you; and perhaps you love a thing and it is bad for you. And Allah knows, while you know not.
- 217) They ask you about the sacred month⁶⁷ – about fighting therein. Say, "Fighting therein is great [sin], but averting [people] from the way of Allah and disbelief in Him and [preventing access to] al-Masjid al-Haram and the expulsion of its people therefrom are greater [evil] in the sight of Allah. And fitnah⁶⁸ is greater than killing." And they will continue to fight you until they turn you back from your religion if they are able.

⁶⁷ See footnote to 2:194

⁶⁸ See footnote to 2:193

And whoever of you reverts from his religion [to disbelief] and dies while he is a disbeliever – for those, their deeds have become worthless in this world and the Hereafter, and those are the companions of the Fire, they will abide therein eternally.

218) Indeed, those who have believed and those who have emigrated and fought in the cause of Allah – those expect the mercy of Allah. And Allah is Forgiving and Merciful.

219) They ask you about wine⁶⁹ and gambling. Say, "In them is great sin and [yet, some] benefit for people. But their sin is greater than their benefit." And they ask you what they should spend. Say, "The excess [beyond needs]." Thus Allah makes clear to you the verses [of revelation] that you might give thought

220) To this world and Hereafter. And they ask you about orphans. Say, "Improvement for them is best. And if you associate with them – they are your brothers. And Allah knows the corrupter from the amender. And if Allah had willed, He could have put you in difficulty. Indeed, Allah is Exalted in Might and Wise.

221) And do not marry polytheistic women until they believe.⁷⁰ And a believing slave woman is better than a polytheist, even though she might please you. And do not marry polytheistic men [to your women] until they believe. And a believing slave is better than a polytheist, even though he might please you. Those invite [you] to the Fire, but Allah invites to Paradise and to forgiveness, by His permission. And He makes clear His verses [i.e., ordinances] to the people that perhaps they may remember.

222) And they ask you about menstruation. Say, "It is harm, so keep away from women⁷¹ during menstruation. And do not approach them until they are pure. And when they have purified

⁶⁹ The word "*khamr*" (wine) includes all intoxicants. The final prohibition is given in 5:91.

⁷⁰ i.e., worship and obey Allah alone

⁷¹ i.e., refrain from sexual intercourse.

themselves,⁷² then come to them from where Allah has ordained for you. Indeed, Allah loves those who are constantly repentant and loves those who purify themselves."

- 223) Your women are a place of cultivation [i.e., sowing of seed] for you, so come to your place of cultivation however you wish and put forth [righteousness] for yourselves. And fear Allah and know that you will meet Him. And give good tidings to the believers.
- 224) And do not make [your oath by] Allah an excuse against being righteous and fearing Allah and making peace among people. And Allah is Hearing and Knowing.
- 225) Allah does not impose blame upon you for what is unintentional in your oaths, but He imposes blame upon you for what your hearts have earned. And Allah is Forgiving and Forbearing.
- 226) For those who swear not to have sexual relations with their wives⁷³ is a waiting time of four months, but if they return [to normal relations] – then indeed, Allah is Forgiving and Merciful.
- 227) And if they decide on divorce – then indeed, Allah is Hearing and Merciful.
- 228) Divorced women remain in waiting [i.e., do not remarry] for three periods,⁷⁴ and it is not lawful for them to conceal what Allah has created in their wombs if they believe in Allah and the Last Day. And their husbands have more right to take them back in this [period] if they want reconciliation.⁷⁵ And due to them [i.e., the wives] is similar to what is expected of them, according to what is reasonable.⁷⁶ But the men have a degree over them

⁷² By taking a complete bath (ghusl).

⁷³ Without divorcing them. By such an oath the woman is deprived of her right in marriage but is not free to marry another. She may not be kept in such a condition beyond the four-month limit.

⁷⁴ Either menstrual periods or periods of purity between menstruation. See also 65:1-7.

⁷⁵ The husband may return her to himself during the 'iddah period of a first and second divorce without a new marriage contract.

⁷⁶ The wife has specific rights upon her husband , just as the husband has rights upon her.

[in responsibility and authority]. And Allah is Exalted in Might and Wise.

- 229) Divorce is twice. Then [after that], either keep [her] in a reasonable manner or release [her] with good treatment. And it is not lawful for you to take what you have given them unless both fear that they will not be able to keep [within] the limits of Allah.⁷⁷ But if you fear that they will not keep [within] the limits of Allah, then there is no blame upon either of them concerning that by which she ransoms herself. These are the limits of Allah, so do not transgress them. And whoever transgresses the limits of Allah – it is those who are the wrongdoers [i.e., the unjust].
- 230) And if he has divorced her [for the third time], then she is not lawful to him afterward until [after] she marries a husband other than him.⁷⁸ And if he [i.e., the second husband] divorces her, there is no blame upon them [i.e., the woman and her first husband] if they return to each other if they think that they can keep to the limits of Allah. These are the limits of Allah, which He makes clear to a people who know [i.e., understand].
- 231) And when you divorce women and they have fulfilled their term, either keep them according to reasonable terms or release them according to reasonable terms, and do not keep them, intending harm, to transgress [against them]. And whoever does that has certainly wronged himself. And do not take the verses of Allah in jest. And remember the favor of Allah upon you and what has been revealed to you of the Book [i.e., the Qur'an] and wisdom [i.e., the Prophet's sunnah] by which He instructs you. And fear Allah and know that Allah is Knowing of all things.

⁷⁷ i.e., deal fairly with each other..

⁷⁸ With the intention of permanence, not merely in order to return to the previous husband.

- 232) And when you divorce women⁷⁹ and they have fulfilled their term, do not prevent them from remarrying their husbands if they [i.e., all parties] agree among themselves on a reasonable basis. That is instructed to whoever of you believes in Allah and the Last Day. That is better for you and purer, and Allah knows and you know not.
- 233) Mothers may nurse [i.e., breastfeed] their children two complete years for whoever wishes to complete the nursing [period]. Upon the father is their [i.e., the mothers'] provision and their clothing according to what is reasonable. No person is charged with more than his capacity. No mother should be harmed through her child, and no father through his child. And upon the [father's] heir is [a duty] like that [of the father]. And if they both desire weaning through mutual consent from both of them and consultation, there is no blame upon either of them. And if you wish to have your children nursed by a substitute, there is no blame upon you as long as you give payment according to what is reasonable. And fear Allah and know that Allah is Seeing of what you do.
- 234) And those who are taken in death among you and leave wives behind – they, [the wives, shall] wait four months and ten [days]. And when they have fulfilled their term, then there is no blame upon you for what they do with themselves in an acceptable manner.⁸⁰ And Allah is [fully] Acquainted with what you do.
- 235) 235. There is no blame upon you for that to which you [indirectly] allude concerning a proposal to women or for what you conceal within yourselves. Allah knows that you are going to remember them. But do not promise them secretly except for saying a proper saying. And do not determine to undertake a marriage contract until the decreed period⁸¹ reaches its end. And

⁷⁹ For the first and second time.

⁸⁰ They may remarry if they wish.

⁸¹ The 'iddah (bereavement period) after the death of a husband.

know that Allah knows what is within yourselves, so beware of Him. And know that Allah is Forgiving and Forbearing.

- 236) There is no blame upon you if you divorce women you have not touched⁸² or specified for them an obligation.⁸³ But give them [a gift of] compensation – the wealthy according to his capability and the poor according to his capability – a provision according to what is reasonable, a duty upon the doers of good.
- 237) And if you divorce them before you have touched them and you have already specified for them an obligation, then [give] half of what you specified – unless they forego the right or the one in whose hand is the marriage contract foregoes it. And to forego it is nearer to righteousness. And do not forget graciousness between you. Indeed Allah, of whatever you do, is Seeing.
- 238) Maintain with care the [obligatory] prayers and [in particular] the middle [i.e., 'asr] prayer and stand before Allah, devoutly obedient.
- 239) And if you fear [an enemy, then pray], on foot or riding. But when you are secure, then remember Allah [in prayer], as He has taught you that which you did not [previously] know.
- 240) And those who are taken in death among you and leave wives behind – for their wives is a bequest: maintenance for one year without turning [them] out. But if they leave [of their own accord], then there is no blame upon you for what they do with themselves in an acceptable way.⁸⁴ And Allah is Exalted in Might and Wise.
- 241) And for divorced women is maintenance according to what is acceptable – a duty upon the righteous.
- 242) Thus does Allah make clear to you His verses [i.e., laws] that you might use reason.

⁸² The marriage has not been consummated.

⁸³ Required bridal gift (*mahr*).

⁸⁴ This ruling was abrogated by that later revealed in 2:234.

- 243) Have you not considered those who left their homes in many thousands, fearing death? Allah said to them, "Die"; then He restored them to life. And Allah is full of bounty to the people, but most of the people do not show gratitude.
- 244) And fight in the cause of Allah and know that Allah is Hearing and Knowing.
- 245) Who is it that would loan Allah a goodly loan so He may multiply it for him many times over? And it is Allah who withholds and grants abundance, and to Him you will be returned.
- 246) Have you not considered the assembly of the Children of Israel after [the time of] Moses when they said to a prophet of theirs, "Send to us a king, and we will fight in the way of Allah"? He said, "Would you perhaps refrain from fighting if fighting was prescribed for you?" They said, "And why should we not fight in the cause of Allah when we have been driven out from our homes and from our children?" But when fighting was prescribed for them, they turned away, except for a few of them. And Allah is Knowing of the wrongdoers.
- 247) And their prophet said to them, "Indeed, Allah has sent to you Saul as a king." They said, "How can he have kingship over us while we are more worthy of kingship than him and he has not been given any measure of wealth?" He said, "Indeed, Allah has chosen him over you and has increased him abundantly in knowledge and stature. And Allah gives His sovereignty to whom He wills. And Allah is all-Encompassing [in favor] and Knowing."
- 248) And their prophet said to them, "Indeed, a sign of his kingship is that the chest will come to you in which is assurance⁸⁵ from your Lord and a remnant of what the family of Moses and the

⁸⁵ Signs giving reassurance.

family of Aaron had left, carried by the angels. Indeed in that is a sign for you, if you are believers."

- 249) And when Saul went forth with the soldiers, he said, "Indeed, Allah will be testing you with a river. So whoever drinks from it is not of me, and whoever does not taste it is indeed of me, excepting one who takes [from it] in the hollow of his hand." But they drank from it, except a [very] few of them. Then when he had crossed it along with those who believed with him, they said, "There is no power for us today against Goliath and his soldiers." But those who were certain that they would meet Allah said, "How many a small company has overcome a large company by permission of Allah. And Allah is with the patient."
- 250) And when they went forth to [face] Goliath and his soldiers, they said, "Our Lord, pour upon us patience and plant firmly our feet and give us victory over the disbelieving people."
- 251) So they defeated them by permission of Allah, and David killed Goliath, and Allah gave him the kingship and wisdom [i.e., prophet hood] and taught him from that which He willed. And if it were not for Allah checking [some] people by means of others, the earth would have been corrupted, but Allah is full of bounty to the worlds.
- 252) These are the verses of Allah which We recite to you, [O Muhammad], in truth. And indeed, you are from among the messengers.

- 253) Those messengers – some of them We caused to exceed others. Among them were those to whom Allah spoke, and He raised some of them in degree. And We gave Jesus, the Son of Mary, clear proofs, and We supported him with the Pure Spirit [i.e., Gabriel]. If Allah had willed, those [generations] succeeding them would not have fought each other after the clear proofs had come to them. But they differed, and some of them believed and some of them disbelieved. And if Allah had willed, they would not fought each other, but Allah does what He intends.
- 254) O you who have believed, spend from that which We have provided for you before there comes a Day in which there is no exchange [i.e., ransom] and no friendship and no intercession. And the disbelievers – they are the wrongdoers.
- 255) Allah – there is no deity except Him, the Ever-Living, the Sustainer of [all] existence. Neither drowsiness overtakes Him nor sleep. To Him belongs whatever is in the heavens and whatever is on the earth. Who is it that can intercede with Him except by His permission? He knows what is [presently] before them and what will be after them,⁸⁶ and they encompass not a thing of His knowledge except for what He wills. His Kursi⁸⁷ extends over the heavens and the earth, and their preservation tires Him not. And He is the Most High, the Most Great.
- 256) There shall be no compulsion in [acceptance of] the religion. The right course has become clear from error. So whoever disbelieves in taghut⁸⁸ and believes in Allah has grasped the most trustworthy handhold with no break in it. And Allah is Hearing and Knowing.
- 257) Allah is the ally⁸⁹ of those who believe. He brings them out from darkness into the light. And those who disbelieve –

⁸⁶ Allah's knowledge encompasses every aspect of His creations in the past, present and future.

⁸⁷ Chair or footstool. It is not to be confused with *al-'Arsh* (the Throne), which is infinitely higher and greater than al-Kursi.

⁸⁸ False objects of worship, such as idols, heavenly bodies, spirits, human beings, etc.

⁸⁹ i.e., patron and supporter.

their allies are taghut. They take them out of the light into darknesses.⁹⁰ Those are the companions of the Fire; they will abide eternally therein.

- 258) Have you not considered the one who argued with Abraham about his Lord [merely] because Allah had given him kingship? When Abraham said, "My Lord is the one who gives life and causes death," he said, "I give life and cause death." Abraham said, "Indeed, Allah brings up the sun from the east, so bring it up from the west." So the disbeliever was overwhelmed [by astonishment], and Allah does not guide the wrongdoing people.
- 259) Or [consider such an example] as the one who passed by a township which had fallen into ruin. He said, "How will Allah bring this to life after its death?" So Allah caused him to die for a hundred years; then He revived him. He said, "How long have you remained?" He [the man] said, "I have remained a day or part of a day." He said, "Rather, you have remained one hundred years. Look at your food and your drink; it has not changed with time. And look at your donkey; and We will make you a sign for the people. And look at the bones [of this donkey] – how We raise them and then We cover them with flesh." And when it became clear to him, he said, "I know that Allah is over all things competent."
- 260) And [mention] when Abraham said, "My Lord, show me how You give life to the dead." [Allah] said, "Have you not believed?" He said, "Yes, but [I ask] only that my heart may be satisfied." [Allah] said, "Take four birds and commit them to yourself."⁹¹ Then [after slaughtering them] put on each hill a portion of them; then call them – they will come [flying] to you in haste. And know that Allah is Exalted in Might and Wise."

⁹⁰ The light of truth is one, while the darknesses of disbelief, doubt and error are many.

⁹¹ i.e., train them to come to you on command.

- 261) The example of those who spend their wealth in the way of Allah is like a seed [of grain] which grows seven spikes; in each spike is a hundred grains. And Allah multiplies [His reward] for whom He wills. And Allah is all-Encompassing and Knowing.
- 262) Those who spend their wealth in the way of Allah and then do not follow up what they have spent with reminders [of it] or [other] injury will have their reward with their Lord, and there will be no fear concerning them, nor will they grieve.
- 263) Kind speech and forgiveness are better than charity followed by injury. And Allah is Free of need and Forbearing.
- 264) O you who have believed, do not invalidate your charities with reminders [of it] or injury as does one who spends his wealth [only] to be seen by the people and does not believe in Allah and the Last Day. His example is like that of a [large] smooth stone upon which is dust and is hit by a downpour that leaves it bare. They are unable [to keep] anything of what they have earned. And Allah does not guide the disbelieving people.
- 265) And the example of those who spend their wealth seeking means to the approval of Allah and assuring [reward for] themselves is like a garden on high grounds which is hit by a downpour – so it yields its fruits in double. And [even] if it is not hit by a downpour, then a drizzle [is sufficient]. And Allah, of what you do, is Seeing.
- 266) Would one of you like to have a garden of palm trees and grapevines underneath which rivers flow in which he has every fruit? But he is afflicted with old age and has weak [i.e., immature] offspring, and it is hit by a whirlwind containing fire and is burned. Thus does Allah make clear to you [His] verses that you might give thought.
- 267) O you who have believed, spend from the good things which you have earned and from that which We have produced for you from the earth. And do not aim toward the defective therefrom, spending [from that] while you would not take it [yourself]

except with closed eyes. And know that Allah is Free of need and Praiseworthy.

- 268) Satan threatens you with poverty and orders you to immorality, while Allah promises you forgiveness from Him and bounty. And Allah is all-Encompassing and Knowing.
- 269) He gives wisdom⁹² to whom He wills, and whoever has been given wisdom has certainly been given much good. And none will remember except those of understanding.
- 270) And whatever you spend of expenditures or make of vows, indeed, Allah knows of it. And for the wrongdoers there are no helpers.
- 271) If you disclose your charitable expenditures, they are good; but if you conceal them and give them to the poor, it is better for you, and He will remove from you some of your misdeeds [thereby]. And Allah, with what you do, is [fully] Acquainted.
- 272) Not upon you, [O Muhammad], is [responsibility for] their guidance, but Allah guides whom He wills. And whatever good you [believers] spend is for yourselves, and you do not spend except seeking the countenance of Allah. And whatever you spend of good⁹³ – it will be fully repaid to you, and you will not be wronged.
- 273) [Charity is] for the poor who have been restricted for the cause of Allah, unable to move about in the land. An ignorant [person] would think them self-sufficient because of their restraint, but you will know them by their [characteristic] sign. They do not ask people persistently [or at all]. And whatever you spend of good – indeed, Allah is Knowing of it.
- 274) Those who spend their wealth [in Allah's way] by night and by day, secretly and publicly – they will have their reward with their Lord. And no fear will there be concerning them, nor will they grieve.

⁹² The knowledge and understanding of the religion and of the Qur'an.

⁹³ i.e., wealth, property, resources, time, effort, etc.

- 275) Those who consume interest⁹⁴ cannot stand [on the Day of Resurrection] except as one stands who is being beaten by Satan into insanity. That is because they say, "Trade is [just] like interest." But Allah has permitted trade and has forbidden interest. So whoever has received an admonition from his Lord and desists may have what is past, and his affair rests with Allah. But whoever returns to [dealing in interest or usury] – those are the companions of the Fire; they will abide eternally therein.
- 276) Allah destroys interest and gives increase for charities. And Allah does not like every sinning disbeliever.
- 277) Indeed, those who believe and do righteous deeds and establish prayer and give zakah will have their reward with their Lord, and there will be no fear concerning them, nor will they grieve.
- 278) O you who have believed, fear Allah and give up what remains [due to you] of interest, if you should be believers.
- 279) And if you do not, then be informed of a war [against you] from Allah and His Messenger. But if you repent, you may have your capital – [thus] you do no wrong, nor are you wronged.
- 280) And if someone is in hardship, then [let there be] postponement until [a time] ease. But if you give [from your right as] charity, then it is better for you, if you only knew.
- 281) And fear a Day when you will be returned to Allah. Then every soul will be compensated for what it earned, and they will not be wronged [i.e., treated unjustly].
- 282) O you who have believed, when you contract a debt for a specified term, write it down. And let a scribe write [it] between you in justice. Let no scribe refuse to write as Allah has taught him. So let him write and let the one who has the obligation [i.e., the debtor] dictate. And let him fear Allah, his Lord, and not leave anything out of it. But if the one who has the obligation is of limited understanding or weak or unable to

⁹⁴ Including all types of usury.

dictate himself, then let his guardian dictate in justice. And bring to witness two witnesses from among your men. And if there are not two men [available] then a man and two women from those whom you accept as witnesses – so that if one of them [i.e., the women] errs, then the other can remind her. And let not the witnesses refuse when they are called upon. And do not be [too] weary to write it, whether it is small or large, for its [specified] term. That is more just in the sight of Allah and stronger as evidence and more likely to prevent doubt between you, except when it is an immediate transaction which you conduct among yourselves. For [then] there is no blame upon you if you do not write it. And take witnesses when you conclude a contract. Let no scribe be harmed or any witness. For if you do so, indeed, it is [grave] disobedience in you. And fear Allah. And Allah teaches you. And Allah is Knowing of all things.

- 283) And if you are on a journey and cannot find a scribe, then a security deposit [should be] taken. And if one of you entrusts another, then let him who is entrusted discharge his trust [faithfully] and let him fear Allah, his Lord. And do not conceal testimony, for whoever conceals it – his heart is indeed sinful, and Allah is Knowing of what you do.
- 284) To Allah belongs whatever is in the heavens and whatever is in the earth. Whether you show what is within yourselves or conceal it, Allah will bring you to account for it. Then He will forgive whom He wills and punish whom He wills, and Allah is over all things competent.
- 285) The Messenger has believed in what was revealed to him from his Lord, and [so have] the believers. All of them have believed in Allah and His angels and His books and His messengers, [saying], "We make no distinction between any of His messengers." And they say, "We hear and we obey. [We seek] Your forgiveness, our Lord, and to You is the [final] destination."
- 286) Allah does not charge a soul except [with that within] its capacity, It will have [the consequence of] what [good] it has gained, and it will bear [the consequence of] what [evil] it has earned. "Our Lord, do not impose blame upon us if we have forgotten or erred. Our

Lord, and lay not upon us a burden like that which You laid upon those before us. Our Lord, and burden us not with that which we have no ability to bear. And pardon us; and forgive us; and have mercy upon us. You are our protector, so give us victory over the disbelieving people."⁹⁵

⁹⁵ Allah (*subhanahu wa ta'ala*) concludes this *surah* by directing His servants how to supplicate Him, just as He taught them in *Surah al-Fatihah* how to praise Him and ask for guidance.

Al-'Imran-3⁹⁶

In the name of Allah, the Entirely Merciful, the Especially Merciful

- 1) Alif, Lam, Meem.⁹⁷
- 2) Allah – there is no deity except Him, the Ever-Living, the Sustainer of existence.
- 3) He has sent down upon you, [O Muhammad], the Book in truth, confirming what was before it. And He revealed the Torah and the Gospel.
- 4) Before, as guidance for the people. And He revealed the Criterion [i.e., the Qur'an]. Indeed, those who disbelieve in the verses of Allah will have a severe punishment, and Allah is Exalted in Might, the Owner of Retribution.
- 5) Indeed, from Allah nothing is hidden in the earth nor in the heaven.
- 6) It is He who forms you in the wombs however He wills. There is no deity except Him, the Exalted in Might, the Wise.
- 7) It is He who has sent down to you, [O Muhammad], the Book; in it are verses which are precise – they are the foundation of the Book – and others unspecific.⁽⁹⁸⁾ As for those in whose hearts is deviation [from truth], they will follow that of it which is unspecific, seeking discord and seeking an interpretation [suitable to them]. And no one knows its [true] interpretation except Allah. But those firm in knowledge say, "We believe in it. All [of it] is from our Lord." And no one will be reminded except those of understanding.

⁹⁶ *Ali Imran*: The Family of 'Imran.

⁹⁷ See footnote to 2:1

⁽⁹⁸⁾ Those which are stated in such a way that they are open to more than one interpretation or whose meaning is known only to Allah, such as the opening letters of certain *surahs*.

- 8) [Who say], "Our Lord, let not our hearts deviate after You have guided us and grant us from Yourself mercy. Indeed, You are the Bestower.
- 9) Our Lord, surely You will gather the people for a Day about which there is no doubt. Indeed, Allah does not fail in His promise."
- 10) Indeed, those who disbelieve – never will their wealth or their children avail them against Allah at all. And it is they who are fuel for the Fire.
- 11) [Theirs is] like the custom of the people of Pharaoh and those before them. They denied Our signs, so Allah seized them for their sins. And Allah is severe in penalty.
- 12) Say to those who disbelieve, "You will be overcome and gathered together to Hell, and wretched is the resting place."
- 13) Already there has been for you a sign in the two armies which met [in combat at Badr] – one fighting in the cause of Allah and another of disbelievers. They saw them [to be] twice their [own] number by [their] eyesight.⁹⁹ But Allah supports with His victory whom He wills. Indeed in that is a lesson for those of vision.
- 14) Beautified for people is the love of that which they desire – of women and sons, heaped-up sums of gold and silver, fine branded horses, and cattle and tilled land. That is the enjoyment of worldly life, but Allah has with Him the best return [i.e., Paradise].
- 15) Say, "Shall I inform you of [something] better than that? For those who fear Allah will be gardens in the presence of their Lord beneath which rivers flow, wherein they abide eternally, and purified spouses and approval from Allah. And Allah is Seeing [i.e., aware] of [His] servants –
- 16) Those who say, "Our Lord, indeed we have believed, so forgive us our sins and protect us from the punishment of the Fire,"

⁹⁹ The believers saw the disbelievers to be double their own number preceding the battle of Badr, while, in fact, they were three times their number.

- 17) The patient, the true, the obedient, those who spend [in the way of Allah], and those who seek forgiveness before dawn.
- 18) Allah witnesses that there is no deity except Him, and [so do] the angels and those of knowledge – [that He is] maintaining [creation] in justice. There is no deity except Him, the Exalted in Might, the Wise.
- 19) Indeed, the religion in the sight of Allah is Islam. And those who were given the Scripture did not differ except after knowledge had come to them – out of jealous animosity between themselves. And whoever disbelieves in the verses of Allah, then indeed, Allah is swift in [taking] account.
- 20) So if they argue with you, say, "I have submitted myself to Allah [in Islam], and [so have] those who follow me." And say to those who were given the Scripture and [to] the unlearned,¹⁰⁰ "Have you submitted yourselves?" And if they submit [in Islam], they are rightly guided; but if they turn away – then upon you is only the [duty of] notification. And Allah is Seeing of [His] servants.
- 21) Those who disbelieve in the signs of Allah and kill the prophets without right and kill those who order justice from among the people – give them tidings of a painful punishment.
- 22) They are the ones whose deeds have become worthless in this world and the Hereafter, and for them there will be no helpers.
- 23) Do you not consider, [O Muhammad], those who were given a portion of the Scripture? They are invited to the Scripture of Allah that it should arbitrate between them;¹⁰¹ then a party of them turns away, and they are refusing.
- 24) That is because they say, "Never will the Fire touch us except for [a few] numbered days," and [because] they were deluded in their religion by what they were inventing.

¹⁰⁰ Those who had no scripture (i.e., the pagans).

¹⁰¹ Referring to the Jews of Madinah who refused to implement the rulings given by Allah in the Torah or to acknowledge the Prophet (ﷺ), whose coming was mentioned therein.

- 25) So how will it be when We assemble them for a Day about which there is no doubt? And each soul will be compensated [in full for] what it earned, and they will not be wronged.
- 26) Say, "O Allah, Owner of Sovereignty, You give sovereignty to whom You will and You take sovereignty away from whom You will. You honor whom You will and You humble whom You will. In Your hand¹⁰² is [all] good. Indeed, You are over all things competent.
- 27) You cause the night to enter the day, and You cause the day to enter the night; and You bring the living out of the dead, and You bring the dead out of the living. And You give provision to whom You will without account [i.e., limit or measure]."
- 28) Let not believers take disbelievers as allies [i.e., supporters or protectors] rather than believers. And whoever [of you] does that has nothing [i.e., no association] with Allah, except when taking precaution against them in prudence.¹⁰³ And Allah warns you of Himself, and to Allah is the [final] destination.
- 29) Say, "Whether you conceal what is in your breasts or reveal it, Allah knows it. And He knows that which is in the heavens and that which is on the earth. And Allah is over all things competent.
- 30) The Day every soul will find what it has done of good present [before it] and what it has done of evil, it will wish that between itself and that [evil] was a great distance. And Allah warns you of Himself, and Allah is Kind to [His] servants."
- 31) Say, [O Muhammad], "If you should love Allah, then follow me, [so] Allah will love you and forgive you your sins. And Allah is Forgiving and Merciful."
- 32) Say, "Obey Allah and the Messenger." But if they turn away – then indeed, Allah does not like the disbelievers.

¹⁰² See footnote to 2:19.

¹⁰³ When fearing harm from an enemy, the believer may pretend as long as his heart and intention are not affected.

- 33) Indeed, Allah chose Adam and Noah and the family of Abraham and the family of 'Imran over the worlds –
- 34) Descendants, some of them from others. And Allah is Hearing and Knowing.
- 35) [Mention, O Muhammad], when the wife of 'Imran said, "My Lord, indeed I have pledged to You what is in my womb, consecrated [for Your service], so accept this from me. Indeed, You are the Hearing, the Knowing.
- 36) But when she delivered her, she said, "My Lord, I have delivered a female." And Allah was most knowing of what she delivered, and the male is not like the female. "And I have named her Mary, and I seek refuge for her in You and [for] her descendants from Satan, the expelled [from the mercy of Allah]."
- 37) So her Lord accepted her with good acceptance and caused her to grow in a good manner and put her in the care of Zechariah. Every time Zechariah entered upon her in the prayer chamber, he found with her provision. He said, "O Mary, from where is this [coming] to you?" She said, "It is from Allah. Indeed, Allah provides for whom He wills without account."
- 38) At that, Zechariah called upon his Lord, saying, "My Lord, grant me from Yourself a good offspring. Indeed, You are the Hearer of supplication.
- 39) So the angels called him while he was standing in prayer in the chamber, "Indeed, Allah gives you good tidings of John, confirming a word¹⁰⁴ from Allah and [who will be] honorable, abstaining [from women], and prophet from among the righteous."
- 40) He said, "My Lord, how will I have a boy when I have reached old age and my wife is barren?" He [the angel] said, "Such is Allah; He does what He wills."

¹⁰⁴ Referring to the Prophet Jesus (upon whom be peace), who was conceived merely by a command from Allah—the word "Be."

- 41) He said, "My Lord, make for me a sign." He Said, "Your sign is that you will not [be able to] speak to the people for three days except by gesture. And remember your Lord much and exalt [Him with praise] in the evening and the morning."
- 42) And [mention] when the angels said, "O Mary, indeed Allah has chosen you and purified you and chosen you above the women of the worlds."
- 43) O Mary, be devoutly obedient to your Lord and prostrate and bow with those bow [in prayer]."
- 44) That is from the news of the unseen which We reveal to you, [O Muhammad]. And you were not with them when they cast their pens¹⁰⁵ as to which of them should be responsible for Mary. Nor were you with them when they disputed.
- 45) [And mention] when the angels said, "O Mary, indeed Allah gives you good tidings of a word¹⁰⁶ from Him, whose name will be the Messiah, Jesus, the son of Mary – distinguished in this world and the Hereafter and among those brought near [to Allah]."
- 46) He will speak to the people in the cradle and in maturity and will be of the righteous."
- 47) She said, "My Lord, how will I have a child when no man has touched me?" [The angel] said, "Such is Allah; He creates what He wills. When He decrees a matter, He only says to it, 'Be,' and it is."
- 48) And He will teach him writing and wisdom¹⁰⁷ and the Torah and the Gospel.
- 49) And [make him] a messenger to the Children of Israel, [who will say], 'Indeed I have come to you with a sign from your Lord in that I design for you from the clay [that which is] like the form of a bird, then I breathe into it and it becomes a bird by permission of Allah. And I cure the blind[from birth] and the

¹⁰⁵ i.e., threw lots.

¹⁰⁶ See footnote to 3:39.

¹⁰⁷ The teaching of the prophets.

leper, and I give life to the dead – by permission of Allah. And I inform you of what you eat and what you store in your houses. Indeed in that is a sign for you, if you are believers.

- 50) And [I have come] confirming what was before me of the Torah and to make lawful for you some of what was forbidden to you. And I have come to you with a sign from your Lord, so fear Allah and obey me.
- 51) Indeed, Allah is my Lord and your Lord, so worship Him. That is the straight path."
- 52) But when Jesus felt [persistence in] disbelief from them, he said, "Who are my supporters for [the cause of] Allah?" The disciples said, "We are supporters for Allah. We have believed in Allah and testify that we are Muslims [submitting to Him.]
- 53) Our Lord, we have believed in what You revealed and have followed the messenger [i.e., Jesus], so register us among the witnesses [to truth]."
- 54) And they [i.e., the disbelievers] planned, but Allah planned. And Allah is the best of planners.
- 55) [Mention] when Allah said, "O Jesus, indeed I will take you and raise you to Myself and purify [i.e., free] you from those who disbelieve and make those who follow you [in submission to Allah alone] superior to those who disbelieve until the Day of Resurrection. Then to Me is your return, and I will judge between you concerning that in which you used to differ.
- 56) And as for those who disbelieved, I will punish them with a severe punishment in this world and the Hereafter, and they will have no helpers."
- 57) But as for those who believed and did righteous deeds, He will give them in full their rewards, and Allah does not like the wrongdoers.
- 58) This is what We recite to you, [O Muhammad], of [Our] verses and the precise [and wise] message [i.e., the Qur'an].

- 59) Indeed, the example of Jesus to Allah¹⁰⁸ is like that of Adam. He created him from dust; then He said to him, "Be," and he was.
- 60) The truth is from your Lord, so do not be among the doubters.
- 61) Then whoever argues with you about it after [this] knowledge has come to you – say, "Come, let us call our sons and your sons, our women and your women, ourselves and yourselves, then supplicate earnestly [together] and invoke the curse of Allah upon the liars [among us]."
- 62) Indeed, this is the true narration. And there is no deity except Allah. And indeed, Allah is the Exalted in Might, the Wise.
- 63) But if they turn away, then indeed – Allah is Knowing of the corrupters.
- 64) Say, "O People of the Scripture, come to a word that is equitable between us and you – that we will not worship except Allah and not associate anything with Him and not take one another as lords instead of Allah."¹⁰⁹ But if they turn away, then say, "Bear witness that we are Muslims [submitting to Him]."
- 65) O People of the Scripture, why do you argue about Abraham while the Torah and the Gospel were not revealed until after him? Then will you not reason?
- 66) Here you are – those who have argued about that of which you have [some] knowledge, but why do you argue about that of which you have no knowledge? And Allah knows, while you know not.
- 67) Abraham was neither a Jew nor a Christian, but he was one inclining toward truth, a Muslim [submitting to Allah]. And he was not of the polytheists.¹¹⁰
- 68) Indeed, the most worthy among the people of Abraham are those who followed him [in submission to Allah] and this prophet [i.e.,

¹⁰⁸ i.e., regarding His creation of him.

¹⁰⁹ By obeying another in disobedience to Allah.

¹¹⁰ Those who associate others with Allah.

Muhammad (ﷺ)], and those who believe [in his message]. And Allah is the protector of the believers.

- 69) A faction of the People of the Scripture wish they could mislead you. But they do not mislead except themselves, and they perceive [it] not.
- 70) O People of the Scripture, why do you disbelieve in the verses of Allah ¹¹¹while you witness [to their truth]?
- 71) O People of the Scripture, why do you mix [i.e., confuse] the truth with falsehood and conceal the truth while you know [it]?
- 72) And a faction of the People of the Scripture say [to each other], "Believe in that which was revealed to the believers at the beginning of the day and reject it at its end that perhaps they will return [i.e., abandon their religion],
- 73) And do not trust except those who follow your religion." Say, "Indeed, the [true] guidance is the guidance of Allah. [Do you fear] lest someone be given [knowledge] like you were given or that they would thereby argue with you before your Lord?" Say, "Indeed, [all] bounty is in the hand ¹¹²of Allah – He grants it to whom He wills. And Allah is all-Encompassing and Wise.
- 74) He selects for His mercy whom He wills. And Allah is the possessor of great bounty.
- 75) And among the People of the Scripture is he who, if you entrust him with a great amount [of wealth] , he will return it to you. And among them is he who, if you entrust him with a [single] silver coin, he will not return it to you unless you are constantly standing over him [demanding it]. That is because they say, "There is no blame upon us concerning the unlearned." ¹¹³ And they speak untruth about Allah while they know [it].
- 76) But yes, whoever fulfills his commitment and fears Allah – then indeed, Allah loves those who fear Him.

¹¹¹ i.e., deliberately reject them.

¹¹² See footnote to 2:19.

¹¹³ The Jews do not consider it a sin to cheat or lie to a gentile or a pagan.

- 77) Indeed, those who exchange the covenant of Allah and their [own] oaths for a small price will have no share in the Hereafter, and Allah will not speak to them or look at them on the Day of Resurrection, nor will He purify them; and they will have a painful punishment.
- 78) And indeed, there is among them a party who alter the Scripture with their tongues so you may think it is from the Scripture, but it is not from the Scripture. And they say, "This is from Allah," but it is not from Allah. And they speak untruth about Allah while they know.
- 79) It is not for a human [prophet]¹¹⁴ that Allah should give him the Scripture¹¹⁵ and authority and prophethood and then he would say to the people, "Be servants to me rather than Allah," but [instead, he would say], "Be pious scholars of the Lord because of what you have taught of the Scripture and because of what you have studied."
- 80) Nor could he order you to take the angels and prophets as lords. Would he order you to disbelief after you had been Muslims?
- 81) And [recall, O People of the Scripture], when Allah took the covenant of the prophets, [saying], "Whatever I give you of the Scripture and wisdom and then there comes to you a messenger confirming what is with you, you [must] believe in him and support him." [Allah] said, "Have you acknowledged and taken upon that My commitment."¹¹⁶ They said, "We have acknowledged it." He said, "Then bear witness, and I am with you among the witnesses."
- 82) And whoever turned away after that – they were the defiantly disobedient.

¹¹⁴ Or any disbeliever.

¹¹⁵ Or in the case of Prophet Muhammad (ﷺ), "the Book" (i.e., the Qur'an).

¹¹⁶ i.e., have you accepted this obligation?

- 83) So is it other than the religion of Allah they desire; while to Him have submitted [all] those within the heavens and earth, willingly or by compulsion, and to Him they will be returned?
- 84) Say, "We have believed in Allah and in what was revealed to us and what was revealed to Abraham, Ishmael, Isaac, Jacob, and the Descendants [al-Asbat], and in what was given to Moses and Jesus and to the prophets from their Lord. We make no distinction between any of them, and we are Muslims [submitting] to Him."
- 85) And whoever desires other than Islam as religion – never will it be accepted from him, and he, in the Hereafter, will be among the losers.
- 86) How shall Allah guide a people who disbelieved after their belief and had witnessed that the Messenger is true and clear signs had come to them? And Allah does not guide the wrongdoing people.
- 87) Those – their recompense will be that upon them is the curse of Allah and the angels and the people, all together,
- 88) 88. Abiding eternally therein. The punishment will not be lightened for them, nor will they be reprieved.
- 89) Except for those who repent after that¹¹⁷ and correct themselves. For indeed, Allah is Forgiving and Merciful.
- 90) Indeed, those who disbelieve [i.e., reject the message] after their belief and then increase in disbelief – never will their [claimed] repentance be accepted, and they are the ones astray.
- 91) Indeed, those who disbelieve and die while they are disbelievers – never would the [whole] capacity of the earth in gold be accepted from one of them if he would [seek to] ransom himself with it. For those there will be a painful punishment, and they will have no helpers.

¹¹⁷ After their wrongdoing.

- 92) Never will you attain the good [reward]¹¹⁸ until you spend [in the way of Allah] from that which you love. And whatever you spend – indeed, Allah is Knowing of it.
- 93) All food was lawful to the Children of Israel except what Israel [i.e., Jacob] had made unlawful to himself before the Torah was revealed. Say, [O Muhammad], "So bring the Torah and recite it, if you should be truthful."
- 94) And whoever invents about Allah untruth after that – then those are [truly] the wrongdoers.
- 95) Say, "Allah has told the truth. So follow the religion of Abraham, inclining toward truth; and he was not of the polytheists."¹¹⁹
- 96) Indeed, the first House [of worship] established for mankind was that at Bakkah [i.e., Makkah] – blessed and a guidance for the worlds.
- 97) In it are clear signs [such as] the standing place of Abraham. And whoever enters it [i.e., the Haram] shall be safe. And [due] to Allah from the people is a pilgrimage to the House – for whoever is able to find thereto a way. But whoever disbelievers [i.e., refuses] – then indeed, Allah is free from need of the worlds.¹²⁰
- 98) Say, "O People of the Scripture, why do you disbelieve in the verses of Allah while Allah is Witness over what you do?"
- 99) Say, "O People of the Scripture, why do you avert from the way of Allah those who believe, seeking to make it [seem] crooked, while you are witnesses [to the truth]? And Allah is not unaware of what you do."
- 100) O you who have believed, if you obey a party of those who were given the Scripture, they would turn you back, after your belief, [to being] unbelievers.

¹¹⁸ Another meaning is "You will never attain righteousness."

¹¹⁹ See footnote to 3:67.

¹²⁰ He has no need for His servants' worship; it is they who are in need of Him.

- 101) And how could you disbelieve while to you are being recited the verses of Allah and among you is His messenger? And whoever holds firmly to Allah¹²¹ has [indeed] been guided to a straight path.
- 102) O you who have believed, fear Allah as He should be feared and do not die except as Muslims [in submission to Him].
- 103) And hold firmly to the rope¹²² of Allah all together and do not become divided. And remember the favor of Allah upon you – when you were enemies and He brought your hearts together and you became, by His favor, brothers. And you were on the edge of a pit of the Fire, and He saved you from it. Thus does Allah make clear to you His verses that you may be guided.
- 104) And let there be [arising] from you a nation inviting to [all that is] good, enjoining what is right and forbidding what is wrong,¹²³ and those will be the successful.
- 105) And do not be like those who became divided and differed after the clear proofs had come to them. And they will have a great punishment.
- 106) On the Day [some] faces will turn white and [some] faces will turn black. As for those whose faces turn black. [to them it will be said], "Did you disbelieve [i.e., reject faith] after your belief? Then taste the punishment for what you used to reject."
- 107) But as for those whose faces will turn white, [they will be] within the mercy of Allah. They will abide therein eternally.
- 108) These are the verses of Allah. We recite them to you, [O Muhammad], in truth; and Allah wants no injustice to the worlds [i.e., His creatures].
- 109) To Allah belongs to whatever is in the heavens and whatever is on the earth. And to Allah will [all] matters be returned.

¹²¹ i.e., adhering to His ordinances strictly, then trusting in Him and relying upon Him completely.

¹²² Referring either to His covenant or the Qur'an.

¹²³ According to the laws of Allah.

- 110) You are the best nation produced [as an example] for mankind. You enjoin what is right and forbid what is wrong and believe in Allah. If only the People of the Scripture had believed, it would have been better for them. Among them are believers, but most of them are defiantly disobedient.
- 111) They will not harm you except for [some] annoyance. And if they fight you, they will show you their backs [i.e., retreat]; then they will not be aided.
- 112) They have been put under humiliation [by Allah] wherever they are overtaken, except for a rope [i.e., covenant] from Allah and a rope [i.e., treaty] from the people [i.e., the Muslims].¹²⁴ And they have drawn upon themselves anger from Allah and have been put under destitution. That is because they disbelieved in [i.e., rejected] the verses of Allah and killed the prophets without right. That is because they disobeyed and [habitually] transgressed.
- 113) They are not [all] the same; among the People of the Scripture is a community¹²⁵ standing [in obedience], reciting the verses of Allah during periods of the night and prostrating [in prayer]
- 114) They believe in Allah and the Last day, and they enjoin what is right and forbid what is wrong and hasten to good deeds. And those are among the righteous.
- 115) And whatever good they do -- never will it be removed from them. And Allah is Knowing of the righteous.
- 116) Indeed, those who disbelieve -- never will their wealth or their children avail them against Allah at all, and those are the companions of the Fire; they will abide therein eternally.
- 117) The example of what they spend in this worldly life is like that of a wind containing frost which strikes the harvest of a people

¹²⁴ Once they have surrendered, the People of the Scripture retain their rights and honor (in spite of their refusal of Islam) through payment of the *jizyah* tax in place of *zakah* and military service due from the Muslims. They are then under the protection of the Islamic state.

¹²⁵ Of people who accepted Islam.

who have wronged themselves [i.e., sinned] and destroys it. And Allah has not wronged them, but they wronged themselves.

- 118) O you who have believed, do not take as intimates those other than yourselves [i.e., believers], for they will not spare you [any] ruin. They wish you would have hardship. Hatred has already appeared from their mouths, and what their breasts conceal is greater. We have certainly made clear to you the signs, if you will use reason.
- 119) Here you are loving them but they are not loving you, while you believe in the Scripture – all of it.¹²⁶ And when they meet you, they say, "We believe." But when they are alone, they bite their fingertips at you in rage. Say, "Die in your rage. Indeed, Allah is Knowing of that within the breasts."
- 120) If good touches you, it distresses them; but if harm strikes you, they rejoice at it. And if you are patient and fear Allah, their plot will not harm you at all. Indeed, Allah is encompassing of what they do.
- 121) And [remember] when you, [O Muhammad], left your family in the morning to post the believers at their stations for the battle [of Uhud] – and Allah is Hearing and Knowing –
- 122) When two parties among you were about to lose courage, but Allah was their protector; and upon Allah the believers should rely.
- 123) And already had Allah given you victory at [the battle of] Badr while you were weak [i.e., few in number]. Then fear Allah; perhaps you will be grateful.
- 124) [Remember] when you said to the believers, "Is it not sufficient for you that your Lord should reinforce you with three thousand angels sent down?"

¹²⁶ That of it revealed by Allah, not what was subsequently altered by men.

- 125) Yes, if you remain patient and conscious of Allah and they [i.e., the enemy] come upon you [attacking] in rage, your Lord will reinforce you with five thousand angels having marks [of distinction]
- 126) And Allah made it not except as [a sign of] good tidings for you and to reassure your hearts thereby. And victory is not except from Allah, the Exalted in Might, the Wise –
- 127) That He might cut down a section of the disbelievers or suppress them so that they turn back disappointed.
- 128) Not for you, [O Muhammad, but for Allah], is the decision whether He should [cut them down] or forgive them or punish them, for indeed, they are wrongdoers.
- 129) And to Allah belongs whatever is in the heavens and whatever is on the earth. He forgives whom He wills and punishes whom He wills. And Allah is Forgiving and Merciful.
- 130) O you who have believed, do not consume usury, doubled and multiplied, but fear Allah that you may be successful.
- 131) And fear the Fire, which has been prepared for the disbelievers.
- 132) And obey Allah and the Messenger that you may obtain mercy.
- 133) And hasten to forgiveness from your Lord and a garden [i.e., paradise] as wide as the heavens and earth, prepared for the righteous.
- 134) Who spend [in the cause of Allah] during ease and hardship and who restrain anger and who pardon the people – and Allah loves the doers of good;
- 135) And those who, if they commit an immorality or wrong themselves [by transgression], remember Allah and seek forgiveness for their sins – and who can forgive sins except Allah? – and [who] do not persist in what they have done while they know.

- 136) Those – their reward is forgiveness from their Lord and gardens beneath which rivers flow [in Paradise], wherein they will abide eternally. Excellent is the reward of the [righteous] workers.
- 137) Similar situations [as yours] have passed on before you, so proceed throughout the earth and observe how was the end of those who denied.
- 138) This [Qur'an] is a clear statement to [all] the people and a guidance and instruction for those conscious of Allah.
- 139) So do not weaken and do not grieve, and you will be superior if you are [true] believers.
- 140) If a wound should touch you – there has already touched the [opposing] people a wound similar to it. And these days [of varying conditions] We alternate among the people so that Allah may make evident those who believe and [may] take to Himself from among you martyrs – and Allah does not like the wrongdoers.
- 141) And that Allah may purify the believers [through trials] and destroy the disbelievers.
- 142) Or do you think that you will enter Paradise while Allah has not yet made evident those of you who fight in His cause and made evident those who are steadfast?
- 143) And you had certainly wished for death [i.e., martyrdom] before you met it, and you have [now] seen it [before you] while you were looking on.
- 144) Muhammad is not but a messenger. [Other] messengers have passed on before him. So if he was to die or be killed, would you turn back on your heels [to unbelief]? And he who turns back on his heels will never harm Allah at all; but Allah will reward the grateful.
- 145) And it is not [possible] for one to die except by permission of Allah at a decree determined. And whoever desires the reward of this world – We will give him thereof; and whoever desires the

reward of the Hereafter – We will give him thereof. And We will reward the Grateful.

- 146) And how many a prophet [fought and] with him fought many religious scholars. But they never lost assurance due to what afflicted them in the cause of Allah, nor did they weaken or submit. And Allah loves the steadfast.
- 147) And their words were not but that they said, "Our Lord, forgive us our sins and the excess [committed] in our affairs and plant firmly our feet and give us victory over the disbelieving people."
- 148) So Allah gave them the reward of this world and the good reward of the Hereafter. And Allah loves the doers of good.
- 149) O you who have believed, if you obey those who disbelieve, they will turn you back on your heels, and you will [then] become losers.
- 150) But Allah is your protector, and He is the best of helpers.
- 151) We will cast terror into the hearts of those who disbelieve for what they have associated with Allah of which He had not sent down [any] authority. And their refuge will be the Fire, and wretched is the residence of the wrongdoers.
- 152) And Allah had certainly fulfilled His promise to you when you were killing them [i.e., the enemy] by His permission until [the time] when you lost courage and fell to disputing about the order [given by the Prophet (ﷺ)] and disobeyed after He had shown you that which you love.¹²⁷ Among you are some who desire this world, and among you are some who desire the Hereafter. Then He turned you back from them [defeated] that He might test you. And He has already forgiven you, and Allah is the possessor of bounty for the believers.

¹²⁷ i.e., the spoils of war.

- 153) [Remember] when you [fled and] climbed [the mountain] without looking aside at anyone while the Messenger was calling you from behind. So Allah repaid you with distress upon distress so you would not grieve for that which had escaped you [of victory and spoils of war] or [for] that which had befallen you [of injury and death]. And Allah is [fully] Acquainted with what you do.
- 154) Then after distress, He sent down upon you security [in the form of] drowsiness, overcoming a faction of you, while another faction worried about themselves, thinking of Allah other than the truth – the thought of ignorance, saying, "Is there anything for us [to have done] in this matter?" Say, "Indeed, the matter belongs completely to Allah." They conceal within themselves what they will not reveal to you. They say, "If there was anything we could have done in the matter, we [i.e., some of us] would not have been killed right here." Say, "Even if you had been inside your houses, those decreed to be killed would have come out to their death beds." [It was] so that Allah might test what is in your breasts and purify what is in your hearts. And Allah is Knowing of that within the breasts.
- 155) Indeed, those of you who turned back on the day the two armies met [at Uhud] – it was Satan who caused them to slip because of some [blame] they had earned. But Allah has already forgiven them. Indeed, Allah is Forgiving and Forbearing.
- 156) O you would have believed, do not be like those who disbelieved and said about their brothers when they traveled through the land or went out to fight, "If they had been with us, they would not have died or have been killed," so Allah makes that [misconception] a regret within their hearts. And it is Allah who gives life and causes death, and Allah is Seeing of what you do.

- 157) And if you are killed in the cause of Allah or die – then forgiveness from Allah and mercy are better than whatever they accumulate [in this world].
- 158) And whether you die or are killed, unto Allah you will be gathered.
- 159) So by mercy from Allah, [O Muhammad], you were lenient with them. And if you had been rude [in speech] and harsh in heart, they would have disbanded from about you. So pardon them and ask forgiveness for them and consult them in the matter. And when you have decided, then rely upon Allah. Indeed, Allah loves those who rely [upon Him].
- 160) If Allah should aid you, no one can overcome you; but if He should forsake you, who is there that can aid you after Him? And upon Allah let the believers rely.
- 161) It is not [attributable] to any prophet that he would act unfaithfully [in regard to war booty]. And whoever betrays, [taking unlawfully], will come with what he took on the Day of Resurrection. Then will every soul be [fully] compensated for what it earned, and they will not be wronged.
- 162) So is one who pursues the pleasure of Allah like one who brings upon himself the anger of Allah and whose refuge is Hell? And wretched is the destination.
- 163) They are [varying] degrees in the sight of Allah, and Allah is Seeing of whatever they do.
- 164) Certainly did Allah confer [great] favor upon the believers when He sent among them a Messenger from themselves, reciting to them His verses and purifying them and teaching them the Book [i.e., the Qu'ran] and wisdom,¹²⁸ although they had been before in manifest error.
- 165) Why [is it that] when a [single] disaster struck you [on the day of Uhud], although you had struck [the enemy in the battle of

¹²⁸ The Prophet's *sunnah*.

Badr] with one twice as great, you said, "From where is this?" Say, "It is from yourselves [i.e., due to your sin]." And Allah, over all things, is competent.

- 166) And what struck you on the day the two armies met [at Uhud] was by permission of Allah that He might make evident the [true] believers.
- 167) And that He might make evident those who are hypocrites. For it was said to them, "Come, fight in the way of Allah or [at least] defend." They said, "If we had known [there would be] fighting, we would have followed you." They were nearer to disbelief that day than to faith, saying with their mouths what was not in their hearts. And Allah is most knowing of what they conceal –
- 168) Those who said about their brothers while sitting [at home], "If they had obeyed us, they would not have been killed." Say, "Then prevent death from yourselves, if you should be truthful."
- 169) And never think of those who have been killed in the cause of Allah as dead. Rather, they are alive with their Lord, receiving provision,
- 170) Rejoicing in what Allah has bestowed upon them of His bounty, and they receive good tidings about those [to be martyred] after them who have not yet joined them – that there will be no fear concerning them, nor will they grieve.
- 171) They receive good tidings of favor from Allah and bounty and [of the fact] that Allah does not allow the reward of believers to be lost –
- 172) Those [believers] who responded to Allah and the Messenger after injury had struck them. For those who did good among them and feared Allah is a great reward –
- 173) Those to whom people [i.e., hypocrites] said, "Indeed, the people have gathered against you, so fear them." But it [merely] increased them in faith, and they said, "Sufficient for us is Allah, and [He is] the best Disposer of affairs."

- 174) So they returned with favor from Allah and bounty, no harm having touched them. And they pursued the pleasure of Allah, and Allah is the possessor of great bounty.
- 175) That is only Satan who frightens [you] of his supporters. So fear them not, but fear Me, if you are [indeed] believers.
- 176) And do not be grieved, [O Muhammad], by those who hasten into disbelief. Indeed, they will never harm Allah at all. Allah intends that He should give them no share in the Hereafter, and for them is a great punishment.
- 177) Indeed, those who purchase disbelief [in exchange] for faith – never will they harm Allah at all, and for them is a painful punishment.
- 178) And let not those who disbelieve ever think that [because] We extend their time [of enjoyment] it is better for them. We only extend it for them so that they may increase in sin, and for them is a humiliating punishment.
- 179) Allah would not leave the believers in that [state] you are in [presently] until He separates the evil from the good. Nor would Allah reveal to you the unseen. But [instead], Allah chooses of His messengers whom He wills, so believe in Allah and His messengers. And if you believe and fear Him, then for you is a great reward.
- 180) And let not those who [greedily] withhold what Allah has given them of His bounty ever think that it is better for them. Rather, it is worse for them. Their necks will be encircled by what they withheld on the Day of Resurrection. And to Allah belongs the heritage of the heavens and the earth. And Allah, with what you do, is [fully] Acquainted.
- 181) Allah has certainly heard the statement of those [Jews] who said, "Indeed, Allah is poor, while we are rich." We will record what they said and their killing of the prophets without right and will say, "Taste the punishment of the Burning Fire.

- 182) That is for what your hands have put forth and because Allah is not unjust to [His] servants."
- 183) [They are] those who said, "Indeed, Allah has taken our promise not to believe any messenger until he brings us an offering which fire [from heaven] will consume." Say, "There have already come to you messengers before me with clear proofs and [even] that of which you speak. So why did you kill them, if you should be truthful?"
- 184) Then if they deny you, [O Muhammad] – so were messengers denied before you, who brought clear proofs and written ordinances and the enlightening Scripture.¹²⁹
- 185) Every soul will taste death, and you will only be given your [full] compensation on the Day of Resurrection. So he who is drawn away from the Fire and admitted to Paradise has attained [his desire]. And what is the life of this world except the enjoyment of delusion.
- 186) You will surely be tested in your possessions and in yourselves. And you will surely hear from those who were given the Scripture before you and from those who associate others with Allah much abuse. But if you are patient and fear Allah – indeed, that is of the matters [worthy] of determination.
- 187) And [mention, O Muhammad], when Allah took a covenant from those who were given the Scripture, [saying], "You must make it clear [i.e., explain it] to the people and not conceal it." But they threw it away behind their backs and exchanged it for a small price. And wretched is that which they purchased.
- 188) And never think that those who rejoice in what they have perpetrated and like to be praised for what they did not do – never think them [to be] in safety from the punishment, and for them is a painful punishment.

¹²⁹ The pure, original Torah and Gospel, which were revealed by Allah

- 189) And to Allah belongs the dominion of the heavens and the earth, and Allah is over all things competent.
- 190) Indeed, in the creation of the heavens and the earth and the alternation of the night and the day are signs for those of understanding—
- 191) Who remember Allah while standing or sitting or [lying] on their sides and give thought to the creation of the heavens and the earth, [saying], "Our Lord, You did not create this aimlessly; exalted are You [above such a thing]; then protect us from the punishment of the fire.
- 192) Our Lord, indeed whoever You admit to the Fire – You have disgraced him, and for the wrongdoers there are no helpers.
- 193) Our Lord, indeed we have heard a caller [i.e., Prophet Muhammad (ﷺ)] calling to faith, [saying], 'Believe in your Lord,' and we have believed. Our Lord so forgive us our sins and remove from us our misdeeds and cause us to die with the righteous.
- 194) Our Lord, and grant us what You promised us through Your messengers and do not disgrace us on the Day of Resurrection. Indeed, You do not fail in [Your] promise."
- 195) And their Lord responded to them, "Never will I allow to be lost the work of [any] worker among you, whether male or female; you are of one another. So those who emigrated or were evicted from their homes or were harmed in My cause or fought or were killed – I will surely remove from them their misdeeds, and I will surely admit them to gardens beneath which rivers flow as reward from Allah, and Allah has with Him the best reward."
- 196) Be not deceived by the [uninhibited] movement of the disbelievers throughout the land.
- 197) [It is but] a small enjoyment; then their [final] refuge is Hell, and wretched is the resting place.

- 198) But those who feared their Lord will have gardens beneath which rivers flow, abiding eternally therein, as hospitality from Allah. And that which is with Allah is best for the righteous.
- 199) And Indeed, among the People of the Scripture are those who believe in Allah and what was revealed to you and what was revealed to them, [being] humbly submissive to Allah. They do not exchange the verses of Allah for a small price. Those will have their reward with their Lord. Indeed, Allah is swift in account.
- 200) O you who have believed, persevere¹³⁰ and endure¹³¹ and remain stationed¹³² and fear Allah that you may be successful.

¹³⁰ In your religion and in the face of your enemies.

¹³¹ In patience, outlasting your enemies, and against your own evil inclinations.

¹³² Posted at your position against the enemy or in the mosques, awaiting prayers.

Nisa'-4¹³³

In the name of Allah, the Entirely Merciful, the Especially Merciful

- 1) O mankind, fear your Lord, who created you from one soul and created from it its mate and dispersed from both of them many men and women. And fear Allah, through whom¹³⁴ you ask one another,¹³⁵ and the wombs.¹³⁶ Indeed Allah is ever,¹³⁷ over you, an Observer.
- 2) And give to the orphans their properties and do not substitute the defective [of you own] for the good [of theirs], And do not consume their properties into your own. Indeed, that is ever a great sin.
- 3) And if you fear that you will not deal justly with the orphan girls, then marry those that please you of [other] women, two or three or four. But if you fear that you will not be just, then [marry only] one or those your right hand possess [i.e., slaves]. That is more suitable that you may not incline [to injustice].
- 4) And give the women [upon marriage] their [bridal] gifts¹³⁸ graciously. But if they give up willingly to you anything of it, then take it in satisfaction and ease.¹³⁹
- 5) And do not give the weak-minded your property,¹⁴⁰ which Allah has made a means of sustenance for you, but provide for them

¹³³ An-Nisa: The Women.

¹³⁴ In whose name.

¹³⁵ i.e., request favors and demand rights.

¹³⁶ i.e., fear Allah in regard to relations of kinship.

¹³⁷ When used in conjunction with Allah's attributes, the word "ever" (occurring repeatedly throughout this *surah* and elsewhere, such as in *Surah al-Ahzab*) is quite inadequate in imparting the sense of continuation expressed by the word "*kana*" in Arabic, which indicates "always was, is, and always will be."

¹³⁸ The obligatory bridal gift (*mahr*).

¹³⁹ Knowing that it is lawful.

¹⁴⁰ Although it is actually their property, Allah (*subhanahu wa ta'ala*) refers to it in the collective sense, reminding us that all wealth is provided by Him for the maintenance of the community as well as of individual members.

with it and clothe them and speak to them words of appropriate kindness.

- 6) And test the orphans [in their abilities] until they reach marriageable age. Then if you perceive in them sound judgement, release their property to them. And do not consume it excessively and quickly, [anticipating] that they will grow up. And whoever, [when acting as guardian], is self-sufficient should refrain [from taking a fee]; and whoever is poor – let him take according to what is reasonable. Then when you release their property to them, bring witnesses upon them. And sufficient is Allah as Accountant.
- 7) For men is a share of what the parents and close relatives leave, and for women is a share of what the parents and close relatives leave, be it little or much – an obligatory share.
- 8) And when [other] relatives and orphans and the needy are present at the [time of] division, then provide for them [something] out of it [i.e., the estate] and speak to them words of appropriate kindness.
- 9) And let those [executors and guardians] fear [injustice] as if they [themselves] had left weak offspring behind and feared for them. So let them fear Allah and speak words of appropriate justice.
- 10) Indeed, those who devour the property of orphans unjustly are only consuming into their bellies fire. And they will be burned in a Blaze [i.e., Hellfire].
- 11) Allah instructs you concerning your children [i.e., their portions of inheritance]: for the male, what is equal to the share of the two females . But if there are [only] daughters, two or more, for them is two thirds of one's estate.¹⁴¹ And if there is only one, for her is half. And for one's parents, to each one of them is a sixth of his estate if he left children. But if he had no children and the

¹⁴¹ Literally, "that which he left".

parents [alone] inherit from him, then for his mother is one third. And if he had brothers [and/or sisters], for his mother is a sixth,¹⁴² after any bequest he [may have] made or debt.¹⁴³ Your parents or your children – you know not which of them are nearest to you in benefit. [These shares are] an obligation [imposed] by Allah. Indeed Allah is ever Knowing and Wise.

- 12) And for you is half of what your wives leave if they have no child. But if they have a child, for you is one fourth of what they leave, after any bequest they [may have] made or debt. And for them [i.e., the wives] is one fourth if you leave no child. But if you leave a child, then for them is an eighth of what you leave, after any bequest you [may have] made or debt. And if a man or woman leaves neither ascendants nor descendants but has a brother or a sister, then for each one of them is a sixth. But if they are more than two, they share a third,¹⁴⁴ after any bequest which was made or debt, as long as there is no detriment [caused].¹⁴⁵ [This is] an ordinance from Allah, and Allah is Knowing and Forbearing.
- 13) These are the limits of Allah, and whoever obeys Allah and His Messenger will be admitted by Him to gardens [in Paradise] under which rivers flow, abiding eternally therein; and that is the great attainment.
- 14) And whoever disobeys Allah and His Messenger and transgresses His limits – He will put him into the Fire to abide eternally therein, and he will have a humiliating punishment.

¹⁴² Although the siblings themselves do not inherit in this case.

¹⁴³ Based upon prophetic *hadiths*, scholars have ruled that debt takes precedent over a bequest, that a bequest may not include any who inherit by law, and that the total bequest may not be more than one third of one's state. After the fulfillment of debts and bequests (if any), the remainder of the state is to be divided according to the ordinances in this *surah*.

¹⁴⁴ These shares are divided equally between males and females.

¹⁴⁵ This is a condition for any bequest. If it has been violated by the deceased, his bequest is not to be honored, or it may be adjusted by the executor. See 2:182.

- 15) Those who commit immorality [i.e., unlawful sexual intercourse] of your women – brings against them four witnesses from among you. And if they testify,¹⁴⁶ confine them [i.e., the guilty women] to houses until death takes them or Allah ordains for them [another] way.¹⁴⁷
- 16) And the two¹⁴⁸ who commit it [i.e., unlawful sexual intercourse] among you – punish [i.e., dishonor] them both. But if they repent and correct themselves, leave them alone. Indeed, Allah is ever Accepting of repentance and Merciful.
- 17) The repentance accepted by Allah is only for those who do wrong in ignorance [or carelessness] and then repent soon after. It is those to whom Allah will turn in forgiveness, and Allah is ever Knowing and Wise.
- 18) But repentance is not [accepted] of those who [continue to] do evil deeds up until, when death comes to one of them, he says, "Indeed, I have repented now," or of those who die while they are disbelievers. For them We have prepared a painful punishment.
- 19) O you who have believed, it is not lawful for you to inherit women by compulsion.¹⁴⁹ And do not make difficulties for them in order to take [back] part of what you gave them¹⁵⁰ unless they commit a clear immorality [i.e., adultery]. And live with them in kindness. For if you dislike them - perhaps you dislike a thing and Allah makes therein much good.
- 20) But if you want to replace one wife with another and you have given one of them a great amount [in gifts], do not take [back] from it anything. Would you take it in injustice and manifest sin?

¹⁴⁶ The witnesses must swear to actually having seen the act taking place.

¹⁴⁷ The "other way" (i.e., penalty) was later revealed in 24:2, canceling the ruling in this verse.

¹⁴⁸ Scholars differ over whether "the two" refers to two of the same sex (i.e., homosexuals) or those of opposite sexes. In either case, later rulings outlined in the *sunnah* have replaced this one.

¹⁴⁹ The deceased man's heirs have no rights of marriage or otherwise over his widow.

¹⁵⁰ At the time of marriage as *mahr*.

- 21) And how could you take it while you have gone in unto each other and they have taken from you a solemn covenant?
- 22) And do not marry those [women] whom your fathers married, except what has already occurred.¹⁵¹ Indeed, it was an immorality and hateful [to Allah] and was evil as a way.
- 23) Prohibited to you [for marriage] are your mothers, your daughters, your sisters, your father's sisters, your mother's sisters, your brother's daughters, your sister's daughters, your [milk] mothers who nursed you, your sisters through nursing, your wives' mothers, and your stepdaughters under your guardianship [born] of your wives unto whom you have gone in. But if you have not gone in unto them, there is no sin upon you. And [also prohibited are] the wives of your sons who are from your [own] loins, and that you take [in marriage] two sisters simultaneously, except for what has already occurred.¹⁵² Indeed, Allah is ever Forgiving and Merciful.
- 24) And [also prohibited to you are all] married women except those your right hands possess.¹⁵³ [This is] the decree of Allah upon you. And lawful to you are [all others] beyond these, [provided] that you seek them [in marriage] with [gifts from] your property, desiring chastity, not unlawful sexual intercourse. So for whatever you enjoy [of marriage] from them, give them their due compensation¹⁵⁴ as an obligation. And there is no blame upon you for what you mutually agree to beyond the obligation. Indeed, Allah is ever Knowing and Wise.
- 25) And whoever among you does not have the means to marry free, believing women, then [he may marry] from those whom your right hands possess of believing slave girls. And Allah is most

¹⁵¹ Before Islam. After the ruling was revealed by Allah, men were required to release those women unlawful to them (e.g., a stepmother, one of two sisters, or any wives over the limit of four). The same obligation applies to one once he has accepted Islam.

¹⁵² See previous footnote.

¹⁵³ i.e., slaves or war captives who had polytheist husbands.

¹⁵⁴ The *mahr*, a specified gift to the bride required of the man upon marriage.

knowing about your faith. You [believers] are of one another. So marry them with the permission of their people and give them their due compensation [i.e., mahr] according to what is reasonable. [They should be] chaste, neither [of] those who commit unlawful intercourse randomly nor those who take [secret] lovers. But once they are sheltered in marriage, if they should commit adultery, then for them is half the punishment for free [unmarried] women. This [allowance] is for him among you who fears affliction [i.e., sin] but to be patient is better for you. And Allah is Forgiving and Merciful.

- 26) Allah wants to make clear to you [the lawful from the unlawful] and guide you to the [good] practices of those before you and to accept your repentance. And Allah is Knowing and Wise.
- 27) Allah wants to accept your repentance, but those who follow their passions want you to digress [into] a great deviation.
- 28) And Allah wants to lighten for you [your difficulties]; and mankind was created weak.
- 29) O you who have believed, do not consume one another's wealth unjustly¹⁵⁵ but only [in lawful] business by mutual consent. And do not kill yourselves [or one another]. Indeed, Allah is to you ever Merciful.
- 30) And whoever does that in aggression and injustice – then We will drive him into a Fire. And that, for Allah, is always] easy.
- 31) If you avoid the major sins which you are forbidden, We will remove from you your lesser sins and admit you to a noble entrance [into Paradise]
- 32) And do not wish for that by which Allah has made some of you exceed others. For men is a share of¹⁵⁶ what they have earned, and for women is a share of¹⁵⁷ what they have earned. And ask

¹⁵⁵ i.e., unlawfully or under false pretense.

¹⁵⁶ Or "reward for."

¹⁵⁷ Or "reward for."

Allah of His bounty. Indeed Allah is ever, of all things, Knowing.

- 33) And for all, We have made heirs to what is left by parents and relatives. And to those whom your oaths have bound [to you] – give them their share.¹⁵⁸ Indeed Allah is ever, over all things, a Witness.
- 34) Men are in charge of women by [right of] what [qualities] Allah has given one over the other and what they spend [in support] from their wealth. So righteous women are devoutly obedient, guarding in [the husband's] absence what Allah would have them guard.¹⁵⁹ But those [women] from whom you fear defiance – [first] admonish them; [then if they persist], forsake them in bed; and [finally], strike them.¹⁶⁰ But if they obey you [once more], seek no means against them. Indeed, Allah is ever Exalted and Grand.
- 35) And if you fear dissension between the two, send an arbitrator from his people and an arbitrator from her people. If they both desire reconciliation, Allah will cause it between them. Indeed, Allah is ever Knowing and Acquainted [with all things].
- 36) Worship Allah and associate nothing with Him, and to parents do good, and to relatives, orphans, the needy, the near neighbor, the neighbor farther away, the companion at your side,¹⁶¹ the traveler, and those whom your right hands possess. Indeed, Allah does not like those who are self-deluding and boastful,
- 37) Who are stingy and enjoin upon [other] people stinginess and conceal what Allah has given them of His bounty – and We have prepared for the disbelievers a humiliating punishment –

¹⁵⁸ By bequest, as only those relatives mentioned in verses 11 to 12 inherit fixed shares.

¹⁵⁹ i.e., their husbands' property and their own chastity.

¹⁶⁰ As a last resort. It is unlawful to strike the face or to cause bodily injury.

¹⁶¹ i.e., those whose acquaintance you have made. Also interpreted as the wife

- 38) And [also] those who spend of their wealth to be seen by the people and believe not in Allah and the Last Day. And he to whom Satan is a companion – then evil is he as a companion.
- 39) And what [harm would come] upon them if they believed in Allah and the Last Day and spent out of what Allah provided for them? And Allah is ever, about them, Knowing.
- 40) Indeed, Allah does not do injustice, [even] as much as an atom's weight; while if there is a good deed, He multiplies it and gives from Himself a great reward.
- 41) So how [will it be] when We bring from every nation a witness and We bring you, [O Muhammad] against these people as a witness?
- 42) That Day, those who disbelieved and disobeyed the Messenger will wish they could be covered by the earth. And they will not conceal from Allah a [single] statement.
- 43) O you who have believed, do not approach prayer while you are intoxicated until you know what you are saying¹⁶² or in a state of janabah,¹⁶³ except those passing through [a place of prayer], until you have washed [your whole body]. And if you are ill or on a journey or one of you comes from the place of relieving himself or you have contacted women [i.e., had sexual intercourse] and find no water, then seek clean earth and wipe over your faces and your hands [with it]. Indeed, Allah is ever Pardoning and Forgiving.
- 44) Have you not seen those who were given a portion of the Scripture, purchasing error [in exchange for it] and wishing that you would lose the way?
- 45) And Allah is most knowing of your enemies; and sufficient is Allah as an ally, and sufficient is Allah as a helper.

¹⁶² The use of intoxicants was later prohibited completely. See 5:90-91.

¹⁶³ Literally, "distance." The state of one under obligation to perform *ghusl* (a complete bath) due to having had sexual intercourse or ejaculation.

- 46) Among the Jews are those who distort words from their [proper] places [i.e., usages] and say, "We hear and disobey" and "Hear but be not heard" and "Ra'ina,"¹⁶⁴ twisting their tongues and defaming the religion. And if they had said [instead], "We hear and obey" and "Wait for us [to understand]," it would have been better for them and more suitable. But Allah has cursed them for their disbelief, so they believe not, except for a few.¹⁶⁵
- 47) O you who were given the Scripture, believe in what We have sent down [to Muhammad (ﷺ)], confirming that which is with you, before We obliterate faces and turn them toward their backs or curse them as We cursed the sabbath-breakers.¹⁶⁶ And ever is the matter [i.e., decree] of Allah accomplished.
- 48) Indeed, Allah does not forgive association with Him, but He forgives what is less than that for whom He wills. And he who associates others with Allah has certainly fabricated a tremendous sin.
- 49) Have you not seen those who claim themselves to be pure? Rather, Allah purifies whom He wills, and injustice is not done to them, [even] as much as a thread [inside a date seed].
- 50) Look how they invent about Allah untruth, and sufficient is that as a manifest sin.
- 51) Have you not seen those who were given a portion of the Scripture, who believe in jibt [superstition] and taghut [false objects of worship] and say about the disbelievers, "These are better guided than the believers as to the way"?
- 52) Those are the ones whom Allah has cursed; and he whom Allah curses – never will you find for him a helper.
- 53) Or have they a share of dominion? Then [if that were so], they would not give the people [even as much as] the speck on a date seed.

¹⁶⁴ See footnote to 2:104.

¹⁶⁵ Or "except with little belief."

¹⁶⁶ See 7:163-166.

- 54) Or do they envy people for what Allah has given them of His bounty? But We had already given the family of Abraham the Scripture and wisdom¹⁶⁷ and conferred upon them a great kingdom.
- 55) And some among them believed in it,⁽¹⁶⁸⁾ and some among them were averse to it. And sufficient is Hell as a blaze.
- 56) Indeed, those who disbelieve in Our verses – We will drive them into a Fire. Every time their skins are roasted through We will replace them with other skins so they may taste the punishment. Indeed, Allah is ever Exalted in Might and Wise.
- 57) But those who believe and do righteous deeds – We will admit them to gardens beneath which rivers flow, wherein they abide forever. For them therein are purified spouses, and We will admit them to deepening shade.
- 58) Indeed, Allah commands you to render trusts to whom they are due and when you judge between people to judge with justice. Excellent is that which Allah instructs you. Indeed, Allah is ever Hearing and Seeing.
- 59) O you who have believed, obey Allah and obey the Messenger and those in authority among you. And if you disagree over anything, refer it to Allah and the Messenger, if you should believe in Allah and the Last Day. That is the best [way] and best in result.
- 60) Have you not seen those who claim to have believed in what was revealed to you, [O Muhammad], and what was revealed before you? They wish to refer legislation to taghut,¹⁶⁹ while they were commanded to reject it; and Satan wishes to lead them far astray.
- 61) And when it is said to them, "Come to what Allah has revealed and to the Messenger," you see the hypocrites turning away from you in aversion.

¹⁶⁷ Prophetic teachings.

(168) In what was given to them. Also interpreted as "in him," i.e., Muhammad (ﷺ).

¹⁶⁹ False objects of worship or those transgressors who usurp the divine right of government.

- 62) So how [will it be] when disaster strikes them because of what their hands have put forth and then they come to you swearing by Allah, "We intended nothing but good conduct and accommodation."
- 63) Those are the ones of whom Allah knows what is in their hearts, so turn away from them¹⁷⁰ but admonish them and speak to them a far-reaching [i.e., effective] word.
- 64) And We did not send any messenger except to be obeyed by permission of Allah. And if, when they wronged themselves, they had come to you, [O Muhammad], and asked forgiveness of Allah and the Messenger had asked forgiveness for them, they would have found Allah Accepting of repentance and Merciful.
- 65) But no, by your Lord, they will not [truly] believe until they make you, [O Muhammad], judge concerning that over which they dispute among themselves and then find within themselves no discomfort from what you have judged and submit in [full, willing] submission.
- 66) And if We had decreed upon them, "Kill yourselves" or "Leave you homes," they would not have done it, except for a few of them. But if they had done what they were instructed, it would have been better for them and a firmer position [for them in faith].
- 67) And then We would have given them from Us a great reward.
- 68) And We would have guided them to a straight path.
- 69) And whoever obeys Allah and the Messenger – those will be with the ones upon whom Allah has bestowed favor of the prophets, the steadfast affirmers of truth, the martyrs and the righteous. And excellent are those as companions.
- 70) That is the bounty from Allah, and sufficient is Allah as Knower.
- 71) O you who have believed, take your precaution and [either] go forth in companies or go forth all together.

¹⁷⁰ i.e., use not violence against them.

- 72) And indeed, there is among you he who lingers behind; and if disaster strikes you, he says, "Allah has favored me in that I was not present with them."
- 73) But if bounty comes to you from Allah, he will surely say, as if [i.e., showing that] there had never been between you and him any affection. "Oh, I wish I had been with them so I could have attained a great attainment."¹⁷¹
- 74) So let those fight in the cause of Allah who sell the life of this world for the Hereafter. And he who fights in the cause of Allah and is killed or achieves victory – We will bestow upon him a great reward.
- 75) And what is [the matter] with you that you fight not in the cause of Allah and [for] the oppressed among men, women, and children who say, "Our Lord, take us out of this city of oppressive people and appoint for us from Yourself a protector and appoint for us from Yourself a helper?"
- 76) Those who believe fight in the cause of Allah, and those who disbelieve fight in the cause of taghut.¹⁷² So fight against the allies of Satan. Indeed, the plot of Satan has ever been weak.
- 77) Have you not seen those who were told, "Restrain your hands [from fighting]¹⁷³ and establish prayer and give zakah?" But then when fighting was ordained for them, at once a party of them feared men as they fear Allah or with [even] greater fear. They said, "Our Lord, why have You decreed upon us fighting? If only You had postponed [it for] us for a short time." Say, "The enjoyment of this world is little, and the Hereafter is better for he who fears Allah. And injustice will not be done to you, [even] as much as a thread [inside a date seed]."

¹⁷¹ The spoils of war. Although having pretended to befriend the believers in support of Allah's religion, the hypocrite will not be willing to fight except for material gain.

¹⁷² See footnote to 4:60.

¹⁷³ Before permission was given by Allah.

- 78) Wherever you may be, death will overtake you, even if you should be within towers of lofty construction. But if good comes to them, they say, "This is from Allah"; and if evil befalls them, they say,¹⁷⁴ "This is from you." Say, "All [things] are from Allah." So what is [the matter] with those people that they can hardly understand any statement?
- 79) What comes to you of good is from Allah, but what comes to you of evil, [O man], is from yourself.¹⁷⁵ And We have sent you, [O Muhammad], to the people as a messenger, and sufficient is Allah as a Witness.
- 80) He who obeys the Messenger has obeyed Allah; but those who turn away – We have not sent you over them as a guardian.
- 81) And they say, "[We pledge] obedience." But when they leave you, a group of them spend the night determining to do other than what you say. But Allah records what they plan by night. So leave them alone and rely upon Allah. And sufficient is Allah as Disposer of affairs.
- 82) Then do they not reflect upon the Qu'ran?¹⁷⁶ If it had been from [any] other than Allah, they would have found within much contradiction.
- 83) And when there comes to them something [i.e., information] about [public] security or fear, they spread it around. But if they had referred it back to the Messenger or to those of authority among them, then the ones who [can] draw correct conclusions from it would have known about it. And if not for the favor of Allah upon you and His mercy, you would have followed Satan, except for a few.
- 84) So fight, [O Muhammad], in the cause of Allah; you are not held responsible except for yourself. And encourage the believers [to join you] that perhaps Allah will restrain the

¹⁷⁴ Addressing the Prophet (ﷺ).

¹⁷⁵ As a result of your mistakes or sins

¹⁷⁶ i.e., its meanings and its objective.

[military] might of those who disbelieve. And Allah is greater in might and stronger in [exemplary] punishment.¹⁷⁷

- 85) Whoever intercedes for a good cause will have a share [i.e., reward] therefrom; and whoever intercedes for an evil cause will have a portion [i.e., burden] therefrom. And ever is Allah, over all things, a Keeper.¹⁷⁸
- 86) And when you are greeted with a greeting, greet [in return] with one better than it or [at least] return it [in a like manner]. Indeed, Allah is ever, over all things, an Accountant.
- 87) Allah – there is no deity except Him. He will surely assemble you for [account on] the Day of Resurrection, about which there is no doubt. And who is more truthful than Allah in statement.
- 88) What is [the matter] with you [that you are] two groups concerning the hypocrites,¹⁷⁹ while Allah has made them fall back [into error and disbelief] for what they earned.¹⁸⁰ Do you wish to guide those whom Allah has sent astray? And he whom Allah sends astray – never will you find for him a way [of guidance].¹⁸¹
- 89) They wish you would disbelieve as they disbelieved so you would be alike. So do not take from among them allies until they emigrate for the cause of Allah. But if they turn away, [i.e., refuse], then seize them and kill them wherever you find them and take not from among them any ally or helper.
- 90) Except for those who take refuge with a people between yourselves and whom is a treaty or those who come to you, their hearts strained at [the prospect of] fighting you or fighting their own people. And if Allah had willed, He could have given them power over you, and they would have fought you. So if they remove themselves from you and do not fight you and offer you

¹⁷⁷ Allah is able to defeat them in such a way as to deter others from attempting anything similar.

¹⁷⁸ Providing, protecting, witnessing, keeping precise records and capable of recompense.

¹⁷⁹ i.e., divided between two viewpoints—whether or not they should be fought and killed.

¹⁸⁰ As the result of their disobedience and disloyalty.

¹⁸¹ Allah (*subhanahu wa ta'ala*) leaves or sends astray those who choose to reject His guidance.

peace, then Allah has not made for you a cause [for fighting] against them.

- 91) You will find others who wish to obtain security from you and [to] obtain security from their people. Every time they are returned to [the influence of] disbelief, they fall back into it. So if they do not withdraw from you or offer you peace or restrain their hands, then seize them and kill them wherever you overtake them. And those - We have made for you against them a clear authorization.
- 92) And never is it for a believer to kill a believer except by mistake. And whoever kills a believer by mistake – then the freeing of a believing slave and a compensation payment [diyah] presented to his [i.e., the deceased's] family [is required] unless they give [up their right as a] charity. But if he [i.e., the deceased] was from a people at war with you and he was a believer then [only] the freeing of a believing slave; and if he was from a people with whom you have treaty—then a compensation payment presented to his family and the freeing of a believing slave. And whoever does not find [one or cannot afford to buy one] – then [instead], a fast for two months consecutively,¹⁸² [seeking] acceptance of repentance from Allah.¹⁸³ And Allah is ever Knowing and Wise.
- 93) But whoever kills a believer intentionally – his recompense is Hell, wherein he will abide eternally, and Allah has become angry with him and has cursed him and has prepared for him a great punishment.
- 94) O you who have believed, when you go forth [to fight] in the cause of Allah, investigate; and do not say to one who gives you [a greeting of] peace "You are not a believer,"¹⁸⁴ aspiring for the goods of worldly life; for with Allah are many acquisitions. You

¹⁸² Uninterrupted except when there is an Islamically valid reason, as in Ramadhan.

¹⁸³ An accidental death usually results from some degree of negligence or error for which the believer feels the need to repent.

¹⁸⁴ Do not assume that he pretends Islam merely in order to save himself, for he may be sincere in faith.

[yourselves] were like that before; then Allah conferred His favor [i.e., guidance] upon you, so investigate. Indeed Allah is ever, with what you do, Acquainted.

- 95) Not equal are those believers remaining [at home] – other than the disabled – and the mujahideen, [who strive and fight] in the cause of Allah with their wealth and their lives. Allah has preferred the Mujahideen through their wealth and their lives over those who remain [behind], by degrees. And to all [i.e., both] Allah has promised the best [reward]. But Allah has preferred the mujahideen over those who remain [behind] with a great reward –
- 96) Degrees [of high position][from Him and forgiveness and mercy. And Allah is ever Forgiving and Merciful.
- 97) Indeed, those whom the angels take [in death] while wronging themselves¹⁸⁵ – [the angels] will say, "In what [condition] were you?" They will say, "We were oppressed in the land." They [the angels] will say, "Was not the earth of Allah spacious [enough] for you to emigrate therein?" For those, their refuge is Hell – and evil it is as a destination.
- 98) Except for the oppressed among men, women and children who cannot devise a plan nor are they directed to a way¹⁸⁶–
- 99) For those it is expected that Allah will pardon them, and Allah is ever Pardoning and Forgiving.
- 100) And whoever emigrates for the cause of Allah will find on the earth many [alternative] locations and abundance. And whoever leaves his home as an emigrant to Allah and His Messenger and then death overtakes him – his reward has already become incumbent upon Allah. And Allah is ever Forgiving and Merciful.

¹⁸⁵ By preferring to remain among the disbelievers, although they have the means to emigrate, in an environment where a Muslim is unable to practice his religion freely.

¹⁸⁶ They are prevented by circumstances beyond their control.

- 101) And when you travel throughout the land, there is no blame upon you for shortening the prayer¹⁸⁷, [especially] if you fear that those who disbelieve may disrupt [or attack] you.¹⁸⁸ Indeed, the disbelievers are ever to you a clear enemy.
- 102) And when you [i.e., the commander of an army] are among them and lead them in prayer,¹⁸⁹ let a group of them stand [in prayer] with you and let them carry their arms. And when they have prostrated, let them be [in position] behind you and have the other group come forward which has not [yet] prayed and let them pray with you, taking precaution and carrying their arms. Those who disbelieve wish that you would neglect your weapons and your baggage so they could come down upon you in one [single] attack. . But there is no blame upon you if you are troubled by rain or are ill, for putting down your arms, but take precaution. Indeed, Allah has prepared for the disbelievers a humiliating punishment.
- 103) And when you have completed the prayer, remember Allah standing, sitting, or [lying] on your sides. But when you become secure, re-establish [regular] prayer. Indeed, prayer has been decreed upon the believers a decree of specified times.
- 104) And do not weaken in pursuit of the enemy. If you should be suffering – so are they suffering as you are suffering, but you expect from Allah that which they expect not. And Allah is ever Knowing and Wise.
- 105) Indeed, We have revealed to you, [O Muhammad], the Book in truth so you may judge between the people by that which Allah has shown you. And do not be for the deceitful an advocate.
- 106) And seek forgiveness of Allah. Indeed, Allah is ever Forgiving and Merciful.

¹⁸⁷ The four *rak'ah* prayers are shortened to two *rak'ahs*.

¹⁸⁸ The example of the Prophet (ﷺ) and his companions illustrates that fear is not a condition for this allowance, merely travel.

¹⁸⁹ At times of fear on the battleground.

- 107) And do not argue on behalf of those who deceive themselves. Indeed, Allah loves not one who is a habitually sinful deceiver.
- 108) They conceal [their evil intentions and deeds] from the people, but they cannot conceal [them] from Allah, and He is with them [in His knowledge] when they spend the night in such as He does not accept of speech. And ever is Allah, if what they do, encompassing.
- 109) Here you are – those who argue on their behalf in [this] worldly life – but who will argue with Allah for them on the Day of Resurrection, or who will [then] be their representative?
- 110) And whoever does a wrong or wrongs himself but then seeks forgiveness of Allah will find Allah Forgiving and Merciful.
- 111) And whoever earns [i.e., commits] a sin only earns it against himself. And Allah is ever Knowing and Wise.
- 112) But whoever earns an offense or a sin and then blames it on an innocent [person] has taken upon himself a slander and manifest sin.
- 113) And if it was not for the favor of Allah upon you, [O Muhammad], and His mercy, a group of them would have determined to mislead you. But they do not mislead except themselves, and they will not harm you at all. And Allah has revealed to you the Book and wisdom and has taught you that which you did not know. And ever has the favor of Allah upon you been great.
- 114) No good is there in much of their private conversation, except for those who enjoin charity or that which is right or conciliation between people. And whoever does that seeking means to the approval of Allah – then We are going to give him a great reward.
- 115) And whoever opposes the Messenger after guidance has become clear to him and follows other than the way of the

believers – We will give him what he has taken¹⁹⁰ and drive him into Hell, and evil it is as a destination.

- 116) Indeed, Allah does not forgive association with Him, but He forgives what is less than that for whom He wills. And he who associates others with Allah has certainly gone far astray.
- 117) They call upon instead of Him none but female [deities], and they [actually] call upon none but rebellious Satan.
- 118) Whom Allah has cursed. For he had said, "I will surely take from among Your servants a specific portion.
- 119) And I will mislead them, and I will arouse in them [sinful] desires, and I will command them so they will slit the ears of cattle, and I will command them so they will change the creation of Allah." And whoever takes Satan as an ally instead of Allah has certainly sustained a clear loss.
- 120) He [i.e., Satan] promises them and arouses desire in them. But Satan does not promise them except delusion.
- 121) The refuge of those will be Hell, and they will not find from it an escape.
- 122) But the ones who believe and do righteous deeds – We will admit them to gardens beneath which rivers flow ,wherein they will abide forever. [It is] the promise of Allah, [which is] truth, and who is more truthful than Allah in statement.
- 123) It [i.e., Paradise] is not [obtained] by your wishful thinking nor by that of the People of the Scripture. Whoever does a wrong will be recompensed for it, and he will not find besides Allah a protector or a helper.
- 124) And whoever does righteous deeds, whether male or female, while being a believer – those will enter Paradise and will not be wronged, [even as much as] the speck on a date seed.
- 125) And who is better in religion than one who submits himself to Allah while being a doer of good and follows the religion of

¹⁹⁰ i.e., make him responsible for his choice.

Abraham, inclining toward truth? And Allah took Abraham as an intimate friend.

- 126) And to Allah belongs whatever is in the heavens and whatever is on the earth. And ever is Allah, of all things, encompassing.
- 127) And they request from you, [O Muhammad], a [legal] ruling concerning women. Say, "Allah gives you a ruling about them and [about] what has been recited to you in the Book concerning the orphan girls to whom you do not give what is decreed for them¹⁹¹ – and [yet] you desire to marry them--and concerning the oppressed among children and that you maintain for orphans [their rights] in justice." And whatever you do of good – indeed, Allah is ever Knowing of it.
- 128) And if a woman fears from her husband contempt or evasion, there is no sin upon them if they make terms of settlement between them – and settlement is best. And present in [human] souls is stinginess.¹⁹² But if you do good and fear Allah – then indeed Allah is ever, with what you do, Acquainted.
- 129) And you will never be able to be equal [in feeling] between wives, even if you should strive [to do so]. So do not incline completely [toward one] and leave another hanging.¹⁹³ And if you amend [your affairs] and fear Allah – then indeed, Allah is ever Forgiving and Merciful.
- 130) But if they separate [by divorce] Allah will enrich each [of them] from His abundance. And ever is Allah Encompassing and Wise.
- 131) And to Allah belongs whatever is in the heavens and whatever is on the earth. And We have instructed those who were given the Scripture before you and yourselves to fear Allah. But if you disbelieve – then to Allah belongs whatever is in the heavens

¹⁹¹ i.e., their rights, in general, and their *mahr*, specifically.

¹⁹² i.e., holding on to self-interests.

¹⁹³ Neither divorced nor enjoying the rights of marriage.

and whatever is on the earth. And ever is Allah Free of need and Praiseworthy.

- 132) And to Allah belongs whatever is in the heavens and whatever is on the earth. And sufficient is Allah as Disposer of affairs.
- 133) If He wills, He can do away with you, O people, and bring others [in your place]. And ever is Allah competent to do that.
- 134) Whoever desires the reward of this world – then with Allah is the reward of this world and the Hereafter. And ever is Allah Hearing and Seeing.
- 135) O you who have believed, be persistently standing firm in justice, witnesses for Allah, even if it be against yourselves or parents and relatives. Whether one is rich or poor, Allah is more worthy of both.¹⁹⁴ So follow not [personal] inclination, lest you not be just. And if you distort [your testimony] or refuse [to give it], then indeed Allah is ever, with what you do, Acquainted.
- 136) O you who have believed, believe¹⁹⁵ in Allah and His Messenger and the Book that He sent down upon His Messenger and the Scripture which He sent down before. And whoever disbelieves in Allah, His angels, His books, His messengers, and the Last Day has certainly gone far astray.
- 137) Indeed, those who have believed then disbelieved, then believed, then disbelieved, and then increased in disbelief – never will Allah forgive them, nor will He guide them to a way.
- 138) Give tidings to the hypocrites that there is for them a painful punishment –
- 139) Those who take disbelievers as allies instead of the believers. Do they seek with them honor [through power?] But indeed, honor belongs to Allah entirely.¹⁹⁶

¹⁹⁴ i.e., more knowledgeable of their best interests. Therefore, adhere to what He has enjoined upon you and testify honestly.

¹⁹⁵ i.e., renew, confirm and adhere to your belief.

¹⁹⁶ Being the source of all power and honor, Allah grants them to whom He wills.

- 140) And it has already come down to you in the Book [i.e., the Qu'ran] that when you hear the verses of Allah [recited], they are denied [by them] and ridiculed; so do not sit with them until they enter into another conversation. Indeed, you would then be like them.¹⁹⁷ Indeed Allah will gather the hypocrites and disbelievers in Hell all together –
- 141) Those who wait [and watch] you. Then if you gain a victory from Allah, they say, "Were we not with you?" But if the disbelievers have a success, they say [to them], "Did we not gain the advantage over you, but we protected you from the believers?" Allah will judge between [all of] you on the Day of Resurrection, and never will Allah give the disbelievers over the believers a way [to overcome them].¹⁹⁸
- 142) Indeed, the hypocrites [think to] deceive Allah, but He is deceiving them. And when they stand for prayer, they stand lazily, showing [themselves to] the people and not remembering Allah except a little.
- 143) Wavering between them, [belonging] neither to these [i.e., the believers] nor to those [i.e., the disbelievers]. And whoever Allah leaves astray – never will you find for him a way.
- 144) O you who have believed, do not take the disbelievers as allies instead of the believers. Do you wish to give Allah against yourselves a clear case?
- 145) Indeed, the hypocrites will be in the lowest depths of the Fire – and never will you find for them a helper –
- 146) Except for those who repent, correct themselves, hold fast to Allah, and are sincere in their religion for Allah, for those will be with the believers. And Allah is going to give the believers a great reward.

¹⁹⁷ In this world, by participation in their blasphemy, and in the next, where you will share their punishment.

¹⁹⁸ In the Hereafter, but possibly in this world as well.

- 147) What would Allah do with [i.e., gain from] your punishment if you are grateful and believe? And ever is Allah Appreciative and Knowing.
- 148) Allah does not like the public mention of evil except by one who has been wronged. And ever is Allah Hearing and Knowing.
- 149) If [instead] you show [some] good or conceal it or pardon an offense – indeed, Allah is ever Pardoning and Competent.¹⁹⁹
- 150) Indeed, those who disbelieve in Allah and His messengers and wish to discriminate between Allah and His messengers and say, "We believe in some and disbelieve in others," and wish to adopt a way in between –
- 151) Those are the disbelievers, truly. And We have prepared for the disbelievers a humiliating punishment.
- 152) But they who believe in Allah and His messengers and do not discriminate between any of them – to those He is going to give their rewards. And ever is Allah Forgiving and Merciful.
- 153) The People of the Scripture ask you to bring down to them a book from the heaven. But they had asked of Moses [even] greater than that and said, "Show us Allah outright," so the thunderbolt struck them for their wrongdoing. Then they took the calf a [for worship] after clear evidences had come to them, and We pardoned that. And We gave Moses a clear authority.
- 154) And We raised over them the mount for [refusal of] their covenant; and We said to them, "Enter the gate bowing humbly", and We said to them, "Do not transgress on the sabbath", and We took from them a solemn covenant.
- 155) And [We cursed them]²⁰⁰ for their breaking of the covenant and their disbelief in the signs of Allah and their killing of the prophets without right and their saying, "Our hearts are

¹⁹⁹ Allah is always able to exact retribution, although He pardons out of His grace.

²⁰⁰ Another interpretation is "And [We made certain good foods unlawful to them]," based upon verse 160.

wrapped" [i.e., sealed against reception]. Rather, Allah has sealed them because of their disbelief, so they believe not, except for a few.²⁰¹

156) And [We cursed them] for their disbelief and their saying against Mary a great slander,²⁰²

157) And [for] their saying, "Indeed, we have killed the Messiah, Jesus, the son of Mary, the messenger of Allah." And they did not kill him, nor did they crucify him; but [another] was made to resemble him to them. And indeed, those who differ over it are in doubt about it. They have no knowledge of it except the following of assumption. And they did not kill him, for certain.²⁰³

158) Rather, Allah raised him to Himself. And ever is Allah Exalted in Might and Wise.

159) And there is none from the People of the Scripture but that he will surely believe in him [i.e., Jesus] before his death.²⁰⁴ And on the Day of Resurrection he will be against them a witness.

160) For wrongdoing on the part of the Jews, We made unlawful for them [certain] good foods which had been lawful to them, and for their averting from the way of Allah many [people],

161) And [for] their taking of usury while they had been forbidden from it, and their consuming of the people's wealth unjustly. And We have prepared for the disbelievers among them a painful punishment.

162) But those firm in knowledge among them and the believers believe in what has been revealed to you, [O Muhammad], and what was revealed before you. And the establishers of [prayer

²⁰¹ Or "except with little belief."

²⁰² When they accused her of fornication.

²⁰³ Another meaning is "And they did not kill him, being certain [of his identity]," i.e., they killed another assuming it was Jesus (upon whom be peace).

²⁰⁴ One interpretation is that "his death" refers to that of Jesus after his return to earth. Or it can mean "the death of every individual from among the People of the Scripture."

[especially] and the givers of zakah and the believers in Allah and the Last Day – those We will give a great reward.

- 163) Indeed, We have revealed to you, [O Muhammad], as We revealed to Noah and the prophets after him. And We revealed to Abraham, Ishmael, Isaac, Jacob, the Descendants,²⁰⁵ Jesus, Job, Jonah, Aaron, and Solomon, and to David We gave the book [of Psalms].
- 164) And [We sent] messengers about whom We have related [their stories] to you before and messengers about whom We have not related to you. And Allah spoke to Moses with [direct] speech.
- 165) [We sent] messengers as bringers of good tidings and warners so that mankind will have no argument against Allah after the messengers. And ever is Allah Exalted in Might and wise.
- 166) But Allah bears witness to that which He has revealed to you. He has sent it down with His knowledge, and the angels bear witness [as well]. And sufficient is Allah as Witness.
- 167) Indeed, those who disbelieve and avert [people] from the way of Allah have certainly gone far astray.
- 168) 168.Indeed, those who disbelieve and commit wrong [or injustice] – never will Allah forgive them, nor will He guide them to a path.
- 169) Except the path of Hell; they will abide therein forever. And that, for Allah, is [always] easy.
- 170) O Mankind, the Messenger has come to you with the truth from your Lord, so believe; it is better for you. But if you disbelieve – then indeed, to Allah belongs whatever is in the heavens and earth. And ever is Allah Knowing and Wise.
- 171) O People of the Scripture, do not commit excess in your religion²⁰⁶ or say about Allah except the truth. The Messiah, Jesus, the son of Mary, was but a Messenger of Allah and His word which He directed to Mary and a soul [created at a

²⁰⁵ *Al-Asbat*. See footnote to 2:136.

²⁰⁶ Such as attributing divine qualities to certain creations of Allah or revering them excessively.

command] from Him. So believe in Allah and His messengers. And do not say, "Three"; desist—it is better for you. Indeed, Allah is but one God. Exalted is He above having a son. To Him belongs whatever is in the heavens and whatever is on the earth. And sufficient is Allah as Disposer of affairs.

- 172) Never would the Messiah disdain to be a servant of Allah, nor would the angels near [to Him]. And whoever disdains His worship and is arrogant – He will gather them to Himself all together.
- 173) And as for those who believed and did righteous deeds, He will give them in full their rewards and grant them extra from His bounty. But as for those who disdained and were arrogant, He will punish them with a painful punishment, and they will not find for themselves besides Allah any protector or helper.
- 174) O mankind, there has come to you a conclusive proof from your Lord, and We have sent down to you a clear light.²⁰⁷
- 175) So those who believe in Allah and hold fast to Him- He will admit them to mercy from Himself and bounty and guide them to Himself on a straight path.
- 176) They request from you a [legal]] ruling. Say, "Allah gives you a ruling concerning one having neither descendants nor ascendants [as heirs]." If a man dies, leaving no child but [only] a sister, she will have half of what he left. And he inherits from her if she [dies and] has no child. But if there are two sisters, they will have two-thirds of what he left. If there are both brothers and sisters, the male will have the share of the two females. Allah makes clear to you [His law], lest you go astray. And Allah is Knowing of all things.

²⁰⁷ Showing the truth (i.e., the Qur'an).

Ma'idah-5²⁰⁸

In the name of Allah, the Entirely Merciful, the Especially Merciful

- 1) O you who have believed, fulfill [all] contracts.²⁰⁹ Lawful for you are the animals of grazing livestock except for that which is recited to you [in this Qur'an] – hunting not being permitted while you are in the state of ihram.²¹⁰ Indeed, Allah ordains what He intends.
- 2) O you who have believed, do not violate the rites of Allah or [the sanctity of] the sacred month or [neglect the marking of] the sacrificial animals and garlanding [them] or [violate the safety of] those coming to the Sacred House seeking bounty from their Lord and [His] approval. But when you come out of ihram, then [you may] hunt. And do not let the hatred of a people for having obstructed you from al-Masjid al-Haram lead you to commit aggression. And cooperate in righteousness and piety, but do not cooperate in sin and aggression. And fear Allah; indeed, Allah is severe in penalty.
- 3) Prohibited to you are dead animals,²¹¹ blood, the flesh of swine, and that which has been dedicated to other than Allah, and [those animals] killed by strangling or by a violent blow or by a headlong fall or by the goring of horns, and those from which a wild animal has eaten, except what you [are able to] slaughter [before its death], and those which are sacrificed on stone altars,²¹² and [prohibited is] that you seek decision through divining arrows. That is grave disobedience. This day those who disbelieve have despaired of [defeating] your religion; so

²⁰⁸ *Al-Maidah*: The Table, referring to the table spread with food requested by the disciples of Jesus (upon whom be peace) in verse 112.

²⁰⁹ Which includes promises, covenants, oaths, etc.

²¹⁰ The state of ritual consecration for *hajj* or '*umrah*.

²¹¹ See footnote to 2:173.

²¹² In the name of anything other than Allah.

fear them not, but fear Me. This day I have perfected for you your religion and completed My favor upon you and have approved for you Islam as religion. But whoever is forced by severe hunger with no inclination to sin-then indeed, Allah is Forgiving and Merciful.

- 4) They ask you, [O Muhammad], what has been made lawful for them. Say, "Lawful for you are [all] good foods and [game caught by] what you have trained of hunting animals²¹³ which you train as Allah has taught you. So eat of what they catch for you, and mention the name of Allah upon it, and fear Allah." Indeed, Allah is swift in account.
- 5) This day [all] good foods have been made lawful, and the food of those who were given the Scripture is lawful for you and your food is lawful for them. And [lawful in marriage are] chaste women from among the believers and chaste women from among those who were given the Scripture before you, when you have given them their due compensation,²¹⁴ desiring chastity, not unlawful sexual intercourse or taking [secret] lovers. And whoever denies the faith – his work has become worthless, and he, in the Hereafter, will be among the losers.
- 6) O you who have believed, when you rise to [perform] prayer, wash your faces and your forearms to the elbows and wipe over your heads and wash your feet to the ankles. And if you are in a state of janabah,²¹⁵ then purify yourselves. But if you are ill or on a journey or one of you comes from the place of relieving himself or you have contacted women²¹⁶ and do not find water, then seek clean earth and wipe over your faces and hands with it. Allah does not intend to make difficulty for you, but He intends

²¹³ Such as dogs, falcons, etc.

²¹⁴ The specified bridal gift (*mahr*).

²¹⁵ See footnote to 4:43.

²¹⁶ i.e., had sexual intercourse.

to purify you and complete His favor upon you that you may be grateful.

- 7) And remember the favor of Allah upon you and His covenant with which He bound you when you said, "We hear and we obey;" and fear Allah. Indeed, Allah is Knowing of that within the breasts.
- 8) O you who have believed, be persistently standing firm for Allah, witnesses in justice, and do not let the hatred of a people prevent you from being just. Be just; that is nearer to righteousness. And fear Allah; indeed, Allah is Acquainted with what you do.
- 9) Allah has promised those who believe and do righteous deeds [that] for them there is forgiveness and great reward.
- 10) But those who disbelieve and deny Our signs – those are the companions of Hellfire.
- 11) O you who have believed, remember the favor of Allah upon you when a people determined to extend their hands [in aggression] against you, but He withheld their hands from you; and fear Allah. And upon Allah let the believers rely.
- 12) And Allah had already taken a covenant from the Children of Israel, and We delegated from among them twelve leaders. And Allah said, "I am with you. If you establish prayer and give zakah and believe in My messengers and support them and loan Allah a goodly loan,²¹⁷ I will surely remove from you your misdeeds and admit you to gardens beneath which rivers flow. But whoever of you disbelieves after that has certainly strayed from the soundness of the way."
- 13) So for their breaking of the covenant We cursed them and made their hearts hard. They distort words from their [proper] places [i.e., usages] and have forgotten a portion of that of which they were reminded.²¹⁸ And you will still observe deceit among them,

²¹⁷ By spending in the cause of Allah, seeking His reward.

²¹⁸ In the Torah concerning the coming of Prophet Muhammad (ﷺ).

except a few of them. But pardon them and overlook [their misdeeds]. Indeed, Allah loves the doers of good.

- 14) And from those who say, "We are Christians" We took their covenant; both they forgot a portion of that of which they were reminded.²¹⁹ So We caused among them²²⁰ animosity and hatred until the Day of Resurrection. And Allah is going to inform them about what they used to do.
- 15) O People of the Scripture, there has come to you Our Messenger making clear to you much of what you used to conceal of the Scripture and overlooking much.²²¹ There has come to you from Allah a light and a clear Book [i.e., the Qur'an].
- 16) By which Allah guides those who pursue His pleasure to the ways of peace²²² and brings them out from darknesses into the light, by His permission, and guides them to a straight path.
- 17) They have certainly disbelieved who say that Allah is Christ, the son of Mary. Say, "Then who could prevent Allah at all if He intended to destroy Christ, the son of Mary, or his mother or everyone on the earth?" And to Allah belongs the dominion of the heavens and the earth and whatever is between them. He creates what He wills, and Allah is over all things competent.
- 18) But the Jews and the Christians say, "We are the children of Allah and His beloved." Say, "Then why does He punish you for your sins?" Rather, you are human beings from among those He has created. He forgives whom He wills, and He punishes whom He wills. And to Allah belongs the dominion of the heavens and the earth and whatever is between them, and to Him is the [final] destination.
- 19) O People of the Scripture, there has come to you Our Messenger to make clear to you [the religion] after a period of [suspension

²¹⁹ In the Gospel concerning the coming of Prophet Muhammad (ﷺ).

²²⁰ i.e., among their various denominations or sects.

²²¹ Of your sin in that regard.

²²² i.e., security, well-being, integrity and escape from Hellfire. Literally, "freedom from all evil."

of] messengers, lest you say, "There came not to us any bringer of good tidings or a warner." But there has come to you a bringer of good tidings and a warner. And Allah is over all things competent.

- 20) And [mention, O Muhammad], when Moses said to his people, "O my people, remember the favor of Allah upon you when He appointed among you prophets and made you possessors²²³ and gave you that which He had not given anyone among the worlds.
- 21) O my people, enter the Holy Land [i.e., Palestine] which Allah has assigned to you and do not turn back [from fighting in Allah's cause] and [thus] become losers."
- 22) They said, "O Moses, indeed within it is a people of tyrannical strength, and indeed, we will never enter it until they leave it; but if they leave it, then we will enter."
- 23) Said two men from those who feared [to disobey] upon whom Allah had bestowed favor, "Enter upon them through the gate, for when you have entered it, you will be predominant."²²⁴ And upon Allah rely, if you should be believers."
- 24) They said, "O Moses, indeed we will not enter it, ever, as long as they are within it; so go, you and your Lord, and fight. Indeed, we are remaining right here."
- 25) [Moses] said, "My Lord, indeed I do not possess [i.e., control] except myself and my brother, so part us"²²⁵ from the defiantly disobedient people."
- 26) [Allah] said, "Then indeed, it is forbidden to them for forty years [in which] they will wander throughout the land. So do not grieve over the defiantly disobedient people."
- 27) And recite to them the story of Adam's two sons, in truth, when they both offered a sacrifice [to Allah], and it was accepted from

²²³ Of all that you need—specifically, homes, wives and servants. Or "sovereigns," i.e., those of independent authority.

²²⁴ i.e., if you obey the command of Allah trusting in Him, He will fulfill His promise to you.

²²⁵ Or "distinguish us" or "judge between us."

one of them but was not accepted from the other. Said [the latter], "I will surely kill you." Said [the former], "Indeed, Allah only accepts from the righteous [who fear Him]."

- 28) If you should raise your hand against me to kill me – I shall not raise my hand against you to kill you. Indeed, I fear Allah, Lord of the worlds.
- 29) Indeed I want you to obtain [thereby] my sin and your sin so you will be among the companions of the Fire. And that is the recompense of wrongdoers."
- 30) And his soul permitted to him²²⁶ the murder of his brother, so he killed him and became among the losers.
- 31) Then Allah sent a crow searching [i.e., scratching] in the ground to show him how to hide the disgrace⁽²²⁷⁾ of his brother. He said, "O woe to me! Have I failed to be like this crow and hide the disgrace [i.e., body] of my brother?" And he became of the regretful.
- 32) Because of that, We decreed upon the Children of Israel that whoever kills a soul unless for a soul²²⁸ or for corruption [done] in the land²²⁹ – it is as if he had slain mankind entirely. And whoever saves one²³⁰ – it is as if he had saved mankind entirely. And Our messengers had certainly come to them with clear proofs. Them indeed many of them, [even] after that, throughout the land, were transgressors.²³¹
- 33) Indeed, the penalty²³² for those who wage war²³³ against Allah and His Messenger and strive upon earth [to cause] corruption is none but that they be killed or crucified or that their hands and

²²⁶ i.e., the killer allowed himself.

(227)Referring to the dead body , evidence of his shameful deed.

²²⁸ i.e., in legal retribution for murder.

²²⁹ i.e., that requiring the death penalty.

²³⁰ Or refrains from killing.

²³¹ Heedless of Allah's limits, negligent of their responsibilities.

²³² Legal retribution.

²³³ i.e., commit acts of violence and terrorism against individuals or treason and aggression against the Islamic state.

feet be cut off from opposite sides or that they be exiled from the land. That is for them a disgrace in this world; and for them in the Hereafter is a great punishment,

- 34) Except for those who return [repenting] before you overcome [i.e., apprehend] them. And know that Allah is Forgiving and Merciful.
- 35) O you who have believed, fear Allah and seek the means [of nearness] to Him and strive in His cause that you may succeed.
- 36) Indeed, those who disbelieve – if they should have all that is in the earth and the like of it with it by which to ransom themselves from the punishment of the Day of Resurrection, it will not be accepted from them, and for them is a painful punishment
- 37) They will wish to get out of the Fire, but never are they to emerge therefrom, and for them is an enduring punishment.
- 38) [As for] the thief, the male and the female, amputate their hands in recompense for what they earned [i.e., committed] as a deterrent [punishment] from Allah. And Allah is Exalted in Might and Wise.
- 39) But whoever repents after his wrongdoing and reforms, indeed, Allah will turn to him in forgiveness. Indeed, Allah is Forgiving and Merciful.
- 40) Do you not know that to Allah belongs the dominion of the heavens and the earth? He punishes whom He wills and forgives whom He wills, and Allah is over all things competent.
- 41) O Messenger, let them not grieve you who hasten into disbelief of those who say, "We believe" with their mouths, but their hearts believe not, and from among the Jews. [They are] avid listeners to falsehood, listening to another people who have not come to you.²³⁴ They distort words beyond their [proper] places [i.e., usages], saying "If you are given this,"²³⁵ take it; but if you are not given it, then beware." But he for whom Allah intends

²³⁴ They had not attended the Prophet's gatherings or heard his words.

²³⁵ The legal ruling desired by them.

fitnah²³⁶ – never will you possess [power to do] for him a thing against Allah. Those are the ones for whom Allah does not intend to purify their hearts. For them in this world is disgrace, and for them in the Hereafter is a great punishment.

- 42) [They are] avid listeners to falsehood, devourers of [what is] unlawful!. So if they come to you, [O Muhammad], judge between them or turn away from them. And if you turn away from them – never will they harm you at all. And if you judge, judge between them with justice. Indeed, Allah loves those who act justly.
- 43) But how is it that they come to you for judgment while they have the Torah, in which is the judgment of Allah. Then they turn away, [even] after that; but those are not [in fact] believers.
- 44) Indeed, We sent down the Torah, in which was guidance and light. The prophets who we submitted [to Allah] judged by it for the Jews, as did the rabbis and scholars by that with which they were entrusted of the Scripture of Allah, and they were witnesses thereto. So do not fear the people but fear Me, and do not exchange My verses for a small price [i.e., worldly gain]. And whoever does not judge by what Allah has revealed – then it is those who are the disbelievers.
- 45) And We ordained for them therein a life for a life, an eye for an eye, a nose for a nose, an ear for an ear, a tooth for a tooth, and for wounds is legal retribution. But whoever gives [up his right as] charity, it is an expiation for him. And whoever does not judge by what Allah has revealed – then it is those who are the wrongdoers [i.e., the unjust].
- 46) And We sent, following in their footsteps²³⁷ Jesus, the son of Mary, confirming that which came before him in the Torah; and We gave him the Gospel, in which was guidance and light and

²³⁶ The meaning here is misbelief, misconception, or self-delusion as a result of his own refusal of truth.

²³⁷ i.e., following the tradition of the prophets of the Children of Israel.

confirming that which preceded it of the Torah as guidance and instruction for the righteous.

- 47) And let the People of the Gospel judge by what Allah has revealed therein. And whoever does not judge by what Allah has revealed— then it is those who are the defiantly disobedient.
- 48) And We have revealed to you, [O Muhammad,] the Book [i.e., the Qur'an] in truth, confirming that which preceded it of the Scripture and as a criterion over it. So judge between them by what Allah has revealed and do not follow their inclinations away from what has come to you of the truth. To each of you We prescribed a law and a method.²³⁸ Had Allah willed, He would have made you one nation [united in religion], but [He intended] to test you in what He has given you; so race to [all that is] good.²³⁹ To Allah is your return all together, and He will [then] inform you concerning that over which you used to differ.
- 49) And judge, [O Muhammad], between them by what Allah has revealed and do not follow their inclinations and beware of them, lest they tempt you away from some of what Allah has revealed to you. And if they turn away – then know that Allah only intends to afflict them with some of their [own] sins. And indeed, many among the people are defiantly disobedient.
- 50) Then is it the judgment of [the time of] ignorance the desire? But who is better than Allah in judgment for a people who are certain [in faith].
- 51) O you who have believed, do not take the Jews and the Christians as allies. They are [in fact] allies of one another. And whoever is an ally to them among you – then indeed, he is [one] of them. Indeed, Allah guides not the wrongdoing people.
- 52) So you see those in whose hearts is disease [i.e., hypocrisy] hastening into [association with] them, saying, "We are afraid a

²³⁸ Prior to this revelation, which supersedes all previous scriptures.

²³⁹ i.e., obedience to Allah according to what He enjoined in the Qur'an and through the *sunnah* of His Prophet (ﷺ)

misfortune may strike us." But perhaps Allah will bring conquest or a decision from Him, and they will become, over what they have been concealing within themselves, regretful.

- 53) And those who believe will say,²⁴⁰ "Are these the ones who swore by Allah their strongest oaths that indeed they were with you?" Their deeds have become worthless, and they have become losers.
- 54) O you who have believed, whoever of you should revert from his religion – Allah will bring forth [in place of them] a people He will love and who will love Him [who are] humble toward the believers, powerful against the disbelievers; they strive in the cause of Allah and do not fear the blame of a critic. That is the favor of Allah; He bestows it upon whom He wills. And Allah is all-Encompassing and Knowing.
- 55) Your ally is none but Allah and [therefore] His Messenger and those who have believed – those who establish prayer and give zakah, and they bow [in worship].
- 56) And whoever is an ally of Allah and His Messenger and those who have believed – indeed, the party of Allah – they will be the predominant.
- 57) O you who have believed, take not those who have taken your religion in ridicule and amusement among the ones who were given the Scripture before you nor the disbelievers as allies. And fear Allah, if you should [truly] be believers.
- 58) And when you call to prayer, they take it in ridicule and amusement. That is because they are a people who do not use reason.
- 59) Say, "O People of the Scripture, do you resent us except [for the fact] that we have believed in Allah and what was revealed to us and what was revealed before and because most of you are defiantly disobedient?"

²⁴⁰ About the hypocrites after their exposure.

- 60) Say, "Shall I inform you of [what is] worse than that²⁴¹ as penalty from Allah? [It is that of] those whom Allah has cursed and with whom He became angry and made of them apes and pigs and slaves of taghut.²⁴² Those are worse in position and further astray from the sound way."
- 61) And when they come to you, they say, "We believe." But they have entered with disbelief [in their hearts], and they have certainly left with it. And Allah is most knowing of what they were concealing.
- 62) And you see many of them hastening into sin and aggression and the devouring of [what is] unlawful. How wretched is what they have been doing.
- 63) Why do the rabbis and religious scholars not forbid them from saying what is sinful and devouring what is unlawful? How wretched is what they have been practicing.
- 64) And the Jews say, "The hand of Allah is chained."²⁴³ Chained are their hands, and cursed are they for what they say. Rather, both His hands are extended; He spends however He wills. And that which has been revealed to you from your Lord will surely increase many of them in transgression and disbelief. And We have cast among them animosity and hatred until the Day of Resurrection. Every time they kindled the fire of war [against you], Allah extinguished it. And they strive throughout the land [causing] corruption, and Allah does not like corrupters.
- 65) And if only the People of the Scripture had believed and feared Allah, We would have removed from them their misdeeds and admitted them to Gardens of Pleasure.
- 66) And if only they upheld [the law of] the Torah, the Gospel, and what has been revealed to them from their Lord [i.e., the

²⁴¹ Referring to the punishment the People of the Scripture (in their censure of the Muslims) claimed was deserved by them.

²⁴² See footnote to 2:256.

²⁴³ Implying inability to give or stinginess.

Qur'an], they would have consumed [provision] from above them and from beneath their feet.²⁴⁴ Among them are a moderate [i.e., acceptable] community, but many of them – evil is that which they do.

- 67) O Messenger, announce that which has been revealed to you from your Lord, and if you do not, then you have not conveyed His message. And Allah will protect you from the people. Indeed, Allah does not guide the disbelieving people.
- 68) Say, "O People of the Scripture, you are [standing] on nothing until you uphold [the law of] the Torah, the Gospel, and what has been revealed to you from your Lord [i.e., the Qur'an]." And that which has been revealed to you from your Lord will surely increase many of them in transgression and disbelief. So do not grieve over the disbelieving people.
- 69) Indeed, those who have believed [in Prophet Muhammad (ﷺ)] and those [before him (ﷺ)] who were Jews or Sabeans or Christians – those [among them] who believed in Allah and the Last Day and did righteousness – no fear will there be concerning them, nor will they grieve.²⁴⁵
- 70) We had already taken the covenant of the Children of Israel and had sent to them messengers. Whenever there came to them a messenger with what their souls did not desire, a party [of messengers] they denied, and another party they killed.
- 71) And they thought there would be no [resulting] punishment, so they became blind and deaf. Then Allah turned to them in forgiveness; then [again] many of them became blind and deaf. And Allah is Seeing of what they do.
- 72) They have certainly disbelieved who say, "Allah is the Messiah, the son of Mary" while the Messiah has said, "O Children of Israel, worship Allah, my Lord and your Lord." Indeed, he who associates others with Allah – Allah has forbidden him Paradise,

²⁴⁴ i.e., in great abundance.

²⁴⁵ See footnote to 2:62

and his refuge is the Fire. And there are not for the wrongdoers any helpers.

- 73) They have certainly disbelieved who say, "Allah is the third of three."²⁴⁶ And there is no god except one God. And if they do not desist from what they are saying, there will surely afflict the disbelievers among them a painful punishment.
- 74) So will they not repent to Allah and seek His forgiveness? And Allah is Forgiving and Merciful.
- 75) The Messiah, son of Mary, was not but a messenger; [other] messengers have passed on before him. And his mother was a supporter of truth. They both used to eat food.²⁴⁷ Look how We make clear to them the signs; then look how they are deluded.
- 76) Say, "Do you worship besides Allah that which that which holds for you no [power of] harm or benefit while it is Allah who is the Hearing, the Knowing?"
- 77) Say, "O People of the Scripture, do not exceed limits in your religion beyond the truth and do not follow the inclinations of a people who had gone astray before and misled many and have strayed from the soundness of the way."
- 78) Cursed were those who disbelieved among the Children of Israel by the tongue of David and Jesus, the son of Mary. That was because they disobeyed and [habitually] transgressed.
- 79) They used not to prevent one another from wrongdoing that they did. How wretched was that which they were doing.
- 80) You see many of them becoming allies of those who disbelieved [i.e., the polytheists]. How wretched is that which they have put forth for themselves in that Allah has become angry with them, and in the punishment they will abide eternally.
- 81) And if they had believed in Allah and the Prophet and in what was revealed to him, they would not have taken them as allies; but many of them are defiantly disobedient.

²⁴⁶ i.e., one part of three, referring to the Christian concept of trinity.

²⁴⁷ They were in need of sustenance, proving that they were creations of Allah, not divine beings.

- 82) You will surely find the most intense of the people in animosity toward the believers [to be] the Jews and those associate others with Allah; and you will find the nearest of them in affection to the believers those who say, "We are Christians." That is because among them are priest and monks and because they are not arrogant.
- 83) And when they hear what has been revealed to the Messenger, you see their eyes overflowing with tears because of what they have recognized of the truth. They say, "Our Lord, we have believed, so register us among the witnesses.
- 84) And why should we not believe in Allah and what has come to us of the truth? And we aspire that our Lord will admit us [to Paradise] with the righteous people."
- 85) So Allah rewarded them for what they said²⁴⁸ with gardens [in Paradise] beneath which rivers flow, wherein they abide eternally. And that is the reward of doers of good.
- 86) But those who disbelieved and denied Our signs – they are the companions of Hellfire.
- 87) O you who have believed, do not prohibit the good things which Allah has made lawful to you and do not transgress. Indeed, Allah does not like transgressors.
- 88) And eat of what Allah has provided for you [which is] lawful and good. And fear Allah, in whom you are believers.
- 89) Allah will not impose blame upon you for what is meaningless²⁴⁹ in your oaths, but He will impose blame upon you for [breaking] what you intended of oaths. So its expiation²⁵⁰ is the feeding of ten needy people from the average of that which you feed your [own] families or clothing them or the freeing of a slave. But whoever cannot find [or afford it] – then a fast of three days [is required]. That is the expiation for

²⁴⁸ i.e., their admission and acceptance of the truth and commitment to Allah's religion (Islam).

²⁴⁹ i.e., what is sworn to only out of habit of speech or what one utters carelessly without true intent.

²⁵⁰ i.e., that for a deliberate oath.

oaths when you have sworn. But guard your oaths.²⁵¹ Thus does Allah make clear to you His verses [i.e., revealed law] that you may be grateful.

- 90) O you who have believed, indeed, intoxicants, gambling, [sacrificing on] stone alters [to other than Allah], and divining arrows are but defilement from the work of Satan, so avoid²⁵² it that you may be successful.
- 91) Satan only wants to cause between you animosity and hatred through intoxicants and gambling and to avert you from the remembrance of Allah and from prayer. So will you not desist?
- 92) And obey Allah and obey the Messenger and beware. And if you turn away – then know that upon Our Messenger is only [the responsibility for] clear notification.
- 93) There is not upon those who believe and do righteousness [any] blame concerning what they have eaten [in the past] if they [now] fear Allah and believe and do righteous deeds, and then fear Allah and believe, and then fear Allah and do good; and Allah loves the doers of good.
- 94) O you who have believed, Allah will surely test you through something of the game that your hands and spears [can] reach, that Allah may make evident those who fear Him unseen. And whoever transgresses after that for him is a painful punishment.
- 95) O you who have believed, do not kill game while you are in the state of ihram.²⁵³ And whoever of you kills it intentionally – the penalty is an equivalent from sacrificial animals to what he killed, as judged by two just men among you as an offering [to Allah] delivered to the Ka'bah, or an expiation: the feeding of needy people or the equivalent of that in fasting, that he may taste the consequence of his matter [i.e., deed]. Allah has

²⁵¹ i.e., do not take oaths indiscriminately or swear to do that which is sinful, requiring expiation.

²⁵² The prohibition understood from the word “avoid” is stronger than if Allah (*subhanahu wa ta 'ala*) had merely said, “Abstain”. The former requires distancing oneself from anything remotely related to these practices.

²⁵³ See footnote to 5:1.

pardoned what is past; but whoever returns [to violation], then Allah will take retribution from him. And Allah is Exalted in Might and Owner of Retribution.

- 96) Lawful to you is game from the sea and its food as provision for you and the travelers,²⁵⁴ but forbidden to you is game from the land as long as you are in the state of *ihram*. And fear Allah to whom you will be gathered.
- 97) Allah has made the Ka'bah, the Sacred House, standing²⁵⁵ for the people and [has sanctified] the sacred months and the sacrificial animals and the garlands [by which they are identified]. That is so you may know that Allah knows what is in the heavens and what is in the earth and that Allah is Knowing of all things.
- 98) Know that Allah is severe in penalty and that Allah is Forgiving and Merciful.
- 99) Not upon the Messenger is [responsibility] except [for] notification. And Allah knows whatever you reveal and whatever you conceal.
- 100) Say, "Not equal are the evil and the good, although the abundance of evil might impress you." So fear Allah, O you of understanding, that you may be successful.
- 101) O you who have believed, do not ask about things which, if they are shown to you, will distress you. But if you ask about them while the Qur'an is being revealed, they will be shown to you. Allah has pardoned it [i.e., that which is past]; and Allah is Forgiving and Forbearing.
- 102) A people asked such [questions] before you; then they became thereby disbelievers.²⁵⁶
- 103) Allah has not appointed [such innovations as] *bahirah* or *sa'ibah* or *wasilah* or *ham*.²⁵⁷ But those who disbelieve invent falsehood about Allah, and most of them do not reason.

²⁵⁴ Fishing and eating whatever is caught from the sea is permitted even during *ihram*.

²⁵⁵ Conspicuously as a symbol of Allah's religion.

²⁵⁶ By their unwillingness to carry out what was commanded of them.

- 104) And when it is said to them, "Come to what Allah has revealed and to the Messenger," they say, "Sufficient for us is that upon which we found our fathers." Even though their fathers knew nothing, nor were they guided?
- 105) O you who have believed, upon you is [responsibility for] yourselves. Those who have gone astray will not harm you when you have been guided. To Allah is your return all together; then He will inform you of what you used to do.
- 106) O you who have believed, testimony [should be taken] among you when death approaches one of you at the time of bequest – [that of] two just men from among you or two others from outside if you are traveling through the land and the disaster of death should strike you. Detain them after the prayer and let them both swear by Allah if you doubt [their testimony, saying], "We will not exchange it [i.e., our oath] for a price [i.e., worldly gain], even if he should be a near relative, and we will not withhold the testimony of [i.e., ordained by] Allah. Indeed, we would then be of the sinful."
- 107) But if it is found that those two were guilty of sin [i.e., perjury], let two others stand in their place [who are] foremost [in claim] from those who have a lawful right. And let them swear by Allah, "Our testimony is truer than their testimony, and we have not transgressed. Indeed, we would then be of the wrongdoers."
- 108) That is more likely that they will give testimony according to its [true] objective, or [at least] they would fear that [other] oaths might be taken after their oaths. And fear Allah and listen [i.e., obey Him]; and Allah does not guide the defiantly disobedient people.
- 109) [Be warned of] the Day when Allah will assemble the messengers and say, "What was the response you received?"

²⁵⁷ Categories of particular camels which were dedicated to the idols and set free to pasture, liberated from the service of man.

They will say, "We have no knowledge. Indeed, it is You who is Knower of the unseen" –

- 110) [The Day] when Allah will say, "O Jesus, Son of Mary, remember My favor upon you and upon your mother when I supported you with the Pure Spirit [i.e., the angel Gabriel] and you spoke to the people in the cradle and in maturity; and [remember] when I taught you writing and wisdom and the Torah and the Gospel; and when you designed from clay [what was] like the form of a bird with My permission, then you breathed into it, and it became a bird with My permission; and you healed the blind [from birth] and the leper with My Permission; and when you brought forth the dead with My permission; and when I restrained the Children of Israel from [killing] you when you came to them with clear proofs and those who disbelieved among them said, "This is not but obvious magic."
- 111) And [remember] when I inspired to the disciples, "Believe in Me and in My messenger [i.e., Jesus]." They said, "We have believed, so bear witness that indeed we are Muslims [in submission to Allah]."
- 112) [And remember] when the disciples said, "O Jesus, Son of Mary, can your Lord²⁵⁸ send down to us a table [spread with food] from the heaven? [Jesus] said," Fear Allah, if you should be believers."
- 113) They said, "We wish to eat from it and let our hearts be reassured and know that you have been truthful to us and be among its witnesses."
- 114) Said Jesus, the son of Mary, "O Allah, our Lord, send down to us a table [spread with food] from the heaven to be for us a festival for the first of us and the last of us and a sign from You. And provide for us, and You are the best of providers."

²⁵⁸ i.e., will Allah consent to. (His ability is undoubted).

- 115) Allah said, "Indeed, I will sent it down to you, but whoever disbelieves afterwards from among you – then indeed will I punish him with a punishment by which I have not punished anyone among the worlds."
- 116) And [beware the Day] when Allah will say, "O Jesus, Son of Mary, did you say to the people, 'Take me and my mother as deities besides Allah?'" He will say, "Exalted are You! It was not for me to say that to which I have no right. If I had said it, You would have known it. You know what is within myself, and I do not know what is within Yourself. Indeed, it is You who is Knower of the unseen."
- 117) I said not to them except what you commanded me – to worship Allah, my Lord and your Lord. And I was a witness over them as long as I was among them; but when You took me up, You were the Observer over them, and You are, over all things, Witness.
- 118) If You should punish them – indeed they are Your servants; but if You forgive them – indeed it is You who is the Exalted in Might, the Wise.
- 119) Allah will say, "This is the Day when the truthful will benefit from their truthfulness." For them are gardens [in Paradise] beneath which rivers flow, wherein they will abide forever, Allah being pleased with them, and they with Him. That is the great attainment.
- 120) To Allah belongs the dominion of the heavens and the earth and whatever is within them. And He is over all things competent.

An'am-6²⁵⁹

In the name of Allah, the Entirely Merciful, the Especially Merciful

- 1) [All] praise is [due] to Allah, who created the heavens and the earth and made the darkness and the light. Then those who disbelieve equate [others] with their Lord.
- 2) It is He who has created you from clay and then decreed a term²⁶⁰ and a specified time [known] to Himself;²⁶¹ yet you are in dispute.
- 3) And He is Allah, [the only deity] in the heavens and the earth. He knows your secret and what you make public, and He knows that which you earn.
- 4) And no sign comes to them from the signs of their Lord except that they turn away therefrom.
- 5) For they had denied the truth when it came to them, but there is going to reach them the news of what they used to ridicule.²⁶²
- 6) Have they not seen how many generations We destroyed before them which We had established upon the earth as We have not established you? And We sent [rain from] the sky upon them in showers and made rivers flow beneath them; then We destroyed them for their sins and brought forth after them a generation of others.
- 7) And even if We had sent down to you, [O Muhammad], a written scripture on a page and they touched it with their hands, the disbelievers would say, "This is not but obvious magic."

²⁵⁹ *Al-An'am*: the Grazing Livestock, specifically: camels, cattle, sheep and goats, as mentioned in verses 143-144 of this *surah*.

²⁶⁰ An appointed time for death.

²⁶¹ For resurrection.

²⁶² They will experience the reality of what they had denied and the consequence of their denial.

- 8) And they say, "Why was there not sent down to him an angel?"²⁶³ But if We had sent down an angel, the matter would have been decided;²⁶⁴ then they would not be reprieved.
- 9) And if We had made him [i.e., the messenger] an angel, We would have made him [appear as] a man, and We would have covered them with that in which they are covering themselves [i.e., confusion and doubt].
- 10) And already were messengers ridiculed before you, but those who mocked them were enveloped by that which they used to ridicule.
- 11) Say, "Travel through the land; then observe how was the end of the deniers."
- 12) Say, "To whom belongs whatever is in the heavens and earth?" Say, "To Allah." He has decreed upon Himself mercy. He will surely assemble you for the Day of Resurrection, about which there is no doubt. Those who will lose themselves [that Day] do not believe.
- 13) And to Him belongs that which reposes by night and by day, and He is the Hearing, the Knowing.
- 14) Say, "Is it other than Allah I should take as a protector, Creator of the heavens and the earth, while it is He who feeds and is not fed?" Say, [O Muhammad], "Indeed, I have been commanded to be the first [among you] who submit [to Allah] and [was commanded], 'Do not ever be of the polytheists.'"
- 15) Say, "Indeed I fear, if I should disobey my Lord, the punishment of a tremendous Day."
- 16) He from whom it is averted that Day – [Allah] has granted him mercy. And that is the clear attainment.
- 17) And if Allah should touch you with adversity, there is no remover of it except Him. And if He touches you with good – then He is over all things competent.

²⁶³ In support of his prophethood (ﷺ).

²⁶⁴ They would have been destroyed immediately with no chance for repentance.

- 18) And He is the subjugator over His servants. And He is the Wise, the Acquainted [with all].
- 19) Say, "What thing is greatest in testimony?" Say, "Allah is witness between me and you. And this Qur'an was revealed to me that I may warn you thereby and whoever it reaches.²⁶⁵ Do you [truly] testify that with Allah there are other deities?" Say, "I will not testify [with you]." Say, "Indeed, He is but one God, and indeed, I am free of what you associate [with Him]."
- 20) Those to whom We have given the Scripture recognize it²⁶⁶ as they recognize their [own] sons. Those who will lose themselves [in the Hereafter] do not believe.
- 21) And who is more unjust than one who invents about Allah a lie or denies His verses? Indeed, the wrongdoers will not succeed.
- 22) And [mention, O Muhammad], the Day We will gather them all together; then We will say to those who associated others with Allah, "Where are your 'partners' that you used to claim [with Him]?"
- 23) Then there will be no [excuse upon] examination except they will say, "By Allah, our Lord, we were not those who associated."
- 24) See how they will lie about themselves. And lost from them will be what they used to invent.
- 25) And among them are those who listen to you,²⁶⁷ but We have placed over their hearts coverings, lest they understand it, and in their ears deafness. And if they should see every sign, they will not believe in it. Even when they come to you arguing with you, those who disbelieve say, "This is nothing but legends of the former peoples."

²⁶⁵ At every time and place until the Day of Judgment.

²⁶⁶ The Qur'an. Also interpreted as "him," meaning Muhammad (ﷺ).

²⁶⁷ When you recite the Qur'an

- 26) And they prevent [others] from him and are [themselves] remote from him. And they do not destroy except themselves, but they perceive [it] not.
- 27) If you could but see when they are made to stand before the Fire and will say, "Oh, would that we could be returned [to life on earth] and not deny the signs of our Lord and be among the believers."
- 28) But what they concealed before has [now] appeared to them. And even if they were returned, they would return to that which they were forbidden; and indeed, they are liars.
- 29) And they say, "There is none but our worldly life, and we will not be resurrected."
- 30) If you could but see when they will be made to stand before their Lord. He will say, "Is this not the truth?" They will say, "Yes, by our Lord." He will [then] say, "So taste the punishment because you used to disbelieve."
- 31) Those will have lost who deny the meeting with Allah, until when the Hour [of resurrection] comes upon them unexpectedly, they will say, "Oh, [how great is] our regret over what we neglected concerning it [i.e., the Hour]," while they bear their burdens [i.e., sins] on their backs. Unquestionably, evil is that which they bear.
- 32) And the worldly life is not but amusement and diversion; but the home of the Hereafter is best for those who fear Allah, so will you not reason?
- 33) We know that you , [O Muhammad], are saddened by what they say. And indeed, they do not call you untruthful, but it is the verses of Allah that the wrongdoers reject.
- 34) And certainly were messengers denied before you, but they were patient over [the effects of] denial, and they were harmed until Our victory came to them. And none can alter the words [i.e., decrees] of Allah. And there has certainly come to you some information about the [previous] messengers.

- 35) And if their evasion is difficult for you, then if you are able to seek a tunnel into the earth or a stairway into the sky to bring them a sign, [then do so]. But if Allah had willed, He would have united them upon guidance. So never be of the ignorant.
- 36) Only those who hear will respond. But the dead²⁶⁸ – Allah will resurrect them; then to Him they will be returned.
- 37) And they say, "Why has a sign not been sent down to him from his Lord?" Say, "Indeed, Allah is Able to send down a sign, but most of them do not know."
- 38) And there is no creature on [or within] the earth or bird that flies with its wings except [that they are] communities like you. We have not neglected in the Register²⁶⁹ a thing. Then unto their Lord they will be gathered.
- 39) But those who deny Our verses are deaf and dumb within darkneses. Whomever Allah wills – He leaves astray; and whomever He wills – He puts him on a straight path.
- 40) Say, "Have you considered:²⁷⁰ If there came to you the punishment of Allah or there came to you the Hour – is it other than Allah you would invoke, if you should be truthful?"
- 41) No, it is Him [alone] you would invoke, and He would remove that for which you invoked Him if He willed, and you would forget what you associate [with Him].
- 42) And We have already sent [messengers] to nations before you, [O Muhammad]; then We seized them with poverty and hardship that perhaps they might humble themselves [to Us].
- 43) Then why, when Our punishment came to them, did they not humble themselves? Rather, their hearts became hardened, and Satan made attractive to them that which they were doing.
- 44) So when they forgot that by which they had been reminded,²⁷¹ We opened to them the doors of every [good] thing until, when

²⁶⁸ i.e., the dead of heart, meaning the disbelievers.

²⁶⁹ The Preserved Slate (*al-Lawh al-Mahfuth*), in which all things are recorded.

²⁷⁰ The meaning is understood to be "Tell me..."

they rejoiced in that which they were given, We seized them suddenly, and they were [then] in despair.

- 45) So the people that committed wrong were eliminated. And praise to Allah, Lord of the worlds.
- 46) Say, "Have you considered:²⁷² If Allah should take away your hearing and your sight and set a seal upon your hearts, which deity other than Allah could bring them [back] to you?" Look how We diversify²⁷³ the verses; then they [still] turn away.
- 47) Say, "Have you considered: If the punishment of Allah should come to you unexpectedly or manifestly,²⁷⁴ will any be destroyed but the wrongdoing people?"
- 48) And We send not the messengers except as bringers of good tidings and warners. So whoever believes and reforms – there will be no fear concerning them, nor will they grieve.
- 49) But those who deny Our verses – the punishment will touch²⁷⁵ them for their defiant disobedience.
- 50) Say, [O Muhammad], "I do not tell you that I have the depositories [containing the provision] of Allah or that I know the unseen, nor do I tell you that I am an angel. I only follow what is revealed to me." Say, "Is the blind equivalent to the seeing? Then will you not give thought?"
- 51) And warn by it [i.e., the Qur'an] those who fear that they will be gathered before their Lord - for them besides Him will be no protector and no intercessor - that they might become righteous.
- 52) And do not send away those who call upon their Lord morning and afternoon, seeking His countenance. Not upon you is anything of their account and not upon them is anything of your

²⁷¹ i.e., their trial by poverty and hardship or the warnings of their prophets.

²⁷² See footnote to verse 40.

²⁷³ Repeat in various ways for emphasis and clarification.

²⁷⁴ i.e., before your eyes.

²⁷⁵ i.e., reach and afflict.

account.²⁷⁶ So were you send them away, you would [then] be of the wrongdoers.

- 53) And thus We have tried some of them through others that they [i.e., the disbelievers] might say, "Is it these whom Allah has favored among us? Is not Allah most knowing of those who are grateful?"²⁷⁷
- 54) And when those come to you who believe in Our verses, say, "Peace be upon you. Your Lord has decreed upon Himself mercy: that any of you who does wrong out of ignorance and then repents after that and corrects himself - indeed, He is Forgiving and Merciful."
- 55) And thus do We detail the verses, and [thus] the way of the criminals will become evident.
- 56) Say, "Indeed, I have been forbidden to worship those you invoke besides Allah." Say, "I will not follow your desires, for I would then have gone astray, and I would not be of the [rightly] guided."
- 57) Say, "Indeed, I am on clear evidence from my Lord, and you have denied it. I do not have that for which you are impatient.²⁷⁸ The decision is only for Allah. He relates the truth, and He is the best of deciders."
- 58) Say, "If I had that for which you are impatient, the matter would have been decided between me and you, by Allah is most knowing of the wrongdoers."
- 59) And with Him are the keys of the unseen; none knows them except Him. And He knows what is on the land and in the sea. Not a leaf falls but that He knows it. And no grain is there within

²⁷⁶ No one is held accountable for the deeds or intentions of another. That is left to Allah's judgment.

²⁷⁷ Those referred to in verses 52-54 are the poor Muslims who were sincere believers and students of the Prophet (ﷺ). The influential leaders of Quraysh had disdained to sit with them, saying to Prophet Muhammad (ﷺ), "Perhaps if you evicted them, we would follow you."

²⁷⁸ The disbelievers would challenge the Prophet (ﷺ), telling him to bring on Allah's punishment if he should be truthful in his warning.

the darknesses of the earth and no moist or dry [thing] but that is [written] in a clear record.

- 60) And it is He who takes your souls by night²⁷⁹ and knows what you have committed by day. Then He revives you therein [i.e., by day] that a specified term²⁸⁰ may be fulfilled. Then to Him will be your return; then He well inform you about what you used to do.
- 61) And He is the subjugator over His servants, and He sends over you guardian-angels until, when death comes to one of you, Our messengers [i.e., angels of death] take him, and they do not fail [in their duties].
- 62) Then they [i.e., His servants] are returned to Allah, their true Lord. Unquestionably, His is the judgement, and He is the swiftest of accountants.
- 63) Say, "Who rescues you from the darknesses of the land and sea [when] you call upon Him imploring [aloud] and privately, 'If He should save us from this [crisis], we will surely be among the thankful.'"
- 64) Say, "It is Allah who saves you from it and from every distress; then you [still] associate others with Him."
- 65) Say, "He is the [one] Able to send upon you affliction from above you or from beneath your feet or to confuse you [so you become] sects²⁸¹ and make you taste the violence of one another." Look how We diversify the signs that they might understand.
- 66) But your people have denied it while it is the truth. Say, "I am not over you a manager [i.e., authority]."
- 67) For every news [i.e., happening] is a finality;²⁸² and you are going to know.

²⁷⁹ i.e., when you sleep.

²⁸⁰ One's decreed life span.

²⁸¹ Following your own inclinations rather than the truth, biased and hostile toward each other.

²⁸² Other shades of meaning include "a permanence," "a realization" and "a time of stability."

- 68) And when you see those who engage in [offensive] discourse²⁸³ concerning Our verses, then turn away from them until they enter into another conversation. And if Satan should cause you to forget, then do not remain after the reminder with the wrongdoing people.
- 69) And those who fear Allah are not held accountable for them [i.e., the disbelievers] at all, but [only for] a reminder - that perhaps they will fear Him.
- 70) And leave those who take their religion as amusement and diversion and whom the worldly life has deluded. But remind with it [i.e., the Qur'an], lest a soul be given up to destruction for what it earned; it will have other than Allah no protector and no intercessor. And if it should offer every compensation, it would not be taken from it [i.e., that soul]. Those are the ones who are given to destruction for what they have earned. For them will be a drink of scalding water and a painful punishment because they used to disbelieve.
- 71) Say, "Shall we invoke instead of Allah that which neither benefits us nor harms us and be turned back on our heels after Allah has guided us? [We would then be] like one whom the devils enticed [to wander] upon the earth confused, [while] he has companions inviting him to guidance, [calling], 'Come to us.'²⁸⁴ " Say, "Indeed, the guidance of Allah is the [only] guidance; and we have been commanded to submit to the Lord of the worlds.
- 72) And to establish prayer and fear Him." And it is He to whom you will be gathered.
- 73) And it is He who created the heavens and earth in truth. And the day [i.e., whenever] He says, "Be," and it is, His word is the

²⁸³ i.e., denials or mockery.

²⁸⁴ The example given is of one who has lost his way and is further confused by the evil ones who tempt him to follow various directions, all leading to destruction. Although his sincere friends call him back to the right path, he ignores them.

truth.²⁸⁵ And His is the dominion [on] the Day the Horn is blown. [He is] Knower of the unseen²⁸⁶ and the witnessed²⁸⁷ and He is the Wise, the Acquainted.

- 74) And [mention, O Muhammad], when Abraham said to his father Azar, "Do you take idols as deities? Indeed, I see you and your people to be in manifest error."
- 75) And thus did We show Abraham the realm of the heavens and the earth that he would be among the certain [in faith].
- 76) So when the night covered him [with darkness], he saw a star. He said, "This is my lord."²⁸⁸ But when it set, he said, "I like not those that set [i.e., disappear]."
- 77) And when he saw the moon rising, he said, "This is my lord." But when it set, he said, "Unless my Lord guides me, I will surely be among the people gone astray."
- 78) And when he saw the sun rising, he said, "This is my lord; this is greater." But when it set, he said "O my people, indeed I am free from what you associate with Allah.
- 79) Indeed, I have turned my face [i.e., self] toward He who created the heavens and the earth, and I am not of those who associate others [in worship] with Allah."
- 80) And his people argued with him. He said, "Do you argue with me concerning Allah while He has guided me? And I fear not what you associate with Him [and will not be harmed] unless my Lord should will something. My Lord encompasses all things in knowledge; then will you not remember?

²⁸⁵ When interpreted as the "Day" (of resurrection), the sentence would read: "And the Day He says, 'Be,'" and it is, His word will be the truth."

²⁸⁶ That which is absent, invisible, or beyond the perception of the senses or of the mind and therefore is unknown to man, except for what Allah chooses to reveal.

²⁸⁷ What is present, visible and known to man. The knowledge of Allah (*subhanahu wa ta'ala*) includes the reality of all things and all occurrences, no matter how they might appear to human beings.

²⁸⁸ In verses 76-79, beginning from the people's own assertions, Abraham presents a picture of his dissatisfaction as the only logical conclusion one could reach, in order to show them the futility of their false objects of worship.

- 81) And how should I fear what you associate while you do not fear that you have associated with Allah that for which He has not sent down to you any authority? So which of the two parties has more right to security, if you should know?
- 82) They who believe and do not mix their belief with injustice²⁸⁹ -- those will have security, and they are the [rightly] guided.
- 83) And that was Our [conclusive] argument which We gave Abraham against his people. We raise by degrees whom We will. Indeed, your Lord is Wise and Knowing.
- 84) And We gave to him [i.e., Abraham] Isaac and Jacob - all [of them] We guided. And Noah, We guided before; and among his descendants, David and Solomon and Job and Joseph and Moses and Aaron. Thus do We reward the doers of good.
- 85) And Zechariah and John and Jesus and Elias – and all were of the righteous.
- 86) And Ishmael and Elisha and Jonah and Lot - and all [of them] We preferred over the worlds.
- 87) And [some] among their fathers and their descendants and their brothers - and We chose them and We guided them to a straight path.
- 88) That is the guidance of Allah by which He guides whomever He wills of His servants. But if they had associated others with Allah, then worthless for them would be whatever they were doing.
- 89) Those are the ones to whom We gave the Scripture and authority and prophethood. But if they [i.e., the disbelievers] deny it, then We have entrusted it to a people who are not therein disbeliever's.
- 90) Those are the ones whom Allah has guided, so from their guidance take an example. Say, "I ask of you for it [i.e., this message] no payment. It is not but a reminder for the worlds."

²⁸⁹ Specifically, the association of others in divinity with Allah.

- 91) And they did not appraise Allah with true appraisal²⁹⁰ when they said, "Allah did not reveal to a human being anything." Say, "Who revealed the Scripture that Moses brought as light and guidance to the people? You [Jews] make it into pages, disclosing [some of] it and concealing much. And you²⁹¹ were taught that which you knew not—neither you nor your fathers." Say, "Allah [revealed it]." Then leave them in their [empty] discourse, amusing themselves.
- 92) And this is a Book which We have sent down, blessed and confirming what was before it, that you may warn the Mother of Cities [i.e., Makkah] and those around it.²⁹² Those who believe in the Hereafter believe in it, and they are maintaining their prayers.
- 93) And who is more unjust than one who invents a lie about Allah or says, "It has been inspired to me," while nothing has been inspired to him, and one who says, "I will reveal [something] like what Allah revealed." And if you could but see when the wrongdoers are in the overwhelming pangs of death while the angels extend their hands,²⁹³ [saying], "Discharge your souls! Today you will be awarded the punishment of [extreme] humiliation for what you used to say against Allah other than the truth and [that] you were, toward His verses, being arrogant."
- 94) [It will be said to them], "And you have certainly come to Us alone [i.e., individually] as We created you the first time, and you have left whatever We bestowed upon you behind you. And We do not see with you your 'intercessors' which you claimed that they were among you associates [of Allah]. It has [all] been severed between you,²⁹⁴ and lost from you is what you used to claim."

²⁹⁰ i.e., they did not appreciate the extent of His ability and wisdom.

²⁹¹ The Jews, or it may refer to the believers, who are taught by the Qur'an

²⁹² i.e., all other peoples.

²⁹³ Striking them, as they are unwilling to give up their souls for judgment.

²⁹⁴ Between yourselves and the claimed associates and intercessors.

- 95) Indeed, Allah is the cleaver of grain and the date seed.²⁹⁵ He brings the living out of the dead and brings the dead out of the living. That is Allah; so how are you deluded?
- 96) [He is] the cleaver of daybreak and has made the night for rest and the sun and moon for calculation.²⁹⁶ That is the determination of the Exalted in Might, the Knowing.
- 97) And it is He who has placed for you the stars that you may be guided by them through the darknesses of the land and sea. We have detailed the signs for a people who know.
- 98) And it is He who has produced you from one soul and [gave you] a place of dwelling and of storage.²⁹⁷ We have detailed the signs for a people who understand.
- 99) And it is He who sends down rain from the sky, and We produce thereby the growth of all things. We produce from it greenery from which We produce grains arranged in layers. And from the palm trees - from its emerging fruit are clusters hanging low. And [We produce] gardens of grapevines and olives and pomegranates, similar yet varied. Look at [each of] its fruit when it yields and [at] its ripening. Indeed in that are signs for a people who believe.
- 100) But they have attributed to Allah partners - the jinn, while He has created them - and have fabricated for Him sons and daughters. Exalted is He and high above what they describe.
- 101) [He is] Originator of the heavens and the earth. How could He have a son when He does not have a companion [i.e., wife] and He created all things? And He is, of all things Knowing.
- 102) That is Allah, your Lord; there is no deity except Him, the Creator of all things, so worship Him. And He is Disposer of all things.

²⁹⁵ He (*subhanahu wa ta'ala*) causes them to split and sprout.

²⁹⁶ Or "according to calculation," referring to their precise movement.

²⁹⁷ In the earth. See 77:25-26.

- 103) Vision perceives Him not,²⁹⁸ but He perceives [all] vision; and He is the Subtle, the Acquainted.
- 104) There has come to you enlightenment from your Lord. So whoever will see does so for [the benefit of] his soul, and whoever is blind [does harm] against it. And [say], "I am not a guardian over you."²⁹⁹
- 105) And thus do We diversify the verses so they [i.e., the disbelievers] will say, "You have studied,"⁽³⁰⁰⁾ and so We may make it [i.e., the Qur'an] clear for a people who know.
- 106) Follow, [O Muhammad], what has been revealed to you from your Lord - there is no deity except Him - and turn away from those who associate others with Allah.
- 107) But if Allah had willed, they would not have associated. And We have not appointed you over them as a guardian, nor are you a manager over them.⁽³⁰¹⁾
- 108) And do not insult those they invoke other than Allah, lest they insult Allah in enmity without knowledge. Thus We have made pleasing to every community their deeds. Then to their Lord is their return, and He will inform them about what they used to do.
- 109) And they swear by Allah their strongest oaths that if a sign came to them, they would surely believe in it. Say, "The signs are only with [i.e., from] Allah." And what will make you perceive that even if it [i.e., a sign] came, they would not believe.
- 110) And We will turn away their hearts and their eyes just as they refuse to believe in it [i.e., the revelation] the first time. And We will leave them in their transgression, wandering blindly.

²⁹⁸ In the life of this world. The people of Paradise will be able to see Allah in the Hereafter. See 75:22-23.

²⁹⁹ The Prophet (ﷺ) is directed to dissociate himself from all erroneous belief and practice.

(300) Accusing the Prophet (ﷺ) of having learned from the Jews and Christians.

(301) The Prophet's duty did not go beyond delivery of the message.

- 111) And even if We had sent down to them the angels [with the message] and the dead spoke to them [of it] and We gathered together every [created] thing in front of them, they would not believe unless Allah should will. But most of them, [of that], are ignorant.
- 112) And thus We have made for every prophet an enemy - devils from mankind and jinn, inspiring to one another decorative speech in delusion. But if your Lord had willed, they would not have done it, so leave them and that which they invent.
- 113) And [it is] so the hearts of those who disbelieve in the Hereafter will incline toward it [i.e., deceptive speech] and that they will be satisfied with it and that they will commit that which they are committing.
- 114) [Say], "Then is it other than Allah I should seek as judge while it is He who has revealed to you the Book [i.e., the Qur'an] explained in detail?" And those to whom We [previously] gave the Scripture know that is sent down from your Lord in truth, so never be among the doubters.
- 115) And the word of your Lord has been fulfilled in truth and in justice. None can alter His words, and He is the Hearing, the Knowing.
- 116) And if you obey most of those upon the earth, they will mislead you from the way of Allah. They follow not except assumption, and they are not but falsifying.⁽³⁰²⁾
- 117) Indeed, your Lord is most knowing of who strays from His way, and He is most knowing of the [rightly] guided.
- 118) So eat of that [meat] upon which the name of Allah has been mentioned,⁽³⁰³⁾ if you are believers in His verses [i.e., revealed law].
- 119) And why should you not eat of that upon which the name of Allah has been mentioned while He has explained in detail to

(302) Out of ignorance, conjecture and assumption.

(303) At the time of slaughter.

you what He has forbidden you, excepting that to which you are compelled.⁽³⁰⁴⁾ And indeed do many lead [others] astray through their [own] desires without knowledge. Indeed, your Lord - He is most knowing of the transgressors.

- 120) And leave [i.e., desist from] what is apparent of sin and what is concealed thereof. Indeed, those who earn [blame for] sin will be recompensed for that which they used to commit.
- 121) And do not eat of that upon which the name of Allah has not been mentioned, for indeed, it is grave disobedience. And indeed do the devils inspire their allies [among men] to dispute with you. And if you were to obey them, indeed, you would be associators [of others with Him].⁽³⁰⁵⁾
- 122) And is one who was dead and We gave him life and made for him light by which to walk among the people like one who is in darkness, never to emerge therefrom? Thus it has been made pleasing to the disbelievers that which they were doing.
- 123) And thus We have placed within every city the greatest of its criminals to conspire therein. But they conspire not except against themselves, and they perceive [it] not.
- 124) And when a sign comes to them, they say, "Never will we believe until we are given like that which was given to the messengers of Allah." Allah is most knowing of where [i.e., with whom] He places His message. There will afflict those who committed crimes debasement before Allah and severe punishment for what they used to conspire.
- 125) So whoever Allah wants to guide - He expands his breast to [contain] Islam; and whoever He wants to misguide⁽³⁰⁶⁾ - He makes his breast tight and constricted as though he were

(304) In cases of dire necessity, what is normally prohibited becomes permissible, but only to the extent of the need.

(305) i.e., by your obedience to them—obedience being the basis of worship.

(306) As a result of the person's arrogance and persistence in sin.

climbing into the sky. Thus does Allah place defilement upon those who do not believe.

126) And this is the path of your Lord, [leading] straight. We have detailed the verses for a people who remember.

127) For them will be the Home of Peace [i.e., Paradise] with their Lord. And He will be their protecting friend because of what they used to do.

128) And [mention, O Muhammad], the Day when He will gather them together [and say], "O company of jinn, you have [misled] many of mankind." And their allies among mankind will say, "Our Lord, some of us made use of others, and we have [now] reached our term, which you appointed for us." He will say, "The Fire is your residence, wherein you will abide eternally, except for what Allah wills. Indeed, your Lord is Wise and Knowing."

129) And thus will We make some of the wrongdoers allies of others for what they used to earn.⁽³⁰⁷⁾

130) "O company of jinn and mankind,⁽³⁰⁸⁾ did there not come to you messengers from among you, relating to you My verses and warning you of the meeting of this Day of yours?" They will say, "We bear witness against ourselves"; and the worldly life had deluded them, and they will bear witness against themselves that they were disbelievers.

131) That is because your Lord would not destroy the cities for wrongdoing⁽³⁰⁹⁾ while their people were unaware.

132) And for all are degrees [i.e., positions resulting] from what they have done. And your Lord is not unaware of what they do.

133) And your Lord is the Free of need, the possessor of mercy. If He wills, he can do away with you and give succession after you

(307) Another interpretation pertaining to this world is "And thus do We make some of the wrongdoers allies of others for what they have been earning."

(308) They will be reproached thus at the Judgment.

(309) Or "unjustly."

to whomever He wills, just as He produced you from the descendants of another people.

- 134) Indeed, what you are promised is coming, and you will not cause failure [to Allah].⁽³¹⁰⁾
- 135) Say, "O my people, work according to your position; [for] indeed, I am working. And you are going to know who will have succession in the home."⁽³¹¹⁾ Indeed, the wrongdoers will not succeed.
- 136) And they [i.e., the polytheist] assign to Allah from that which He created of crops and livestock a share and say, "This is for Allah," by their claim, " and this is for our 'partners' [associated with Him]." But what is for their "partners" does not reach Allah, while what is for Allah - this reaches their "partners." Evil is that which they rule.
- 137) And likewise, to many of the polytheists their partners⁽³¹²⁾ have made [to seem] pleasing the killing of their children in order to bring about their destruction and to cover them with confusion in their religion. And if Allah had willed, they would not have done so. So leave them and that which they invent.
- 138) And they say. "These animals⁽³¹³⁾ and crops are forbidden; no one may eat from them except whom we will, " by their claim. And there are those [camels] whose backs are forbidden [by them]⁽³¹⁴⁾ and those upon which the name of Allah is not mentioned⁽³¹⁵⁾ - [all of this] an invention of untruth about Him.⁽³¹⁶⁾ He will punish them for what they were inventing.

(310) i.e., you will neither escape nor prevent its occurrence.

(311) i.e., in the land or in the Hereafter.

(312) Their evil associates.

(313) The four categories of grazing livestock called "*an'am*" collectively.

(314) See 5:103.

(315) At the time of slaughter. Rather, they are dedicated to others among their "deities."

(316) i.e., false assertions that such practices are part of Allah's religion

- 139) And they say, "What is in the bellies of these animals⁽³¹⁷⁾ is exclusively for our males and forbidden to our females. But if it is [born] dead, then all of them have shares therein." He will punish them for their description.⁽³¹⁸⁾ Indeed, He is Wise and Knowing.
- 140) Those will have lost who killed their children in foolishness without knowledge and prohibited what Allah had provided for them, inventing untruth about Allah. They have gone astray and were not [rightly] guided.
- 141) And He it is who causes gardens to grow, [both] trellised and untrellised, and palm trees and crops of different [kinds of] food and olives and pomegranates, similar and dissimilar. Eat of [each of] its fruit when it yields and give its due [zakah] on the day of its harvest. And be not excessive.⁽³¹⁹⁾ Indeed, He does not like those who commit excess.
- 142) And of the grazing livestock are carriers [of burdens] and those [too] small. Eat of what Allah has provided for you and do not follow the footsteps of Satan.⁽³²⁰⁾ Indeed, he is to you a clear enemy.
- 143) [They are] eight mates – of the sheep, two and of the goats, two. Say, "Is it the two males He has forbidden or the two females or that which the wombs of the two females contain? Inform me with knowledge, if you should be truthful."
- 144) And of the camels, two and of the cattle, two. Say, "Is it the two males He has forbidden or the two females or that which the wombs of the two females contain? Or were you witnesses when Allah charged you with this? Then who is more unjust than one who invents a lie about Allah to mislead the people by

(317) i.e., their milk and offspring.

(318) Of what is lawful and unlawful according to their whims.

(319) In eating, as well as in all things generally.

(320) As the disbelievers have done in making their own rulings about what is permissible and what is prohibited.

[something] other than knowledge? Indeed, Allah does not guide the wrongdoing people."

- 145) Say, "I do not find within that which was revealed to me [anything] forbidden to one who would eat it unless it be a dead animal or blood spilled out or the flesh of swine – for indeed, it is impure – or it be [that slaughtered in] disobedience, dedicated to other than Allah.⁽³²¹⁾ But whoever is forced [by necessity], neither desiring [it] nor transgressing [its limit], then indeed, your Lord is Forgiving and Merciful."
- 146) And to those who are Jews We prohibited every animal of uncloven hoof; and of the cattle and the sheep We prohibited to them their fat, except what adheres to their backs or the entrails or what is joined with bone. [By] that We repaid them for their injustice. And indeed, We are truthful.
- 147) So if they deny you, [O Muhammad], say, "Your Lord is the possessor of vast mercy; but His punishment cannot be repelled from the people who are criminals."
- 148) Those who associated with Allah will say, "If Allah had willed, we would not have associated [anything] and neither would our fathers, nor would we have prohibited anything." Likewise did those before deny until they tasted Our punishment. Say, "Do you have any knowledge that you can produce for us? You follow not except assumption, and you are not but falsifying."
- 149) Say, "With Allah is the far-reaching [i.e., conclusive] argument. If He had willed, He would have guided you all."
- 150) Say, [O Muhammad], "Bring forward your witnesses who will testify that Allah has prohibited this." And if they testify, do not testify with them. And do not follow the desires of those who deny Our verses and those who do not believe in the Hereafter, while they equate [others] with their Lord.

(321) Refer to 2:173 and 5:3.

- 151) Say, " Come, I will recite what your Lord has prohibited to you. [He commands] that you not associate anything with Him, and to parents, good treatment, and do not kill your children out of poverty; We will provide for you and them. And do not approach immoralities – what is apparent of them and what is concealed. And do not kill the soul which Allah has forbidden [to be killed] except by [legal] right. This has He instructed you that you may use reason."
- 152) And do not approach the orphan's property except in a way that is best [i.e., intending improvement] until he reaches maturity. And give full measure and weight in justice. We do not charge any soul except [with that within] its capacity. And when you speak [i.e., testify], be just, even if [it concerns] a near relative. And the covenant of Allah fulfill. This has He instructed you that you may remember.
- 153) And, [moreover], this is My path, which is straight, so follow it; and do not follow [other] ways, for you will be separated from His way. This has He instructed you that you may become righteous.
- 154) Then⁽³²²⁾ We gave Moses the Scripture, making complete [Our favor] upon the one who did good [i.e., Moses] and as a detailed explanation of all things and as guidance and mercy that perhaps in the meeting with their Lord they would believe.
- 155) And this [Qur'an] is a Book We have revealed [which is] blessed, so follow it and fear Allah that you may receive mercy.
- 156) [We revealed it] lest you say, "The Scripture was only sent down to two groups before us, but we were of their study unaware,"
- 157) Or lest you say, "If only the Scripture had been revealed to us, we would have been better guided than they." So there has [now] come to you a clear evidence from your Lord and a

(322) Meaning "additionally" or "moreover," not denoting time sequence.

guidance and mercy. Then who is more unjust than one who denies the verses of Allah and turns away from them? We will recompense those who turn away from Our verses with the worst of punishment for their turning away.

- 158) Do they [then] wait for anything except that the angels should come to them or your Lord should come or that there come some of the signs⁽³²³⁾ of your Lord? The Day that some of the signs of your Lord will come no soul will benefit from its faith as long as it had not believed before or had earned through its faith some good. Say, "Wait. Indeed, we [also] are waiting."
- 159) Indeed, those who have divided their religion and become sects you, [O Muhammad], are not [associated] with them in anything. Their affair is only [left] to Allah; then He will inform them about what they used to do.
- 160) Whoever comes [on the Day of Judgment] with a good deed will have ten times the like thereof [to his credit], and whoever comes with an evil deed will not be recompensed except the like thereof; and they will not be wronged.⁽³²⁴⁾
- 161) Say, "Indeed, my Lord has guided me to a straight path – a correct religion – the way of Abraham, inclining toward truth. And he was not among those who associated others with Allah."
- 162) Say, "Indeed, my prayer, my rites of sacrifice, my living and my dying are for Allah, Lord of the worlds.
- 163) No partner has He. And this I have been commanded, and I am the first [among you] of the Muslims."⁽³²⁵⁾
- 164) Say, "Is it other than Allah I should desire as a lord while He is the Lord of all things? And every soul earns not [blame] except against itself, and no bearer of burdens will bear the burden of another. Then to your Lord is your return, and He will inform you concerning that over which you used to differ."

(323) Those denoting the approach of the Last Hour.

(324) i.e., treated unjustly.

(325) i.e., those who submit to the will of Allah.

<i>Surah 6</i>	<i>A l - A n ' a m</i>	<i>Part 8</i>
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165) And it is He who has made you successors upon the earth and has raised some of you above others in degrees [of rank] that He may try you through what He has given you. Indeed, your Lord is swift in penalty; but indeed, He is Forgiving and Merciful.

A'raf-7⁽³²⁶⁾

In the name of Allah, the Entirely Merciful, the Especially Merciful

- 1) Alif, Lam, Meem, Sad.⁽³²⁷⁾
- 2) [This is] a Book revealed to you, [O Muhammad] – so let there not be in your breast distress therefrom – that you may warn thereby and as a reminder to the believers.
- 3) Follow, [O mankind], what has been revealed to you from your Lord and do not follow other than Him any allies. Little do you remember.
- 4) And how many cities have We destroyed, and Our punishment came to them at night or while they were sleeping at noon.
- 5) And their declaration when Our punishment came to them was only that they said, "Indeed, we were wrongdoers!"
- 6) Then We will surely question those to whom [a message] was sent, and We will surely question the messengers.
- 7) Then We will surely relate [their deeds] to them with knowledge, and We were not [at all] absent.
- 8) And the weighing [of deeds] that Day will be the truth. So those whose scales are heavy – it is they who will be the successful.
- 9) And those whose scales are light – they are the ones who will lose themselves for what injustice they were doing toward Our verses.
- 10) And We have certainly established you upon the earth and made for you therein ways of livelihood. Little are you grateful.
- 11) And We have certainly created you, [O Mankind], and given you [human] form. Then We said to the angels, "Prostrate to Adam"; so they prostrated, except for Iblees.⁽³²⁸⁾ He was not of those who prostrated.

(326) *Al-A'raf*: The Elevations, referring to the partition between Paradise and Hell.

(327) See footnote to 2:1.

(328) See footnote to 2:34.

- 12) [Allah] said, "What prevented you from prostrating when I commanded you?" [Satan] said, "I am better than him. You created me from fire and created him from clay [i.e., earth]."
- 13) [Allah] said, "Descend from it [i.e., Paradise], for it is not for you to be arrogant therein. So get out; indeed, you are of the debased.
- 14) [Satan] said, "Reprieve me until the Day they are resurrected."
- 15) [Allah] said, "Indeed, you are of those reprieved."
- 16) [Satan] said, "Because You have put me in error, I will surely sit in wait for them [i.e., mankind] on Your straight path.
- 17) Then I will come to them from before them and from behind them and on their right and on their left, and You will not find most of them grateful [to You]."
- 18) [Allah] said, "Get out of it [i.e., Paradise], reproached and expelled. Whoever follows you among them – I will surely fill Hell with you, all together."
- 19) And "O Adam, dwell, you and your wife, in Paradise and eat from wherever you will but do not approach this tree, lest you be among the wrongdoers."
- 20) But Satan whispered to them to make apparent to them that which was concealed from them of their private parts. He said, "Your Lord did not forbid you this tree except that you become angels or become of the immortal."
- 21) And he swore [by Allah] to them, "Indeed, I am to you from among the sincere advisors."
- 22) So he made them fall, through deception. And when they tasted of the tree, their private parts became apparent to them, and they began to fasten together over themselves from the leaves of Paradise. And their Lord called to them, "Did I not forbid you from that tree and tell you that Satan is to you a clear enemy?"
- 23) They said, "Our Lord, we have wronged ourselves, and if You do not forgive us and have mercy upon us, we will surely be among the losers."

- 24) [Allah] said, "Descend, being to one another enemies. And for you on the earth is a place of settlement and enjoyment [i.e., provision] for a time."
- 25) He said, "Therein you will live, and therein you will die, and from it you will be brought forth."
- 26) O children of Adam, We have bestowed upon you clothing to conceal your private parts and as adornment. But the clothing of righteousness – that is best. That is from the signs of Allah that perhaps they will remember.
- 27) O children of Adam, let not Satan tempt you as he removed your parents from Paradise, stripping them of their clothing⁽³²⁹⁾ to show them their private parts. Indeed, he sees you, he and his tribe, from where you do not see them. Indeed, We have made the devils allies to those who do not believe.
- 28) And when they commit an immorality, they say, "We found our fathers doing it, and Allah has ordered us to do it." Say, "Indeed, Allah does not order immorality. Do you say about Allah that which you do not know?"
- 29) Say, [O Muhammad], "My Lord has ordered justice and that you maintain yourselves [in worship of Him] at every place [or time] of prostration, and invoke Him, sincere to Him in religion." Just as He originated you, you will return [to life] -
- 30) A group [of you] He guided, and a group deserved [to be in] error. Indeed, they [i.e. the latter] had taken the devils as allies instead of Allah while they thought that they were guided.
- 31) O children of Adam, take your adornment [i.e. wear your clothing] at every masjid,⁽³³⁰⁾ and eat and drink, but be not excessive. Indeed, He likes not those who commit excess.
- 32) Say, "Who has forbidden the adornment of [i.e. from] Allah which He has produced for His servants and the good [lawful]

(329) The garments of Paradise.

(330) Literally, "place of prostration," meaning any place that a Muslim prays upon the earth. The term may also refer specifically to a mosque.

things of provision?" Say, "They are for those who believe during the worldly life [but] exclusively for them on the Day of Resurrection." Thus do We detail the verses for a people who know.

- 33) Say, "My Lord has only forbidden immoralities –what is apparent of them and what is concealed – and sin,⁽³³¹⁾ and oppression" without right, and that you associate with Allah that for which He has not sent down authority, and that you say about Allah that which you do not know."
- 34) And for every nation is a [specified] term. So when their time has come, they will not remain behind an hour, nor will they precede [it].
- 35) O children of Adam, if there come to you messengers from among you relating to you My verses [i.e., scriptures and laws], then whoever fears Allah and reforms – there will be no fear concerning them, nor will they grieve.
- 36) But the ones who deny Our verses and are arrogant toward them those are the companions of the Fire; they will abide therein eternally.
- 37) And who is more unjust than one who invents about Allah a lie or denies His verses? Those will attain their portion of the decree⁽³³²⁾ until when Our messengers [i.e. angels] come to them to take them in death, they will say, "Where are those you used to invoke besides Allah?" They will say, "They have departed from us," and will bear witness against themselves that they were disbelievers.
- 38) [Allah] will say, "Enter among nations which had passed on before you of jinn and mankind into the Fire." Every time a nation enters, it will curse its sister⁽³³³⁾ until, when they have all

(331) Any unlawful deed.

(332) What is decreed for them.

(333) The nation preceding it.

overtaken one another therein, the last of them⁽³³⁴⁾ will say about the first of them,⁽³³⁵⁾ "Our Lord, these had misled us, so give them a double punishment of the Fire." He will say, "For each is double, but you do not know."

- 39) And the first of them will say to the last of them, "Then you had not any favor over us, so taste the punishment for what you used to earn."
- 40) Indeed, those who deny Our verses and are arrogant toward them the gates of Heaven will not be opened for them, nor will they enter paradise until a camel enters into the eye of a needle [i.e. never]. And thus do We recompense the criminals.
- 41) They will have from Hell a bed and over them coverings [of fire]. And thus do We recompense the wrongdoers.
- 42) But those who believed and did righteous deeds – We charge no soul except [within] its capacity. Those are the companions of Paradise; they will abide therein eternally.
- 43) And We will have removed whatever is within their breasts of resentment,⁽³³⁶⁾ [while] flowing beneath them are rivers. And they will say, "Praise to Allah, who has guided us to this; and we would never have been guided if Allah had not guided us. Certainly the messengers of our Lord had come with the truth." And they will be called, "This is Paradise, which you have been made to inherit for what you used to do."
- 44) And the companions of Paradise will call out to the companions of the Fire, "We have already found what our Lord promised us to be true. Have you found what your Lord promised to be true?" They will say, "Yes." Then an announcer will announce among them, "The curse of Allah shall be upon the wrongdoers"

(334) The followers of evil leaders.

(335) Their leaders.

(336) i.e., ill will or sense of injury for what was inflicted upon them during worldly life

- 45) Who averted [people] from the way of Allah and sought to make it [seem] crooked while they were, concerning the Hereafter, disbelievers.
- 46) And between them will be a partition [i.e. wall], and on [its] elevations are men⁽³³⁷⁾ who recognize all⁽³³⁸⁾ by their mark. And they call out to the companions of Paradise, "Peace be upon you." They have not [yet] entered it, but they long intensely.
- 47) And when their eyes are turned toward the companions of the Fire, they say, "Our Lord, do not place us with the wrongdoing people."
- 48) And the companions of the Elevations will call to men [within Hell] whom they recognize by their mark, saying, "Of no avail to you was your gathering⁽³³⁹⁾ and [the fact] that you were arrogant "
- 49) [Allah will say], "Are these⁽³⁴⁰⁾ the ones whom you [inhabitants of Hell] swore that Allah would never offer them mercy? Enter Paradise, [O People of Elevations]. No fear will there be concerning you, nor will you grieve."
- 50) And the companions of the Fire will call to the companions of Paradise, "Pour upon us some water or from whatever Allah has provided you." They will say, "Indeed, Allah has forbidden them both to the disbelievers."
- 51) Who took their religion as distraction and amusement and whom the worldly life deluded." So today We will forget them just as they forgot the meeting of this Day of theirs and for having rejected Our verses.
- 52) And We had certainly brought them a book which We detailed by knowledge - as guidance and mercy to a people who believe.

(337) Those whose scales are balanced between good and evil deeds.

(338) Both the inhabitants of Paradise and those of Hell.

(339) i.e., great numbers or gathering of wealth.

(340) The humble believers who are now in Paradise. Another interpretation regards them as the people on the elevated partition.

- 53) Do they await except its result?⁽³⁴¹⁾ The Day its result comes those who had ignored it before will say, "The messengers of our Lord had come with the truth, so are there [now] any intercessors to intercede for us or could we be sent back to do other than what we used to do?" They will have lost themselves, and lost from them is what they used to invent.
- 54) Indeed, your Lord is Allah, who is created the heavens and earth in six days and then established Himself above the Throne.⁽³⁴²⁾ He covers the night with the day, [another night] chasing it rapidly; and [He created] the sun, the moon, and the stars, subjected by His command. Unquestionably, His is the creation and the command; blessed is Allah, Lord of the worlds.
- 55) Call upon your Lord in humility and privately; indeed, He does not like transgressors.⁽³⁴³⁾
- 56) And cause not corruption upon the earth after its reformation. And invoke Him in fear and aspiration. Indeed, the mercy of Allah is near to the doers of good.
- 57) And it is He who sends the winds as good tidings before His mercy [i.e. rainfall] until, when they have carried heavy rain clouds, We drive them to a dead land and We send down rain therein and bring forth thereby [some] of all the fruits. Thus will We bring the dead; perhaps you may be reminded.
- 58) And the good land - its vegetation emerges by permission of its Lord; but that which is bad - nothing emerges except sparsely, with difficulty. Thus do We diversify the signs for a people who are grateful.
- 59) We had certainly sent Noah to his people, and he said, "O my people," worship Allah; you have no deity other than Him. Indeed, I fear for you the punishment of a tremendous Day.

(341) The fulfillment of what is promised in the Qur'an.

(342) See footnote to 2:19.

(343) In supplication or otherwise.

- 60) Said the eminent among his people, "Indeed, we see you in clear error."
- 61) [Noah] said, "O My people, there is not error in me, but I am a messenger from the Lord of the worlds.
- 62) I convey to you the messages of my Lord and advise you; and I know from Allah what you do not know.
- 63) Then do you wonder that there has come to you a reminder from your Lord through a man from among you, that he may warn you and that you may fear Allah so you might receive mercy?"
- 64) But they denied him, so We saved him and those who were with him in the ship. And We drowned those who denied Our signs. Indeed, they were a blind people.⁽³⁴⁴⁾
- 65) And to the 'Aad [We sent] their brother Hud. He said, "O my people, worship Allah, you have no deity other than Him. Then will you not fear Him?"
- 66) Said the eminent ones who disbelieved among his people, "Indeed, we see you in foolishness, and indeed, we think you are of the liars."
- 67) [Hud] said, "O my people, there is not foolishness in me, but I am a messenger from the Lord of the worlds.
- 68) I convey to you the messages of my Lord, and I am to you a trustworthy adviser.
- 69) Then do you wonder that there has come to you a reminder from your Lord through a man from among you, that he may warn you? And remember when He made you successors after the people of Noah and increased you in stature extensively. So remember the favors of Allah that you might succeed."
- 70) They said, "Have you come to us that we should worship Allah alone and leave what our fathers have worshipped? Then bring us what you promise us,⁽³⁴⁵⁾ if you should be of the truthful."

(344) For a more detailed account, see 11:25-48.

(345) i.e., Allah's punishment.

- 71) [Hud] said, "Already have defilement and anger fallen upon you from your Lord. Do you dispute with me concerning [mere] names you have named them,⁽³⁴⁶⁾ you and your fathers, for which Allah has not sent down any authority? Then wait; indeed, I am with you among those who wait."
- 72) So We saved him those with him by mercy from Us. And We eliminated those who denied Our signs, and they were not [at all] believers.
- 73) And to the Thamud [We sent] their brother Salih. He said, "O my people, worship Allah; you have no deity other than Him. There has come to you clear evidence from your Lord. This is the she-camel of Allah [sent] to you as a sign. So leave her to eat within Allah's land and do not touch her with harm, lest there seize you a painful punishment.
- 74) And remember when He made you successors after the 'Aad and settled you in the land, [and] you take for yourselves palaces from its plains and carve from the mountains, homes. Then remember the favors of Allah and do not commit abuse on the earth, spreading corruption."
- 75) Said the eminent ones who were arrogant among his people to those who were oppressed – to those who believed among them, "Do you [actually] know that Salih is sent from his Lord?" They said, "Indeed we, in that with which he was sent, are believers."
- 76) Said those who were arrogant, "Indeed we, in that which you have believed, are disbelievers."
- 77) So they hamstrung the she-camel and were insolent toward the command of their Lord and said, "O Salih, bring us what you promise us, if you should be of the messengers."
- 78) So the earthquake seized them, and they became within their home [corpses] fallen prone.

(346) The false objects of worship which you have called "gods."

- 79) And he [i.e., Salih] turned away from them and said, "O my people, I had certainly conveyed to you the message of my Lord and advised you, but you do not like advisors."
- 80) And [We had sent] Lot when he said to his people, "Do you commit such immorality as no one has preceded you with from among the worlds [i.e., peoples]?"
- 81) Indeed, you approach men with desire, instead of women. Rather, you are a transgressing people."
- 82) But the answer of his people was only that they said, "Evict them from your city! Indeed, they are men who keep themselves pure."
- 83) So We saved him and his family, except for his wife; she was of those who remained [with the evildoers].
- 84) And We rained upon them a rain [of stones]. Then see how was the end of the criminals.
- 85) And to [the people of] Madyan [We sent] their brother Shu'ayb. He said, "O my people, worship Allah; you have no deity other than Him. There has come to you clear evidence from your Lord. So fulfill the measure and weight and do not deprive people of their due and cause not corruption upon the earth after its reformation. That is better for you, if you should be believers.
- 86) And do not sit on every path, threatening and averting from the way of Allah those who believe in Him, seeking to make it [seem] crooked. And remember when you were few and He increased you. And see how was the end of the corrupters.
- 87) And if there should be a group among you who has believed in that with which I have been sent and a group that has not believed, then be patient until Allah judges between us. And He is the best of judges."

- 88) Said the eminent ones who were arrogant among his people, "We will surely evict you, O Shu'ayb, and those who have believed with you from our city, or you must return to our religion." He said, "Even if we were unwilling?"
- 89) We would have invented against Allah a lie if we returned to your religion after Allah had saved us from it. And it is not for us to return to it except that Allah, our Lord, should will. Our Lord has encompassed all things in knowledge. Upon Allah we have relied. Our Lord, decide between us and our people in truth, and You are the best of those who give decision."
- 90) Said the eminent ones who disbelieved among his people, "If you should follow Shu'ayb, indeed, you would then be losers."
- 91) So the earthquake seized them, and they became within their home [corpses] fallen prone.
- 92) Those who denied Shu'ayb – it was as though they had never resided there. Those who denied Shu'ayb – it was they who were the losers.
- 93) And he [i.e., Shu'ayb] turned away from them and said, "O my people, I had certainly conveyed to you the messages of my Lord and advised you, so how could I grieve for a disbelieving people?"
- 94) And We sent to no city a prophet [who was denied] except that We seized its people with poverty and hardship that they might humble themselves [to Allah].
- 95) Then We exchanged in place of the bad [condition], good, until they increased [and prospered] and said, "Our fathers [also] were touched with hardship and ease."⁽³⁴⁷⁾ So We seized them suddenly while they did not perceive.⁽³⁴⁸⁾
- 96) And if only the people of the cities had believed and feared Allah, We would have opened [i.e., bestowed] upon them

(347) Instead of being grateful to Allah for His blessings, they merely attributed them to the changing fortunes of time.

(348) That they had been tried and tested.

- blessings from the heaven and the earth; but they denied [the messengers], so We seized them for what they were earning."⁽³⁴⁹⁾
- 97) Then did the people of the cities feel secure from Our punishment coming to them at night while they were asleep?
- 98) Or did the people of the cities feel secure from Our punishment coming to them in the morning while they were at play?⁽³⁵⁰⁾
- 99) Then did they feel secure from the plan of Allah? But no one feels secure from the plan of Allah except the losing people.
- 100) Has it not become clear to those who inherited the earth after its [previous] people that if We willed, We could afflict them for their sins? But We seal over their hearts so they do not hear.⁽³⁵¹⁾
- 101) Those cities – We relate to you, [O Muhammad], some of their news. And certainly did their messengers come to them with clear proofs, but they were not to believe in that which they had denied before.⁽³⁵²⁾ Thus does Allah seal over the hearts of the disbelievers.
- 102) And We did not find for most of them any covenant;⁽³⁵³⁾ but indeed, We found most of them defiantly disobedient.
- 103) Then We sent after them Moses with Our signs to Pharaoh and his establishment, but they were unjust toward them.⁽³⁵⁴⁾ So see how was the end of the corrupters.
- 104) And Moses said, "O Pharaoh, I am a messenger from the Lord of the worlds
- 105) [Who is] obligated not to say about Allah except the truth. I have come to you with clear evidence from your Lord, so send with me the Children of Israel."⁽³⁵⁵⁾

(349) Of blame for their sin.

(350) i.e., occupied with such activities that have no benefit.

(351) They do not benefit from what they hear.

(352) i.e., they persistently denied every warning given them.

(353) i.e., they were found to be unfaithful and negligent of Allah's covenant.

(354) i.e., they rejected and opposed the signs.

(355) i.e., free them from oppression and allow them to emigrate.

- 106) [Pharaoh] said, "If you have come with a sign, then bring it forth, if you should be of the truthful."
- 107) So he [i.e., Moses] threw his staff, and suddenly it was a serpent, manifest.⁽³⁵⁶⁾
- 108) And drew out his hand; thereupon it was white [with radiance] for the observers.
- 109) Said the eminent among the people of Pharaoh, "Indeed, this is a learned magician
- 110) Who wants to expel you from your land [through magic], so what do you instruct?"
- 111) They said,⁽³⁵⁷⁾ "Postpone [the matter of] him and his brother and send among the cities gatherers
- 112) Who will bring you every learned, skilled magician."
- 113) And the magicians came to Pharaoh. They said, "Indeed for us is a reward if we are the predominant."
- 114) He said, "Yes, and, [moreover], you will be among those made near [to me]."
- 115) They said, "O Moses, either you throw [your staff], or we will be the ones to throw [first]."
- 116) He said, "Throw," and when they threw, they bewitched the eyes of the people and struck terror into them, and they presented a great [feat of] magic.⁽³⁵⁸⁾
- 117) And We inspired to Moses, "Throw your staff," and at once it devoured what they were falsifying.
- 118) So the truth was established, and abolished was what they used to do.
- 119) And they [i.e., Pharaoh and his people] were overcome right there and became debased.
- 120) And the magicians fell down in prostration [to Allah].
- 121) They said, "We have believed in the Lord of the worlds,

(356) i.e., genuine and not imagined, as a miracle from Allah.

(357) After mutual consultation and agreement.

(358) Their staffs and ropes appeared as writhing snakes.

- 122) The Lord of Moses and Aaron."
- 123) Said Pharaoh, "You believed in him⁽³⁵⁹⁾ before I gave you permission. Indeed, this is a conspiracy which you conspired in the city to expel therefrom its people. But you are going to know.
- 124) I will surely cut off your hands and your feet on opposite sides; then I will surely crucify you all."
- 125) They said, "Indeed, to our Lord we will return.
- 126) And you do not resent us except because we believed in the signs of our Lord when they came to us. Our Lord, pour upon us patience⁽³⁶⁰⁾ and let us die as Muslims [in submission to You]."
- 127) And the eminent among the people of Pharaoh said," Will you leave Moses and his people to cause corruption in the land and abandon you and your gods?" [Pharaoh] said, "We will kill their sons and keep their women alive; and indeed, we are subjugators over them."
- 128) Said Moses to his people, "Seek help through Allah and be patient. Indeed, the earth belongs to Allah. He causes to inherit it whom He will of His servants. And the [best] outcome is for the righteous."
- 129) They said, "We have been harmed before you came to us and after you have come to us." He said, "Perhaps your Lord will destroy your enemy and grant you succession in the land and see how you will do."
- 130) And We certainly seized⁽³⁶¹⁾ the people of Pharaoh with years of famine and a deficiency in fruits that perhaps they would be reminded.
- 131) But when good [i.e., provision] came to them, they said, "This is ours [by right]." And if a bad [condition] struck them, they

(359) i.e., in Moses, avoiding the mention of Allah.

(360) To endure the torture to which we will be subjected.

(361) Imposed on them by way of trial and warning.

saw an evil omen in Moses and those with him. Unquestionably, their fortune is with Allah, but most of them do not know.

- 132) And they said, "No matter what sign you bring us with which to bewitch us, we will not be believers in you."
- 133) So We sent upon them the flood and locusts and lice and frogs and blood as distinct signs, but they were arrogant and were a criminal people.
- 134) And when the punishment descended upon them, they said, "O Moses, invoke for us your Lord by what He has promised you. If you [can] remove the punishment from us, we will surely believe you, and we will send with you the Children of Israel."
- 135) But when We removed the punishment from them until a term which they were to reach,⁽³⁶²⁾ then at once they broke their word.
- 136) So We took retribution from them, and We drowned them in the sea because they denied Our signs and were heedless of them.
- 137) And We caused the people who had been oppressed to inherit the eastern regions of the land and the western ones, which We had blessed. And the good word [i.e., decree] of your Lord was fulfilled for the Children of Israel because of what they had patiently endured. And We destroyed [all] that Pharaoh and his people were producing and what they had been building.
- 138) And We took the Children of Israel across the sea; then they came upon a people intent in devotion to [some] idols of theirs. They [the Children of Israel] said, "O Moses, make for us a god just as they have gods." He said, "Indeed, you are a people behaving ignorantly.
- 139) Indeed, those [worshippers] – destroyed is that in which they are [engaged], and worthless is whatever they were doing."
- 140) He said, "Is it other than Allah I should desire for you as a god⁽³⁶³⁾ while He has preferred you over the worlds?"

(362) i.e., a specified term which would end with their reversion to disobedience and disbelief.

(363) An object of worship.

- 141) And [recall, O Children of Israel], when We saved you from the people of Pharaoh, [who were] afflicting you with the worst torment – killing your sons and keeping your women alive. And in that was a great trial from your Lord.
- 142) And We made an appointment with Moses for thirty nights and perfected them by [the addition of] ten; so the term of his Lord was completed for forty nights. And Moses said to his brother Aaron, "Take my place among my people, do right [by them],⁽³⁶⁴⁾ and do not follow the way of the corrupters."
- 143) And when Moses arrived at Our appointed time and his Lord spoke to him, he said, "My Lord, show me [Yourself] that I may look at You." [Allah] said, "You will not see Me,⁽³⁶⁵⁾ but look at the mountain; if it should remain in place, then you will see Me." But when his Lord appeared to the mountain, He rendered it level,⁽³⁶⁶⁾ and Moses fell unconscious. And when he awoke, he said, "Exalted are You! I have repented to You, and I am the first of the believers."
- 144) [Allah] said, "O Moses, I have chosen you over the people with My messages and My words [to you]. So take what I have given you and be among the grateful."
- 145) And We wrote for him on the tablets [something] of all things – instruction and explanation for all things, [saying], "Take them with determination and order your people to take the best of it. I will show you the home of the defiantly disobedient."⁽³⁶⁷⁾
- 146) I will turn away from My signs those who are arrogant upon the earth without right; and if they should see every sign, they will not believe in it. And if they see the way of consciousness,⁽³⁶⁸⁾ they will not adopt it as a way; but if they see

(364) i.e., keep their affairs in order.

(365) During the life of this world.

(366) It crumbled to dust.

(367) This is a severe warning from Allah against rebellion.

(368) i.e., reason and integrity.

the way of error, they will adopt it as a way. That is because they have denied Our signs and they were heedless of them.

- 147) Those who denied Our signs and the meeting of the Hereafter – their deeds have become worthless. Are they recompensed except for what they used to do?
- 148) And the people of Moses made, after [his departure], from their ornaments a calf – an image having a lowing sound. Did they not see that it could neither speak to them nor guide them to a way? They took it [for worship], and they were wrongdoers.
- 149) And when regret overcame them⁽³⁶⁹⁾ and they saw that they had gone astray, they said, "If our Lord does not have mercy upon us and forgive us, we will surely be among the losers."
- 150) And when Moses returned to his people, angry and grieved, he said, "How wretched is that by which you have replaced me after [my departure]. Were you impatient over the matter of your Lord?" And he threw down the tablets and seized his brother by [the hair of] his head, pulling him toward him. [Aaron] said, "O son of my mother, indeed the people oppressed me and were about to kill me, so let not the enemies rejoice over me⁽³⁷⁰⁾ and do not place me among the wrongdoing people."
- 151) [Moses] said, "My Lord, forgive me and my brother and admit us into Your mercy, for You are the most merciful of the merciful."
- 152) Indeed, those who took the calf [for worship] will obtain anger from their Lord and humiliation in the life of this world, and thus do We recompense the inventors [of falsehood].
- 153) But those who committed misdeeds and then repented after them and believed – indeed your Lord, thereafter, is Forgiving and Merciful.

(369) Literally, "When their hands had been descended upon," i.e., bitten by them out of severe regret

(370) i.e., over your humiliation of me.

- 154) And when the anger subsided in Moses, he took up the tablets; and in their inscription was guidance and mercy for those who are fearful of their Lord.
- 155) And Moses chose from his people seventy men for Our appointment.⁽³⁷¹⁾ And when the earthquake seized them,⁽³⁷²⁾ he said, "My Lord, if You had willed, You could have destroyed them before and me [as well]. Would You destroy us for what the foolish among us have done? This is not but Your trial by which You send astray whom You will and guide whom You will. You are our Protector, so forgive us and have mercy upon us; and You are the best of forgivers.
- 156) And decree for us in this worlds [that which is] good and [also] in the Hereafter; indeed, we have turned back to You." [Allah] said, "My punishment – I afflict with it whom I will, but My mercy encompasses all things." So I will decree it [especially] for those who fear Me and give zakah and those who believe in Our verses –
- 157) Those who follow the Messenger, the unlettered prophet, whom they find written [i.e., mentioned] in what they have of the Torah and the Gospel, who enjoins upon them what is right and forbids them what is wrong and makes lawful for them the good things and prohibits for them the evil and relieves them of their burden⁽³⁷³⁾ and the shackles which were upon them.⁽³⁷⁴⁾ So they who have believed in him, honored him, supported him and followed the light which was sent down with him – it is those who will be the successful.
- 158) Say, [O Muhammad], "O mankind, indeed I am the Messenger of Allah to you all, [from Him] to whom belongs the dominion

(371) Whereupon they were to apologize to Allah for having worshipped the calf.

(372) Upon reaching the appointed place, they said to Moses, "We will not believe until we see Allah outright." So the mountain convulsed, killing them.

(373) Difficulties in religious practice.

(374) i.e., extreme measures previously required for repentance and retribution, without recourse to compensation.

of the heavens and the earth. There is no deity except Him; He gives life and causes death." So believe in Allah and His Messenger, the unlettered prophet, who believes in Allah and His words, and follow him that you may be guided.

159) And among the people of Moses is a community⁽³⁷⁵⁾ which guides by truth and by it establishes justice.

160) And We divided them into twelve descendant tribes⁽³⁷⁶⁾ [as distinct] nations. And We inspired to Moses when his people implored him for water, "Strike with your staff the stone," and there gushed forth from it twelve springs. Every people [i.e., tribe] knew its watering place. And We shaded them with clouds and sent down upon them manna and quails, [saying], "Eat from the good things with which We have provided you." And they wronged Us not, but they were [only] wronging themselves.

161) And [mention, O Muhammad], when it was said to them, "Dwell in this city [i.e., Jerusalem] and eat from it wherever you will and say, 'Relieve us of our burdens [i.e., sins],' and enter the gate bowing humbly; We will [then] forgive you your sins. We will increase the doers of good [in goodness and reward]."

162) But those who wronged among them changed [the words] to a statement other than that which had been said to them. So We sent upon them a punishment from the sky for the wrong that they were doing.

163) And ask them about the town that was by the sea – when they transgressed in [the matter of] the sabbath – when their fish came to them openly on their sabbath day, and the day they had no sabbath they did not come to them. Thus did We give them trial because they were defiantly disobedient.

164) And when a community among them said, "Why do you advice [or warn] a people whom Allah is [about] to destroy or to

(375) Those of them who accepted and followed the final prophet, Muhammad (ﷺ).

(376) From the twelve sons of Jacob.

punish with a severe punishment?" they [the advisors] said, "To be absolved before your Lord and perhaps they may fear Him."

165) And when they [i.e., those advised] forgot that by which they had been reminded, We saved those who had forbidden evil and seized those who wronged, with a wretched punishment, because they were defiantly disobeying.

166) So when they were insolent about that which they had been forbidden, We said to them, "Be apes, despised."

167) And [mention] when your Lord declared that He would surely [continue to] send upon them until the Day of Resurrection those who would afflict them with the worst torment. Indeed, your Lord is swift in penalty; but indeed, He is Forgiving and Merciful.

168) And We divided them throughout the earth into nations. Of them some were righteous, and of them some were otherwise. And We tested them with good [times] and bad that perhaps they would return [to obedience].

169) And there followed them successors who inherited the Scripture [while] taking the commodities⁽³⁷⁷⁾ of this lower life and saying, "It will be forgiven for us." And if an offer like it⁽³⁷⁸⁾ comes to them, they will [again] take it. Was not the covenant of the Scripture [i.e., the Torah] taken from them that they would not say about Allah except the truth, and they studied what was in it? And the home of the Hereafter is better for those who fear Allah, so will you not use reason?

170) But those who hold fast to the Book [i.e., the Qur'an] and establish prayer – indeed, We will not allow to be lost the reward of the reformers.

171) And [mention] when We raised the mountain above them as if it was a dark cloud and they were certain that it would fall upon

(377) i.e., unlawful gains and pleasures.

(378) i.e., a similar temptation.

them,⁽³⁷⁹⁾ [and Allah said], "Take what We have given you with determination and remember what is in it that you might fear Allah."

- 172) And [mention] when your Lord took from the children of Adam – from their loins – their descendants and made them testify of themselves, [saying to them], "Am I not your Lord?" They said, "Yes, we have testified." [This] – lest you should say on the Day of Resurrection, "Indeed, we were of this unaware."
- 173) Or [lest] you say, "It was only that our fathers associated [others in worship] with Allah before, and we were but descendants after them. Then would You destroy us for what the falsifiers have done?"
- 174) And thus do We [explain in] detail the verses, and perhaps they will return.⁽³⁸⁰⁾
- 175) And recite to them, [O Muhammad], the news of him⁽³⁸¹⁾ to whom We gave [knowledge of] Our signs, but he detached himself from them; so Satan pursued him, and he became of the deviators.⁽³⁸²⁾
- 176) And if We had willed, We could have elevated him thereby,⁽³⁸³⁾ but he adhered [instead] to the earth⁽³⁸⁴⁾ and followed his own desire. So his example is like that of the dog: if you chase him, he pants, or if you leave him, he [still] pants. That is the example of the people who denied Our signs.⁽³⁸⁵⁾ So relate the stories that perhaps they will give thought.
- 177) How evil an example [is that of] the people who denied Our signs and used to wrong themselves.

(379) For their rebellion and disobedience.

(380) To the way of Allah, from their diversions and deviations.

(381) A man from the Children of Israel at the time of Moses.

(382) Those who fall into error to the point of destruction.

(383) i.e., through the revelations, signs or evidences of which he had been given knowledge.

(384) i.e., its worldly pleasures.

(385) Whether or not they have been exposed to Allah's signs or warnings, it is all the same: they will not believe.

- 178) Whoever Allah guides – he is the [rightly] guided; and whoever He sends astray⁽³⁸⁶⁾ – it is those who are the losers.
- 179) And We have certainly created for Hell many of the jinn and mankind. They have hearts with which they do not understand, they have eyes with which they do not see, and they have ears with which they do not hear. Those are like livestock; rather, they are more astray.⁽³⁸⁷⁾ It is they who are the heedless.
- 180) And to Allah belong the best names, so invoke Him by them. And leave [the company of] those who practice deviation concerning His names.⁽³⁸⁸⁾ They will be recompensed for what they have been doing.
- 181) And among those We created is a community⁽³⁸⁹⁾ which guides by truth and thereby establishes justice.
- 182) But those who deny Our signs – We will progressively lead them [to destruction]⁽³⁹⁰⁾ from where they do not know.
- 183) And I will give them time. Indeed, My plan is firm.
- 184) Then do they not give thought? There is in their companion [i.e., Muhammad (ﷺ)] no madness. He is not but a clear warner.
- 185) Do they not look into the realm of the heavens and the earth and everything that Allah has created and [think] that perhaps their appointed time has come near? So in what statement [i.e., message] hereafter will they believe?
- 186) Whoever Allah sends astray – there is no guide for him. And He leaves them in their transgression, wandering blindly.
- 187) They ask you, [O Muhammad], about the Hour; when is its arrival?⁽³⁹¹⁾ Say, "Its knowledge is only with my Lord. None

(386) As a result in persistence in evil and rejection of truth.

(387) The reference is to their inability (i.e., refusal) to think and reason, while blindly following (as they are accustomed).

(388) i.e., use them improperly or deny them.

(389) The followers of Prophet Muhammad (ﷺ).

(390) Allah will test them with one favor after another in spite of their disobedience, which only increases them in arrogance and sin.

(391) Literally, "resting" or "establishment."

will reveal its time except Him. It lays heavily⁽³⁹²⁾ upon the heavens and the earth. It will not come upon you except unexpectedly." They ask you as if you are familiar with it. Say, "Its knowledge is only with Allah, but most of the people do not know."

188) Say, "I hold not for myself [the power of] benefit or harm, except what Allah has willed. And if I knew the unseen, I could have acquired much wealth, and no harm would have touched me. I am not except a warner and a bringer of good tidings to a people who believe."

189) It is He who created you from one soul and created from it its mate that he⁽³⁹³⁾ might dwell in security with her. And when he [i.e., man] covers her,⁽³⁹⁴⁾ she carries a light burden [i.e., a pregnancy] and continues therein. And when it becomes heavy, they both invoke Allah, their Lord, "If You should give us a good⁽³⁹⁵⁾ [child], we will surely be among the grateful."

190) But when He gives them a good [child], they⁽³⁹⁶⁾ ascribe partners to Him concerning that which He has given them. Exalted is Allah above what they associate with Him.

191) Do they associate with Him those who create nothing and they are [themselves] created?

192) And they [i.e., the false deities] are unable to [give] them help, nor can they help themselves.

193) And if you [believers] invite them to guidance, they will not follow you. It is all the same for you whether you invite them or you are silent.

194) Indeed, those you [polytheists] call upon besides Allah are servants [i.e., creations] like you. So call upon them and let them respond to you, if you should be truthful.

(392) i.e., it is a source of concern, worry or fear.

(393) i.e., man or every descendent of Adam.

(394) An allusion to sexual intercourse.

(395) Physically sound or righteous.

(396) The ungrateful man and woman or the polytheistic man and woman.

- 195) Do they have feet by which they walk? Or do they have hands by which they strike? Or do they have eyes by which they see? Or do they have ears by which they hear? Say, [O Muhammad], "Call your 'partners' and then conspire against me and give me no respite.
- 196) Indeed, my protector is Allah, who has sent down the Book; and He is an ally to the righteous.
- 197) And those you call upon besides Him are unable to help you, nor can they help themselves."
- 198) And if you invite them to guidance, they do not hear; and you see them looking at you while they do not see.
- 199) Take what is given freely,⁽³⁹⁷⁾ enjoy what is good, and turn away from the ignorant.
- 200) And if an evil suggestion comes to you from Satan. Then seek refuge in Allah. Indeed, He is Hearing and Knowing.
- 201) Indeed, those who fear Allah – when an impulse touches them from Satan, they remember [Him] and at once they have insight.
- 202) But their brothers⁽³⁹⁸⁾ – they [i.e., the devils] increase them in error; then they do not stop short.
- 203) And when you, [O Muhammad], do not bring them a sign, [i.e., miracle], they say, "Why have you not contrived it?" Say, "I only follow what is revealed to me from my Lord. This [Qur'an] is enlightenment from your Lord and guidance and mercy for a people who believe."
- 204) So when the Qur'an is recited, then listen to it and pay attention that you may receive mercy.
- 205) And remember your Lord within yourself in humility and in fear without being apparent in speech – in the mornings and the evenings. And do not be among the heedless.

(397) From the disposition of men or from their wealth. In other words, be easy in dealing with them and avoid causing them difficulty.

(398) Those among mankind who listen to the devils and obey their orders.

<i>Surah 7</i>	<i>A l - A 'r a f</i>	<i>Part 9</i>
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206) Indeed, those who are near your Lord [i.e., the angels] are not prevented by arrogance from His worship, and they exalt Him, and to Him they prostrate.

Anfal-8⁽³⁹⁹⁾

In the name of Allah, the Entirely Merciful, the Especially Merciful

- 1) They ask you, [O Muhammad], about the bounties [of war]. Say, "The [decision concerning] bounties is for Allah and the Messenger." So fear Allah and amend that which is between you and obey Allah and His Messenger, if you should be believers.
- 2) The believers are only those who, when Allah is mentioned, their hearts become fearful, and when His verses are recited to them, it increases them in faith; and upon their Lord they rely –
- 3) The ones who establish prayer, and from what We have provided them, they spend.
- 4) Those are the believers, truly. For them are degrees [of high position] with their Lord and forgiveness and noble provision.
- 5) [It⁽⁴⁰⁰⁾ is] just as when your Lord brought you out of your home [for the battle of Badr] in truth, while indeed, a party among the believers were unwilling.
- 6) Arguing with you concerning the truth after it had become clear, as if they were being driven toward death while they were looking on.
- 7) [Remember, O believers], when Allah promised you one of the two groups⁽⁴⁰¹⁾ – that it would be yours – and you wished that the unarmed one would be yours. But Allah intended to establish the truth by His words and to eliminate the disbelievers
- 8) That He should establish the truth and abolish falsehood, even if the criminals disliked it.

(399) *Al-Anfal*: The Bounties, meaning those things acquired in addition to victory, i.e., the spoils of war.

(400) Referring to a dispute which occurred among the Muslims over the distribution of war booty.

(401) i.e., either the caravan of Quraysh or their army.

- 9) [Remember] when you asked help of your Lord, and He answered you, "Indeed, I will reinforce you with a thousand from the angels, following one another."
- 10) And Allah made it not but good tidings and so that your hearts would be assured thereby. And victory is not but from Allah. Indeed, Allah is Exalted in Might and Wise.
- 11) [Remember] when He overwhelmed you with drowsiness [giving] security from Him and sent down upon you from the sky, rain by which to purify you and remove from you the evil [suggestions] of Satan and to make steadfast your hearts and plan firmly thereby your feet.
- 12) [Remember] when your Lord inspired to the angels, "I am with you, so strengthen those who have believed. I will cast terror into the hearts of those who disbelieved, so strike [them] upon the necks and strike from them every fingertip."⁽⁴⁰²⁾
- 13) That is because they opposed Allah and His Messenger. And whoever opposes Allah and His Messenger – indeed, Allah is severe in penalty.
- 14) "That [is yours], so taste it." And indeed for the disbelievers is the punishment of the Fire.
- 15) O you who have believed, when you meet those who disbelieve advancing [for battle], do not turn to them your backs [in flight].
- 16) And whoever turns his back to them on such a day, unless swerving [as a strategy] for war or joining [another] company, has certainly returned with anger [upon him] from Allah, and his refuge is Hell – and wretched is the destination.
- 17) And you did not kill them, but it was Allah who killed them.⁽⁴⁰³⁾ And you threw not, [O Muhammad], when you threw, but it was

(402) By which they grasp and manipulate their weapons. Also interpreted as "all extremities," i.e., their hands and feet.

(403)i.e., Your strength was insufficient to overcome them, but Allah supported you and gave you victory.

Allah who threw⁽⁴⁰⁴⁾ that He might test the believers with a good test.⁽⁴⁰⁵⁾ Indeed, Allah is Hearing and Knowing.

- 18) That [is so], and [also] that Allah will weaken the plot of the disbelievers.
- 19) If you [disbelievers] seek the decision [i.e., victory]—the decision [i.e., defeat] has come to you. And if you desist [from hostilities], it is best for you; but if you return [to war], We will return, and never will you be availed by your [large] company at all, even if it should increase; and [that is] because Allah is with the believers.
- 20) O you who have believed, obey Allah and His Messenger and do not turn from him while you hear [his order].
- 21) And do not be like those who say, "We have heard," while they do not hear.
- 22) Indeed, the worst of living creatures in the sight of Allah are the deaf and dumb who do not use reason [i.e., the disbelievers].
- 23) Had Allah known any good in them, He would have made them hear. And if He had made them hear, they would [still] have turned away, while they were refusing.
- 24) O you who have believed, respond to Allah and to the Messenger when he calls you to that which gives you life. And know that Allah intervenes between a man and his heart and that to Him you will be gathered.
- 25) And fear a trial⁽⁴⁰⁶⁾ which will not strike those who have wronged among you exclusively, and know that Allah is severe in penalty.
- 26) And remember when you were few and oppressed in the land, fearing that people might abduct you, but He sheltered you,

(404) When the Prophet (ﷺ) threw a handful of dust into the faces of the disbelievers, Allah caused it to fill the eyes and nose of every soldier, preventing their advance.

(405) So that they would appreciate Allah's favor to them.

(406) i.e., an affliction or punishment during life upon this earth. When corruption spreads among a people, its consequences will affect everyone.

supported you with His victory, and provided you with good things – that you might be grateful.

- 27) O you who have believed, do not betray Allah and the Messenger or betray your trusts while you know [the consequence].
- 28) And know that your properties and your children are but a trial and that Allah has with Him a great reward.
- 29) O you who have believed, if you fear Allah, He will grant you a criterion⁽⁴⁰⁷⁾ and will remove from you your misdeeds and forgive you. And Allah is the possessor of great bounty.
- 30) And [remember, O Muhammad], when those who disbelieved plotted against you to restrain you or kill you or evict you [from Makkah]. But they plan, and Allah plans. And Allah is the best of planners.
- 31) And when Our verses are recited to them, they say, "We have heard. If we willed, we could say [something] like this. This is not but legends of the former peoples.
- 32) And [remember] when they said, "O Allah, if this should be the truth from You, then rain down upon us stones from the sky or bring us a painful punishment."
- 33) But Allah would not punish them while you, [O Muhammad], are among them, and Allah would not punish them while they seek forgiveness.
- 34) But why should Allah not punish them while they obstruct [people] from al-Masjid al-Haram and they were not [fit to be] its guardians? Its [true] guardians are not but the righteous, but most of them do not know.
- 35) And their prayer at the House [i.e., the Ka'bah] was not except whistling and handclapping. So taste the punishment for what you disbelieved [i.e., practice of deviations].

(407) By which to judge between truth and falsehood. Also interpreted as a "way out" of difficulties.

- 36) Indeed, those who disbelieve spend their wealth to avert [people] from the way of Allah. So they will spend it; then it will be for them a [source of] regret; then they will be overcome. And those who have disbelieved – unto Hell they will be gathered.
- 37) [This is] so that Allah may distinguish the wicked from the good and place the wicked some of them upon others and heap them all together and put them into Hell. It is those who are the losers.
- 38) Say to those who have disbelieved [that] if they cease, what has previously occurred will be forgiven for them. But if they return [to hostility] – then the precedent of the former [rebellious] peoples has already taken place.⁽⁴⁰⁸⁾
- 39) And fight them until there is no fitnah⁽⁴⁰⁹⁾ and [until] the religion [i.e., worship], all of it, is for Allah.⁽⁴¹⁰⁾ And if they cease – then indeed, Allah is Seeing of what they do.
- 40) But if they turn away – then know that Allah is your protector. Excellent is the protector, and Excellent is the helper.
- 41) And know that anything you obtain of war booty – then indeed, for Allah is on fifth of it and for the Messenger⁽⁴¹¹⁾ and for [his] near relatives⁽⁴¹²⁾ and the orphans, the needy, and the [stranded] traveler,⁽⁴¹³⁾ if you have believed in Allah and in that which We sent down to Our Servant⁽⁴¹⁴⁾ on the day of criterion [i.e., decisive encounter] – the day when the two armies met [at Badr]. And Allah, over all things, is competent.
- 42) [Remember] when you were on the near side of the valley, and they were on the farther side, and the caravan was lower [in position] than you. If you had made an appointment [to meet],

(408) This is a warning that punishment is always the result of rebellion against Allah and His messengers.

(409) Persecution. See footnote to 2:193.

(410) i.e., until polytheism is no longer dominant.

(411) To be spent in Allah's cause.

(412) The tribes of Banu Hashim and Banu Muttalib, who were not eligible for *zakah*.

(413) The remaining four fifths are divided among the soldiers.

(414) Prophet Muhammad(ﷺ).

you would have missed the appointment. But [it was] so that Allah might accomplish a matter already destined – to destroy those who were destroyed upon clear evidence and give life to those who lived upon clear evidence. And indeed, Allah is Hearing and Knowing.

- 43) [Remember, O Muhammad], when Allah showed them to you in your dream as few; and if He had shown them to you as many, you [believers] would have lost courage and would have disputed in the matter [of whether to fight], but Allah saved [you from that]. Indeed, He is Knowing of that within the breasts.
- 44) And [remember] when He showed them to you, when you met, as few in your eyes, and He made you [appear] as few in their eyes so that Allah might accomplish a matter already destined. And to Allah are [all] matters returned.
- 45) O you who have believed, when you encounter a company [from the enemy forces], stand firm and remember Allah much that you may be successful.
- 46) And obey Allah and His Messenger, and do not dispute and [thus] lose courage and [then] your strength would depart; and be patient. Indeed, Allah is with the patient.
- 47) And do not be like those who came forth from their homes insolently and to be seen by people and avert [them] from the way of Allah. And Allah encompasses⁽⁴¹⁵⁾ that which they do.
- 48) And [remember] when Satan made their deeds pleasing to them and said, "No one can overcome you today from among the people, and indeed, I am your protector." But when the two armies sighted each other, he turned on his heels and said, Indeed, I am disassociated from you. Indeed, I see what you do not see; indeed I fear Allah. And Allah is severe in penalty."
- 49) [Remember] when the hypocrites and those in whose hearts was disease [i.e., arrogance and disbelief] said, "Their religion has

(415) See footnote to 2:19.

deluded those [Muslims]." But whoever relies upon Allah – then indeed Allah is Exalted in Might and Wise.

- 50) And if you could not see when the angels take the souls of those who disbelieved...⁽⁴¹⁶⁾ They are striking their faces and their backs and [saying], "Taste the punishment of the Burning Fire.
- 51) That is for what your hands have put forth [of evil] and because Allah is not ever unjust to His servants."
- 52) [Theirs is] like the custom of the people of Pharaoh and of those before them. They disbelieved in the signs of Allah, so Allah seized them for their sins. Indeed, Allah is Powerful and severe in penalty.
- 53) That is because Allah would not change a favor which He had bestowed upon a people until they change what is within themselves. And indeed, Allah is Hearing and Knowing.
- 54) [Theirs is] like the custom of the people of Pharaoh and of those before them. They denied the signs of their Lord, so We destroyed them for their sins, and We drowned the people of Pharaoh. And all [of them] were wrongdoers.
- 55) Indeed, the worst of living creatures in the sight of Allah are those who have disbelieved, and they will not [ever] believe --
- 56) The ones with whom you made a treaty but then they break their pledge every time, and they do not fear Allah.
- 57) So if you, [O Muhammad], gain dominance over them in war, disperse by [means of] them those behind them that perhaps they will be reminded.⁽⁴¹⁷⁾
- 58) If you [have reason to] fear from a people betrayal, throw [their treaty] back to them, [putting you] on equal terms.⁽⁴¹⁸⁾ Indeed, Allah does not like traitors.

(416) This sentence is left incomplete for additional effect. Its conclusion is left to the imagination of the reader or listener and estimated as "...you would see a dreadful sight."

(417) i.e., kill them and make an example of them to discourage those who follow them.

(418) When you see signs of treachery from those with whom you have made a treaty, announce to them its dissolution so they will know exactly where they stand.

- 59) And let not those who disbelieve think that they will escape. Indeed, they will not cause failure [to Allah].
- 60) And prepare against them whatever you are able of power and of steeds of war⁽⁴¹⁹⁾ by which you may terrify the enemy of Allah and your enemy and others besides them whom you do not know [but] whom Allah knows. And whatever you spend in the cause of Allah will be fully repaid to you, and you will not be wronged.
- 61) And if they incline to peace, then incline to it [also] and rely upon Allah. Indeed, it is He who is the Hearing, the Knowing.
- 62) But if they intend to deceive you – then sufficient for you is Allah. It is He who supported you with His help and with the believers
- 63) And brought together their hearts. If you had spent all that is in the earth, you could not have brought their hearts together; but Allah brought them together. Indeed, He is Exalted in Might and Wise.
- 64) O Prophet, sufficient for you is Allah and for whoever follows you of the believers.
- 65) O Prophet, urge the believers to battle. If there are among you twenty [who are] steadfast, they will overcome two hundred. And if there are among you one hundred [who are] steadfast, they will overcome a thousand of those who have disbelieved because they are a people who do not understand.
- 66) Now, Allah has lightened [the hardship] for you, and He knows that among you is weakness. So if there are from you one hundred [who are] steadfast, they will overcome two hundred. And if there are among you a thousand, they will overcome two thousand by permission of Allah. And Allah is with the steadfast.
- 67) It is not for a prophet to have captives [of war] until he inflicts a massacre [upon Allah's enemies] in the land. You [i.e., some

(419) Or equipment which serves the same purpose.

Muslims] desire the commodities of this world,⁽⁴²⁰⁾ but Allah desires [for you] the Hereafter. And Allah is Exalted in Might and Wise.

- 68) If not for a decree from Allah that preceded,⁽⁴²¹⁾ you would have been touched for what you took by a great punishment.
- 69) So consume what you have taken of war booty [as being] lawful and good, and fear Allah. Indeed, Allah is Forgiving and Merciful.
- 70) O Prophet, say to whoever is in your hands of the captives, "If Allah knows [any] good in your hearts, He will give you [something] better than what was taken from you, and He will forgive you; and Allah is Forgiving and Merciful."
- 71) But if they intend to betray you – then they have already betrayed Allah before, and He empowered [you] over them. And Allah is Knowing and Wise.
- 72) Indeed, those who have believed and emigrated and fought with their wealth and lives in the cause of Allah and those who gave shelter and aided – they are allies of one another. But those who believed and did not emigrate – for you there is no guardianship of them until they emigrate. And if they seek help of you for the religion, then you must help, except against a people between yourselves and whom is a treaty. And Allah is Seeing of what you do.
- 73) And those who disbelieved are allies of one another. If you do not do so [i.e., ally yourselves with other believers], there will be fitnah [i.e., disbelief and oppression] on earth and great corruption.
- 74) But those who have believed and emigrated and fought in the cause of Allah and those who gave shelter and aided – it is they

(420) i.e., material benefit, such as the ransom paid for prisoners.

(421) Three interpretations of the "decree" are given: that by which the companions of Badr were forgiven, that by which indeliberate errors in judgment by believers are not punished, and that which made lawful the spoils of war.

who are the believers, truly. For them is forgiveness and noble provision.

- 75) And those who believed after [the initial emigration] and migrated and fought with you – they are of you. But those of [blood] relationship are more entitled [to inheritance] in the decree of Allah.⁽⁴²²⁾ Indeed, Allah is Knowing of all things.

(422) This applies to Muslim relatives only. Others may be given by bequest. See 4:11.

Tawbah-9⁽⁴²³⁾

- 1) [This is a declaration of] disassociation, from Allah and His Messenger, to those with whom you had made a treaty among the polytheists.⁽⁴²⁴⁾
- 2) So travel freely, [O disbelievers], throughout the land [during] four months but know that you cannot cause failure to Allah and that Allah will disgrace the disbelievers.
- 3) And [it is] and announcement from Allah and His Messenger to the people on the day of the greater pilgrimage⁽⁴²⁵⁾ that Allah is disassociated from the disbelievers, and [so is] His Messenger. So if you repent, that is best for you; but if you turn away – then know that you will not cause failure to Allah.⁽⁴²⁶⁾ And give tidings to those who disbelieve of a painful punishment.
- 4) Expected are those with whom you made a treaty among the polytheists and then they have not been deficient toward you in anything or supported anyone against you; so complete for them their treaty until their term [has ended]. Indeed, Allah loves the righteous [who fear Him].
- 5) And when the sacred months⁽⁴²⁷⁾ have passed, then kill the polytheists wherever you find them and capture them and besiege them and sit in wait for them at every place of ambush. But if they should repent, establish prayer, and give zakah, let them [go] on their way. Indeed, Allah is Forgiving and Merciful.
- 6) And if any one of the polytheists seeks your protection, then grant him protection so that he may hear the words of Allah [i.e.,

(423) *At-Tawbah*: Repentance. This *surah* is also known as *Bara'ah*, meaning disassociation, freedom, release or immunity. The words *Bismillahir-Rahmanir-Raheem* were not revealed at the beginning of this *surah*.

(424) But who had violated it.

(425) *Haji*. 'Umrah is the lesser pilgrimage.

(426) i.e., you cannot escape His punishment.

(427) The four months mentioned in verse 2, i.e., Muharram, Rajab, Dhul-Qa'dah and Dhul-Hijjah.

the Qur'an]. Then deliver him to his place of safety. That is because they are a people who do not know.

- 7) How can there be for the polytheists a treaty in the sight of Allah and with His Messenger, except for those with whom you made a treaty at al-Masjid al-Haram? So as long as they are upright toward you,⁽⁴²⁸⁾ be upright toward them. Indeed, Allah loves the righteous [who fear Him].
- 8) How [can there be a treaty] while, if they gain dominance over you, they do not observe concerning you any pact of kinship or covenant of protection? They satisfy you with their mouths, but their hearts refuse [compliance], and most of them are defiantly disobedient.
- 9) They have exchanged the signs of Allah for a small price and averted [people] from His way. Indeed, it was evil that they were doing.
- 10) They do not observe toward a believer any pact of kinship or covenant of protection. And it is they who are the transgressors.
- 11) But if they repent, establish prayer, and give zakah, then they are your brothers in religion; and We detail the verses for a people who know.
- 12) And if they break their oaths after their treaty and defame your religion, then fight the leaders of disbelief, for indeed, there are no oaths [sacred] to them; [fight them that] they might cease.
- 13) Would you not fight a people who broke their oaths and determined to expel the Messenger, and they had begun [the attack upon] you the first time? Do you fear them? But Allah has more right that you should fear Him, if you are [truly] believers.
- 14) Fight them; Allah will punish them by your hands and will disgrace them and give you victory over them and satisfy the breasts [i.e., desires] of a believing people

(428) i.e., maintain the terms of the treaty.

- 15) And remove the fury in their [i.e., the believers'] hearts. And Allah turns in forgiveness to whom He wills; and Allah is Knowing and Wise.
- 16) Do you think that you will be left [as you are] while Allah has not yet made evident those among you who strive [for His cause] and do not take other than Allah, His Messenger and the believers as intimates? And Allah is Acquainted with what you do.
- 17) It is not for the polytheists to maintain the mosques of Allah [while] witnessing against themselves with disbelief. [For] those, their deeds have become worthless, and in the Fire they will abide eternally.
- 18) The mosques of Allah are only to be maintained by those who believe in Allah and the Last Day and establish prayer and give zakah and do not fear except Allah, for it is expected that those will be of the [rightly] guided.
- 19) Have you made the providing of water for the pilgrim and the maintenance of al-Masjid al-Haram equal to [the deeds of] one who believes in Allah and the Last Day and strives in the cause of Allah? They are not equal in the sight of Allah. And Allah does not guide the wrongdoing people.
- 20) The ones who have believed, emigrated and striven in the cause of Allah with their wealth and their lives are greater in rank in the sight of Allah. And it is those who are the attainers [of success].
- 21) Their Lord gives them good tidings of mercy from Him and approval and of gardens for them wherein is enduring pleasure.
- 22) [They will be] abiding therein forever. Indeed, Allah has with Him a great reward.
- 23) O you who have believed, do not take your fathers or your brothers as allies if they have preferred disbelief over belief. And whoever does so among you – then it is those who are the wrongdoers.

- 24) Say, [O Muhammad], "If your fathers, your sons, your brothers, your wives, your relatives, wealth which you have obtained, commerce wherein you fear decline, and dwellings with which you are pleased are more beloved to you than Allah and His Messenger and jihad [i.e., striving] in His cause, then wait until Allah executes His command. And Allah does not guide the defiantly disobedient people."
- 25) Allah has already given you victory in many regions and [even] on the day of Hunayn, when your great number pleased you, but it did not avail you at all, and the earth was confining for you with [i.e., in spite of] its vastness; then you turned back, fleeing.
- 26) Then Allah sent down His tranquility upon His Messenger and upon the believers and sent down soldiers [i.e., angels] whom you did not see and punished those who disbelieved. And that is the recompense of the disbelievers.
- 27) Then Allah will accept repentance after that for whom He wills; and Allah is Forgiving and Merciful.
- 28) O you who have believed, indeed the polytheists are unclean, so let them not approach al-Masjid al-Haram after this, their [final] year. And if you fear privation, Allah will enrich you from His bounty if He wills. Indeed, Allah is Knowing and Wise.
- 29) Fight those who do not believe in Allah or in the Last Day and who do not consider unlawful what Allah and His Messenger have made unlawful and who do not adopt the religion of truth [i.e., Islam] from those who were given the Scripture – [fight] until they give the jizyah⁽⁴²⁹⁾ willingly while they are humbled.
- 30) The Jews say, "Ezra is the son of Allah"; and the Christians say, "The Messiah is the son of Allah." That is their statement from their mouths; they imitate the saying of those who disbelieved [before them]. May Allah destroy them; how are they deluded?

(429) A tax required of non-Muslims exempting them from military service and entitling them to the protection of the Muslim estate. Concurrently, *zakah* is not taken from them, being an obligation only upon Muslims.

- 31) They have taken their scholars and monks as lords besides Allah,⁽⁴³⁰⁾ and [also] the Messiah, the son of Mary.⁽⁴³¹⁾ And they were not commanded except to worship one God; there is no deity except Him. Exalted is He above whatever they associate with Him.
- 32) They want to extinguish the light of Allah with their mouths, but Allah refuses except to perfect His light, although the disbelievers dislike it.
- 33) It is He who has sent His Messenger with guidance and the religion of truth to manifest it over all religion, although they who associate others with Allah dislike it.
- 34) O you who have believed, indeed many of the scholars and the monks devour the wealth of people unjustly⁽⁴³²⁾ and avert [them] from the way of Allah. And those who hoard gold and silver and spend it not in the way of Allah – give them tidings of a painful punishment.
- 35) The Day when it⁽⁴³³⁾ will be heated in the fire of Hell and seared therewith will be their foreheads, their flanks, and their backs, [it will be said], "This is what you hoarded for yourselves, so taste what you used to hoard."
- 36) Indeed, the number of months with Allah is twelve [lunar] months in the register of Allah [from] the day He created the heavens and the earth; of these, four are sacred.⁽⁴³⁴⁾ That is the correct religion [i.e., way], so do not wrong yourselves during them.⁽⁴³⁵⁾ And fight against the disbelievers collectively as they fight against you collectively. And know that Allah is with the righteous [who fear Him].

(430) By their obedience to them rather than to what Allah ordained.

(431) By their worship of him in conjunction with Allah.

(432) i.e., through false pretense.

(433) The gold and silver which was hoarded, i.e., whose *zakah* was not paid.

(434) See footnote to 9:5

(435) i.e., do not violate the sacred months or commit aggression therein.

- 37) Indeed, the postponing [of restriction within sacred months] is an increase in disbelief by which those who have disbelieved are led [further] astray. They make it⁽⁴³⁶⁾ lawful one year and unlawful another year to correspond to the number made unlawful by Allah⁽⁴³⁷⁾ and [thus] make lawful what Allah has made unlawful. Made pleasing to them is the evil of their deeds; and Allah does not guide the disbelieving people.
- 38) O you who have believed, what is [the matter] with you that, when you are told to go forth in the cause of Allah, you adhere heavily to the earth?⁽⁴³⁸⁾ Are you satisfied with the life of this world rather than the Hereafter? But what is the enjoyment of worldly life compared to the Hereafter except a [very] little.
- 39) If you do not go forth, He will punish you with a painful punishment and will replace you with another people, and you will not harm Him at all. And Allah is over all things competent.
- 40) If you do not aid him [i.e., the Prophet (ﷺ)] – Allah has already aided him when those who disbelieved had driven him out [of Makkah] as one of two,⁽⁴³⁹⁾ when they were in the cave and he [i.e., Muhammad (ﷺ)] said to his companion, "Do not grieve; indeed Allah is with us,." And Allah sent down His tranquility upon him and supported him with soldiers [i.e., angels] you did not see and made the word⁽⁴⁴⁰⁾ of those who disbelieved the lowest,⁽⁴⁴¹⁾ while the word of Allah⁽⁴⁴²⁾ – that is the highest. And Allah is Exalted in Might and Wise.

(436) Fighting during a sacred month.

(437) If they found it advantageous to violate a sacred month, they would do so, designating another month in its place in which to observe the restrictions concerning fighting.

(438) i.e., inclining toward the comforts of worldly life.

(439) The second was his companion, Abu Bakr.

(440) i.e., their claims and slogans.

(441) i.e., degraded and dishonored.

(442) "La ilaha ill-Allah (There is no deity except Allah)".

- 41) Go forth, whether light or heavy,⁽⁴⁴³⁾ and strive with your wealth and your lives in the cause of Allah. That is better for you, if you only knew.
- 42) Had it been a near [i.e., easy] gain and a moderate trip, they [i.e., the hypocrites] would have followed you, but distant to them was the journey. And they will swear by Allah,⁽⁴⁴⁴⁾ "If we were able, we would have gone forth with you," destroying themselves [through false oaths], and Allah knows that indeed they are liars.
- 43) May Allah pardon you, [O Muhammad]; why did you give them permission [to remain behind]? [You should not have] until it was evident to you who were truthful and you knew [who were] the liars.
- 44) Those who believe in Allah and the Last Day would not ask permission of you to be excused from striving [i.e., fighting] with their wealth and their lives. And Allah is Knowing of those who fear Him.
- 45) Only those would ask permission of you who do not believe in Allah and the Last Day and whose hearts have doubted, and they, in their doubt, are hesitating.
- 46) And if they had intended to go forth, they would have prepared for it [some] preparation. But Allah disliked their being sent, so He kept them back, and they were told, "Remain [behind] with those who remain."⁽⁴⁴⁵⁾
- 47) Had they gone forth with you, they would not have increased you except in confusion, and they would have been active among you, seeking [to cause] you fitnah [i.e., chaos and dissension]. And among you are avid listeners to them. And Allah is Knowing of the wrongdoers.

(443) i.e., young or old, riding or walking, in ease or in hardship—in all circumstances and conditions.

(444) when you return from the Tabuk expedition.

(445) i.e., the women and children.

- 48) They had already desired dissension before and had upset matters for you⁽⁴⁴⁶⁾ until the truth came and the ordinance [i.e., victory] of Allah appeared, while they were averse.
- 49) And among them is he who says, "Permit me [to remain at home] and do not put me to trial." Unquestionably, into trial they have fallen.⁽⁴⁴⁷⁾ And indeed, Hell will encompass the disbelievers.
- 50) If good befalls you, it distresses them; but if disaster strikes you, they say, "We took our matter [in hand] before,"⁽⁴⁴⁸⁾ and turn away while they are rejoicing.
- 51) Say, "Never will we be struck except by what Allah has decreed for us; He is our protector." And upon Allah let the believers rely.
- 52) Say, "Do you await for us except one of the two best things [i.e., martyrdom or victory] while we await for you that Allah will afflict you with punishment from Himself or at our hands? So wait; indeed we, along with you, are waiting."
- 53) Say, "Spend willingly or unwillingly; never will it be accepted from you. Indeed, you have been a defiantly disobedient people."
- 54) And what prevents their expenditures from being accepted from them but that they have disbelieved in Allah and in His Messenger and that they come not to prayer except while they are lazy and that they do not spend except while they are unwilling.
- 55) So let not their wealth or their children impress you. Allah only intends to punish them through them in worldly life and that their souls should depart [at death] while they are disbelievers.

(446) Or "turned matters related to you over [in their minds, considering how to cause you failure]."

(447) By avoiding their obligation, they fell into destruction.

(448) They claim to have protected themselves by remaining behind.

- 56) And they swear by Allah that they are from among you while they are not from among you; but they are a people who are afraid.
- 57) If they could find a refuge or some caves or any place to enter [and hide], they would turn to it while they run wild.
- 58) And among them are some who criticize you concerning the [distribution of] charities. If they are given from them, they approve; but if they are not given from them, at once they become angry.
- 59) If only they had been satisfied with what Allah and His Messenger gave them and said, "Sufficient for us is Allah; Allah will give us of His bounty, and [so will] His Messenger, indeed, we are desirous toward Allah,"⁽⁴⁴⁹⁾ [it would have been better for them].
- 60) Zakah expenditures are only for the poor and for the needy and for those employed to collect [zakah] and for bringing hearts together [for Islam] and for freeing captives [or slaves] and for those in debt and for the cause of Allah and for the [stranded] traveler – an obligation [imposed] by Allah. And Allah is Knowing and Wise.
- 61) And among them are those who harm the Prophet and say, "He is an ear."⁽⁴⁵⁰⁾ Say, "[It is] an ear of goodness for you that believes in Allah and believes the believers and [is] a mercy to those who believe among you." And those who harm the Messenger of Allah – for them is a painful punishment.
- 62) They swear by Allah to you [Muslims] to satisfy you. But Allah and His Messenger are more worthy for them to satisfy, if they should be believers.

(449) Meaning, "We desire Allah and His grace and acceptance," or "We desire whatever Allah wills to give us of His bounty.

(450) i.e., one who believes everything he hears.

- 63) Do they not know that whoever opposes Allah and His Messenger – that for him is the fire of Hell, wherein he will abide eternally? That is the great disgrace.
- 64) They hypocrites are apprehensive lest a surah be revealed about them, informing them of⁽⁴⁵¹⁾ what is in their hearts. Say, 'Mock [as you wish]; indeed, Allah will expose that which you fear.'
- 65) And if you ask them, they will surely say, "We were only conversing and playing." Say, "Is it Allah and His verses and His Messenger that you were mocking?"
- 66) Make no excuse; you have disbelieved [i.e., rejected faith] after your belief. If We pardon one faction of you – We will punish another faction because they were criminals.
- 67) The hypocrite men and hypocrite women are of one another. They enjoin what is wrong and forbid what is right and close their hands.⁽⁴⁵²⁾ They have forgotten Allah, so He has forgotten them [accordingly]. Indeed, the hypocrites – it is they who are the defiantly disobedient.
- 68) Allah has promised the hypocrite men and hypocrite women and the disbelievers the fire of Hell, wherein they will abide eternally. It is sufficient for them. And Allah has cursed them, and for them is an enduring punishment.
- 69) [You disbelievers are] like those before you; they were stronger than you in power and more abundant in wealth and children. They enjoyed their portion [of worldly enjoyment], and you have enjoyed your portion as those before you enjoyed their portion, and you have engaged [in vanities] like that in which they engaged. [It is] those whose deeds have become worthless in this world and in the Hereafter, and it is they who are the losers.
- 70) Has there not reached them the news of those before them – the people of Noah and [the tribes of] 'Aad and Thamud and the

(451) i.e., exposing the truth about.

(452) i.e., refuse to spend in the way of Allah.

people of Abraham and the companions [i.e., dwellers] of Madyan and the towns overturned?⁽⁴⁵³⁾ Their messengers came to them with clear proofs. And Allah would never have wronged them, but they were wronging themselves.

- 71) The believing men and believing women are allies of one another. They enjoin what is right and forbid what is wrong and establish prayer and give zakah and obey Allah and His Messenger. Those – Allah will have mercy upon them. Indeed, Allah is Exalted in Might and Wise.
- 72) Allah has promised the believing men and believing women gardens beneath which rivers flow, wherein they abide eternally, and pleasant dwellings in gardens of perpetual residence; but approval from Allah is greater. It is that what which is the great attainment.
- 73) O Prophet, fight against the disbelievers and the hypocrites and be harsh upon them. And their refuge is Hell, and wretched is the destination.
- 74) They swear by Allah that they did not say [anything against the Prophet (ﷺ)] while they had said the word of disbelief and disbelieved after their [pretense of] Islam and planned that which they were not to attain.⁽⁴⁵⁴⁾ And they were not resentful except [for the fact] that Allah and His Messenger had enriched them of His bounty.⁽⁴⁵⁵⁾ So if they repent, it is better for them; but if they turn away, Allah will punish them with a painful punishment in this world and the Hereafter. And there will not be for them on earth any protector nor helper.
- 75) And among them are those who made a covenant with Allah, [saying], "If He should give us from His bounty, we will surely spend in charity, and we will surely be among the righteous."

(453) i.e., those to which Lot was sent and which earned for themselves Allah's punishment. See 11:82-83.

(454) i.e., the murder of Prophet Muhammad (ﷺ).

(455) i.e., for no reason. On the contrary, they should have been thankful.

- 76) But when He gave them from His bounty, they were stingy with it and turned away while they refused.
- 77) So He penalized them with hypocrisy in their hearts until the Day they will meet Him – because they failed Allah in what they promised Him and because they [habitually] used to lie.
- 78) Did they not know that Allah knows their secrets and their private conversations and that Allah is the Knower of the unseen?
- 79) Those who criticize the contributors among the believers among the believers concerning [their] charities and [criticize] the ones who find nothing [to spend] except their effort , so they ridicule them – Allah will ridicule them , and they will have a painful punishment.
- 80) Ask forgiveness for them, [O Muhammad] , or do not ask forgiveness for them. If you should ask forgiveness for them seventy times – never will Allah forgive them. That is because they disbelieved in Allah and His Messenger, and Allah does not guide the defiantly disobedient people.
- 81) Those who remained behind rejoiced in their staying [at home] after [the departure of] the Messenger of Allah and disliked to strive with their wealth and their lives in the cause of Allah and said , "Do not go forth in the heat ". Say , "The fire of Hell is more intensive in heat"- if they would but understand.
- 82) So let them laugh a little and [then] weep much as recompense for what they used to earn.
- 83) If Allah should return you to a faction of them [after the expedition] and then they ask your permission to go out [to battle] , say , "You will not go out with me , ever, and you will never fight with me an enemy. Indeed , you were satisfied with sitting [at home] the first time , so sit [now] with those who stay behind".
- 84) And do not pray [the funeral prayer, O Muhammad] , over any of them who has died – ever – or stand at his grave. Indeed , they

disbelieved in Allah and His Messenger and died while they were defiantly disobedient.

- 85) And let not their wealth or their children impress you. Allah only intends to punish them through them in this world and that their souls should depart [at death] while they are disbelievers.
- 86) And when a surah was revealed [enjoining them] to believe in Allah and to fight with His Messenger, those of wealth among them asked your permission [to stay back] and said, "Leave us to be with them who sit [at home]."
- 87) They were satisfied to be with those who stay behind, and their hearts were sealed over, so they do not understand.
- 88) But the Messenger and those who believed with him fought with their wealth and their lives. Those will have [all that is] good, and it is those who are the successful.
- 89) Allah has prepared for them gardens beneath which rivers flow, wherein they will abide eternally. That is the great attainment.
- 90) And those with excuses among the bedouins came to be permitted [to remain], and they sat [at home] who had lied⁽⁴⁵⁶⁾ to Allah and His Messenger. There will strike those who disbelieved among them a painful punishment.
- 91) There is not upon the weak or upon the ill or upon those who do not find anything to spend any discomfort (i.e., guilt) when they are sincere to Allah and His Messenger. There is not upon the doers of good any cause [for blame]. And Allah is Forgiving and Merciful.
- 92) Nor [is there blame] upon those who, when they came to you that you might give them mounts, you said, "I can find nothing for you to ride upon." They turned back while their eyes overflowed with tears out of grief that they could not find something to spend [for the cause of Allah].

(456) i.e., claimed faith.

- 93) The cause [for blame] is only upon those who ask permission of you while they are rich. They are satisfied to be with those who stay behind, and Allah has sealed over their hearts, so they do not know.
- 94) They will make excuses to you when you have returned to them. Say, "Make no excuse – we will never believe you. Allah has already informed us of your news [i.e., affair]. And Allah will observe your deeds, and [so will] His Messenger, then you will be taken back to the Knower of the unseen and the witnessed,⁽⁴⁵⁷⁾ and He will inform you of what you used to do."
- 95) They will swear by Allah to you when you return to them so you will leave them alone. So leave them alone; indeed they are filth; and their refuge is Hell as recompense for what they used to earn.
- 96) They swear to you so that you might be satisfied with them. But if you should be satisfied with them – indeed, Allah is not satisfied with a defiantly disobedient people.
- 97) The Bedouins are stronger in disbelief and hypocrisy and more likely not to know the limits of what [laws] Allah has revealed to His Messenger. And Allah is Knowing and Wise.
- 98) And among the Bedouins are some who consider what they spend as a loss⁽⁴⁵⁸⁾ and await for you turns of misfortune. Upon them will be a misfortune of evil. And Allah is Hearing and Knowing.
- 99) But among the Bedouins are some who believe in Allah and the Last Day and consider what they spend as means of nearness to Allah and of [obtaining] invocations of the Messenger. Unquestionably, it is a means of nearness for them. Allah will admit them to His mercy. Indeed, Allah is Forgiving and Merciful.

(457) See footnote to 6:73

(458) i.e., a fine or penalty.

- 100) And the first forerunners [in the faith] among the Muhajireen⁽⁴⁵⁹⁾ and the Ansar⁽⁴⁶⁰⁾ and those who followed them with good conduct – Allah is pleased with them and they are pleased with Him, and He has prepared for them gardens beneath which rivers flow, wherein they will abide forever. That is the great attainment.
- 101) And among those around you of the Bedouins are hypocrites, and [also] from the people of Madinah. They have become accustomed to hypocrisy. You, [O Muhammad], do not know them, [but] We know them. We will punish them twice [in this world]; then they will be returned to a great punishment.
- 102) And [there are] others who have acknowledged their sins. They had mixed [i.e., polluted] a righteous deed with another that was bad.⁽⁴⁶¹⁾ Perhaps Allah will turn to them in forgiveness. Indeed, Allah is Forgiving and Merciful.
- 103) Take, [O, Muhammad], from their wealth charity by which you purify them and cause them increase, and invoke [Allah's blessings] upon them. Indeed, your invocations are reassurance for them. And Allah is Hearing and Knowing.
- 104) Do they not know that it is Allah who accepts repentance from His servants and receives charities and that it is Allah who is the Accepting of repentance, the Merciful?
- 105) And say, "Do [as you will], for Allah will see your deeds, and [so will] His Messenger and the believers. And you will be returned to the Knower of the unseen and the witnessed, and He will inform you of what you used to do."
- 106) And [there are] other deferred until the command of Allah – whether He will punish them or whether He will forgive them. And Allah is Knowing and Wise.

(459) Those who emigrated from Makkah and settled in Madinah for the cause of Islam.

(460) The inhabitants of Madinah who had accepted Islam and assisted the Prophet (ﷺ) and other immigrants upon their arrival there.

(461) This refers to their having previously taken part in *jihad* but having abstained on the occasion of Tabuk

- 107) And [there are] those [hypocrites] who took for themselves a mosque for causing harm and disbelief and division among the believers and as a station for whoever had warred against Allah and His Messenger before. And they will surely swear, "We intended only the best." And Allah testifies that indeed they are liars.
- 108) Do not stand [for prayer] within it – ever. A mosque founded on righteousness from the first day⁽⁴⁶²⁾ is more worthy for you to stand in. Within it are men who love to purify themselves; and Allah loves those who purify themselves.
- 109) Then is one who laid the foundation of his building on righteousness [with fear] from Allah and [seeking] His approval better or one who laid the foundation of his building on the edge of a bank about to collapse, so it collapsed with him into the fire of Hell? And Allah does not guide the wrongdoing people.
- 110) Their building which they built will not cease to be a [cause of] skepticism in their hearts until their hearts are cut [i.e., stopped]. And Allah is Knowing and Wise.
- 111) Indeed, Allah has purchased from the believers their lives and their properties [in exchange] for that they will have Paradise. They fight in the cause of Allah, so they kill and are killed. [It is] a true promise [binding] upon Him in the Torah and the Gospel and the Qur'an. And who is truer to his covenant than Allah? So rejoice in your transaction which you have contracted. And it is that which is the great attainment.
- 112) [Such believers are] the repentant, the worshippers, the praisers [of Allah], the travelers [for His cause], those bow and prostrate [in prayer], those who enjoin what is right and forbid what is wrong, and those who observe the limits of Allah. And give good tidings to the believers.

(462) This description is of the Quba mosque.

- 113) It is not for the Prophet and those who have believed to ask forgiveness for the polytheists, even if they were relatives, after it has become clear to them that they are companions of Hellfire.
- 114) And the request of forgiveness of Abraham for his father was only because of a promise he had made to him. But when it became apparent to him [i.e., Abraham] that he [i.e., the father] was an enemy to Allah, he disassociated himself from him. Indeed was Abraham compassionate and patient.
- 115) And Allah would not let a people stray after He has guided them until He makes clear to them what they should avoid. Indeed, Allah is Knowing of all things.
- 116) Indeed, to Allah belongs the dominion of the heavens and the earth; He gives life and causes death; And you have not besides Allah any protector or any helper.
- 117) Allah has already forgiven the Prophet and the Muhajireen and the Ansar who followed him in the hour of difficulty after the hearts of a party of them had almost inclined [to doubt], and then He forgave them. Indeed, He was to them Kind and Merciful.
- 118) And [He also forgave] the three who were left behind [and regretted their error] to the point that the earth closed in on them in spite of its vastness⁽⁴⁶³⁾ and their souls confined [i.e., anguished] them and they were certain that there is no refuge from Allah except in Him. Then He turned to them so they could repent. Indeed, Allah is the Accepting of repentance, the Merciful.
- 119) O you who have believed, fear Allah and be with those who are true.
- 120) It was not [proper] for the people of Madinah and those surrounding them of the Bedouins that they remain behind after the [departure of] the Messenger of Allah or that they prefer themselves over his self.⁽⁴⁶⁴⁾ That is because they are not afflicted

(463) Thus it seemed to them in their extreme distress.

(464) In this times of hardship. Rather, they should have been willing to endure with the Prophet (ﷺ) whatever was necessary for Islam.

by thirst or fatigue or hunger in the cause of Allah, nor do they tread on any ground that enrages the disbelievers, nor do they inflict upon an enemy any infliction but that it is registered for them as a righteous deed. Indeed, Allah does not allow to be lost the reward of the doers of good.

- 121) Nor do they spend an expenditure, small or large, or cross a valley but that it is registered for them that Allah may reward them for the best of what they were doing.
- 122) And it is not for the believers to go forth [to battle] all at once. For there should separate from every division of them a group [remaining] to obtain understanding in the religion and warn [i.e., advise] their people when they return to them that they might be cautious.
- 123) O you who have believed, fight those adjacent to you of the disbelievers and let them find in you harshness. And know that Allah is with the righteous.
- 124) And whenever a surah is revealed, there are among them [i.e., the hypocrites] those who say, "Which of you has this increased faith?" As for those who believed, it has increased them in faith, while they are rejoicing.
- 125) But as for those in whose hearts is disease, it has [only] increased them in evil [in addition] to their evil.⁽⁴⁶⁵⁾ And they will have died while they are disbelievers.
- 126) Do they not see that they are tried every year once or twice but then they do not repent nor do they remember?
- 127) And whenever a surah is revealed, they look at each other, [saying], "Does anyone see you?" and then they dismiss themselves. Allah has dismissed their hearts because they are a people who do not understand.
- 128) There has certainly come to you a Messenger from among yourselves. Grievous to him is what you suffer, [he is]

(465) Literally, "filth," i.e., disbelief and hypocrisy.

concerned over you [i.e., your guidance] and to the believers is kind and merciful.

129) But if they turn away, [O Muhammad], say, "Sufficient for me is Allah; there is no deity except Him. On Him I rely, and He is the Lord of the Great Throne."

Yunus-10⁽⁴⁶⁶⁾

In the name of Allah, the Entirely Merciful, the Especially Merciful

- 1) Alif, Lam, Ra.⁽⁴⁶⁷⁾ These are the verses of the wise⁽⁴⁶⁸⁾ Book.
- 2) Have the people been amazed that We are revealed [revelation] to a man from among them, [saying], "Warn mankind and give good tidings to those who believe that they will have a [firm] precedence of honor⁽⁴⁶⁹⁾ with their Lord"? [But] the disbelievers say, "Indeed, this is an obvious magician."
- 3) Indeed, your Lord is Allah, who created the heavens and the earth in six days and then established Himself above the Throne,⁽⁴⁷⁰⁾ arranging the matter [of His creation]. There is no intercessor except after His permission. That is Allah, your Lord, so worship Him. Then will you not remember?
- 4) To Him is your return all together. [It is] the promise of Allah [which is] truth. Indeed, He begins the [process of] creation and then repeats it that He may reward those who have believed and done righteous deeds, in justice. But those who disbelieved will have a drink of scalding water and a painful punishment for what they used to deny.
- 5) It is He who made the sun a shining light and the moon a derived light and determined for it phases – that you may know the number of years and account [of time]. Allah has not created this except in truth. He details the signs for a people who know.
- 6) Indeed, in the alternation of the night and the day and [in] what Allah has created in the heavens and the earth are signs for a people who fear Allah.

(466) *Yunus*: (The Prophet) Jonah.

(467) See footnote to 2:1.

(468) The adjective "wise" expresses the qualities of will, purpose, discrimination and precision.

(469) i.e., a sure position due to their righteous deeds.

(470) See footnote to 2:19

- 7) Indeed, those who do not expect the meeting with Us and are satisfied with the life of this world and feel secure therein and those who are heedless of Our signs—
- 8) For those their refuge will be the Fire because of what they used to earn.
- 9) Indeed, those who have believed and done righteous deeds – their Lord will guide them because of their faith. Beneath them rivers will flow in the Gardens of Pleasure.
- 10) Their call therein will be, "Exalted are You, O Allah," and their greeting therein will be, "Peace." And the last of their call will be, "Praise to Allah, Lord of the worlds"!
- 11) And if Allah was to hasten for the people the evil [they invoke]⁽⁴⁷¹⁾ as He hastens for them the good, their term would have been ended for them.⁽⁴⁷²⁾ But We leave the ones who do not expect the meeting with Us, in their transgression, wandering blindly.
- 12) And when affliction touches man, he calls upon Us, whether lying on his side or sitting or standing ;but when We remove from him his affliction, he continues [in disobedience] as if he had never called upon Us to [remove] an affliction that touched him. Thus it is made pleasing to the transgressors that which they have been doing.
- 13) And We had already destroyed generations before you when they wronged, and their messengers had come to them with clear proofs, but they were not to believe. Thus do We recompense the people who are criminals.
- 14) Then We made you successors in the land after them so that We may observe how you will do.
- 15) And when Our verses are recited to them as clear evidences, those who do not expect the meeting with Us say, "Bring us a Qur'ân other than this or change it." Say, [O Muhammad], "It is

(471) In anger or in heedlessness.

(472) i.e., Allah would have destroyed them on account of that.

not for me to change it on my own accord. I only follow what is revealed to me. Indeed I fear, if I should disobey my Lord, the punishment of a tremendous Day."

- 16) Say, "If Allah had willed, I would not have recited it to you, nor would He have made it known to you, for I had remained among you a lifetime before it."⁽⁴⁷³⁾ Then will you not reason?"
- 17) So who is more unjust than he who invents a lie about Allah or denies His signs? Indeed the criminals will not succeed.
- 18) And they worship other than Allah that which neither harms them nor benefits them, and they say, "These are our intercessors with Allah." Say, "Do you inform Allah of something He does not know in the heavens or on the earth?" Exalted is He and high above what they associate with Him.
- 19) And mankind was not but one community [united in religion], but [then] they differed. And if not for a word⁽⁴⁷⁴⁾ that preceded from your Lord, it would have been judged between them [immediately] concerning that over which they differ.
- 20) And they say, "Why is a sign not sent down to him from his Lord?" So say, "The unseen is only for Allah [to administer], so wait; indeed, I am with you among those who wait."
- 21) And when We give the people a taste of mercy after adversity has touched them, at once they conspire against Our verses. Say, "Allah is swifter in strategy." Indeed, Our messengers [i.e. angels] record that which you conspire.
- 22) It is He who enables you to travel on land and sea until, when you are in ships and they sail with them⁽⁴⁷⁵⁾ by a good wind and they rejoice therein, there comes a storm wind and the waves come upon them from everywhere and they assume that they are surrounded [i.e. ,doomed], supplicating Allah, sincere to Him in

(473) The Prophet (ﷺ) lived among his people forty years before receiving any revelation.

(474) Allah's decree to allow time on earth for His creation or not to punish anyone before evidence has come to him.

(475) The change in pronoun from the second to third person shows that the following description applies specifically to the disbelievers.

religion, "If You should save us from this, we will surely be among the thankful".

- 23) But when He saves them, at once they commit injustice⁽⁴⁷⁶⁾ upon the earth without right. O mankind, your injustice is only against yourselves, [being merely] the enjoyment of worldly life. Then to Us is your return, and We will inform you of what you used do.
- 24) The example of [this] worldly life is but like rain which We have sent down from the sky that the plants of the earth absorb – [those] from which men and livestock eat – until, when the earth has taken on its adornment and is beautified and its people suppose that they have capability over it, there comes to it Our command by night or by day, and We make it as a harvest,⁽⁴⁷⁷⁾ as if it had not flourished yesterday. Thus do We explain in detail the signs for a people who give thought.
- 25) And Allah invites to the Home of Peace [i.e., Paradise] and guides whom He wills to a straight path.
- 26) For them who have done good is the best [reward] – and extra.⁽⁴⁷⁸⁾ No darkness will cover their faces, nor humiliation. Those are companions of Paradise; they will abide therein eternally.
- 27) But they who have earned [blame for] evil doings – the recompense of an evil deed is its equivalent, and humiliation will cover them. They will have from Allah no protector. It will be as if their faces are covered with pieces of the night – so dark [are they]. Those are the companions of the Fire; they will abide therein eternally.
- 28) And [mention, o Muhammad], the Day We will gather them all together – then We will say to those who associated others with

(476) By oppression and disobedience or by invoking others besides Allah.

(477) Its vegetation having been cut down or uprooted, i.e., utterly destroyed.

(478) In addition to the pleasures of Paradise, they will be able to see Allah, as reported in an authentic *hadith* narrated by Muslim.

Allah, "[Remain in] your place, you and your 'partners.' "⁽⁴⁷⁹⁾
 Then We will separate them,⁽⁴⁸⁰⁾ and their "partners" will say,
 "You did not used to worship us,"⁽⁴⁸¹⁾

- 29) And sufficient is Allah as a witness between us and you that we were of your worship unaware".
- 30) There, [on that Day], every soul will be put to trial for what it did previously, and they will be returned to Allah, their protector, the Truth, and lost from them is whatever they used to invent.
- 31) Say, "Who provides for you from the heaven and the earth? Or who controls hearing and sight and who brings the living out of the dead and brings the dead out of the living and who arranges [every] matter?" They will say, "Allah," so say, "Then will you not fear Him?"
- 32) For that is Allah, your Lord, the Truth. And what can be beyond truth except error? So how are you averted?
- 33) Thus the word [i.e. decree] of your Lord has come into effect upon those who defiantly disobeyed – that they will not believe.
- 34) Say, "Are there of your 'partners' any who begins creation and then repeats it?" Say, "Allah begins creation and then repeats it, so how are you deluded?"
- 35) Say, "Are there of your 'partners' any who guides to the truth?" Say, "Allah guides to the truth. So is He who guides to the truth more worthy to be followed or he who guides not unless he is guided? Then what is [wrong] with you – how do you judge?"
- 36) And most of them follow not except assumption. Indeed, assumption avails not against the truth at all. Indeed, Allah is Knowing of what they do.

(479) Those they had associated with Allah.

(480) From the believers.

(481) The inanimate objects, such as idols, will not have been aware of their worship of them. But those beings who consented to be worshipped will lie and deny it on the Day of Judgment.

- 37) And it was not [possible] for this Qu'rân to be produced by other than Allah, but [it is] a confirmation of what was before it and a detailed explanation of the [former] Scripture, about which there is no doubt,⁽⁴⁸²⁾ from the Lord of the worlds.
- 38) Or do they say [about the Prophet (ﷺ)], "He invented it?" Say, "Then bring forth a sûrah like it and call upon [for assistance] whomever you can besides Allah, if you should be truthful."
- 39) Rather, they have denied that which they encompass not in knowledge and whose interpretation has not yet come to them. Thus did those before them deny. Then observe how was the end of the wrongdoers.
- 40) And of them are those who believe in it, and of them are those who do not believe in it. And your Lord is most knowing of the corrupters.
- 41) And if they deny you, [O Muhammad], then say, "For me are my deeds, and for you are your deeds. You are disassociated from what I do, and I am disassociated from what you do".
- 42) And among them are those who listen to you. But can you cause the deaf to hear [i.e., benefit from this hearing], although they will not use reason?
- 43) And among them are those who look at you. But can you guide the blind although they will not [attempt to] see?
- 44) Indeed, Allah does not wrong the people at all, but it is the people who are wronging themselves.
- 45) And on the Day when He will gather them, [it will be] as if they had not remained [in the world] but an hour of the day, [and] they will know each other. Those will have lost who denied the meeting with Allah and were not guided.
- 46) And whether We show you some of what We promise them. [O Muhammad], or We take you in death, to Us in their return;

(482) This phrase refers back to the Qur'an.

then, [either way], Allah is a witness concerning what they are doing.

- 47) And for every nation is a messenger. So when their messenger comes,⁽⁴⁸³⁾ it will be judged between them in justice, and they will not be wronged.
- 48) And they say, "When is [the fulfillment of] this promise, if you should be truthful"?
- 49) Say, "I possess not for myself any harm or benefit except what Allah should will. For every nation is a [specified] term. When their time has come, then they will not remain behind an hour, nor will they precede [it]."
- 50) Say, "Have you considered: if His punishment should come to you by night or by day – for which [aspect] of it would the criminals be impatient?"⁽⁴⁸⁴⁾
- 51) Then is it that when it has [actually] occurred you will believe in it? Now?⁽⁴⁸⁵⁾ And you were [once] for it impatient.⁽⁴⁸⁶⁾
- 52) Then it will be said to those who had wronged, "Taste the punishment of eternity; are you being recompensed except for what you used to earn?"
- 53) And they ask information of you, [O Muhammad], "Is it true?" Say, "Yes, by my Lord. Indeed, it is the truth; and you will not cause failure [to Allah]."
- 54) And if each soul that wronged had everything on earth, it would offer it in ransom. And they will confide regret when they see the punishment; and they will be judged in justice, and they will not be wronged.

(483) To witness on the Day of Judgment. Another meaning is "Once a messenger has come [to them in this world]..."

(484) "Impatience" refers to the disbeliever's ridicule of the Prophet (ﷺ) by telling him to produce Allah's punishment as proof of his truthfulness.

(485) i.e., when it is too late to benefit from belief.

(486) Challenging those who warned of it to bring it on immediately.

- 55) Unquestionably, to Allah belongs whatever is in the heavens and the earth. Unquestionably, the promise of Allah is the truth, but most of them do not know.
- 56) He gives life and causes death, and to Him you will be returned.
- 57) O mankind, there has to come to you instruction from your Lord and healing for what is in the breasts and guidance and mercy for the believers.
- 58) Say, "In the bounty of Allah and in His mercy – in that let them rejoice, it is better than what they accumulate."
- 59) Say, " Have you seen what Allah has sent down to you of provision of which you have made [some] lawful and [some] unlawful?" Say, "Has Allah permitted you [to do so], or do you invent [something] about Allah?"
- 60) And what will be the supposition of those who invent falsehood about Allah on the Day of Resurrection?⁽⁴⁸⁷⁾ Indeed, Allah is full of bounty to the people, but most of them are not grateful.
- 61) And, [O Muhammad], you are not [engaged] in any matter or recite any of the Qur'an and you [people] do not do any deed except that We are witness over you when you are involved in it. And not absent from your Lord is any [part] of an atom's weight⁽⁴⁸⁸⁾ within the earth or within the heaven or [anything] smaller than that or greater but that it is in a clear register.
- 62) Unquestionably, [for] the allies of Allah there will be no fear concerning them, nor will they grieve—
- 63) Those who believed and were fearing Allah.
- 64) For them are good tidings in the worldly life and in the Hereafter. No change is there in the words [i.e., decrees] of Allah. That is what is the great attainment.
- 65) And let not their speech grieve you. Indeed, honor [due to power] belongs to Allah entirely. He is the Hearing, the Knowing.

(487) i.e., what do they think He will do with them.

(488) Or "the weight of a small ant."

- 66) Unquestionably, to Allah belongs whoever is in the heavens and whoever is on the earth. And those who invoke other than Allah do not [actually] follow [His] "partners." They follow not except assumption, and they are not but falsifying.
- 67) It is He who made for you the night to rest therein and the day, giving sight.⁽⁴⁸⁹⁾ Indeed in that are signs for a people who listen.
- 68) They⁽⁴⁹⁰⁾ have said, "Allah has taken a son." Exalted is He; He is the [one] Free of need. To Him belongs whatever is in the heavens and whatever is in the earth. You have no authority for this [claim]. Do you say about Allah that which you do not know?
- 69) Say, "Indeed, those who invent falsehood about Allah will not succeed."
- 70) [For them is brief] enjoyment in this world; then to Us is their return; then We will make them taste the severe punishment because they used to disbelieve.
- 71) And recite to them the news of Noah, when he said to his people, "O my people, if my residence and my reminding of the signs of Allah has become burdensome upon you – then I have relied upon Allah. So resolve upon your plan and [call upon] your associates. Then let your plan be obscure to you."⁽⁴⁹¹⁾ Then carry it out upon me and do not give me respite.
- 72) And if you turn away [from my advice] –then no payment have I asked of you. My reward is only from Allah, and I have been commanded to be of the Muslims [i.e., those who submit to Allah]."
- 73) And they denied him, so We saved him and those with him in the ship and made them successors, and We drowned those who denied Our signs. Then see how was the end of those who were warned.

(489) i.e., making things visible.

(490) The Christians and others.

(491) i.e., do not let it be a source of doubt or anxiety to you but let it be clear, open and defined.

- 74) Then We sent after him messengers to their peoples, and they came to them with clear proofs. But they were not to believe in that which they had denied before.⁽⁴⁹²⁾ Thus We seal over the hearts of the transgressors.
- 75) Then We sent after them Moses and Aaron to Pharaoh and his establishment with Our signs, but they behaved arrogantly and were a criminal people.
- 76) So when there came to them the truth from Us, they said, "Indeed, this is obvious magic".
- 77) Moses said, "Do you say [thus] about the truth when it has come to you? Is this magic? But magicians will not succeed."
- 78) They said, "Have you come to us to turn us away from that upon which we found our fathers and so that you two may have grandeur in the land? And we are not believers in you."
- 79) And Pharaoh said, "Bring to me every learned magician".
- 80) So when the magicians came, Moses said to them, "Throw down whatever you will throw".
- 81) And when they had thrown, Moses said, "What you have brought is [only] magic. Indeed, Allah will expose its worthlessness. Indeed, Allah does not amend the work of corrupters.
- 82) And Allah will establish the truth by His words, even if the criminals dislike it."
- 83) But no one believed Moses, except [some] offspring [i.e., youths] among his people, for fear of Pharaoh and his establishment that they would persecute them. And indeed, Pharaoh was haughty within the land, and indeed, he was of the transgressors.
- 84) And Moses said, "O my people, if you have believed in Allah, then rely upon Him, if you should be Muslims [i.e., submitting to Him]."

(492) i.e., the succeeding generations were persistent in disbelief.

- 85) So they said, " Upon Allah do we rely. Our Lord, make us not [objects of] trial for the wrongdoing people.
- 86) And save us by Your mercy from the disbelieving people".
- 87) And We inspired to Moses and his brother, "Settle your people in Egypt in houses and make your houses [facing the] qiblah⁽⁴⁹³⁾ and establish prayer and give good tidings to the believers".
- 88) And Moses said, "Our Lord, indeed You have given Pharaoh and his establishment splendor and wealth in the worldly life, our Lord, that they may lead [men] astray from Your way .Our Lord, obliterate their wealth and harden their hearts so that they will not believe until they see the painful punishment."
- 89) [Allah] said, "You supplication has been answered."⁽⁴⁹⁴⁾ So remain on a right course and follow not the way of those who do not know".
- 90) And We took the Children of Israel across the sea, and Pharaoh and his soldiers pursued them in tyranny and enmity until, when drowning overtook him, he said, "I believe that there is no deity except that in whom the Children of Israel believe, and I am of the Muslims."
- 91) Now? And you had disobeyed [Him] before and were of the corrupters?
- 92) So today We will save you in body⁽⁴⁹⁵⁾ that you may be to those who succeed you a sign. And indeed, many among the people, of Our signs, are heedless.
- 93) And We had certainty settled the Children of Israel in an agreeable settlement and provided them with good things. And they did not differ until [after] knowledge had come to them. Indeed, your Lord will judge between them on the Day of Resurrection concerning that over which they used to differ.

(493) In order that they might pray therein unseen by their enemy.

(494) Literally, "the supplication of both of you," i.e., that of Moses and of Aaron, who joined by saying, "*Ameen*" ("O Allah, respond")

(495) i.e., his dead body will be preserved and not destroyed.

- 94) So if you are in doubt, [O Muhammad], about that which We have revealed to you, then ask those who have been reading the Scripture before you. The truth has certainly come to you from your Lord, so never be among the doubters.
- 95) And never be of those who deny the signs of Allah and [thus] be among the losers.⁽⁴⁹⁶⁾
- 96) Indeed, those upon whom the word [i.e., decree] of your Lord has come into effect will not believe,
- 97) Even if every sign should come to them, until they see the painful punishment.
- 98) Then has there not been a [single] city that believed so its faith benefited it except the people of Jonah? When they believed, We removed from them the punishment of disgrace in worldly life and gave them enjoyment [i.e., provision] for a time.
- 99) And had your Lord willed, those on earth would have believed – all of them entirely. Then, [O Muhammad], would you compel the people in order that they become believers?
- 100) And it is not for a soul [i.e., anyone] to believe except by permission of Allah, and He will place defilement⁽⁴⁹⁷⁾ upon those who will not use reason.
- 101) Say, "Observe what is in the heavens and earth." But of no avail will be signs and warners to a people who do not believe.
- 102) So do they wait except for like [what occurred in] the days of those who passed on before them? Say, "Then wait; indeed, I am with you among those who wait."
- 103) Then We will save Our messengers and those who have believed. Thus, it is an obligation upon Us that We save the believers.⁽⁴⁹⁸⁾

(496) Among the interpretations of the last two verses is that they were meant to stir the Prophet (ﷺ) to declare and confirm his certainty, which he did. Another is that although the words are addressed to the Prophet (ﷺ), they are directed to all people.

(497) Among its meaning are filth, wrath, punishment, disbelief, confusion and error.

(498) From Allah's punishment.

- 104) Say, [O Muhammad], "O people, if you are in doubt as to my religion – then I do not worship those you worship besides Allah; but I worship Allah, who causes your death. And I have been commanded to be of the believers.
- 105) And [commanded], 'Direct your face [i.e., self] toward the religion, inclining to truth, and never be of those who associate others with Allah;
- 106) And do not invoke besides Allah that which neither benefits you nor harms you, for if you did, then indeed you would be of the wrongdoers““ .⁽⁴⁹⁹⁾
- 107) And if Allah should touch you with adversity, there is no remover of it except Him; and if He intends for you good, then there is no repeller of His bounty. He causes it to reach whom He wills of His servants. And He is the Forgiving, the Merciful.
- 108) Say, "O mankind, the truth has come to you from your Lord, so whoever is guided is only guided for [the benefit of] his soul, and whoever goes astray only goes astray [in violation] against it. And I am not over you a manager."
- 109) And follow what is revealed to you, [O Muhammad], and be patient until Allah will judge. And He is the best of judges.

(499) See footnote to 10:95.

Hud-11⁽⁵⁰⁰⁾

In the name of Allah, the Entirely Merciful, the Especially Merciful

- 1) Alif, Lam, Ra.⁽⁵⁰¹⁾ [This is] a Book whose verses are perfected and then presented in detail from [one who is] Wise and Acquainted
- 2) [Through a messenger, saying], "Do not worship except Allah. Indeed, I am to you from Him a warner and a bringer of good tidings,"
- 3) And [saying], "Seek forgiveness of your Lord and repent to Him, [and] He will let you enjoy a good provision for a specified term and give every doer of favor his favor [i.e., reward]. But if you turn away, then indeed, I fear for you the punishment of a great Day.
- 4) To Allah is your return, and He is over all things competent."
- 5) Unquestionably, they [i.e., the disbelievers] turn away their breasts to hide themselves from him. Unquestionably, [even] when they cover themselves in their clothing, He [i.e., Allah] knows what they conceal and what they declare. Indeed, He is Knowing of that within the breasts.
- 6) And there is no creature on earth but that upon Allah is its provision, and He knows its place of dwelling and place of storage.⁽⁵⁰²⁾ All is in a clear register.
- 7) And it is He who created the heavens and the earth in six days- and His Throne had been upon water- that He might test you as to which of you is best in deed. But if you say, "Indeed, you are resurrected after death," those who disbelieve will surely say, "This is not but obvious magic."

(500) *Hud*: (The Prophet) Hud.

(501) See footnote to 2:1.

(502) Before birth and after death.

- 8) And if We hold back from them the punishment for a limited time, they will surely say,⁽⁵⁰³⁾ "What detains it?" Unquestionably, on the Day it comes to them, it will not be averted from them, and they will be enveloped by what they used to ridicule.
- 9) And if We give man a taste of mercy from Us and then We withdraw it from him, indeed, he is despairing and ungrateful.
- 10) But if We give him a taste of favor after hardship has touched him, he will surely say, "Bad times have left him," Indeed, he is exultant and boastful-
- 11) Except for those who are patient and do righteous deeds; those will have forgiveness and great reward.
- 12) Then would you possibly leave [out] some of what is revealed to you,⁽⁵⁰⁴⁾ or is your breast constrained by it because they say, "Why has there not been sent down to him a treasure or come with him an angel?" But you are only a warner. And Allah is Disposer of all things.
- 13) Or do they say, "He invented it"? Say, "Then bring ten surahs like it that have been invented and call upon [for assistance] whomever you can besides Allah, if you should be truthful."
- 14) And if they do not respond to you - then know that it [i.e., the Qur'an] was revealed with the knowledge of Allah⁽⁵⁰⁵⁾ and that there is no deity except Him. Then,⁽⁵⁰⁶⁾ would you [not] be Muslims?
- 15) Whoever desires the life of the world and its adornments-We fully repay them for their deeds therein,⁽⁵⁰⁷⁾ and they therein will not be deprived.

(503) In ridicule and disbelief.

(504) Knowing of the Prophet's difficulties, Allah urges him to patience, certain that he would not fail to convey the message in its entirety.

(505) i.e., that knowledge which no one possesses except Him.

(506) After having been convinced by such evidence.

(507) i.e., during worldly life.

- 16) Those are the ones for whom there is not in the Hereafter but the Fire. And lost is what they did therein,⁽⁵⁰⁸⁾ and worthless is what they used to do.
- 17) So is one who [stands] upon a clear evidence from his Lord [like the aforementioned]? And a witness⁽⁵⁰⁹⁾ from Him follows it,⁽⁵¹⁰⁾ and before it was the Scripture of Moses to lead and as mercy. Those [believers in the former revelations] believe in it [i.e., the Qur'an]. But whoever disbelieves in it from the [various] factions-the Fire in his promised destination. So be not in doubt about it. Indeed, it is the truth from your Lord, but most of the people do not believe.
- 18) And who is more unjust than he who invents a lie about Allah? Those will be presented before their Lord, and the witness will say, "These are the ones who lied against their Lord." Unquestionably, the curse of Allah is upon the wrongdoers.
- 19) Who averted [people] from the way of Allah and sought to make it [seem] crooked while they, concerning the Hereafter, were disbelievers.
- 20) Those were not causing failure [to Allah] on earth, nor did they have besides Allah any protectors. For them the punishment will be multiplied. They were not able to hear, nor did they see.⁽⁵¹¹⁾
- 21) Those are the ones who will have lost themselves, and lost from them is what they used to invent.
- 22) Assuredly, it is they in the Hereafter who will be the greatest losers.
- 23) Indeed, they who have believed and done righteous deeds and humbled themselves to their Lord-those are the companions of Paradise; they will abide eternally therein.

(508) i.e., during worldly life.

(509) Referring to Prophet Muhammad (ﷺ) or to the angel Gabriel.

(510) Testifying to its truth. Additionally, it can mean "recites it," i.e., the Qur'an

(511) They refused to listen to the truth or to perceive it.

- 24) The example of the two parties is like the blind and deaf, and the seeing and hearing. Are they equal in comparison? Then, will you not remember?
- 25) And We had certainly sent Noah to his people, [saying], "Indeed, I am to you a clear warner
- 26) That you not worship except Allah. Indeed, I fear for you the punishment of a painful day."
- 27) So the eminent among those who disbelieved from his people said, "We do not see you but as a man like ourselves, and we do not see you followed except by those who are the lowest of us [and] at first suggestion."⁽⁵¹²⁾ And we do not see in you over us any merit; rather, we think you are liars."
- 28) He said, "O my people, have you considered: if I should be upon clear evidence from my Lord while He has given me mercy from Himself but it has been made unapparent to you, should we force it upon you while you are averse to it?
- 29) And O my people, I ask not of you for it any wealth. My reward is not but from Allah. And I am not one to drive away those who have believed. Indeed, they will meet their Lord, but I see that you are a people behaving ignorantly.
- 30) And O my people, who would protect me from Allah if I drove them away? Then will you not be reminded?
- 31) And I do not tell you that I have the depositories [containing the provision] of Allah or that I know the unseen, nor do I tell you that I am an angel, nor do I say of those upon whom your eyes look down that Allah will never grant them any good. Allah is most knowing of what is within their souls. Indeed, I would then be among the wrongdoers [i.e., the unjust]."
- 32) They said, "O Noah, you have disputed [i.e., opposed] us and been frequent in dispute of us. So bring us what you threaten us, if you should be of the truthful."

(512) i.e., without any thought or hesitation.

- 33) He said, "Allah will only bring it to you if He wills, and you will not cause [Him] failure.
- 34) And my advice will not benefit you – although I wished to advise you – If Allah should intend to put you in error. He is your Lord, and to Him you will be returned."
- 35) Or do they say [about Prophet Muhammad (ﷺ)], "He invented it"? Say, "If I have invented it, then upon me is [the consequence of] my crime; but I am innocent of what [crimes] you commit."
- 36) And it was revealed to Noah that, " No one will believe from your people except those who have already believed, so do not be distressed by what they have been doing.
- 37) And construct the ship under Our observation and Our inspiration and do not address Me concerning those who have wronged; indeed, they are [to be] drowned."
- 38) And he constructed the ship, and whenever an assembly of the eminent of his people passed by him, they ridiculed him. He said, "If you ridicule us, then we will ridicule you just as you ridicule.
- 39) And you are going to know who will get a punishment that will disgrace him [on earth] and upon whom will descend an enduring punishment [in the Hereafter]."
- 40) [So it was], until when Our command came and the oven overflowed,⁽⁵¹³⁾ We said, " Load upon it [i.e., the ship] of each [creature] two mates and your family, except those about whom the word [i.e., decree] has preceded, and [include] whoever has believed." But none had believed with him, except a few.
- 41) And [Noah] said, "Embark therein; in the name of Allah is its course and its anchorage. Indeed, my Lord is Forgiving and Merciful."

(513) As a sign to Noah of the imminence of the flood. The *Tannur* is a large, rounded oven. The word can also mean the earth's lowlands.

- 42) And it sailed with them through waves like mountains, and Noah called to his son who was apart [from them], "O my son, come aboard with us and be not with the disbelievers."
- 43) [But] he said, "I will take refuge on a mountain to protect me from the water." [Noah] said, "There is no protector today from the decree of Allah, except for whom He gives mercy." And the waves came between them, and he was among the drowned.
- 44) And it was said, "O earth, swallow your water, and O sky, withhold your rain." And the water subsided, and the matter was accomplished, and it [i.e., the ship] came to rest on the [mountain of] Judiyy. And it was said, "Away with the wrongdoing people."
- 45) And Noah called to his Lord and said, "My Lord, indeed my son is of my family; and indeed, Your promise is true; and You are the most just of judges!"
- 46) He said, "O Noah, indeed he is not of your family, indeed, he is [one whose] work was other than righteous, so ask Me not for that about which you have no knowledge. Indeed, I advise you, lest you be among the ignorant."
- 47) [Noah] said, "My Lord, I seek refuge in You from asking that of which I have no knowledge. And unless You forgive me and have mercy on me, I will be among the losers."
- 48) It was said, "O Noah, disembark in security from Us and blessings upon you and upon nations [descending] from those with you. But other nations [of them] We will grant enjoyment; then there will touch them from Us a painful punishment."
- 49) That is from the news of the unseen which We reveal to you, [O Muhammad]. You knew it not, neither you nor your people, before this. So be patient; indeed, the [best] outcome is for the righteous.
- 50) And to 'Aad [We sent] their brother Hud. He said, "O my people, worship Allah; you have no deity other than Him. You are not but inventors [of falsehood]."

- 51) O my people, I do not ask you for it [i.e., my advice] any reward. My reward is only from the one who created me. Then will you not reason?
- 52) And O my people, ask forgiveness of your Lord and then repent to Him. He will send [rain from] the sky upon you in showers and increase you in strength [added] to your strength. And do not turn away, [being] criminals."
- 53) They said, "O Hud, you have not brought us clear evidence, and we are not ones to leave our gods on your say-so. Nor are we believers in you.
- 54) We only say that some of our gods have possessed you with evil [i.e., insanity]." He said, "Indeed, I call Allah to witness, and witness [yourselves] that I am free from whatever you associate with Allah
- 55) Other than Him. So plot against me all together and do not give me respite.
- 56) Indeed, I have relied upon Allah, my Lord and your Lord. There is no creature but that He holds its forelock [i.e., controls it]. Indeed, my Lord is on a path [that is] straight."
- 57) But if they turn away, [say], "I have already conveyed that with which I was sent to you. My Lord will give succession to a people other than you, and you will not harm Him at all. Indeed my Lord is, over all things, Guardian."
- 58) And when Our command came, We saved Hud and those who believed with him, by mercy from Us; and We saved them from a harsh punishment.
- 59) And that was 'Aad, who rejected the signs of their Lord and disobeyed His messengers and followed the order of every obstinate tyrant.
- 60) And they were [therefore] followed in this world with a curse and [as well] on the Day of Resurrection. Unquestionably, 'Aad disbelieved in their Lord; then away with 'Aad, the people of Hud.

- 61) And to Thamud [We sent] their brother Salih. He said, "O my people, worship Allah; you have no deity other than Him. He has produced you from the earth and settled you in it, so ask forgiveness of Him and then repent to Him. Indeed, my Lord is near and responsive."
- 62) They said, " O Salih, you were among us a man of promise before this. Do you forbid us to worship what our fathers worshipped? And indeed we are, about that to which you invite us, in disquieting doubt."
- 63) He said, " O my people have you considered: if I should be upon clear evidence from my Lord and He has given me mercy from Himself, who would protect me from Allah if I disobeyed Him? So you would not increase me except in loss.
- 64) And O my people, this is the she-camel of Allah-[she is] to you a sign. So let her feed upon Allah's earth and do not touch her with harm, or you will be taken by an impending punishment."
- 65) But they hamstrung her, so he said, "Enjoy yourselves in your homes for three days. That is a promise not to be denied [i.e., unfailing]."
- 66) So when Our command came, We saved Salih and those who believed with him, by mercy from Us, and [saved them] from the disgrace of that day. ⁽⁵¹⁴⁾ Indeed, it is your Lord who is the Powerful, the Exalted in Might.
- 67) And the shriek⁽⁵¹⁵⁾ seized those who had wronged, and they became within their homes [corpses] fallen prone
- 68) As if they had never prospered therein. Unquestionably, Thamud disbelieved in their Lord; then, away with Thamud.
- 69) And certainly did Our messengers [i.e., angels] come to Abraham with good tidings; they said, "Peace." He said, "Peace," and did not delay in bringing [them] a roasted calf.

(514) The day of Thamud's destruction.

(515) A piercing cry or blast from the sky.

- 70) But when he saw their hands not reaching for it, he distrusted them and felt from them apprehension.⁽⁵¹⁶⁾ They said, "Fear not. We have been sent to the people of Lot."
- 71) And his wife was standing, and she smiled.⁽⁵¹⁷⁾ Then We gave her good tidings of Isaac and after Isaac, Jacob.
- 72) She said, "Woe to me!"⁽⁵¹⁸⁾ Shall I give birth while I am an old woman and this, my husband, is an old man? Indeed, this is an amazing thing!"
- 73) They said, "Are you amazed at the decree of Allah? May the mercy of Allah and His blessings be upon you, people of the house. Indeed, He is Praiseworthy and Honorable."
- 74) And when the fright had left Abraham and the good tidings had reached him, he began to argue [i.e., plead] with Us⁽⁵¹⁹⁾ concerning the people of Lot.
- 75) Indeed, Abraham was forbearing, grieving⁽⁵²⁰⁾ and [frequently] returning [to Allah].
- 76) [The angels said], "O Abraham, give up this [plea]. Indeed, the command of your Lord has come, and indeed, there will reach them a punishment that cannot be repelled."
- 77) And when Our messengers, [the angels], came to Lot, he was anguished for them and felt for them and felt for them great discomfort⁽⁵²¹⁾ and said, "This is a trying day."
- 78) And his people came hastening to him, and before this they had been doing evil deeds.⁽⁵²²⁾ He said, "O my people, these are my daughters;⁽⁵²³⁾ they are purer for you. So fear Allah and do not

(516) Traditionally, if a guest refused to eat, it meant that he harbored ill will toward the host or intended him harm.

(517) In pleasure at the news of the forthcoming punishment of the evil people who denied Prophet Lot (upon whom be peace).

(518) An expression of surprise and amazement.

(519) i.e., with Our angels.

(520) i.e., sighing or moaning during supplication out of grief for people and fear of Allah.

(521) Prophet Lot feared for the safety and honor of his guests.

(522) Referring to their practice of sodomy and homosexual rape of males.

(523) i.e., the women of his community who were available for marriage.

disgrace me concerning my guests. Is there not among you a man of reason?"

- 79) They said, " You have already known that we have not concerning your daughters [i.e., women] any claim [i.e., desire], and indeed, you know what we want."
- 80) He said, "If only I had against you some power or could take refuge in a strong support."
- 81) They [the angels] said, "O Lot, indeed we are messengers of your Lord; [therefore], they will never reach you. So set out with your family during a portion of the night⁽⁵²⁴⁾ and let not any among you look back--except your wife; indeed, she will be struck by that which strikes them. Indeed, their appointment is [for] the morning. Is not the morning near?"
- 82) So when Our command came, We made the highest part [of the city] its lowest and rained upon them stones of hard clay in succession, [which were]
- 83) Marked from your Lord. And it [i.e., Allah's punishment] is not from the wrong doers [very] far.
- 84) And to Madyan [We sent] their brother Shu'ayb. He said, "O my people, worship Allah; you have no deity other than Him. And do not decrease from the measure and the scale. Indeed, I see you in prosperity, but indeed, I fear for you the punishment of an all-encompassing Day.
- 85) And O my people, give full measure and weight in justice and do not deprive the people of their due and do not commit abuse on earth, spreading corruption.
- 86) What remains [lawful] from Allah is best for you, if you would be believers. But I am not a guardian over you."
- 87) They said, "O Shu'ayb, does your prayer [i.e., religion] command you that we should leave what our fathers worship or

(524) i.e., sometime before dawn.

not do with our wealth what we please? Indeed, you are the forbearing, the discerning!"⁽⁵²⁵⁾

- 88) He said, " O my people, have you considered: if I am upon clear evidence from my Lord and He has provided me with a good provision from Him...?"⁽⁵²⁶⁾ And I do not intend to differ from you in that which I have forbidden you; I only intend reform as much as I am able. And my success is not but through Allah. Upon Him I have relied, and to Him I return.⁽⁵²⁷⁾
- 89) And O my people, let not [your] dissension from me cause you to be struck by that similar to what struck the people of Noah or the people of Hud or the people of Salih. And the people of Lot are not from you far away.
- 90) And ask forgiveness of your Lord and then repent to Him. Indeed, my Lord is Merciful and Affectionate."
- 91) They said, " O Shu'ayb, we do not understand much of what you say, and indeed, we consider you among us as weak. And if not for your family, we would have stoned you [to death]; and you are not to us one respected."
- 92) He said, "O my people, is my family more respected for power by you than Allah? But you put Him behind your backs [in neglect]. Indeed, my Lord is encompassing of what you do.
- 93) And O my people, work according to your position; indeed, I am working. You are going to know to whom will come a punishment that will disgrace him and who is a liar. So watch; indeed, I am with you a watcher, [awaiting the outcome]."
- 94) And when Our command came, We saved Shu'ayb and those who believed with him, by mercy from Us. And the shriek seized those who had wronged, and they became within their homes [corpses] fallen prone

(525) This is a sarcastic description implying the opposite.

(526) The conclusion of the sentence is estimated as "...would it not be my duty to warn you against corruption and disobedience?"

(527) i.e., I turn to Allah frequently in supplication and repentance.

- 95) As if they had never prospered therein. Then, away with Madyan as Thamud was taken away.
- 96) And We did certainly send Moses with Our signs and a clear authority
- 97) To Pharaoh and his establishment, but they followed the command of Pharaoh, and the command of Pharaoh was not [at all] discerning.
- 98) He will precede his people on the Day of Resurrection and lead them into the Fire; and wretched is the place to which they are led.
- 99) And they were followed in this [world] with a curse and on the Day of Resurrection. And wretched is the aid⁽⁵²⁸⁾ which is given.
- 100) That is from the news of the cities, which We relate to you; of them, some are [still] standing and some are [as] a harvest [mowed down].⁽⁵²⁹⁾
- 101) And We did not wrong them, but they wronged themselves. And they were not availed at all by their gods which they invoked other than Allah when there came the command of your Lord. And they did not increase them in other than ruin.
- 102) And thus is the seizure of your Lord when He seizes the cities while they are committing wrong. Indeed, His seizure is painful and severe.
- 103) Indeed in that is the sign for those who fear the punishment of the Hereafter. That is the Day for which the people will be collected, and that is a Day [which will be] witnessed.
- 104) And We do not delay it except for a limited term.
- 105) The Day it comes no soul will speak except by His permission. And among them will be the wretched and the prosperous.
- 106) As for those who were [destined to be] wretched, they will be in the Fire. For them therein is [violent] exhaling and inhaling.⁽⁵³⁰⁾

(528) i.e., the curse which follows them in both worlds.

(529) Their structures have been completely destroyed.

(530) i.e., their sighs and sobs, resembling the bray of a donkey.

- 107) [They will be] abiding therein as long as the heavens and the earth endure, except what your Lord should will. Indeed, your Lord is an effecter of what He intends.
- 108) And as for those who were [destined to be] prosperous, they will be in Paradise, abiding therein as long as the heavens and the earth endure, except what your Lord should will – a bestowal uninterrupted.
- 109) So do not be in doubt, [O Muhammad], as to what these [polytheists] are worshipping. They worship not except as their fathers worshipped before. And indeed, We will give them their share undiminished.
- 110) And We had certainly given Moses the Scripture, but it came under disagreement. And if not for a word⁽⁵³¹⁾ that preceded from your Lord, it would have been judged between them. And indeed they are, concerning it [i.e., the Quran], in disquieting doubt.
- 111) And indeed, each [of the believers and disbelievers] – your Lord will fully compensate them for their deeds. Indeed, He is Acquainted with what they do.
- 112) So remain on a right course as you have been commanded, [you] and those who have turned back with you [to Allah], and do not transgress. Indeed, He is Seeing of what you do.
- 113) And do not incline toward those who do wrong, lest you to be touched by the Fire, and you would not have other than Allah any protectors; then you would not be helped.
- 114) And establish prayer at the two ends of the day and at the approach of the night. Indeed, good deeds do away with misdeeds. That is a reminder for those who remember.
- 115) And be patient, for indeed, Allah does not allow to be lost the reward of those who do good.
- 116) So why were there not⁽⁵³²⁾ among the generations before you those of enduring discrimination forbidding corruption on earth

(531) See footnote to 10:19

(532) Meaning “If only there had been...”

except a few of those We saved from among them? But the wrongdoers pursued what luxury they were given therein, and they were criminals.

- 117) And your Lord would not have destroyed the cities unjustly while their people were reformers.
- 118) And if your Lord had willed, He could have made mankind one community; but they will not cease to differ,
- 119) Except whom your Lord has given mercy, and for that He has created them. And the word of your Lord is to be fulfilled that, "I will surely fill Hell with jinn and men all together."
- 120) And each [story] We relate to you from the news of the messengers is that by which We make firm your heart. And there has come to you, in this, the truth and an instruction and a reminder for the believers.
- 121) And say to those who do not believe, "Work according to your position; indeed, we are working.
- 122) And wait, indeed, we are waiting."
- 123) And to Allah belong the unseen [aspects] of the heavens and the earth and to Him will be returned the matter, all of it, so worship Him and rely upon Him. And your Lord is not unaware of that which you do.

Yusuf-12⁽⁵³³⁾

In the name of Allah, the Entirely Merciful, the Especially Merciful

- 1) Alif, Lam, Ra.⁽⁵³⁴⁾ These are the verses of the clear Book.
- 2) Indeed, We have sent it down as an Arabic Qur'an⁽⁵³⁵⁾ that you might understand.
- 3) We relate to you, [O Muhammad], the best of stories in what We have revealed to you of this Qur'an although you were, before it, among the unaware.
- 4) [Of these stories mention] when Joseph said to his father,⁽⁵³⁶⁾ "O my father, indeed I have seen [in a dream] eleven stars and the sun and the moon; I saw them prostrating to me."
- 5) He said, "O my son, do not relate your vision to your brothers or they will contrive against you a plan. Indeed Satan, to man, is a manifest enemy.
- 6) And thus will your Lord choose you and teach you the interpretation of narratives [i.e., events or dreams] and complete His favor upon you and upon the family of Jacob, as He completed it upon your fathers before, Abraham and Isaac. Indeed, your Lord is Knowing and Wise."
- 7) Certainly were there in Joseph and his brothers signs those who ask, [such as]
- 8) When they said, "Joseph and his brother⁽⁵³⁷⁾ are more beloved to our father than we, while we are a clan. Indeed, our father is in clear error.
- 9) Kill Joseph or cast him out to [another] land; the countenance [i.e., attention] of your father will [then] be accessible to you, and you will be after that a righteous people."⁽⁵³⁸⁾

(533) *Yusuf*: (The Prophet) Joseph.

(534) See footnote to 2:1.

(535) i.e., revealed in the Arabic language.

(536) The Prophet Jacob (upon whom be peace).

(537) Benjamin, who was born of the same mother as Joseph.

(538) i.e., you can repent thereafter.

- 10) Said a speaker among them, "Do not kill Joseph but throw him into the bottom of the well; some travelers will pick him up-if you would do [something]."
- 11) They said, "O our father, why do you not entrust us with Joseph while indeed, we are to him sincere counselors?"
- 12) Send him with us tomorrow that he may eat well and play. And indeed, we will be his guardians.
- 13) [Jacob] said, "Indeed, it saddens me that you should take him, and I fear that a wolf would eat him while you are of him unaware.
- 14) They said, " If a wolf should eat him while we are a [strong] clan, indeed, we would then be losers."
- 15) So when they took him [out] and agreed to put him into the bottom of the well...⁽⁵³⁹⁾ But We inspired to him, "You will surely inform them [someday] about this affair of theirs while they do not perceive [your identity]."
- 16) And they came to their father at night, weeping.
- 17) They said, "O our father, indeed we went racing each other and left Joseph with our possessions, and a wolf ate him. But you would not believe us, even if we were truthful."
- 18) And they brought upon his shirt false blood.⁽⁵⁴⁰⁾ [Jacob] said, "Rather, your souls have enticed you to something, so patience is most fitting. And Allah is the one sought for help against that which you describe."
- 19) And there came a company of travelers; then they sent their water drawer, and he let down his bucket. He said, "Good news! Here is a boy." And they concealed him, [taking him] as merchandise;⁽⁵⁴¹⁾ and Allah was Knowing of what they did.

(539) The conclusion of this sentence is estimated to be "...they tormented him."

(540) They had stained Joseph's shirt with the blood of a lamb but had forgotten to tear it, thereby arousing their father's suspicion.

(541) To be sold as a slave.

- 20) And they sold him for a reduced price – a few dirhams – and they were, concerning him, of those content with little.
- 21) And the one from Egypt⁽⁵⁴²⁾ who bought him said to his wife, "Make his residence comfortable. Perhaps he will benefit us, or we will adopt him as a son." And thus, We established Joseph in the land that We might teach him the interpretation of events [i.e., dreams]. And Allah is predominant over His affair, but most of the people do not know.
- 22) And when he [i.e., Joseph] reached maturity, We gave him judgment and knowledge. And thus We reward the doers of good.
- 23) And she, in whose house he was, sought to seduce him. She closed the doors and said, "Come, you." He said, "[I seek] the refuge of Allah. Indeed, he⁽⁵⁴³⁾ is my master, who has made good my residence. Indeed, wrongdoers will not succeed."
- 24) And she certainly determined [to seduce] him, and he would have inclined to her had he not seen the proof [i.e., sign] of his Lord. And thus [it was] that We should avert from him evil and immortality. Indeed, he was of Our chosen servants.
- 25) And they both raced to the door, and she tore his shirt from the back, and they found her husband at the door. She said, "What is the recompense of one who intended evil for your wife but that he be imprisoned or a painful punishment?"
- 26) [Joseph] said, "It was she who sought to seduce me." And a witness from her family testified. "If his shirt is torn from the front, then she has told the truth, and he is of the liars.
- 27) But if his shirt is torn from back, then she has lied, and he is of the truthful."
- 28) So when he [i.e., her husband] saw his shirt torn from the back, he said, "Indeed, it is of your [i.e., women's] plan. Indeed, your plan is great [i.e., vehement].

(542) The minister in charge of supplies, whose title was al-‘Azeez.

(543) Her husband, al-‘Azeez.

- 29) Joseph, ignore this,⁽⁵⁴⁴⁾ And, [my wife], ask forgiveness for your sin. Indeed, you were of the sinful."
- 30) And women in the city said, "The wife of al-'Azeez is seeking to seduce her slave boy; he has impassioned her with love. Indeed, we see her [to be] in clear error."
- 31) So when she heard of their scheming, she sent for them and prepared for them a banquet and gave each one of them a knife and said [to Joseph], "Come out before them." And when they saw him, they greatly admired him and cut their hands⁽⁵⁴⁵⁾ and said, "Perfect is Allah!⁽⁵⁴⁶⁾ This is not a man; this is none but a noble angel."
- 32) She said, "That is the one about whom you blamed me. And I certainly sought to seduce him, but he firmly refused; and if he will not do what I order him, he will be surely imprisoned and will be of those debased."
- 33) He said, "My Lord, prison is more to my liking than that to which they invite me. And if You do not avert from me their plan, I might incline toward them and [thus] be of the ignorant."
- 34) So his Lord responded to him and averted from him their plan. Indeed, He is the Hearing, the Knowing.
- 35) Then it appeared to them after they had seen the signs⁽⁵⁴⁷⁾ that he [i.e., al-'Azeez] should surely imprison him for a time.⁽⁵⁴⁸⁾
- 36) And there entered the prison with him two young men. One of them said, "Indeed, I have seen myself [in dream] pressing wine." The other said, "Indeed, I have seen myself carrying upon my head [some] bread, from which the birds were eating. Inform us of its interpretation; indeed, we see you to be of those who do good."

(544) i.e., conceal it and act as if it had not taken place.

(545) So distracted were they at the sight of him.

(546) In His ability to create such beauty.

(547) Proofs of his innocence.

(548) Until the scandal be forgotten.

- 37) He said, " You will not receive food that is provided to you except that I will inform you of its interpretation before it comes to you. That is from what my Lord has taught me. Indeed, I have left the religion of a people who do not believe in Allah, and they, in the Hereafter, are disbelievers.
- 38) And I have followed the religion of my fathers, Abraham, Isaac and Jacob. And it was not for us to associate anything with Allah. That is from the favor of Allah upon us and upon the people, but most of the people are not grateful.
- 39) O [my] two companions of prison, are separately lords better or Allah, the One, the Prevailing?
- 40) You worship besides Him not except [mere] names you have named them,⁽⁵⁴⁹⁾ you and your fathers, for which Allah has sent down no authority. Legislation is not but for Allah. He has commanded that you worship not except Him. That is the correct religion, but most of the people do not know.
- 41) O two companions of prison, as for one of you, he will give drink to his master of wine; but as for the other, he will be crucified, and the birds will eat from his head. The matter has been decreed about which you both inquire."
- 42) And he said to the one whom he knew would go free, "Mention me before your master." But Satan made him forget the mention [to] his master, and he [i.e., Joseph] remained in prison several years.
- 43) And [subsequently] the king said, "Indeed, I have seen [in dream] seven fat cows being eaten by seven [that were] lean, and seven green spikes [of grain] and others [that were] dry. O eminent ones, explain to me my vision, if you should interpret visions."
- 44) They said, "[It is but] a mixture of false dreams, and we are not learned in the interpretation of dreams."

(549) The false objects of worship which you have called "gods".

- 45) But the one who was freed and remembered after a time said, "I will inform you of its interpretation, so send me forth."
- 46) [He said], "Joseph, O man of truth, explain to us about seven fat cows eaten by seven [that were] lean, and seven green spikes [of grain] and others [that were] dry – that I may return to the people [i.e., the king and his court]; perhaps they will know [about you]."
- 47) [Joseph] said, "You will plant for seven years consecutively; and what you harvest leave in its spikes, except a little from which you will eat."
- 48) Then will come after that seven difficult [years] which will consume what you advanced [i.e., saved] for them, except a little from which you will store."
- 49) Then will come after that a year in which the people will be given rain and in which they will press [olives and grapes]."
- 50) And the king said, "Bring him to me." But when the messenger came to him, [Joseph] said, "Return to your master and ask him what is the case of the women who cut their hands. Indeed, my Lord is Knowing of their plan."
- 51) Said [the king to the women], "What was your condition when you sought to seduce Joseph?" They said, "Perfect is Allah!⁽⁵⁵⁰⁾ We know about him no evil." The wife of al-'Azeez said, "Now the truth has become evident. It was I who sought to seduce him, and indeed, he is of the truthful."
- 52) That is so he [i.e., al-'Azeez] will know that I did not betray him in [his] absence and that Allah does not guide the plan of betrayers.

(550) In His ability to create such purity of character.

- 53) And I do not acquit myself. Indeed, the soul is a persistent enjoiner of evil, except those upon which my Lord has mercy. Indeed, my Lord is Forgiving and Merciful."⁽⁵⁵¹⁾
- 54) And the king said, "Bring him to me; I will appoint him exclusively for myself." And when he spoke to him, he said, "Indeed, you are today established [in position] and trusted."
- 55) [Joseph] said, "Appoint me over the storehouses of the land. Indeed, I will be a knowing guardian."
- 56) And thus We established Joseph in the land to settle therein wherever he willed. We touch with Our mercy whom We will, and We do not allow to be lost the reward of those who do good.
- 57) And the reward of the Hereafter is better for those who believed and were fearing Allah.
- 58) And the brothers of Joseph came [seeking food], and they entered upon him; and he recognized them, but he was to them unknown.⁽⁵⁵²⁾
- 59) And when he furnished them with their supplies, he said, "Bring me a brother of yours from your father."⁽⁵⁵³⁾ Do not you see that I give full measure and that I am the best of those who give lodging?
- 60) But if you do not bring him to me, no measure will there be [hereafter] for you from me, nor will you approach me."
- 61) They said, "We will attempt to dissuade his father from [keeping] him, and indeed, we will do [it]."
- 62) And [Joseph] said to his servants, "Put their merchandise"⁽⁵⁵⁴⁾ into their saddlebags so they might recognize it when they have gone back to their people that perhaps they will [again] return."

(551) Although Ibn Katheer attributes the words of verses 52-53 to the wife of al-'Azeez, others have concluded that they were spoken by Joseph, thereby justifying his request for an inquiry and acknowledging Allah's mercy to him.

(552) Due to the change in his appearance over the years.

(553) i.e., Benjamin, who had been kept at home by his father Jacob.

(554) The goods which they had brought to trade for food supplies.

- 63) So when they returned to their father, they said, "O our father, [further] measure has been denied to us, so send with us our brother [that] we will be given measure. And indeed, we will be his guardians."
- 64) He said, "Should I entrust you with him except [under coercion] as I entrusted you with his brother before? But Allah is the best guardian, and He is the most merciful of the merciful."
- 65) And when they opened their baggage, they found their merchandise returned to them. They said, "O our father, what [more] could we desire? This is our merchandise returned to us. And we will obtain supplies [i.e., food] for our family and protect our brother and obtain an increase of a camel's load; that is an easy measurement."⁽⁵⁵⁵⁾
- 66) [Jacob] said, "Never will I send him with you until you give me a promise [i.e., oath] by Allah that you will bring him [back] to me, unless you should be surrounded [i.e., overcome by the enemies]." And when they had given their promise, he said, "Allah, over what we say, is Witness."
- 67) And he said, "O my sons, do not enter from one gate but enter from different gates; and I cannot avail you against [the decree of] Allah at all. The decision is only for Allah; upon Him I have relied, and upon Him let those who would rely [indeed] rely."
- 68) And when they entered from where their father had ordered them, it did not avail them against Allah at all except [it was] a need [i.e., concern] within the soul of Jacob, which he satisfied. And indeed, he was a possessor of knowledge because of what We had taught him, but most of the people do not know.
- 69) And when they entered upon Joseph, he took his brother to himself; he said, "Indeed, I am your brother, so do not despair over what they used to do [to me]."

(555) For them. Or one obtained by us with ease.

- 70) So when he had furnished them with their supplies, he put the [gold measuring] bowl into the bag of his brother. Then an announcer called out, "O caravan, indeed you are thieves."
- 71) They said while approaching them, "What is it you are missing?"
- 72) They said, "We are missing the measure of the king. And for he produces it is [the reward of] a camel's load, and I am responsible for it."
- 73) They said, "By Allah, you have certainly known that we did not come to cause corruption in the land, and we have not been thieves."
- 74) They [the accusers] said, "Then what would be its recompense⁽⁵⁵⁶⁾ if you should be liars?"
- 75) [The brothers] said, "Its recompense is that he in whose bag it is found – he [himself] will be its recompense.⁽⁵⁵⁷⁾ Thus do we recompense the wrongdoers."
- 76) So he began [the search] with their bags before the bag of his brother; then he extracted it from the bag of his brothers. Thus did We plan for Joseph. He could not have taken his brother within the religion [i.e., law] of the king except that Allah willed. We raise in degrees whom We will, but over every possessor of knowledge is one [more] knowing.⁽⁵⁵⁸⁾
- 77) They said, "If he steals – a brother of his has stolen before." But Joseph kept it within himself and did not reveal it to them.⁽⁵⁵⁹⁾ He said, "You are worse in position, and Allah is most knowing of what you describe."
- 78) They said, "O 'Azeez,⁽⁵⁶⁰⁾ indeed he has a father [who is] an old man, so take one of us in place of him. Indeed, we see you as a doer of good."

(556) The punishment for theft.

(557) According to their law, a convicted thief was made a slave of the one from whom he had stolen.

(558) Ending with the ultimate knowledge of Allah.

(559) He did not answer that he himself had been stolen by them from his father.

(560) Addressing Joseph, who now held the title of "al-'Azeez."

- 79) He said, "[I seek] the refuge of Allah [to prevent] that we take except him with whom we found our possession. Indeed, we would then be unjust."
- 80) So when they had despaired of him, they secluded themselves in private consultation. The eldest of them said, "Do you not know that your father has taken upon you an oath by Allah and [that] before you failed in [your duty to] Joseph? So I will never leave [this] land until my father permits me or Allah decides for me,⁽⁵⁶¹⁾ and He is the best of judges.
- 81) Return to your father and say, "O our father, indeed your son has stolen, and we did not testify except to what we knew. And we were not witnesses of the unseen."⁽⁵⁶²⁾
- 82) And ask the city in which we were and the caravan in which we came – and indeed, we are truthful."
- 83) [Jacob] said, "Rather, your souls have enticed you to something, so patience is most fitting. Perhaps Allah will bring them to me all together. Indeed it is He who is the Knowing, the Wise."
- 84) And he turned away from them and said, "Oh, my sorrow over Joseph," and his eyes became white⁽⁵⁶³⁾ from grief, for he was [of that] a suppressor.⁽⁵⁶⁴⁾
- 85) They said, "By Allah, you will not cease remembering Joseph until you become fatally ill or become of those who perish."
- 86) He said, "I only complain of my suffering and my grief to Allah, and I know from Allah that which you do not know.
- 87) O my sons, go and find out about Joseph and his brother and despair not of relief from Allah. Indeed, no one despairs of relief from Allah except the disbelieving people."
- 88) So when they entered upon him [i.e., Joseph], they said, "O 'Azeez, adversity has touched us and our family, and we have

(561) i.e., in my favor by bringing about the release of Benjamin.

(562) i.e., We could not have known when we gave you the oath that he would steal and be apprehended

(563) i.e., he lost his sight.

(564) He did not express the extent of his grief or his anger at what he suspected his sons had done but was patient, depending only upon Allah for help.

come with goods poor in quality, but give us full measure and be charitable to us. Indeed, Allah rewards the charitable."

- 89) He said, "Do you know what you did with Joseph and his brother when you were ignorant?"
- 90) They said, "Are you indeed Joseph?" He said "I am Joseph, and this is my brother. Allah has certainly favored us. Indeed, he who fears Allah and is patient, then indeed, Allah does not allow to be lost the reward of those who do good."
- 91) They said, "By Allah, certainly has Allah preferred you over us, and indeed, we have been sinners."
- 92) He said, "No blame will there be upon you today. Allah will forgive you; and He is the most merciful of the merciful."
- 93) Take this, my shirt, and cast it on over the face of my father; he will become seeing. And bring me your family, all together."
- 94) And when the caravan departed [from Egypt], their father said,⁽⁵⁶⁵⁾ "Indeed, I find the smell of Joseph [and would say that he was alive] if you did not think me weakened in mind."
- 95) They said, "By Allah, indeed you are in your [same] old error."
- 96) And when the bearer of good tidings⁽⁵⁶⁶⁾ arrived, he cast it over his face, and he returned [once again] seeing. He said, "Did I not tell you that I know from Allah that which you do not know?"
- 97) They said, "O our father, ask for us forgiveness of our sins; indeed, we have been sinners."
- 98) He said, "I will ask forgiveness for you from my Lord. Indeed, it is He who is the Forgiving, the Merciful."
- 99) And when they entered upon Joseph, he took his parents to himself [i.e., embraced them] and said, "Enter Egypt, Allah willing, safe [and secure]."
- 100) And he raised his parents upon the throne, and they bowed to him in prostration.⁽⁵⁶⁷⁾ And he said, "O my father, this is the

(565) To those present with him, either some of his sons or other relatives.

(566) He who carried Joseph's shirt from among the brothers.

explanation of my vision of before. My Lord has made it reality. And He was certainly good to me when He took me out of prison and brought you [here] from bedouin life after Satan had induced [estrangement] between me and my brothers. Indeed, my Lord is Subtle in what He wills. Indeed, it is He who is the Knowing, the Wise.

- 101) My Lord, You have given me [something] of sovereignty and taught me of the interpretation of dreams. Creator of the heavens and earth, You are my protector in this world and in the Hereafter. Cause me to die a Muslim and join me with the righteous."
- 102) That is from the news of the unseen which We reveal, [O Muhammad], to you. And you were not with them when they put together their plan while they conspired.
- 103) And most of the people although you strive [for it], are not believers.
- 104) And you do not ask of them for it any payment. It is not except a reminder to the worlds.
- 105) And how many a sign within the heavens and earth for they pass over while they are turning away therefrom.
- 106) And most of them believe not in Allah except while they associate others with Him.
- 107) Then do they feel secure that there will not come to them an overwhelming [aspect] of the punishment of Allah or that the Hour will not come upon them suddenly while they do not perceive?
- 108) Say, "This is my way, I invite to Allah with insight, I and those who follow me. And exalted is Allah; and I am not of those who associate others with Him."
- 109) And We sent not before you [as messengers] except men to whom We revealed from among the people of cities. So have

(567) That of greeting and respect, which was lawful until the time of Prophet Muhammad (ﷺ). Prostrations to any person or object other than Allah was then prohibited conclusively.

they⁽⁵⁶⁸⁾ not traveled through the earth and observed how was the end of those before them? And the home of the Hereafter is best for those who fear Allah; then will you not reason?

- 110) [They continued] until, when the messengers despaired and were certain that they had been denied, there came to them Our victory, and whoever We willed was saved. And Our punishment cannot be repelled from the people who are criminals.
- 111) There was certainly in their stories a lesson for those of understanding. Never was it [i.e., the Qur'an] a narration invented, but a confirmation of what was before it and a detailed explanation of all things guidance and mercy for a people who believe.

(568) Those who deny Prophet Muhammad (ﷺ).

Ra'd-13⁽⁵⁶⁹⁾

In the name of Allah, the Entirely Merciful, the Especially Merciful

- 1) Alif, Lam, Meem, Ra.⁽⁵⁷⁰⁾ These are the verses of the Book; and what has been revealed to you from your Lord is the truth, but most of the people do not believe.
- 2) It is Allah who erected the heavens without pillars that you [can] see; then He established Himself above the Throne and made subject⁽⁵⁷¹⁾ the sun and the moon, each running [its course] for a specified term. He arranges [each] matter; He details the signs that you may, of the meeting with your Lord be certain.
- 3) And it is He who spread the earth and placed therein firmly set mountains and rivers; and from all of the fruits He made two mates; He causes the night to cover the day. Indeed in that are signs for a people who give thought.
- 4) And within the land are neighboring plots and gardens of grapevines and crops and palm trees, [growing] several from a root or otherwise,⁽⁵⁷²⁾ watered with one water, but We make some of them exceed others in [quality of] fruit. Indeed in that are signs for a people who reason.
- 5) And if you are astonished,⁽⁵⁷³⁾ [O Muhammad] – then astonishing is their saying, "When we are dust, will we indeed be [brought] into a new creation?" Those are the ones who have disbelieved in their Lord, and those will have shackles⁽⁵⁷⁴⁾ upon their necks, and those are the companions of the Fire; they will abide therein eternally.

(569) *Ar-Ra'd*: Thunder.

(570) See footnote to 2:1.

(571) For the benefit of mankind.

(572) i.e., only one from a root.

(573) At those who deny resurrection.

(574) Iron collars to which their hands are chained.

- 6) They impatiently urge you to bring about evil before good,⁽⁵⁷⁵⁾ while there has already occurred before them similar punishments [to what they demand]. And indeed, your Lord is full of forgiveness for the people, despite their wrongdoing, and indeed, your Lord is severe in penalty.
- 7) And those who disbelieved say, "Why has a sign not been sent down to him from his Lord?" You are only a warner, and for every people is a guide.
- 8) Allah knows what every female carries⁽⁵⁷⁶⁾ and what the wombs lose [prematurely] or exceed.⁽⁵⁷⁷⁾ And everything with Him is by due measure.
- 9) [He is] Knower of the unseen and the witnessed, the Grand, the Exalted.
- 10) It is the same [to Him] concerning you whether one conceals [his] speech or one publicizes it and whether one is hidden by night or conspicuous [among others] by day.
- 11) For him [i.e., each one] are successive [angels]⁽⁵⁷⁸⁾ before and behind him who protect him by the decree of Allah.⁽⁵⁷⁹⁾ Indeed, Allah will not change the condition of a people until they change what is in themselves. And when Allah intends for a people ill,⁽⁵⁸⁰⁾ there is no repelling it. And there is not for them besides Him any patron.
- 12) It is He who shows you lightening, [causing] fear and aspiration, and generates the heavy clouds.
- 13) And the thunder exalts [Allah] with praise of Him – and the angels [as well] from fear of Him – and He sends thunderbolts

(575) They said, challenging the Prophet (ﷺ) in ridicule, "Bring on the punishment, if you are truthful," rather than asking for mercy and forgiveness from Allah.

(576) With absolute knowledge inclusive of every aspect of the fetus' existence.

(577) Beyond their normal period of pregnancy and/or the number of fetuses therein.

(578) Replacing each other by turn.

(579) The phrase may also be rendered "...who guard him from [everything except] the decree of Allah."

(580) i.e., punishment or destruction because of their sins.

and strikes therewith whom He wills while they dispute about Allah; and He is severe in assault.

- 14) To Him [alone] is the supplication of truth. And those they call upon besides Him do not respond to them with a thing, except as one who stretches his hands toward water [from afar, calling it] to reach his mouth, but it will not reach it [thus].⁽⁵⁸¹⁾ And the supplication of the disbelievers is not but in error [i.e., futility].
- 15) And to Allah prostrates whoever is within the heavens and the earth, willingly or by compulsion, and their shadows [as well] in the mornings and the afternoons.
- 16) Say, "Who is Lord of the heavens and earth?" Say, "Allah." Say, "Have you then taken besides Him allies not possessing [even] for themselves any benefit or any harm?" Say, "Is the blind equivalent to the seeing? Or is darkness equivalent to light? Or have they attributed to Allah partners who created like His creation so that the creation [of each] seemed similar to them?"⁽⁵⁸²⁾ Say, "Allah is the Creator of all things, and He is the One, the Prevailing."
- 17) He sends down from the sky, rain, and valleys flow according to their capacity, and the torrent carries a rising foam. And from that [ore] which they heat in the fire, desiring adornments and utensils, is a foam like it. Thus Allah presents [the example of] truth and falsehood. As for the foam, it vanishes, [being] cast off; but as for that which benefits the people, it remains on the earth. Thus does Allah present examples.
- 18) For those who have responded to their Lord is the best [reward], but those who did not respond to Him – if they had all that is in the earth entirely and the like of it with it, they would [attempt to] ransom themselves thereby. Those will have the worst

(581) The analogy indicates that false deities will never respond to them at all.

(582) The obvious conclusion is that the claimed partners, having no ability to create, cannot be compared to Allah in any way.

account, and their refuge is Hell, and wretched is the resting place.

- 19) Then is he who knows that what has been revealed to you from your Lord is the truth like one who is blind? They will only be reminded who are people of understanding –
- 20) Those who fulfill the covenant of Allah and do not break the contract,
- 21) And those who join that which Allah has ordered to be joined⁽⁵⁸³⁾ and fear their Lord and are afraid of the evil of [their] account,
- 22) And those who are patient, seeking the countenance of their Lord, and establish prayer and spend from what We have provided for them secretly and publicly and prevent evil with good – those will have the good consequence of [this] home⁽⁵⁸⁴⁾
- 23) Gardens of perpetual residence; they will enter them with whoever were righteous among their fathers, their spouses and their descendants. And the angles will enter upon them from every gate, [saying],
- 24) "Peace [i.e., security] be upon you for what you patiently endured. And excellent is the final home."
- 25) But those who break the covenant of Allah after contracting it and sever that which Allah has ordered to be joined and spread corruption on earth – for them is the curse, and they will have the worst home.⁽⁵⁸⁵⁾
- 26) Allah extends provision for whom He wills and restricts [it]. And they rejoice in the worldly life, while the worldly life is not, compared to the Hereafter, except [brief] enjoyment.
- 27) And those who disbelieved say, "Why has a sign not been sent down to him from his Lord?" Say, [O Muhammad], "Indeed,

(583) i.e., they uphold the ties of relationship.

(584) i.e., the world and its trials, its good consequence being Paradise.

(585) i.e., Hell. Another meaning is (in contrast to verse 22), "...and they will have the bad consequence of [this] home," also referring to Hell.

Allah leaves astray whom He wills and guides to Himself whoever turns back [to Him] –

- 28) Those who have believed and whose hearts are assured by the remembrance of Allah. Unquestionably, by the remembrance of Allah hearts are assured."
- 29) Those who have believed and done righteous deeds – a good state is theirs and a good return.
- 30) Thus have We sent you to a community before which [other] communities have passed on so you might recite to them that which We revealed to you, while they disbelieve in the Most Merciful. Say, "He is my Lord; there is no deity except Him. Upon Him I rely, and to Him is my return."
- 31) And if there was any qur'an [i.e., recitation] by which the mountains would be removed or the earth would be broken apart or the dead would be made to speak,⁽⁵⁸⁶⁾ [it would be this Qur'an], but to Allah belongs the affair entirely. Then have those who believed not accepted that had Allah willed, He would have guided the people, all of them? And those who disbelieve do not cease to be struck, for what they have done, by calamity – or it will descend near their home – until there comes the promise of Allah. Indeed, Allah does not fail in [His] promise.
- 32) And already were [other] messengers ridiculed before you, and I extended the time of those who disbelieved; then I seized them, and how [terrible] was My penalty.
- 33) Then is He who is a maintainer of every soul, [knowing] what it has earned, [like any other]? But to Allah they have attributed partners. Say, "Name them. Or do you inform Him of that⁽⁵⁸⁷⁾ which He knows not upon the earth or of what is apparent [i.e., alleged] of speech?"⁽⁵⁸⁸⁾ Rather, their [own] plan has been made attractive to those who disbelieve, and they have been averted

(586) As suggested by the disbelievers.

(587) i.e., other "deities."

(588) i.e., your attributing of divinity to other than Allah.

from the way. And whomever Allah leaves astray – there will be for him no guide.

- 34) For them will be punishment in the life of [this] world, and the punishment of the Hereafter is more severe. And they will not have from Allah any protector.
- 35) The example [i.e., description] of Paradise, which the righteous have been promised, is [that] beneath it rivers flow. Its fruit is lasting, and its shade. That is the consequence for the righteous, and the consequence for the disbelievers is the Fire.
- 36) And [the believers among] those to whom We have given the [previous] Scripture rejoice at what has been revealed to you, [O Muhammad], but among the [opposing] factions are those who deny part of it [i.e., the Qur'an]. Say, "I have only been commanded to worship Allah and not associate [anything] with Him. To Him I invite, and to Him is my return."
- 37) And thus We have revealed it as an Arabic legislation.⁽⁵⁸⁹⁾ And if you should follow their inclinations after what has come to you of knowledge, you would not have against Allah any ally or any protector.
- 38) And We have already sent messengers before you and assigned to them wives and descendants. And it was not for a messenger to come with a sign except by permission of Allah. For every term is a decree.
- 39) Allah eliminates what He wills or confirms, and with Him is the Mother of the Book.⁽⁵⁹⁰⁾
- 40) And whether We show you part of what We promise them or take you in death, upon you is only the [duty of] notification, and upon Us is the account.

(589) i.e., revealed in the Arabic language.

(590) The Preserved Slate (*al-Lawh al-Mahfuth*), in which is inscribed the original of every scripture revealed by Allah.

- 41) Have they not seen that We set upon the land, reducing it from its borders?⁽⁵⁹¹⁾ And Allah decides; there is no adjuster of His decision. And He is swift in account.
- 42) And those before them had plotted, but to Allah belongs the plan entirely. He knows what every soul earns, and the disbelievers will know for whom is the final home.
- 43) And those who have disbelieved say, "You are not a messenger." Say, [O Muhammad], "Sufficient is Allah as Witness between me and you, and [the witness of] whoever has knowledge of the Scripture."⁽⁵⁹²⁾

(591) Referring to the spread of Islam through Allah's Prophet (ﷺ) and the diminishing of those areas controlled by the polytheists.

(592) i.e., those who recognize the truth through their knowledge of previous scriptures.

Ibraheem-14⁽⁵⁹³⁾

In the name of Allah, the Entirely Merciful, the Especially Merciful

- 1) Alif, Lam, Ra.⁽⁵⁹⁴⁾ [This is] a Book which We have revealed to you, [O Muhammad], that you might bring mankind out of darknesses into the light by permission of their Lord – to the path of the Exalted in Might, the Praiseworthy –
- 2) Allah, to whom belongs whatever is in the heavens and whatever is on the earth. And woe [i.e., destruction] to the disbelievers from a severe punishment –
- 3) The ones who prefer the worldly life over the Hereafter and avert [people] from the way of Allah. Those are in extreme error.
- 4) And We did not send any messenger except [speaking] in the language of his people to state clearly for them, and Allah sends astray [thereby] whom He wills⁽⁵⁹⁵⁾ and guides whom He wills. And He is Exalted in Might, the Wise.
- 5) And We certainly sent Moses with Our signs, [saying], "Bring out your people from darknesses into the light and remind them of the days⁽⁵⁹⁶⁾ of Allah." Indeed in that are signs for everyone patient and grateful.
- 6) And [recall, O Children of Israel], when Moses said to His people, "Remember the favor of Allah upon you when He saved you from the people of Pharaoh, who were afflicting you with the worst torment and were slaughtering your sons and keeping your women alive. And in that was a great trial from your Lord.
- 7) And [remember] when your Lord proclaimed, 'If you are grateful, I will surely increase you [in favor]; but if you deny, indeed, My punishment is severe.' "

(593) *Ibraheem*: (The Prophet) Abraham.

(594) See footnote to 2:1.

(595) i.e., those who refuse His guidance.

(596) Days of blessings bestowed upon the Children of Israel. Also interpreted as days of punishment and destruction of the former nations.

- 8) And Moses said, "If you should disbelieve, you and whoever is on the earth entirely – indeed, Allah is Free of need and Praiseworthy."
- 9) Has there not reached you the news of those before you – the people of Noah and 'Aad and Thamud and those after them? No one knows them [i.e., their number] but Allah. Their messengers brought them clear proofs, but they returned their hands to their mouths⁽⁵⁹⁷⁾ and said, "Indeed, we disbelieve in that with which you have been sent, and indeed we are, about that to which you invite us, in disquieting doubt."
- 10) Their messengers said, "Can there be doubt about Allah, Creator of the heavens and earth? He invites you that He may forgive you of your sins, and He delays you [i.e., your death] for a specified term." They said, "You are not but men like us who wish to avert us from what our fathers were worshipping. So bring us a clear authority [i.e., evidence]."
- 11) Their messengers said to them, "We are only men like you, but Allah confers favor upon whom He wills of His servants. It has never been for us to bring you evidence except by permission of Allah. And upon Allah let the believers rely."
- 12) And why should we not rely upon Allah while He has guided us to our [good] ways. And we will surely be patient against whatever harm you should cause us. And upon Allah let those who would rely [indeed] rely."
- 13) And those who disbelieved said to their messengers, "We will surely drive you out of our land, or you must return to our religion." So their Lord inspired to them, "We will surely destroy the wrongdoers."
- 14) And We will surely cause you to dwell in the land after them. That is for he who fears My position⁽⁵⁹⁸⁾ and fears My threat."

(597) Several explanations have been given as to the meaning. Based upon the conclusion of the verse, Ibn Katheer preferred that this was a gesture of denial and rejection.

(598) An alternative meaning is "the standing [for account] before Me."

- 15) And they requested decision [i.e., victory from Allah], and disappointed, [therefore], was every obstinate tyrant.
- 16) Before him⁽⁵⁹⁹⁾ is Hell, and he will be given a drink of purulent water.⁽⁶⁰⁰⁾
- 17) He will gulp it but will hardly [be able to] swallow it. And death will come to him from everywhere, but he is not to die. And before him is a massive punishment.
- 18) The example of those who disbelieve in their Lord is [that] their deeds are like ashes which the wind blows forcefully on a stormy day; they are unable [to keep] from what they earned a [single] thing. That is what is extreme error.
- 19) Have you not seen [i.e., considered] that Allah created the heavens and the earth in truth? If He wills, He can do away with you and produce a new creation.
- 20) And that is not difficult for Allah.
- 21) And they will come out [for judgment] before Allah all together, and the weak will say to those who were arrogant, "Indeed, we were your followers, so can you avail us anything against the punishment of Allah?" They will say, "If Allah had guided us, we would have guided you. It is all the same for us whether we show intolerance or are patient: there is for us no place of escape."
- 22) And Satan will say when the matter has been concluded, "Indeed, Allah had promised you the promise of truth. And I promised you, but I betrayed you. But I had no authority over you except that I invited you, and you responded to me. So do not blame me; but blame yourselves. I cannot be called to your aid, nor can you be called to my aid. Indeed, I deny your association of me [with Allah] before."⁽⁶⁰¹⁾ Indeed, for the wrongdoers is a painful punishment."

(599) Literally, "after him [in time]," meaning ahead of him.

(600) That which oozes from the skins of Hell's inhabitants.

(601) By your obedience to me instead of Him during life on earth

- 23) And those who believed and did righteous deeds will be admitted to gardens beneath which rivers flow, abiding eternally therein by permission of their Lord; and their greeting therein will be, "Peace!"
- 24) Have you not considered how Allah presents an example, [making] a good word like a good tree, whose root is firmly fixed and its branches [high] in the sky?
- 25) It produces its fruit all the time, by permission of its Lord. And Allah presents examples for the people that perhaps they will be reminded.
- 26) And the example of a bad word is like a bad tree, uprooted from the surface of the earth, not having any stability.
- 27) Allah keeps firm those who believe, with the firm word,⁽⁶⁰²⁾ in worldly life and in the Hereafter.⁽⁶⁰³⁾ And Allah sends astray the wrongdoers. And Allah does what He wills.
- 28) Have you not considered those who exchanged the favor of Allah for disbelief⁽⁶⁰⁴⁾ and settled their people [in] the home of ruin?
- 29) [It is] Hell, which they will [enter to] burn, and wretched is the settlement.
- 30) And they have attributed to Allah equals to mislead [people] from His way. Say, "Enjoy yourselves, for indeed, your destination is the Fire."
- 31) [O Muhammad], tell My servants who have believed to establish prayer and spend from what We have provided them, secretly and publicly, before a Day comes in which there will be no exchange [i.e., ransom], nor any friendships.
- 32) It is Allah who created the heavens and the earth and sent down rain from the sky and produced thereby some fruits as provision

(602) The testimony that there is no deity except Allah and that Muhammad (ﷺ) is the messenger of Allah.

(603) When questioned in their graves by the angels after death.

(604) They met Allah's blessing with denial instead of gratitude.

for you and subjected for you⁽⁶⁰⁵⁾ the ships to sail through the sea by His command and subjected for you the rivers.

33) And He subjected for you the sun and the moon, continuous [in orbit], and subjected for you the night and the day.

34) And He gave you from all you asked of Him.⁽⁶⁰⁶⁾ And if you should count the favor [i.e., blessings] of Allah, you could not enumerate them. Indeed, mankind is [generally] most unjust and ungrateful.⁽⁶⁰⁷⁾

35) And [mention, O Muhammad], when Abraham said, "My Lord, make this city [i.e., Makkah] secure and keep me and my sons away from worshipping idols.

36) My Lord, indeed they have led astray many among the people. So whoever follows me – then he is of me;⁽⁶⁰⁸⁾ and whoever disobeys me – indeed, You are [yet] Forgiving and Merciful.

37) Our Lord, I have settled some of my descendants in an uncultivated valley near Your sacred House, our Lord, that they may establish prayer. So make hearts among the people incline toward them and provide for them from the fruits that they might be grateful.

38) Our Lord, indeed You know what we conceal and what we declare, and nothing is hidden from Allah on the earth or in the heaven.

39) Praise to Allah, who has granted to me in old age Ishmael and Isaac. Indeed, my Lord is the Hearer of supplication.

40) My Lord, make me an establiher of prayer, and [many] from my descendants. Our Lord, and accept my supplication.

41) Our Lord, forgive me and my parents and the believers the Day the account is established."

(605) i.e., made serviceable to you.

(606) Something of what you asked and all of what you continually require, according to His wisdom.

(607) i.e., disbelieving and denying of Allah's favor.

(608) i.e., of my religion.

- 42) And never think that Allah is unaware of what the wrongdoers do. He only delays them [i.e., their account] for a Day when eyes will stare [in honor].
- 43) Racing ahead, their heads raised up, their glance does not come back to them,⁽⁶⁰⁹⁾ and their hearts are void.
- 44) And, [O Muhammad], warn the people of a Day when the punishment will come to them and those who did wrong will say, "Our Lord, delay us for a short term; we will answer Your call and follow the messengers." [But it will be said], "Had you not sworn, before, that for you there would be no cessation?"⁽⁶¹⁰⁾
- 45) And you lived among the dwellings of those who wronged themselves, and it had become clear to you how We dealt with them. And We presented for you [many] examples."
- 46) And they planned their plan, but with Allah is [recorded] their plan, even if their plan had been [sufficient] to do away with the mountains.⁽⁶¹¹⁾
- 47) So never think that Allah will fail in His promise to His messengers. Indeed, Allah is Exalted in Might and Owner of Retribution.
- 48) [It will be] on the Day the earth will be replaced by another earth, and the heavens [as well], and they [i.e., all creatures] will come out before Allah, the One, the Prevailing.
- 49) And you will see the criminals that Day bound together in shackles,
- 50) Their garments of liquid pitch and their faces covered by the Fire.
- 51) So that Allah will recompense every soul for what it earned. Indeed, Allah is swift in account.

(609) This is their state at the time of resurrection from the graves. Their heads are upraised in fixed stares of terror, unable even to glance back.

(610) Of the blessings which Allah had bestowed upon you during life on earth.

(611) An alternative meaning is "...and their plan was not [sufficient] to do away with the mountains," i.e., it had no effect against Allah's will.

<i>Surah 14</i>	<i>I b r a h e e m</i>	<i>Part 13</i>
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52) This [Qur'an] is notification for the people that they may be warned thereby and that they may know that He is but one God and that those of understanding will be reminded.

Hijr-15⁽⁶¹²⁾

In the name of Allah, the Entirely Merciful, the Especially Merciful

- 1) Alif, Lam, Ra.⁽⁶¹³⁾ These are the verses of the Book and a clear Qur'an [i.e., recitation].
- 2) Perhaps those who disbelieve will wish⁽⁶¹⁴⁾ that they had been Muslims.
- 3) Let them eat and enjoy themselves and be diverted by [false] hope, for they are going to know.
- 4) And We did not destroy any city but that for it was a known decree.
- 5) No nation will precede its term, nor will they remain thereafter.
- 6) And they say," O you upon whom the message has been sent down, indeed you are mad.⁽⁶¹⁵⁾
- 7) Why do you not bring us the angels, if you should be among the truthful?"
- 8) We do not send down the angels except with truth;⁽⁶¹⁶⁾ and they [i.e., the disbelievers] would not then be reprieved.
- 9) Indeed, it is We who sent down the message [i.e., the Qur'an] and indeed, We will be its guardian.
- 10) And We had certainly sent [messengers] before you, [O Muhammad], among the sects of the former peoples.
- 11) And no messenger would come to them except that they ridiculed him.
- 12) Thus do We insert it [i.e., denial] into the hearts of the criminals.
- 13) They will not believe in it, while there has already occurred the precedent of the former peoples.

(612) *Al-Hijr*: The Valley of Stone. It was inhabited by the tribe of Thamud (mentioned in verses 80-84), who carved palaces and dwellings out of the rock.

(613) See footnote to 2:1.

(614) On the Day of Judgment or at the time of death

(615) Literally, "possessed by *jinn*."

(616) i.e., with a message or, as the conclusion of the verse suggests, to carry out a promised punishment.

- 14) And [even] if We opened to them a gate from the heaven and they continued therein to ascend,
- 15) They would say, "Our eyes have only been dazzled. Rather, we are a people affected by magic."
- 16) And We have placed within the heaven great stars and have beautified it for the observers.
- 17) And We have protected it from every devil expelled [from the mercy of Allah]
- 18) Except one who steals a hearing and is pursued by a clear burning flame.
- 19) And the earth – We have spread it and cast therein firmly set mountains and caused to grow therein [something] of every well-balanced thing.
- 20) And We have made for you therein means of living and [for] those for whom you are not providers.⁽⁶¹⁷⁾
- 21) And there is not a thing but that with Us are its depositories, and We do not send it down except according to a known [i.e., specified] measures.
- 22) And We have sent the fertilizing winds⁽⁶¹⁸⁾ and sent down water from the sky and given you drink from it. And you are not its retainers.
- 23) And indeed, it is We who give life and cause death, and We are the Inheritor.⁽⁶¹⁹⁾
- 24) And We have already known the preceding [generations] among you, and We have already known the later [ones to come].
- 25) And indeed, your Lord will gather them; indeed, He is Wise and Knowing.
- 26) And We did certainly create man out of clay from an altered black mud.

(617) Allah has put at your service other men and animals for which He provides. An additional meaning is that Allah provides means for your living and for all other creatures as well.

(618) Causing precipitation in rainclouds or carrying pollen. Another meaning is "pregnant winds," i.e., those carrying rainclouds.

(619) Allah remains after all creation has passed away.

- 27) And the jinn We created before from scorching fire.
- 28) And [mention, O Muhammad], when your Lord said to the angels, "I will create a human being out of clay from an altered black mud.
- 29) And when I have proportioned him and breathed into him of My [created] soul,⁽⁶²⁰⁾ then fall down to him in prostration."
- 30) So the angels prostrated – all of them entirely,
- 31) Except Iblees,⁽⁶²¹⁾ he refused to be with those who prostrated.
- 32) [Allah] said, O Iblees, what is [the matter] with you that you are not with those who prostrate?"
- 33) He said, "Never would I prostrate to a human whom You created out of clay from an altered black mud."
- 34) [Allah] said, "Then get out of it,⁽⁶²²⁾ for indeed, you are expelled.
- 35) And indeed, upon you is the curse until the Day of Recompense."
- 36) He said," My Lord, then reprieve me until the Day they are resurrected."
- 37) [Allah] said, "So indeed, you are of those reprieved
- 38) Until the Day of the time well-known."
- 39) [Iblees] said, "My Lord, because You have put me in error, I will surely make [disobedience] attractive to them [i.e., mankind] on earth, and I will mislead them all
- 40) Except, among them, Your chosen servants."
- 41) [Allah] said, "This is a path [of return] to Me [that is] straight.
- 42) Indeed, My servants – no authority will you have over them, except those who follow you of the deviators.
- 43) An indeed, Hell is the promised place for them all.

(620) The element of life and soul which Allah created for that body, not His own spirit or part of Himself (as some mistakenly believe).

(621) Who was of the *jinn*. See 18:50.

(622) Your position in the heavens.

- 44) It has seven gates; for every gate is of them [i.e., Satan's followers] a portion designated."
- 45) Indeed, the righteous will be within gardens and springs.
- 46) [Having been told], "Enter it in peace, safe [and secure]."
- 47) And We will remove whatever is in their breasts of resentment,⁽⁶²³⁾ [so they will be] brothers, on thrones facing each other.
- 48) No fatigue will touch them therein, nor from it will they [ever] be removed.
- 49) [O Muhammad], inform My servants that it is I who am the Forgiving, the Merciful.
- 50) And that it is My punishment which is the painful punishment.
- 51) And inform them about the guests of Abraham,
- 52) When they entered upon him and said, "Peace." [Abraham] said, "Indeed, we are fearful [i.e., apprehensive] of you."
- 53) [The angels] said, "Fear not. Indeed, we give you good tidings of a learned boy."
- 54) He said, "Have you given me good tidings although old age has come upon me? Then of what [wonder] do you inform?"
- 55) They said, "We have given you good tidings in truth, so do not be of the despairing."
- 56) He said, "And who despairs of the mercy of his Lord except for those astray?"
- 57) [Abraham] said, "Then what is your business [here], O messengers?"
- 58) They said, "Indeed, we have been sent to a people of criminals,
- 59) Except the family of Lot; indeed, we will save them all
- 60) Except his wife." We [i.e., Allah] decreed that she is of those remain behind.⁽⁶²⁴⁾
- 61) And when the messengers came to the family of Lot,
- 62) He said, "Indeed, you are people unknown."

(623) See footnote to 7:43.

(624) For having collaborated with the evildoers.

- 63) They said, "But we have come to you with that about which they were disputing,
- 64) And we have come to you with truth, and indeed, we are truthful.
- 65) So set out with your family during a portion of the night and follow behind them and let not anyone among you look back and continue on to where you are commanded."
- 66) And We conveyed to him [the decree] of that matter: that those [sinners] would be eliminated by early morning.
- 67) And the people of the city came rejoicing.⁽⁶²⁵⁾
- 68) [Lot] said, "Indeed, these are my guests, so do not shame me.
- 69) And fear Allah and do not disgrace me."
- 70) They said, "Have we not forbidden you from [protecting] people?"
- 71) [Lot] said, "These are my daughters⁽⁶²⁶⁾ – if you would be doers [of lawful marriage]."
- 72) By your life, [O Muhammad], indeed they were, in their intoxication, wandering blindly.
- 73) So the shriek⁽⁶²⁷⁾ seized them at sunrise.
- 74) And We made the highest part [of the city] its lowest and rained upon them stones of hard clay.
- 75) Indeed in that are signs for those who discern.
- 76) And indeed, they [i.e., those cities] are [situated] on an established road.
- 77) Indeed in that is a sign for the believers.
- 78) And the companions of the thicket [i.e., the people of Madyan] were [also] wrongdoers.
- 79) So We took retribution from them, and indeed, both [cities] are on a clear highway.

(625) At the news of Lot's visitors.

(626) i.e., the women of his community who were lawful for marriage.

(627) See footnote to 11:67.

- 80) And certainly did the companions of al-Hijr⁽⁶²⁸⁾ [i.e., the Thamud] deny the messengers.
- 81) And We gave them Our signs, but from them they were turning away.
- 82) And they used to carve from the mountains, houses, feeling secure.
- 83) But the shriek seized at early morning,
- 84) So nothing availed them [from] what they used to earn.
- 85) And We have not created the heavens and earth and that between them except in truth. And indeed, the Hour is coming; so forgive with gracious forgiveness.
- 86) Indeed, your Lord – He is the Knowing Creator.
- 87) And We have certainly given you, [O Muhammad], seven of the often repeated [verses]⁽⁶²⁹⁾ and the great Qur'an.
- 88) Do not extend your eyes toward that by which We have given enjoyment to [certain] categories of them [i.e., the disbelievers], and do not grieve over them. And lower your wing [i.e., show kindness] to the believers
- 89) And say, "Indeed, I am the clear warner" –
- 90) Just as We had revealed [scriptures] to the separators⁽⁶³⁰⁾
- 91) Who have made the Qur'an into portions.⁽⁶³¹⁾
- 92) So by your Lord, We will surely question them all
- 93) About what they used to do.
- 94) Then declare what you are commanded⁽⁶³²⁾ and turn away from the polytheists.⁽⁶³³⁾
- 95) Indeed, We are sufficient for you against the mockers
- 96) Who make [equal] with Allah another deity. But they are going to know.

(628) The valley of stone.

(629) Referring to *Surah al-Fatihah*.

(630) Specifically, the Jews and the Christians, who separated from the teachings of their prophets.

(631) Accepting part and rejecting part according to their own inclinations.

(632) The implication is "Thereby you will distinguish or separate the disbelievers from the believers."

(633) Any who persist in association of others with Allah.

- 97) And We already know that your breast is constrained by what they say.
- 98) So exalt [Allah] with praise of your Lord and be of those who prostrate [to Him].
- 99) And worship your Lord until there comes to you the certainty [i.e., death].

Nahl-16⁽⁶³⁴⁾

In the name of Allah, the Entirely Merciful, the Especially Merciful

- 1) The command of Allah is coming,⁽⁶³⁵⁾ so be not impatient for it. Exalted is He and high above what they associate with Him.
- 2) He sends down the angels, with the inspiration [i.e., revelation] of His command, upon whom He wills of His servants, [telling them], "Warn that there is no deity except Me, so fear Me."
- 3) He created the heavens and earth in truth. High is He above what they associate with Him.
- 4) He created man from a sperm-drop; then at once,⁽⁶³⁶⁾ he is a clear adversary.
- 5) And the grazing livestock He has created for you; in them is warmth⁽⁶³⁷⁾ and [numerous] benefits, and from them you eat.
- 6) And for you in them is [the enjoyment of] beauty when you bring them in [for the evening] and when you send them out [to pasture].
- 7) And they carry your loads to a land you could not have reached except with difficulty to yourselves. Indeed, your Lord is Kind and Merciful.
- 8) And [He created] the horses, mules and donkeys for you to ride and [as] adornment. And He creates that which you do not know.
- 9) And upon Allah⁽⁶³⁸⁾ is the direction of the [right] way, and among them [i.e., the various paths] are those deviating. And if He willed, He could have guided you all.

(634) *An-Nahl*: The Bee.

(635) Literally, "has come," indicating the certainty and nearness of the Last Hour.

(636) As soon as he becomes strong and independent.

(637) i.e., in clothing, tents, furnishings, etc.

(638) Allah has taken it upon Himself to guide man to the right path. The meaning has also been interpreted as "To Allah...."

- 10) It is He who sends down rain from the sky; from it is drink and from it is foliage in which you pasture [animals].
- 11) He causes to grow for you thereby the crops, olives, palm tress, grapevines, and from all the fruits. Indeed in that is a sign for a people who give thought.
- 12) And He has subjected for you the night and day and the sun and moon, and the stars are subjected to His command. Indeed in that are signs for a people who reason.
- 13) And [He has subjected] whatever He multiplied for you on the earth of varying colors. Indeed in that is a sign for a people who remember.
- 14) And it is He who subjected the sea for you to eat from it tender meat and to extract from it ornaments which you wear. And you see the ships plowing through it, and [He subjected it] that you may seek of His bounty; and perhaps you will be grateful.
- 15) And He has cast into the earth firmly set mountains, lest it shift with you, and [made] rivers and roads, that you may be guided,
- 16) And landmarks. And by the stars they are [also] guided.⁽⁶³⁹⁾
- 17) Then is He who creates like one who does not create? So will you not be reminded?
- 18) And if you should count the favors of Allah, you could not enumerate them. Indeed, Allah is Forgiving and Merciful.
- 19) And Allah knows what you conceal and what you declare.
- 20) And those they invoke other than Allah create nothing, and they [themselves] are created.
- 21) They are, [in fact], dead,⁽⁶⁴⁰⁾ not alive, and they do not perceive when they will be resurrected.
- 22) Your god is one God. But those who do not believe in the Hereafter – their hearts are disapproving, and they are arrogant.
- 23) Assuredly, Allah knows what they conceal and what they declare. Indeed, He does not like the arrogant.

(639) Through the desert or the sea at night.

(640) i.e., inanimate or without understanding.

- 24) And when it is said to them, "What has your Lord sent down?" They say, "Legends of the former peoples,"
- 25) That they may bear their own burdens [i.e., sins] in full on the Day of Resurrection and some of the burdens of those whom they misguide without [i.e., by lack of] knowledge. Unquestionably, evil is that which they bear.
- 26) Those before them had already plotted, but Allah came at [i.e., uprooted] their building from the foundations, so the roof fell upon them from above them,⁽⁶⁴¹⁾ and the punishment came to them from where they did not perceive.
- 27) Then on the Day of Resurrection He will disgrace them and say, "Where are My 'partners' for whom you used to oppose [the believers]?" Those who were given knowledge will say, "Indeed disgrace, this Day, and evil are upon the disbelievers" –
- 28) The ones whom the angels take in death [while] wronging themselves,⁽⁶⁴²⁾ and [who] then offer submission, [saying], "We were not doing any evil." But, yes! Indeed, Allah is Knowing of what you used to do.
- 29) So enter the gates of Hell to abide eternally therein, and how wretched is the residence of the arrogant.
- 30) And it will be said to those who feared Allah, "What did your Lord sent down?" They will say, "[That which is] good." For those who do good in this world is good; and the home of the Hereafter is better. And how excellent is the home of the righteous –
- 31) Gardens of perpetual residence, which they will enter, beneath which rivers flow. They will have therein whatever they wish. Thus does Allah reward the righteous --
- 32) The ones whom the angels take in death, [being] good and pure; [the angels] will say, "Peace be upon you. Enter Paradise for what you used to do."

(641) i.e., Allah caused their plan to fail and exposed their plot.

(642) i.e., having made punishment due to them for their numerous sins and crimes.

- 33) Do they [i.e., the disbelievers] await [anything] except that the angels should come to them or there comes the command of your Lord? Thus did those do before them. And Allah wronged them not, but they had been wronging themselves.
- 34) So they were struck by the evil consequences of what they did and were enveloped by what they used to ridicule.
- 35) And those who associate others with Allah say, "If Allah had willed, we would not have worshipped anything other than Him, neither we nor our fathers, nor would we have forbidden anything through other than Him." Thus did those do before them. So is there upon the messengers except [the duty of] clear notification?
- 36) 36. And We certainly sent into every nation a messenger, [saying], "Worship Allah and avoid taghut."⁽⁶⁴³⁾ And among them were those whom Allah guided, and among them were those upon whom error was [deservedly] decreed. So proceed [i.e., travel] through the earth and observe how was the end of the deniers.
- 37) [Even] if you should strive for their guidance, [O Muhammad], indeed, Allah does not guide those He sends astray,⁽⁶⁴⁴⁾ and they will have no helpers.
- 38) And they swear by Allah their strongest oaths [that] Allah will not resurrect one who dies. But yes – [it is] a true promise [binding] upon Him, but most of the people do not know.
- 39) [It is] so He make clear to them [the truth of] that wherein they differ and so those who have disbelieved may know that they were liars.
- 40) Indeed, Our word to a thing when We intend it is but that We say to it, "Be," and it is.
- 41) And those who emigrated for [the cause of] Allah after they had been wronged – We will surely settle them in this world in a

(643) False objects of worship.

(644) As a result of their choice to reject guidance.

good place, but the reward of the Hereafter is greater, if only they could know.

- 42) [They are] those who endured patiently and upon their Lord relied.
- 43) And We sent not before you except men to whom We revealed [Our message]. So ask the people of the message [i.e., former scriptures] if you do not know.
- 44) [We sent them] with clear proofs and written ordinances. And We revealed to you the message [i.e., the Qur'an] that you may make clear to the people what was sent down to them and that they might give thought.
- 45) Then, do those who have planned evil deeds feel secure that Allah will not cause the earth to swallow them or that the punishment will not come upon them from where they do not perceive?
- 46) Or that He would not seize them during their [usual] activity, and they could not cause failure [i.e., escape from Him]?
- 47) Or that He would not seize them gradually [in state of dread]?⁽⁶⁴⁵⁾ But indeed, your Lord is Kind and Merciful.⁽⁶⁴⁶⁾
- 48) Have they not considered what things Allah has created? Their shadows incline to the right and to the left, prostrating to Allah, while they [i.e., those creations] are humble.
- 49) And to Allah prostrates whatever is in the heavens and whatever is on the earth of creatures, and the angels [as well], and they are not arrogant.
- 50) They fear their Lord above them, and they do what they are commanded.
- 51) And Allah has said, "Do not take for yourselves two⁽⁶⁴⁷⁾ deities. He [i.e., Allah] is but one God, so fear only Me."

(645) i.e., being aware of what is about to strike them after having seen those near them succumb.

(646) Postponing deserved punishment and giving opportunities for repentance.

(647) Meaning more than one.

- 52) And to Him belongs whatever is in the heavens and the earth, and to Him is [due] worship constantly. Then is it other than Allah that you fear?
- 53) And whatever you have of favor – it is from Allah. Then when adversity touches you, to Him you cry for help.
- 54) Then when He removes the adversity from you, at once a party of you associates other with their Lord
- 55) So they will deny what We have given them. Then enjoy yourselves, for you are going to know.
- 56) And they assign to what they do not know⁽⁶⁴⁸⁾ [i.e., false deities] a portion of that which We have provided them. By Allah, you will surely be questioned about what you used to invent.
- 57) And they attribute to Allah daughters⁽⁶⁴⁹⁾ – exalted is He – and for them is what they desire [i.e., sons].
- 58) And when one of them is informed of [the birth of] a female, his face becomes dark, and he suppresses grief.
- 59) He hides himself from the people because of the ill of which he has been informed. Should he keep it in humiliation or bury it in the ground? Unquestionably, evil is what they decide.
- 60) For those who do not believe in the Hereafter is the description [i.e., an attribute] of evil;⁽⁶⁵⁰⁾ and for Allah is the highest attribute. And He is Exalted in Might, the Wise.
- 61) And if Allah were to impose blame on the people for their wrongdoing, He would not have left upon it [i.e., the earth] any creature, but He defers them for a specified term. And when their term has come, they will not remain behind an hour, nor will they precede [it].
- 62) And they attribute to Allah that which they dislike [i.e., daughters] and their tongues assert the lie that they will have the

(648) i.e., that of which they have no knowledge; rather they have mere assumption based upon tradition or the claims of misguided men.

(649) By claiming that the angels are His daughters.

(650) Such as that described in the previous two verses.

best [from Him]. Assuredly, they will have the Fire, and they will be [therein] neglected.⁽⁶⁵¹⁾

- 63) BY Allah, We did certainly send [messengers] to nations before you, but Satan made their deeds attractive to them. And he is their [i.e., the disbelievers] ally today [as well], and they will have a painful punishment.
- 64) And We have not revealed to you the Book, [O Muhammad], except for you to make clear to them that wherein they have differed and as guidance and mercy for a people who believe.
- 65) And Allah has sent down rain from the sky and given life thereby to the earth after its lifelessness. Indeed in that is a sign for a people who listen.
- 66) And indeed, for you in grazing livestock is a lesson. We give you drink from what is in their bellies – between excretion and blood – pure milk, palatable to drinkers.
- 67) And from the fruits of the palm trees and grapevines you take intoxicant and good provision.⁽⁶⁵²⁾ Indeed in that is a sign for a people who reason.
- 68) And your Lord inspired to the bee, "Take for yourself among the mountains, houses [i.e., hives], and among the trees and [in] that which they construct.
- 69) Then eat from all the fruits⁽⁶⁵³⁾ and follow the ways of your Lord laid down [for you]." There emerges from their bellies a drink, varying in colors, in which there is healing for people. Indeed in that is a sign for a people who give thought.
- 70) And Allah created you; then He will take you in death. And among you is he who is reversed to the most decrepit [old] age so that he will not know, after [having had] knowledge, a thing. Indeed, Allah is Knowing and Competent.

(651) Another meaning is "...and they will be made to precede [all others thereto]."

(652) This verse was revealed before the prohibition of intoxicants. It alludes to the fact that there are both evil and good possibilities in certain things.

(653) i.e., delicious substances found by the bee.

- 71) And Allah has favored some of you over others in provision. But those who were favored [i.e., given more] would not hand over their provision to those whom their right hands possess [i.e., slaves] so they would be equal to them therein.⁽⁶⁵⁴⁾ Then is it the favor of Allah they reject?
- 72) And Allah has made for you from yourselves mates and has made for you from your mates sons and grandsons and has provided for you from the good things. Then in falsehood so they believe and in the favor of Allah they disbelieve?
- 73) And they worship besides Allah that which does not possess for them [the power of] provision from the heavens and the earth at all, and [in fact], they are unable.
- 74) So do not assert similarities to Allah.⁽⁶⁵⁵⁾ Indeed, Allah knows and you do not know.
- 75) Allah presents an example: a slave [who is] owned and unable to do a thing and he to whom We have provided from Us good provisions, so he spends from it secretly and publicly. Can they be equal? Praise to Allah! But most of them do not know.
- 76) And Allah presents an example of two men, one of them dumb and unable to do a thing, while he is a burden to his guardian. Wherever he directs him, he brings no good. Is he equal to one who commands justice, while he is on a straight path?
- 77) And to Allah belongs the unseen [aspects] of the heavens and the earth. And the command for the Hour is not but as a glance of the eye or even nearer. Indeed, Allah is over all things competent.
- 78) And Allah has extracted you from the wombs of your mothers not knowing a thing, and He made for you hearing and vision and hearts [i.e., intellect] that perhaps you would be grateful.

(654) The argument presented in this verse is: if they cannot consider their own possessions equal to themselves, then how can they consider Allah's creations as being equal to Him?

(655) As there is nothing comparable to Him.

- 79) Do they not see the birds controlled in the atmosphere of the sky? None holds them up except Allah. Indeed in that are signs for a people who believe.
- 80) And Allah has made for you from your homes a place of rest and made for you from the hides of the animals tents which you find light on your day of travel and your day of encampment; and from their wool, fur and hair is furnishing and enjoyment [i.e., provision] for a time.
- 81) And Allah has made for you, from that which He has created, shadows [i.e., shade] and has made for you from the mountains, shelters and has made for you garments which protect you from the heat and garments [i.e., coats of mail] which protect you from your [enemy in] battle. Thus does He complete His favor upon you that you might submit [to Him].
- 82) But if they turn away, [O Muhammad] – then only upon you is [responsibility for] clear notification.
- 83) They recognize the favor of Allah; then they deny it. And most of them are disbelievers.
- 84) And [mention] the Day when We will resurrect from every nation a witness [i.e., their prophet]. Then it will not be permitted to the disbelievers [to apologize or make excuses], nor will they be asked to appease [Allah].
- 85) And when those who wronged see the punishment, it will not be lightened for them, nor will they be reprieved.
- 86) And when those who associated others with Allah see their "partners," they will say, "Our Lord, these are our partners [to You] whom we used to invoke besides You." But they will throw at them the statement, "Indeed, you are liars."
- 87) And they will impart to Allah that Day [their] submission, and lost from them is what they used to invent.
- 88) Those who disbelieved and averted [others] from the way of Allah – We will increase them in punishment over [their] punishment for what corruption they were causing.

- 89) And [mention] the Day when We will resurrect among every nation a witness over them from themselves [i.e., their prophet]. And We will bring you, [O Muhammad], as a witness over these [i.e., your nation]. And We have sent down to you the Book [i.e., the Qur'an] as clarification for all things and as guidance and mercy and good tidings for the Muslims.⁽⁶⁵⁶⁾
- 90) Indeed, Allah orders justice and good conduct and giving to relatives and forbids immorality and bad conduct and oppression. He admonishes you that perhaps you will be reminded.
- 91) And fulfill the covenant of Allah when you have taken it, [O believers], and do not break oaths after their confirmation while you have made Allah, over you, a security [i.e., witness]. Indeed, Allah knows what you do.
- 92) And do not be like she who untwisted her spun thread after it was strong [by] taking your oaths as [means of] deceit between you because one community is more plentiful [in number or wealth] than another community.⁽⁶⁵⁷⁾ Allah only tries you thereby. And He will make clear to you on the Day of Resurrection that over which you used to differ.
- 93) And if Allah had willed, He could have made you [of] one religion, but He causes to stray whom He wills and guides whom He wills.⁽⁶⁵⁸⁾ And you will surely be questioned about what you used to do.
- 94) And do not take your oaths as [means of] deceit between you, lest a foot slip after it was [once] firm, and you would taste evil [in this world] for what [people] you diverted from the way of Allah,⁽⁶⁵⁹⁾ and you would have [in the Hereafter] a great punishment.

(656) Those who have submitted themselves to Allah.

(657) i.e., do not swear falsely or break a treaty or contract merely for a worldly advantage.

(658) According to His knowledge of each soul's preference.

(659) Referring to those who would be dissuaded from Islam as a result of a Muslim's deceit and treachery.

- 95) And do not exchange the covenant of Allah for a small price. Indeed, what is with Allah is best for you if only you could know.
- 96) Whatever you have will end, but what Allah has is lasting. And We will surely give those who were patient their reward according to the best of what they used to do.
- 97) Whoever does righteousness, whether **male** or female, while he is a believer – We will surely cause him to live a good life, and We will surely give them their reward [in the Hereafter] according to the best of what they used to do.
- 98) So when you recite the Qur'an, [first] seek refuge in Allah from Satan, the expelled [from His mercy].
- 99) Indeed, there is for him no authority over those who have believed and rely upon their Lord.
- 100) His authority is only over those who take him as an ally and those who through him associate others with Allah
- 101) And when We substitute a verse in place of a verse – and Allah is most knowing of what He sends down – they say, "You, [O Muhammad], are but an inventor [of lies]." But of most them do not know.
- 102) Say, [O Muhammad], "The Pure Spirit [i.e., Gabriel] has brought it down from your Lord in truth to make firm those who believe and as guidance and good tidings to the Muslims."
- 103) And We certainly know that they say, "It is only a human being who teaches him, [i.e., the Prophet]." The tongue of the one they refer to is foreign,⁽⁶⁶⁰⁾ and this [recitation, i.e., Qur'an] is [in] a clear Arabic language.
- 104) Indeed, those who do not believe in the verses of Allah – Allah will not guide them, and for them is a painful punishment.
- 105) They only invent falsehood who do not believe in the verses of Allah, and it is those who are the liars.

(660) Having seen the Prophet (ﷺ) speaking with a foreign man on occasion, the Quraysh accused him of repeating the man's words.

- 106) Whoever disbelieves in [i.e., denies] Allah after his belief...⁽⁶⁶¹⁾ except for one who is forced [to renounce his religion] while his heart is secure in faith. But those who [willingly] open their breasts to disbelief, upon them is wrath from Allah, and for them is a great punishment;
- 107) That is because they preferred the worldly life over the Hereafter and that Allah does not guide the disbelieving people.
- 108) Those are the ones over whose hearts and hearing and vision Allah has sealed, and it is those who are the heedless.
- 109) Assuredly, it is they, in the Hereafter, who will be the losers.
- 110) Then, indeed your Lord, to those who emigrated after they had been compelled [to renounce their religion] and thereafter fought [for the cause of Allah] and were patient – indeed, your Lord, after that, is Forgiving and Merciful
- 111) On the Day when every soul will come disputing [i.e., pleading] for itself, and every soul will be fully compensated for what it did, and they will not be wronged [i.e., treated unjustly].
- 112) And Allah presents an example: a city [i.e., Makkah] which was safe and secure, its provision coming to it in abundance from every location, but it denied the favors of Allah. So Allah made it taste the envelopment of hunger and fear for what they had been doing.
- 113) And there had certainly come to them a Messenger among themselves, but they denied him; so punishment overtook them whole they were wrongdoers.
- 114) Then eat of what Allah has provided for you [which is] lawful and good. And be grateful for the favor of Allah, if it is [indeed] Him that you worship.
- 115) He has only forbidden to you dead animals,⁽⁶⁶²⁾ blood, the flesh of swine, and that which has been dedicated to other than

(661) Based upon the conclusion of this verse, the omitted phrase concerning the apostate is understood to be "...has earned the wrath of Allah..."

(662) Those not slaughtered or hunted expressly for food.

Allah. But whoever is forced [by necessity], neither desiring [it] nor transgressing [its limit] – then indeed, Allah is Forgiving and Merciful.

- 116) And do not say about what your tongues assert of untruth, "This is lawful and this is unlawful," to invent falsehood about Allah. Indeed, those who invent falsehood about Allah will not succeed.
- 117) [It is but] a brief employment, and they will have a painful punishment.
- 118) And to those who are Jews We have prohibited that which We related to you before.⁽⁶⁶³⁾ And We did not wrong them [thereby], but they were wronging themselves.
- 119) Then, indeed your Lord, to those who have done wrong out of ignorance and then repent after that and correct themselves – indeed, your Lord, thereafter, is Forgiving and Merciful.
- 120) Indeed, Abraham was a [comprehensive] leader,⁽⁶⁶⁴⁾ devoutly obedient to Allah, inclining toward truth, and he was not of those who associate others with Allah.
- 121) [He was] grateful for His favors. He [i.e., Allah] chose him and guided him to a straight path.
- 122) And We gave him good in this world, and indeed, in the Hereafter he will be among the righteous.
- 123) Then We revealed to you, [O Muhammad], to follow the religion of Abraham, inclining toward truth; and he was not of those who associate with Allah.
- 124) The Sabbath was only appointed for those who differed over it. And indeed, your Lord will judge between them on the Day of Resurrection concerning that over which they used to differ.
- 125) Invite to the way of your Lord with wisdom and good instruction, and argue with them in a way that is best. Indeed,

(663) See 6:146.

(664) i.e., embodying all the excellent qualities which make one an example to be followed.

your Lord is most knowing of who has strayed from His way, and He is most knowing of who is [rightly] guided.

126) And if you punish [an enemy, O believers], punish with an equivalent of that with which you were harmed.⁽⁶⁶⁵⁾ But if you are patient – it is better for those who are patient.

127) And be patient, [O Muhammad], and your patience is not but through Allah. And do not grieve over them and do not be in distress over what they conspire.

128) Indeed, Allah is with those who fear Him and those who are doers of good.

(665) Not exceeding it.

Israa-17⁽⁶⁶⁶⁾

In the name of Allah, the Entirely Merciful, the Especially Merciful

- 1) Exalted⁽⁶⁶⁷⁾ is He who took His Servant [i.e., Prophet Muhammad] by night from al-Masjid al-Haram to al-Masjid al-Aqsa,⁽⁶⁶⁸⁾ whose surroundings We have blessed, to show him of Our signs. Indeed, He is the Hearing, the Seeing.
- 2) And We gave Moses the Scripture and made it a guidance for the Children of Israel that you not take other than Me as Disposer of affairs,⁽⁶⁶⁹⁾
- 3) O descendants of those We carried [in the ship] with Noah. Indeed, he was a grateful servant.
- 4) And We conveyed⁽⁶⁷⁰⁾ to the Children of Israel in the Scripture that, "You will surely cause corruption on the earth twice, and you will surely reach [a degree of] great haughtiness.
- 5) So when the [time of] promise came for the first of them,⁽⁶⁷¹⁾ We sent against you servants of Ours – those of great military might, and they probed [even] into the homes,⁽⁶⁷²⁾ and it was a promise fulfilled.
- 6) Then We gave back to you a return victory over them. And We reinforced with you with wealth and sons and made you more numerous in manpower
- 7) [And said], "If you do good, you do good for yourselves; and if you do evil, [you do it] to them [i.e., yourselves]." Then when the final [i.e., second] promise came, [We sent your enemies] to sadden your faces and to enter the masjid [i.e., the temple in

(666) *Al-Isra'*: The Night Journey. The *surah* is also known as *Bani Isra'eel* (The Children of Israel).

(667) Above any imperfection or failure to do as He wills.

(668) In Jerusalem.

(669) i.e., trust in Allah, knowing that He is responsible for every occurrence.

(670) Foretold out of divine knowledge of what they would do.

(671) i.e., the promised punishment for the first of their two transgressions.

(672) Violating their sanctity, to kill and plunder.

Jerusalem], as they entered it the first time, and to destroy what they had taken over with [total] destruction.

- 8) [Then Allah said], "It is expected, [if you repent], that your Lord will have mercy upon you. But if you return [to sin], We will return [to punishment]. And We have made Hell, for the disbelievers, a prison-bed."
- 9) Indeed, this Qur'an guides to that which is most suitable and gives good tidings to the believers who do righteous deeds that they will have a great reward.
- 10) And that those who do not believe in the Hereafter – We have prepared for them a painful punishment.
- 11) And man supplicates for evil [when angry] as he supplicates for good, and man is ever hasty.⁽⁶⁷³⁾
- 12) And We have made the night and day two signs, and We erased the sign of the night and made the sign of the day visible⁽⁶⁷⁴⁾ that you may seek bounty from your Lord and may know the number of years and the account [of time]. And everything – We have set out in detail.
- 13) And [for] every person We have imposed his fate upon his neck,⁽⁶⁷⁵⁾ and We will produce for him on the Day of Resurrection a record which he will encounter spread open.
- 14) [It will be said], "Read your record. Sufficient is yourself against you this Day as accountant."
- 15) Whoever is guided is only guided for [the benefit of] his soul. And whoever errs only errs against it. And no bearer of burdens will bear the burden of another. And never would We punish until We sent a messenger.
- 16) And when We intend to destroy a city, We command its affluent⁽⁶⁷⁶⁾ but they defiantly disobey therein; so the word [i.e.,

(673) i.e., impatient, emotional and acting without forethought

(674) Or "giving sight."

(675) i.e., after having instructed him, We have made him responsible for his own destiny.

(676) To obey Allah.

deserved decree] comes into effect upon it, and We destroy it with [complete] destruction.

- 17) And how many have We destroyed from the generations after Noah. And sufficient is your Lord, concerning the sins of His servants, as Acquainted and Seeing.
- 18) Whoever should desire the immediate⁽⁶⁷⁷⁾ – We hasten for him from it what We will to whom We intend. Then We have made for him Hell, which he will [enter to] burn, censured and banished.
- 19) But whoever desires the Hereafter and exerts the effort due to it while he is a believer – it is those whose effort is ever appreciated [by Allah].
- 20) To each [category] We extend – to these and to those – from the gift of your Lord. And never has the gift of your Lord been restricted.
- 21) Look how We have favored [in provision] some of you over others. But the Hereafter is greater in degrees [of difference] and greater in distinction.
- 22) Do not make [as equal] with Allah another deity and [thereby] become censured and forsaken.
- 23) And your Lord has decreed that you not worship except Him, and to parents, good treatment. Whether one or both of them reach old age [while] with you, say not to them [so much as], "uff,"⁽⁶⁷⁸⁾ and do not repel them but speak to them a noble word.
- 24) And lower to them the wing of humility out of mercy and say, "My Lord, have mercy upon them as they brought me up [when I was] small."

(677) i.e., worldly gratifications.

(678) An expression of disapproval or irritation.

- 25) Your Lord is most knowing of what is within yourselves. If you should be righteous [in intention] – then indeed He is ever, to the often returning [to Him], Forgiving.⁽⁶⁷⁹⁾
- 26) And give the relative his right, and [also] the poor and the traveler, and do not spend wastefully.⁽⁶⁸⁰⁾
- 27) Indeed, the wasteful are brothers of the devils, and ever has Satan been to his Lord ungrateful.
- 28) And if you [must] turn away from them [i.e., the needy] awaiting mercy from your Lord which you expect,⁽⁶⁸¹⁾ then speak to them a gentle word.
- 29) And do not make your hand [as] chained to your neck⁽⁶⁸²⁾ or extend it completely⁽⁶⁸³⁾ and [thereby] become blamed and insolvent.
- 30) Indeed, your Lord extends provision for whom He wills and restricts [it]. Indeed He is ever, concerning His servants, Acquainted and Seeing.
- 31) And do not kill your children for fear of poverty. We provide for them and for you. Indeed, their killing is ever a great sin.
- 32) And do not approach unlawful sexual intercourse.⁽⁶⁸⁴⁾ Indeed, it is ever an immorality and is evil as a way.
- 33) And do not kill the soul [i.e., person] which Allah has forbidden, except by right.⁽⁶⁸⁵⁾ And whoever is killed unjustly – We have given his heir authority,⁽⁶⁸⁶⁾ but let him not exceed limits in [the matter] taking life. Indeed, he has been supported [by the law].
- 34) And do not approach the property of an orphan, except in the way that is best,⁽⁶⁸⁷⁾ until he reaches maturity. And fulfill

(679) For those who intend righteousness, hastening to repent from sins and errors committed through human weakness, Allah promises forgiveness.

(680) i.e., on that which is unlawful or in disobedience to Allah.

(681) i.e., if you have not the means to give them at present.

(682) i.e., refusing to spend.

(683) i.e., being extravagant.

(684) i.e., avoid all situations that might possibly lead to it.

(685) i.e., through legal justice or during *jihad*.

(686) Grounds for legal action.

(687) i.e., to improve or increase it.

[every] commitment. Indeed, the commitment is ever [that about which one will be] questioned.

35) And give full measure when you measure, and weight with an even [i.e., honest] balance. That is the best [way] and best in result.

36) And do not pursue⁽⁶⁸⁸⁾ that of which you have no knowledge. Indeed, the hearing, the sight and the heart – [about] all those [one] will be questioned.

37) And do not walk upon the earth exultantly. Indeed, you will never tear the earth [apart], and you will never reach the mountains in height.⁽⁶⁸⁹⁾

38) All that [i.e., the aforementioned] – its evil is ever, in the sight of your Lord, detested.

39) That is from what your Lord has revealed to you, [O Muhammad], of wisdom. And, [O mankind], do not make [as equal] with Allah another deity, lest you be thrown into Hell, blamed and banished.

40) Then, has your Lord chosen you for [having] sons and taken [i.e., adopted] from among the angels daughters? Indeed, you say a grave saying.

41) And We have certainly diversified [the contents] in this Qur'an that they [i.e., mankind] may be reminded, but it does not increase them [i.e., the disbelievers] except in aversion.

42) Say, [O Muhammad], "If there had been with Him [other] gods, as they say, then they [each] would have sought to the Owner of the Throne a way."⁽⁶⁹⁰⁾

43) Exalted is He and high above what they say by great sublimity.

44) The seven heavens and the earth and whatever is in them exalt Him. And there is not a thing except that it exalts [Allah] by His

(688) i.e., do not assume and do not say.

(689) Man, for all his arrogance, is yet a weak and small creature.

(690) To please Him, recognizing His superiority. Another interpretation is "...they would seek a way" to depose Him and take over His Throne.

praise, but you do not understand their [way of] exalting. Indeed, He is ever Forbearing and Forgiving.

- 45) And when you recite the Qur'an, We put between you and those who do not believe in the Hereafter a concealed partition.⁽⁶⁹¹⁾
- 46) And We have placed over their hearts coverings, lest they understand it, and in their ears deafness. And when you mention your Lord alone in the Qur'an, they turn back in aversion.
- 47) We are most knowing of how they listen to it when they listen to you and [of] when they are in private conversation, when the wrongdoers say, "You follow not but a man affected by magic."
- 48) Look how they strike for you comparisons;⁽⁶⁹²⁾ but they have strayed, so they cannot [find] a way.
- 49) And they say, "When we are bones and crumbled particles, will we [truly] be resurrected as a new creation?"
- 50) Say, "Be you stones or iron"⁽⁶⁹³⁾
- 51) Or [any] creation of that which is great⁽⁶⁹⁴⁾ within your breasts." And they will say, "Who will restore us?" Say, "He who brought you forth the first time." Then they will nod their heads toward you⁽⁶⁹⁵⁾ and say, "When is that?" Say, "Perhaps it will be soon –
- 52) On the Day He will call you and you will respond with praise of Him and think that you had not remained [in the world] except for a little."
- 53) And tell My servants to say that which is best. Indeed, Satan induces [dissension] among them. Indeed Satan is ever, to mankind, a clear enemy.
- 54) Your Lord is most knowing of you. If He wills, He will have mercy upon you; or if He wills, He will punish you. And We have not sent you, [O Muhammad], over them as a manager.

(691) Preventing guidance from reaching them.

(692) Describing the Prophet (ﷺ) as a poet, a madman or one under the influence of sorcery.

(693) i.e., even if you should be stones or iron.

(694) Such as the heavens and earth.

(695) In disbelief and ridicule.

- 55) And your Lord is most knowing of whoever is in the heavens and the earth. And We have made some of the prophets exceed others [in various ways], and to David We gave the book [of Psalms].
- 56) Say, "Invoke those you have claimed [as gods] besides Him, for they do not possess the [ability for] removal of adversity from you or [for its] transfer [to someone else]."
- 57) Those whom they invoke⁽⁶⁹⁶⁾ seek means of access to their Lord, [striving as to] which of them would be nearest, and they hope for His mercy and fear His punishment. Indeed, the punishment of your Lord is ever feared.
- 58) And there is no city but that We will destroy it⁽⁶⁹⁷⁾ before the Day of Resurrection or punish it with a severe punishment. That has ever been in the Register⁽⁶⁹⁸⁾ inscribed.
- 59) And nothing has prevented Us from sending signs [i.e., miracles] except that the former peoples denied them. And We gave Thamud the she-camel as a visible sign, but they wronged her. And We send not the signs except as a warning.
- 60) And [remember, O Muhammad], when We told you, "Indeed, your Lord has encompassed the people."⁽⁶⁹⁹⁾ And We did not make the sight which We showed you⁽⁷⁰⁰⁾ except as a trial for the people, as was the accursed tree [mentioned] in the Qur'an. And We threaten [i.e., warn] them, but it increases them not except in great transgression.
- 61) And [mention] when We said to the angles, "Prostrate to Adam," and they prostrated, except for Iblees.⁽⁷⁰¹⁾ He said, "Should I prostrate to one You created from clay?"

(696) Among the righteous of Allah's creation, such as angels, prophets, deceased scholars, etc.

(697) Because of the sins of its inhabitants.

(698) The Preserved Slate (*al-Lawh al-Mahfuth*), which is with Allah.

(699) In His knowledge and power, meaning that Allah would protect him (ﷺ) from their harm.

(700) During the mi'raj (ascension) into the heavens.

(701) See footnote to 2:34.

- 62) [Iblees] said, "Do You see this one whom You have honored above me? If You delay me [i.e., my death] until the Day of Resurrection, I will surely destroy⁽⁷⁰²⁾ his descendants, except for a few."
- 63) [Allah] said, "Go, for whoever of them follows you, indeed Hell will be the recompense of [all of] you – an ample recompense."
- 64) And incite [to senselessness] whoever you can among them with your voice and assault them with your horses and foot soldiers and become a partner in their wealth and their children and promise them." But Satan does not promise them except delusion.
- 65) Indeed, over My [believing] servants there is for you no authority. And sufficient is your Lord as Disposer of affairs.
- 66) It is your Lord who drives the ship for you through the sea that you may seek of His bounty. Indeed, He is ever, to you, Merciful.
- 67) And when adversity touches you at sea, lost are [all] those you invoke except for Him. But when He delivers you to the land, you turn away [from Him]. And ever is man ungrateful.
- 68) Then do you feel secure that [instead] He will not cause a part of the land to swallow you or send against you a storm of stones? Then you would not find for yourselves an advocate.
- 69) Or do you feel secure that He will not send you back into it [i.e., the sea] another time and send upon you a hurricane of wind and drown you for what you denied?⁽⁷⁰³⁾ Then you would not find for yourselves against Us an avenger.⁽⁷⁰⁴⁾
- 70) And We have certainly honored the children of Adam and carried them on the land and sea and provided for them of the good things and preferred them over much of what We have created, with [definite] preference.

(702) By tempting them and leading them astray.

(703) Or "for your disbelief."

(704) Or "someone to demand restitution."

- 71) [Mention, O Muhammad], the Day We will call forth every people with their record [of deeds].⁽⁷⁰⁵⁾ Then whoever is given his record in his right hand – those will read their records, and injustice will not be done to them, [even] as much as a thread [inside the date seed].
- 72) And whoever is blind⁽⁷⁰⁶⁾ in this [life] will be blind in the Hereafter and more astray in way.
- 73) And indeed, they were about to tempt you away from that which We revealed to you in order to [make you] invent about Us something else; and then they would have taken you as a friend.
- 74) And if We had not strengthened you, you would have almost inclined to them a little.
- 75) Then [if you had], We would have made you taste double [punishment in] life and double [after death]. Then you would not find for yourself against Us a helper.
- 76) And indeed, they were about to provoke [i.e., drive] you from the land [i.e., Makkah] to evict you therefrom. But then [if they had], they would not remain [there] after you, except for a little.⁽⁷⁰⁷⁾
- 77) [That was Our] established way for those We had sent before you of Our messengers; and you will not find in Our way any alteration.
- 78) Establish prayer at the decline of the sun [from its meridian] until the darkness of the night⁽⁷⁰⁸⁾ and [also] the Qur'an [i.e., recitation] of dawn.⁽⁷⁰⁹⁾ Indeed, the recitation of dawn is ever witnessed.

(705) Other meanings are “with their leader” or “with that which they had followed.”

(706) i.e., refusing to see the truth.

(707) If they had driven out the Prophet (ﷺ), Allah would have destroyed them completely, as He did with former communities.

(708) i.e., the period which includes the *thuhr*, *asr*, *maghrib* and '*isha*' prayers.

(709) i.e., the fajr prayer, in which the recitation of the Qur'an is prolonged.

- 79) And from [part of] the night, pray⁽⁷¹⁰⁾ with it [i.e., recitation of the Qur'an] as additional [worship] for you; it is expected that⁽⁷¹¹⁾ your Lord will resurrect you to a praised station.⁽⁷¹²⁾
- 80) And say, "My Lord, cause me to enter a sound entrance⁽⁷¹³⁾ and to exit⁽⁷¹⁴⁾ a sound exit and grant me from Yourself a supporting authority."
- 81) And say, "Truth has come, and falsehood has departed. Indeed is falsehood, [by nature], ever bound to depart."
- 82) And We send down of the Qur'an that which is healing and mercy for the believers, but it does not increase the wrongdoers except in loss.
- 83) And when We bestow favor upon man [i.e., the disbeliever], he turns away and distances himself; and when evil touches him, he is ever despairing.
- 84) Say, "Each works according to his manner, but your Lord is most knowing of who is best guided in way."
- 85) And they ask you, [O Muhammad], about the soul. Say, "The soul is of the affair [i.e., concern] of my Lord. And you [i.e., mankind] have not been given of knowledge except a little."
- 86) And if We willed, We could surely do away with that which We revealed to you. Then you would not find for yourself concerning it an advocate against Us.
- 87) Except [We have left it with you] as a mercy from your Lord. Indeed, His favor upon you has ever been great.
- 88) Say, "If mankind and the jinn gathered in order to produce the like of this Qur'an, they could not produce the like of it, even if they were to each other assistants."

(710) Literally, "arise from sleep for prayer."

(711) This is a promise from Allah to the Prophet Muhammad (ﷺ).

(712) The position of intercession by permission of Allah and the highest degree in Paradise.

(713) Into Madinah at the time of emigration, or into the grave.

(714) From Makkah, or from the grave at the time of resurrection.

- 89) And We have certainly diversified for the people in this Qur'an from every [kind] of example, but most of the people refused [anything] except disbelief.
- 90) And they say, "We will not believe you until you break open for us from the ground a spring.
- 91) Or [until] you have a garden of palm tress and grapes and make rivers gush forth within them in force [and abundance]
- 92) Or you make the heaven fall upon us in fragments as you have claimed or you bring Allah and the angels before [us]
- 93) Or you have a house of ornament [i.e., gold] or you ascend into the sky. And [even then], we will not believe in your ascension until you bring down to us a book we may read." Say, "Exalted is my Lord! Was I ever but a human messenger?"
- 94) And what prevented the people from believing when guidance came to them except that they said, "Has Allah sent a human messenger?"
- 95) Say, "If there were upon the earth angels walking securely,⁽⁷¹⁵⁾ We would have sent down to them from the heaven an angel [as a] messenger."
- 96) Say, "Sufficient is Allah as Witness between me and you. Indeed he is ever, concerning His servants, Acquainted and seeing."
- 97) And whoever Allah guides – he is the [rightly] guided; and whoever He sends astray⁽⁷¹⁶⁾ – you will never find for them protectors besides Him, and We will gather them on the Day of Resurrection [fallen] on their faces – blind, dumb and deaf. Their refuge is Hell; every time it subsides We increase them in blazing fire.
- 98) That is their recompense because they disbelieved in Our verse and said, "When we are bones and crumbled particles, will we [truly] be resurrected [in] a new creation?"

(715) i.e., who were settled and established there, as is man.

(716) As a result of his own preference.

- 99) Do they not see that Allah, who created the heavens and earth, is [the one] Able to create the likes of them? And He has appointed for them a term, about which there is no doubt. But the wrongdoers refuse [anything] except disbelief.
- 100) Say [to them], "If you possessed the depositories of the mercy of my Lord, then you would withhold out of fear of spending. " And ever has man been stingy.
- 101) And We had certainly given Moses nine evident signs, so ask the Children of Israel [about] when he came to them and Pharaoh said to him, "Indeed I think, O Moses, that you are affected by magic."
- 102) [Moses] said, "You have already known that none has sent down these [signs] except the Lord of the heavens and the earth as evidence, and indeed I think,⁽⁷¹⁷⁾ O Pharaoh, that you are destroyed."
- 103) So he intended to drive them from the land, but We drowned him and those with him all together.
- 104) And We said after him [i.e., Pharaoh] to the Children of Israel, "Dwell in the land, and when there comes the promise [i.e., appointment] of the Hereafter, We will bring you forth in [one] gathering."
- 105) And with the truth We have sent it [i.e., the Qur'an] down, and with the truth it has descended. And We have not sent you, [O Muhammad], except as a bringer of good tidings and a warner.
- 106) And [it is] a Qur'an which We have separated [by intervals] that you might recite it to the people over a prolonged period. And We have sent it down progressively.
- 107) Say, "Believe in it or do not believe. Indeed, those who were given knowledge before it⁽⁷¹⁸⁾ - when it is recited to them, they fall upon their faces in prostration,

(717) i.e., I am certain.

(718) i.e., the righteous among the People of the Scriptures who recognize the truth contained in the Qur'an.

- 108) And they say, "Exalted is our Lord! Indeed, the promise of our Lord has been fulfilled."
- 109) And they fall upon their faces weeping, and it [i.e., the Qur'an] increases them in humble submission.
- 110) Say, "Call upon Allah or call upon the Most Merciful [ar-Rahman]. Whichever [name] you call – to Him belong the best names." And do not recite [too] loudly in your prayer or [too] quietly but seek between that an [intermediate] way.
- 111) And say, "Praise to Allah, who has not taken a son and has had no partner in [His] dominion and has no [need of a] protector out of weakness; and magnify Him with [great] magnification."

Kahf-18⁽⁷¹⁹⁾

In the name of Allah, the Entirely Merciful, the Especially Merciful

- 1) [All] praise is [due] to Allah, who has sent down upon His Servant [Muhammad] the Book and has not made therein any crookedness.⁽⁷²⁰⁾
- 2) [He has made it] straight, to warn of severe punishment from Him and to give good tidings to the believers who do righteous deeds that they will have a good reward [i.e., Paradise]
- 3) In which they will remain forever
- 4) And to warn those who say, "Allah has taken a son."
- 5) They have no knowledge of it,⁽⁷²¹⁾ nor had their fathers. Grave is the word that comes out of their mouths; they speak not except a lie.
- 6) Then perhaps you would kill yourself through grief over them, [O Muhammad], if they do not believe in this message, [and] out of sorrow.
- 7) Indeed, We have made that which is on the earth adornment for it that We may test them [as to] which of them is best in deed.
- 8) And indeed, We will make that which is upon it [into] a barren ground.
- 9) Or have you thought that the companions of the cave and the inscription were, among Our signs, a wonder?⁽⁷²²⁾
- 10) [Mention] when the youths retreated to the cave and said, "Our Lord, grant us from Yourself mercy and prepare for us from our affair right guidance."
- 11) So We cast [a cover of sleep] over their ears within the cave for a number of years.

(719) *Al-Kahf*: The Cave.

(720) Deviation from the truth.

(721) i.e., they could not have had knowledge of something which is not true.

(722) Rather, it is only one of the many wonders of Allah.

- 12) Then We awakened them that We might show which of the two factions was most precise in calculating what [extent] they had remained in time.
- 13) It is We who relate to you, [O Muhammad], their story in truth. Indeed, they were youths who believed in their Lord, and We increased them in guidance.
- 14) And We bound [i.e., made firm] their hearts when they stood up and said, "Our Lord is the Lord of the heavens and the earth. Never will we invoke besides Him any deity. We would have certainly spoken, then, an excessive transgression.
- 15) These, our people, have taken besides Him deities. Why do they not bring for [worship of] them a clear authority? And who is more unjust than one invents about Allah a lie?"
- 16) [The youths said to one another], "And when you have withdrawn from them and that which they worship other than Allah, retreat to the cave. Your Lord will spread out for you of His mercy and will prepare for you from your affair facility.
- 17) And [had you been present], you would see the sun when it rose, inclining away from their cave on the right, and when it set, passing away from them on the left, while they were [laying] within an open space thereof. That was from the signs of Allah. He whom Allah guides is the [rightly] guided, but he whom He leaves astray – never will you find for him a protecting guide.
- 18) And you would think them awake, while they were asleep. And We turned them to the right and to the left, while their dog stretched his forelegs at the entrance. If you had looked at them, you would have turned from them in flight and been filled by them with terror.
- 19) And similarly,⁽⁷²³⁾ We awakened them that they might question one another. Said a speaker from among them, "How long have you remained [here]?" They said, "We have remained a day or

(723) By the will of Allah.

part of a day." They said, "Your Lord is most knowing of how long you remained. So send one of you with this silver coin of yours to the city and let him look to which is the best of food and bring you provision from it and let him be cautious. And let no one be aware of you.

- 20) Indeed, if they come to know of you, they will stone you or return you to their religion. And never would you succeed, then ever."
- 21) And similarly, We caused them to be found that they [who found them] would know that the promise of Allah is truth and that of the Hour there is no doubt. [That was] when they⁽⁷²⁴⁾ disputed among themselves about their affair and [then] said, "Construct over them a structure. Their Lord is most knowing about them." Said those who prevailed in the matter, "We will surely take [for ourselves] over them a masjid."⁽⁷²⁵⁾
- 22) They [i.e., people] will say there were three, the fourth of them being their dog; and they will say there were five, the sixth of them being their dog – guessing at the unseen; and they will say there were seven, and the eighth of them was their dog. Say, [O Muhammad], "My Lord is most knowing of their number. None knows them except a few. So do not argue about them except with an obvious argument⁽⁷²⁶⁾ and do not inquire about them among [the speculators] from anyone."
- 23) And never say of anything, "Indeed, I will do that tomorrow,"
- 24) Except [when adding], "If Allah wills." And remember your Lord when you forget [it] and say, "Perhaps my Lord will guide me to what is nearer than this to right conduct."
- 25) And they remained in their cave for three hundred years and exceeded by nine.⁽⁷²⁷⁾

(724) The people of the city.

(725) i.e., we will make this site a place of worship.

(726) i.e., one from the Qur'an, which is the only sure argument.

(727) According to the lunar calendar.

- 26) Say, "Allah is most knowing of how long they remained. He has [knowledge of] the unseen [aspects] of the heavens and the earth. How Seeing is He and how Hearing! They have not besides Him any protector, and He shares not His legislation with anyone."
- 27) And recite, [O Muhammad], what has been revealed to you of the Book of your Lord. There is no changer of His words, and never will you find in other than Him a refuge.
- 28) And keep yourself patient [by being] with those who call upon their Lord in the morning and the evening, seeking His countenance. And let not your eyes pass beyond them, desiring adornments of the worldly life, and do not obey one whose heart We have made heedless of Our remembrance and who follows his desire and whose affair is ever [in] neglect.⁽⁷²⁸⁾
- 29) And say, "The truth is from your Lord, so however wills – let him believe; and whoever wills – let him disbelieve." Indeed, We have prepared for the wrongdoers a fire whose walls will surround them. And if they call for relief, they will be relieved with water like murky oil, which scalds [their] faces. Wretched is the drink, and evil is the resting place.
- 30) Indeed, those who have believed and done righteous deeds – indeed, We will not allow to be lost the reward of any who did well in deeds.
- 31) Those will have gardens of perpetual residence; beneath them rivers will flow. They will be adorned therein with bracelets of gold and will wear green garments of fine and heavy silk, reclining therein on adorned couches. Excellent is the reward, and good is the resting place.
- 32) And present to them an example of two men: We granted to one of them two gardens of grapevines, and We bordered them with palm tress and placed between them [fields of] crops.

(728) Or "in excess," exceeding the limits of Allah.

- 33) Each of the two gardens produced its fruit and did not fall short thereof in anything. And We caused to gush forth within them a river.
- 34) And he had fruit, he said to his companion while he was conversing with him, "I am greater than you in wealth and mightier in [numbers of] men."
- 35) And he entered his garden while he was unjust to himself.⁽⁷²⁹⁾ He said, "I do not think that this will perish – ever.
- 36) And I do not think the Hour will occur. And even if I should be brought back to my Lord, I will surely find better than this as a return."
- 37) His companion said to him while he was conversing with him, "Have you disbelieved in He who created you from dust and then from a sperm-drop and then proportioned you [as] a man?"
- 38) But as for me, He is Allah, my Lord, and I do not associate with my Lord anyone.
- 39) And why did you, when you entered your gardens, not say, 'What Allah willed [has occurred]; there is no power except in Allah?' Although you see me less than you in wealth and children,
- 40) It may be that my Lord will give me [something] better than your garden and will send upon it a calamity from the sky, and it will become a smooth, dusty ground,
- 41) Or its water will become sunken [into the earth], so you would never be able to seek it."
- 42) And his fruits were encompassed [by ruin], so he began to turn his hands about [in dismay] over what he had spent on it, while it had collapsed upon its trellises, and said, "Oh, I wish I had not associated with my Lord anyone."⁽⁷³⁰⁾

(729) i.e., proud and ungrateful to Allah.

(730) He attributed his prosperity to himself rather than to Allah and disbelieved in the account of the Hereafter.

- 43) And there was for him no company to aid him other than Allah, nor was he supported.
- 44) There⁽⁷³¹⁾ the authority is [completely] for Allah, the Truth. He is best in reward and best in outcome.
- 45) And present to them the example of the life of this world, [its being] like rain which We send down from the sky, and the vegetation of the earth mingles with it⁽⁷³²⁾ and [then] it becomes dry remnants, scattered by the winds. And Allah is ever, over all things, perfect in Ability.
- 46) Wealth and children are [but] adornment of the worldly life. But the enduring good deeds are better to your Lord⁽⁷³³⁾ for reward and better for [one's] hope.
- 47) And [mention] the Day when We will remove the mountains and you will see the earth prominent,⁽⁷³⁴⁾ and We will gather them and not leave behind from them anyone.
- 48) And they will be presented before your Lord in rows, [and He will say], "You have certainly come to Us just as We created you the first time. But you claimed that We would never make for you an appointment."
- 49) And the record [of deeds] will be placed [open], and you will see the criminals fearful of that within it, and they will say, "Oh, woe to us! What is this book that leaves nothing small or great except that it has enumerated it?" And they will find what they did present [before them]. And your Lord does injustice to no one.
- 50) And [mention] when We said to the angels, "Prostrate to Adam," and they prostrated, except for Iblees. He was of the jinn and departed from [i.e., disobeyed] the command of his Lord. Then will you take him and his descendants as allies other than Me

(731) i.e., at such a time.

(732) Absorbs it, growing lush and thick.

(733) i.e., In His sight or evaluation.

(734) i.e., bare and exposed.

while they are enemies to you? Wretched it is for the wrongdoers as an exchange.

- 51) I did not make them witness to the creation of the heavens and the earth or to the creation of themselves, and I would not have taken the misguiders as assistants.
- 52) And [mention] the Day when He will say, "Call 'My partners' whom you claimed," and they will invoke them, but they will not respond to them. And We will put between them [a valley of] destruction.
- 53) And the criminals will see the Fire and will be certain that they are to fall therein. And they will not find from it a way elsewhere.
- 54) And We have certainly diversified in this Qur'an for the people from very [kind of] example; but man has ever been, most of anything, [prone to] dispute.
- 55) And nothing has prevented the people from believing when guidance came to them and from asking forgiveness of their Lord except that there [must] befall them the [accustomed] precedent of the former peoples⁽⁷³⁵⁾ or that the punishment should come [directly] before them.
- 56) And We send not the messengers except as bringers of good tidings and warners. And those who disbelieve dispute by [using] falsehood to [attempt to] invalidate thereby the truth and have taken My verses, and that of which they are warned, in ridicule.
- 57) And who is more unjust than one who is reminded of the verses of his Lord but turns away from them and forgets what his hands have put forth? Indeed, We have placed over their hearts coverings, lest they understand it, and in their ears deafness. And if you invite them to guidance – they will never be guided, then – ever.

(735) Who denied the truth brought by Allah's messengers.

- 58) And your Lord is the Forgiving, full of mercy. If He were to impose blame upon them for what they earned, He would have hastened for them the punishment. Rather, for them is an appointment from which they will never find an escape.
- 59) And those cities – We destroyed them when they wronged, and We made for their destruction an appointed time.
- 60) And [mention] when Moses said to his boy, [i.e., servant], "I will not cease [traveling] until I reach the junction of the two seas or continue for a long period."
- 61) But when they reached the junction between them, they forgot their fish, and it took its course into the sea, slipping away.
- 62) So when they had passed beyond it, [Moses] said to his boy, "Bring us our morning meal. We have certainly suffered in this, our journey, [much] fatigue."
- 63) He said, "Did you see when we retired to the rock? Indeed, I forgot [there] the fish. And none made me forget it except Satan that I should mention it. And it took its course into the sea amazingly.
- 64) [Moses] said, "That is what we were seeking." So they returned, following their footprints.
- 65) And they found a servant from among Our servants [i.e., al-Khidhr] to whom we had given mercy from us and had taught him from Us a [certain] knowledge.
- 66) Moses said to him, "May I follow you on [the condition] that you teach me from what you have been taught of sound judgment?"
- 67) He said, "Indeed, with me you will never be able to have patience.
- 68) And how can you have patience for what you do not encompass in knowledge?"
- 69) [Moses] said, "You will find me, if Allah wills, patient, and I will not disobey you in [any] order."

- 70) He said, "Then if you follow me, do not ask me about anything until I make to you about it mention [i.e., explanation]."
- 71) So they set out, until when they had embarked on the ship, he [i.e., al-Khidhr] tore it open. [Moses] said, "Have you torn it open to drown its people? You have certainly done a grave thing."
- 72) [Al-Khidhr] said, "Did I not say that with me you would never be able to have patience?"
- 73) [Moses] said, "Do not blame me for what I forgot and do not cover me in my matter with difficulty."
- 74) So they set out, until when they met a boy, he [i.e., al-Khidhr] killed him. [Moses] said, "Have you killed a pure soul for other than [having killed] a soul? You have certainly done a deplorable thing."
- 75) [Al-Khidhr] said, "Did I not tell you that with me you would never be able to have patience?"
- 76) [Moses] said, "If I should ask you about anything after this, then do not keep me as a companion. You have obtained from me an excuse."
- 77) So they set out, until when they came to the people of a town, they asked its people for food, but they refused to offer them hospitality. And they found therein a wall about to collapse, so he [i.e., al-Khidhr] restored it. [Moses] said, "If you wished, you could have taken for it a payment."
- 78) [Al-Khidhr] said, "This is parting between me and you. I will inform you of the interpretation of that about which you could not have patience."
- 79) As for the ship, it belonged to poor people working at sea. So I intended to cause defect in it as there was after them a king who seized every [good] ship by force.
- 80) And as for the boy, his parents were believers, and we feared that he would overburden them by transgression and disbelief.

- 81) So we intended that their Lord should substitute for them one better than him in purity and nearer to mercy.
- 82) And as for the wall, it belonged to two orphan boys in the city, and there was beneath it a treasure for them, and their father had been righteous. So your Lord intended that they reach maturity and extract their treasure, as a mercy from your Lord. And I did it not of my own accord. That is the interpretation of that about which you could not have patience."
- 83) And they ask you, [O Muhammad], about Dhul-Qarnayn. Say, "I will recite to you about him a report."
- 84) Indeed We established him upon the earth, and We gave him to everything a way [i.e., means].
- 85) So he followed a way
- 86) Until, when he reached the setting of the sun [i.e., the west], he found it [as if] setting in a spring of dark mud,⁽⁷³⁶⁾ and he found near it a people. We [i.e., Allah] said, "O Dhul-Qarnayn, either you punish [them] or else adopt among them [a way of] goodness."
- 87) He said, "As for one who wrongs,⁽⁷³⁷⁾ we will punish him. Then he will be returned to his Lord, and he will punish him with a terrible punishment [i.e., Hellfire].
- 88) But as for one who believes and does righteousness, he will have a reward of the best [i.e., Paradise], and we [i.e., Dhul-Qarnayn] will speak to him from our command with ease."
- 89) Then he followed a way
- 90) Until, when he came to the rising of the sun [i.e., the east], he found it rising on a people for whom We had not made against it any shield.
- 91) Thus.⁽⁷³⁸⁾ And We had encompassed [all] that he had in knowledge.

(736) Another meaning is "a hot spring."

(737) Persists in disbelief and rebellion.

(738) Such was the affair of Dhul-Qurnayn.

- 92) Then he followed a way
- 93) Until, when he reached [a pass] between two mountains, he found beside them a people who could hardly understand [his] speech.
- 94) They said, "O Dhul-Qarnayn, indeed Gog and Magog⁽⁷³⁹⁾ are [great] corrupters in the land. So may we assign for you an expenditure that you might make between us and them a barrier?"
- 95) He said, "That in which my Lord has established me is better [than what you offer], but assist me with strength [i.e., manpower]; I will make between you and them a dam.
- 96) Bring me sheets of iron" – until when he had leveled [them] between the two mountain walls, he said, "Blow [with bellows]," until when he made it [like] fire, he said, "Bring me, that I may pour over it molten copper."
- 97) So they [i.e., Gog and Magog] were unable to pass over it, nor were they able [to effect] in it any penetration.
- 98) [Dhul-Qarnayn] said, "This is a mercy from my Lord; but when the promise of my Lord⁽⁷⁴⁰⁾ comes [i.e., approaches], He will make it level, and ever is the promise of my Lord true."
- 99) And We will leave them that day⁽⁷⁴¹⁾ surging over each other, and [then] the Horn will be blown, and We will assemble them in [one] assembly.
- 100) And We will present Hell that Day to the Disbelievers, on display –
- 101) Those whose eyes had been within a cover [removed] from My remembrance,⁽⁷⁴²⁾ and they were not able to hear.⁽⁷⁴³⁾

(739) Savage tribes who had ravaged large parts of central Asia, committing every kind of atrocity.

(740) i.e., the Hour of Resurrection.

(741) The day the dam is destroyed.

(742) i.e., Allah's signs or the Qur'an.

(743) They refused to listen to the Qur'an or to understand it.

- 102) Then do those who disbelieve think that they can take My servants instead of Me as allies? Indeed, We have prepared Hell for the disbelievers as a lodging.
- 103) Say [O Muhammad], "Shall we [believers] inform you of the greatest losers as to [their] deeds?
- 104) [They are] those whose effort is lost in worldly life, while they think that they are doing well in work."
- 105) Those are the ones who disbelieve in the verses of their Lord and in [their] meeting Him, so their deeds have become worthless; and We will not assign to them on the Day of Resurrection any weight [i.e., importance].
- 106) That is their recompense – Hell – for what they denied and [because] they took My signs and My messengers in ridicule.
- 107) Indeed, those who have believed and done righteous deeds – they will have the Gardens of Paradise⁽⁷⁴⁴⁾ as a lodging.
- 108) Wherein they abide eternally. They will not desire from it any transfer.
- 109) Say, "If the sea were ink for [writing] the words⁽⁷⁴⁵⁾ of my Lord, the sea would be exhausted before the words of my Lord were exhausted, even if We brought the like of it as a supplement."
- 110) Say, "I am only a man like you, to whom has been revealed that your god is one God. So whoever would hope for the meeting with his Lord – let him do righteous work and not associate in the worship of his Lord anyone."

(744) i.e., the highest part of Paradise, *al-Firdaus*.

(745) The words of Allah's unlimited knowledge or words describing His attributes and His grandeur or praise of Him.

Maryam-19⁽⁷⁴⁶⁾

In the name of Allah, the Entirely Merciful, the Especially Merciful

- 1) Kaf, Ha, Ya, 'Ayn, Sad.⁽⁷⁴⁷⁾
- 2) [This is] a mention of the mercy of your Lord to His servant Zechariah
- 3) When he called to his Lord a private call [i.e., supplication].
- 4) He said, "My Lord, indeed my bones have weakened, and my head has filled⁽⁷⁴⁸⁾ with white, and never have I been in my supplication to You, my Lord, unhappy [i.e., disappointed].
- 5) And indeed, I fear the successors⁽⁷⁴⁹⁾ after me, and my wife has been barren, so give me from Yourself an heir
- 6) Who will inherit me⁽⁷⁵⁰⁾ and inherit from the family of Jacob. And make him, my Lord, pleasing [to You]."
- 7) [He was told],⁽⁷⁵¹⁾ "O Zechariah, indeed We give you good tidings of a boy whose name will be John. We have not assigned to any before [this] name."
- 8) He said, "My Lord, how will I have a boy when my wife has been barren and I have reached extreme old age?"
- 9) [An angel] said, "Thus [it will be]; your Lord says, 'It is easy for Me, for I created you before, while you were nothing.'"
- 10) [Zechariah] said, "My Lord, make for me a sign." He said, "Your sign is that you will not speak to the people for three nights, [being] sound."⁽⁷⁵²⁾
- 11) So he came out to his people from the prayer chamber and signaled to them to exalt [Allah] in the morning and afternoon.

(746) *Maryam*: Mary (the mother of Prophet Jesus).

(747) See footnote to 2:1.

(748) Literally, "ignited." The spread of white hair throughout the head is likened to that of fire in the bush.

(749) Those relatives from the father's side who would inherit religious authority.

(750) Inherit from me religious knowledge and prophethood.

(751) By Allah through the angels.

(752) i.e., without illness or defect.

- 12) [Allah] said, "O John, take the Scripture [i.e., adhere to it] with determination." And We gave him judgment [while yet] a boy
- 13) And affection from Us and purity, and he was fearing of Allah
- 14) And dutiful to his parents, and he was not a disobedient tyrant.
- 15) And peace be upon him the day he was born and the day he dies and the day he is raised alive.
- 16) And mention, [O Muhammad], in the Book [the story of] Mary, when she withdrew from her family to a place toward the east.
- 17) And she took, in seclusion from them, a screen. Then We sent to her Our Angel [i.e., Gabriel], and he represented himself to her as a well-proportioned man.
- 18) She said, "Indeed, I seek refuge in the Most Merciful from you, [so leave me], if you should be fearing of Allah."
- 19) He said, "I am only the messenger of your Lord to give you [news of] a pure boy [i.e., son]."
- 20) She said, "How can I have a boy while no man has touched me and I have not been unchaste?"
- 21) He said, "Thus [it will be]; your Lord says, 'It is easy for Me, and We will make him a sign to the people and a mercy from Us. And it is a matter [already] decreed.'"
- 22) So she conceived him, and she withdrew with him to a remote place.
- 23) And the pains of childbirth drove her to the trunk of palm tree. She said, "Oh, I wish I had died before this and was in oblivion, forgotten."
- 24) But he⁽⁷⁵³⁾ called her from below her, "Do not grieve; your Lord has provided beneath you a stream.
- 25) And shake toward you the trunk of the palm tree; it will drop upon you ripe, fresh dates.

(753) There is a difference of opinion among scholars as to whether "he" refers to the baby or to the angel.

- 26) So eat and drink and be contented. And if you see from among humanity anyone, say, 'Indeed, I have vowed to the Most Merciful abstention, so I will not speak today to [any] man.' "
- 27) Then she brought him to her people, carrying him. They said, "O Mary, you have certainly done a thing unprecedented.
- 28) O sister of Aaron, your father was not a man of evil, nor was your mother unchaste."
- 29) So she pointed to him. They said, "How can we speak to one who is in the cradle a child?"
- 30) [Jesus] said, "Indeed, I am the servant of Allah. He has given me the Scripture and made me a prophet.
- 31) And He has made me blessed wherever I am and has enjoined upon me prayer and zakah as long as I remain alive
- 32) And [made me] dutiful to my mother, and he has not made me a wretched tyrant.
- 33) And peace is on me the day I was born and the day I will die and the day I am raised alive."
- 34) That is Jesus, the son of Mary – the word of truth about which they are in dispute.
- 35) It is not [befitting] for Allah to take a son; exalted is He!⁽⁷⁵⁴⁾ When He decrees an affair, He only says to it, "Be," and it is.
- 36) [Jesus said], "And indeed, Allah is my Lord and your Lord, so worship Him. That is a straight path."
- 37) Then the factions differed [concerning Jesus] from among them, so woe to those who disbelieved – from the scene of a tremendous day.
- 38) How [clearly] they will hear and see the Day they come to Us, but the wrongdoers today are in clear error.
- 39) And warn them, [O Muhammad], of the Day of Regret, when the matter will be concluded,⁽⁷⁵⁵⁾ and [yet] they are in [a state of] heedlessness, and they do not believe.

(754) i.e., far removed is He from any such need.

(755) i.e., "judged" or "accomplished."

- 40) Indeed, it is We who will inherit the earth and whoever is on it, and to Us they will be returned.
- 41) And mention in the Book [the story of] Abraham. Indeed, he was a man of truth and a prophet.
- 42) [Mention] when he said to his father, "O my father, why do you worship that which does not hear and does not see and will not benefit you at all?"
- 43) O my father, indeed there has come to me of knowledge that which has not come to you, so follow me; I will guide you to an even path.
- 44) O my father, do not worship [i.e., obey] Satan. Indeed Satan has ever been, to the most Merciful, disobedient.
- 45) O my father, indeed I fear that there will touch you a punishment from the Most Merciful so you would be to Satan a companion [in Hellfire]."
- 46) [His father] said, "Have you no desire for my gods, O Abraham? If you do not desist, I will surely stone you, so avoid me a prolonged time."
- 47) [Abraham] said, "Peace [i.e., safety] will be upon you."⁽⁷⁵⁶⁾ I will ask forgiveness for you of my Lord. Indeed, He is ever gracious to me.
- 48) And I will leave you and those you invoke other than Allah and will invoke my Lord. I expect that I will not be in invocation to my Lord unhappy [i.e., disappointed]."
- 49) So when he had left them and those they worshipped other than Allah, We gave him Isaac and Jacob, and each [of them] We made a prophet.
- 50) And We gave them of Our mercy, and we made for them a mention [i.e., reputation] of high honor.
- 51) And mention in the Book, Moses. Indeed, he was chosen, and he was a messenger and a prophet."⁽⁷⁵⁷⁾

(756) Meaning "You are secure" or "I will not harm you."

- 52) And We called him from the side of the mount⁽⁷⁵⁸⁾ at [his] right and brought him near, confiding [to him].
- 53) And We gave him out of Our mercy his brother Aaron as a prophet.
- 54) And mention in the Book, Ishmael. Indeed, he was true to his promise, and he was a messenger and a prophet.
- 55) And he used to enjoin on his people prayer and zakah and was to his Lord pleasing [i.e., accepted by Him].
- 56) And mention in the Book, Idrees. Indeed, he was a man of truth and a prophet.
- 57) And We raised him to a high station.
- 58) Those were the ones upon whom Allah bestowed favor from among the prophets of the descendants of Adam and those We carried [in the ship] with Noah, and of the descendants of Abraham and Israel [i.e., Jacob], and of those whom We guided and chose. When the verses of the Most Merciful were recited to them, they fell in prostration and weeping.
- 59) But there came after them successors [i.e., later generations] who neglected prayer and pursued desires; so they are going to meet evil⁽⁷⁵⁹⁾ –
- 60) Except those who repent, believe and do righteousness; for those will enter Paradise and will not be wronged at all.
- 61) [Therein are] gardens of perpetual residence which the Most Merciful has promised His servants in the unseen. Indeed, His promise has ever been coming.⁽⁷⁶⁰⁾
- 62) They will not hear therein any ill speech – only [greeting of] peace – and they will have their provision therein, morning and afternoon.

(757) A messenger (*rasul*) is one who was charged by Allah to reform society. A prophet (*nabi*) is one who received revelation from Allah, the latter being more numerous than the former.

(758) Mount Sinai.

(759) Described as a valley in Hell or may be rendered “the consequence of error.”

(760) Literally, “that to which all will come.”

- 63) That is Paradise, which We give as inheritance to those of Our servants who were fearing of Allah.
- 64) [Gabriel said],⁽⁷⁶¹⁾ "And we [angels] descend not except by the order of your Lord. To Him belongs that before us and that behind us and what is in between. And never is your Lord forgetful –
- 65) Lord of the heavens and the earth and whatever is between them so worship Him and have patience for His worship. Do you know of any similarity to Him?"
- 66) And man [i.e., disbeliever] says, "When I have died, am I going to be brought forth alive?"
- 67) Does man not remember that We created him before, while he was nothing?
- 68) So by your Lord, We will surely gather them and the devils; then We will bring them to be present around Hell upon their knees.⁽⁷⁶²⁾
- 69) Then We will surely extract from every sect those of them who were worst against the Most Merciful in insolence.
- 70) Then, surely it is We who are most knowing of those most worthy of burning therein.
- 71) And there is none of you except he will come to it.⁽⁷⁶³⁾ This is upon your Lord an inevitability decreed.
- 72) Then We will save those who feared Allah and leave the wrongdoers within it, on their knees.
- 73) And when Our verses are recited to them as clear evidences, those who disbelieve say to those who believe, "Which of [our] two parties is best in position and best in association?"⁽⁷⁶⁴⁾
- 74) And how many a generation have We destroyed before them who were better in possessions and [outward] appearance?

(761) In answer to the Prophet's wish that Gabriel would visit him more often.

(762) i.e., fallen on their knees from terror or dragged there unwillingly on their knees.

(763) i.e., be exposed to it. However, the people of Paradise will not be harmed thereby.

(764) In regard to worldly interests.

- 75) Say, "Whoever is in error – let the Most Merciful extend for him an extension [in wealth and time] until, when they see that which they were promised – either punishment [in this world] or the Hour [of resurrection] – they will come to know who is worst in position and weaker in soldiers."
- 76) And Allah increases those who were guided, in guidance. But the enduring good deeds are better to your Lord⁽⁷⁶⁵⁾ for reward and better for recourse.
- 77) Then, have you seen he who disbelieved in Our verses and said, "I will surely be given wealth and children [in the next life]?"
- 78) Has he looked into the unseen, or has taken from the Most Merciful a promise?
- 79) No! We will record what he says and extend [i.e., increase] for him from the punishment extensively.
- 80) And we will inherit him [in] what he mentions,⁽⁷⁶⁶⁾ and he will come to Us alone.
- 81) And they have taken besides Allah [false] deities that they would be for them [a source of] honor.
- 82) No! They [i.e., those "gods"] will deny their worship of them and will be against them opponents [on the Day of Judgement].
- 83) Do you not see that We have sent the devils upon the disbelievers, inciting them to [evil] with [constant] incitement?
- 84) So be not impatient over them. We only count out [i.e., allow] to them a [limited] number.⁽⁷⁶⁷⁾
- 85) On the Day We will gather the righteous to the Most Merciful as a delegation
- 86) And will drive the criminals to hell in thirst
- 87) None will have [power of] intercession except he who had taken from the Most Merciful a covenant.⁽⁷⁶⁸⁾

(765) i.e., in the sight or evaluation of Allah.

(766) Instead of giving him wealth and children in the Hereafter, Allah will take from him those he had in worldly life at the time of his death.

(767) Of breaths, of days, or of evil deeds.

(768) Not to worship other than Him.

- 88) And they say, "The Most Merciful has taken [for Himself] a son."
- 89) You have done an atrocious thing.
- 90) The heavens almost rupture therefrom and the earth splits open and the mountains collapse in devastation
- 91) That they attribute to the Most Merciful a son.
- 92) And it is not appropriate for the Most Merciful that He should take a son.
- 93) There is no one in the heavens and earth but that he comes to the Most Merciful as a servant.
- 94) He has enumerated them and counted them a [full] counting.
- 95) And all of them are coming to Him on the Day of Resurrection alone.
- 96) Indeed, those who have believed and done righteous deeds – the Most Merciful will appoint for them affection.⁽⁷⁶⁹⁾
- 97) So, [O Muhammad], We have only made it [i.e., the Qur'an] easy in your tongue [i.e., the Arabic language] that you may give good tidings thereby to righteous and warn thereby a hostile people.
- 98) And how many have We destroyed before them of generations? Do you perceive of them anyone or hear from them a sound?

(769) From Himself and from among each other.

Ta Ha-20⁽⁷⁷⁰⁾

In the name of Allah, the Entirely Merciful, the Especially Merciful

- 1) Ta, Ha.⁽⁷⁷¹⁾
- 2) We have not sent down to you the Qur'an that you be distressed
- 3) But only as a reminder for those who fear [Allah]—
- 4) A revelation from He who created the earth and the highest heavens,
- 5) The Most Merciful [who is] above the Throne established.⁽⁷⁷²⁾
- 6) To Him belongs what is in the heavens and what is on the earth and what is between them and what is under the soil.
- 7) And if you speak aloud—then indeed, He knows the secret and what is [even] more hidden.
- 8) Allah—there is no deity except Him. To Him belongs the best names.
- 9) And has the story of Moses reached you?—
- 10) When he saw a fire and said to his family, “Stay here; indeed, I have perceived a fire; perhaps I can bring you a torch or find at the fire some guidance.”
- 11) And when he came to it, he was called, “O Moses,
- 12) Indeed, I am your Lord, so remove your sandals. Indeed, you are in the sacred valley of Tuwa.
- 13) And I have chosen you, so listen to what is revealed [to you].
- 14) Indeed, I am Allah. There is no deity except Me, so worship Me and establish prayer for My remembrance.
- 15) Indeed, the Hour is coming—I almost conceal it⁽⁷⁷³⁾ --so that every soul may be recompensed according to that for which it strives.

(770) *Ta Ha*: (the letters) *ta* and *ha*.

(771) See footnote to 2:1.

(772) i.e., having ascendancy over all creation. See footnote to 2:19.

(773) Meaning that Allah keeps knowledge of the Hour hidden from everyone except Himself.

- 16) So do not let one avert you from it⁽⁷⁷⁴⁾ who does not believe in it and follows his desire, for you [then] would perish.
- 17) And what is that in your right hand, O Moses?"
- 18) He said, "It is my staff; I lean upon it, and I bring down leaves for my sheep and I have therein other uses."
- 19) [Allah] said, "Throw it down, O Moses."
- 20) So he threw it down, and thereupon it was a snake, moving swiftly.
- 21) [Allah] said, "Seize it and fear not; We will return it to its former condition.
- 22) And draw in your hand to your side; it will come out white without disease—another sign,
- 23) That We may show you [some] of Our greater signs.
- 24) Go to Pharaoh. Indeed, he has transgressed [i.e. tyrannized]."
- 25) [Moses] said, "My Lord, expand [i.e., relax] for me my breast [with assurance]
- 26) And ease for me my task
- 27) And untie the knot from my tongue
- 28) That they may understand my speech.
- 29) And appoint for me a minister [i.e., assistant] from my family—
- 30) Aaron, my brother.
- 31) Increase through him my strength
- 32) And let him share my task
- 33) That we may exalt You much
- 34) And remember You much.
- 35) Indeed, You are of us ever Seeing."
- 36) [Allah] said, "You have been granted your request, O Moses.
- 37) And We had already conferred favor upon you another time,
- 38) When We inspired to your mother what We inspired,
- 39) [Saying], 'Cast him into the chest and cast it into the river, and the river will throw it onto the bank; there will take him an

(774) From preparation for the Hour or for the Hereafter.

enemy to Me and an enemy to him.’ And I bestowed upon you love from Me⁽⁷⁷⁵⁾ and that you would be brought up under My eye [i.e., observation and care].

- 40) [And We favored you] when your sister went and said, ‘Shall I direct you to someone who will be responsible for him?’ so We restored you to your mother that she might be content and not grieve. And you killed someone,⁽⁷⁷⁶⁾ but We saved you from retaliation and tried you with a [severe] trial. And you remained [some] years among the people of Madyan. Then you came [here] at the decreed time, O Moses.
- 41) And I produced you for Myself.⁽⁷⁷⁷⁾
- 42) Go, you and your brother, with My signs and do not slacken in My remembrance.
- 43) Go, both of you, to Pharaoh. Indeed, he has transgressed.
- 44) And speak to him with gentle speech that perhaps he may be reminded or fear [Allah].”
- 45) They said, “Our Lord, indeed we are afraid that he will hasten [punishment] against us or that he will transgress.”
- 46) [Allah] said, “Fear not. Indeed, I am with you both; I hear and I see.
- 47) So go to him and say, ‘Indeed, we are messengers of your Lord, so send with us the Children of Israel and do not torment them. We have come to you with a sign from your Lord. And peace⁽⁷⁷⁸⁾ will be upon he who follows the guidance.
- 48) Indeed, it has been revealed to us that the punishment will be upon whoever denies and turns away.’ ”
- 49) [Pharaoh] said, “So who is the Lord of you two, O Moses?”
- 50) He said, “Our Lord is He who gave each thing its form and then guided [it].”

(775) Allah put love of Moses into the hearts of the people.

(776) The Copt who died after being struck by Moses.

(777) Allah had already selected Moses and made him strong in body and character according to the requirement of his mission.

(778) i.e., safety and security from Allah’s punishment.

- 51) [Pharaoh] said, “Then what is the case of the former generations?”
- 52) [Moses] said, “The knowledge thereof is with my Lord in a record. My Lord neither errs nor forgets.”
- 53) [It is He] who has made for you the earth as a bed [spread out] and inserted therein for you roadways and sent down from the sky, rain and produced thereby categories of various plants.
- 54) Eat [therefrom] and pasture your livestock. Indeed, in that are signs for those of intelligence.
- 55) From it [i.e., the earth] We created you, and into it We will return you, and from it We will extract you another time.
- 56) And We certainly showed hi [i.e., Pharaoh] Our signs—all of them—but he denied and refused.
- 57) He said, “Have you come to us to drive us out of our land with your magic, O Moses?
- 58) Then we will surely bring you magic like it, so make between us and you an appointment, which we will not fail to keep and neither will you, in a place assigned.”⁽⁷⁷⁹⁾
- 59) [Moses] said, “Your appointment is on the day of festival when the people assemble at mid-morning.”⁽⁷⁸⁰⁾
- 60) So Pharaoh went away, put together his plan, and then came [to Moses].
- 61) Moses said to them [i.e., the magicians summoned by Pharaoh], “Woe to you! Do not invent a lie against Allah or He will exterminate you with a punishment; and he has failed who invents [such falsehood].”
- 62) So they disputed over their affair among themselves and concealed their private conversation.

(779) Literally, “marked” as to be known. Another meaning is “a place midway [between us]” or “a level place.”

(780) So that the signs of Allah would be seen clearly.

- 63) They said, "Indeed, these are two magicians who want to drive you out of your land with their magic and do away with your most exemplary way [i.e., religion or tradition].
- 64) So resolve upon your plan and then come [forward] in line. And he has succeeded today who overcomes."
- 65) They said, "O Moses, either you throw or we will be the first to throw."
- 66) He said, "Rather, you throw." And suddenly their ropes and staffs seemed to him that they were moving [like snakes].
- 67) And he sensed within himself apprehension, did Moses.
- 68) We [i.e., Allah] said, "Fear not. Indeed, you will be superior.
- 69) And throw what is in your right hand; it will swallow up what they have crafted. What they have crafted is only the trick of a magician, and the magician will never succeed wherever he may be."
- 70) So the magicians fell down in prostration.⁽⁷⁸¹⁾ They said, "We have believed in the Lord of Aaron and Moses."
- 71) [Pharaoh] said, "You believed him [i.e., Moses] before I gave you permission. Indeed, he is your leader who has taught you magic. So I will surely cut off your hands and your feet on opposite sides, and I will crucify you on the trunks of palm trees, and you will surely know which of us is more severe in [giving] punishment and more enduring."
- 72) They said, "Never will we prefer you over what has come to us of clear proofs and [over] He who created us."⁽⁷⁸²⁾ So decree whatever you are to decree. You can only decree for this worldly life.
- 73) Indeed, we have believed in our Lord that He may forgive us our sins and what you compelled us [to do] of magic. And Allah is better and more lasting."⁽⁷⁸³⁾

(781) After they had seen the miracles which Allah had given Moses and that they were realities and not merely impressions of magic.

(782) This phrase has also been interpreted as an oath, i.e., "...by Him who created us."

(783) In reward and in punishment.

- 74) Indeed, whoever comes to his Lord as a criminal –indeed, for him is Hell; he will neither die therein nor live.
- 75) But whoever comes to Him as a believer having done righteous deeds—for those will be the highest degrees [in position]:
- 76) Gardens of perpetual residence beneath which rivers flow, wherein they abide eternally. And that is the reward of one who purifies himself.⁽⁷⁸⁴⁾
- 77) And We had inspired to Moses, “Travel by night with My servants and strike for them a dry path through the sea; you will not fear being overtaken [by Pharaoh] nor be afraid [of drowning].”
- 78) So Pharaoh pursued them with his soldiers, and there covered them from the sea that which covered them,⁽⁷⁸⁵⁾
- 79) And Pharaoh led his people astray and did not guide [them].
- 80) O Children of Israel, We delivered you from your enemy, and We made an appointment with you⁽⁷⁸⁶⁾ at the right side of the mount, and We sent down to you manna and quails,
- 81) [Saying], “Eat from the good things with which We have provided you and do not transgress [or oppress others] therein, lest My anger should descend upon you. And he upon whom My anger descends has certainly fallen [i.e., perished].”
- 82) But indeed, I am the Perpetual Forgiver of whoever repents and believes and does righteousness and then continues in guidance.
- 83) [Allah] said, “And what made you hasten from your people, O Moses?”
- 84) He said, “They are close upon my tracks, and I hastened to You, my Lord, that You be pleased.”
- 85) [Allah] said, “But indeed, We have tried your people after you [departed], and the Samiri⁽⁷⁸⁷⁾ has led them astray.”

(784) From all uncleanness, the greatest of which is worship and obedience to other than Allah.

(785) i.e., not only the water but that which only Allah knows—terror, pain, regret, etc.

(786) i.e., with your prophet, to receive the scripture for you.

(787) Translated as “the Samaritan” (from Samaria), a hypocrite among them who led the Children of Israel into idol-worship.

- 86) So Moses returned to his people, angry and grieved.⁽⁷⁸⁸⁾ He said, "O my people, did your Lord not make you a good promise?⁽⁷⁸⁹⁾ Then, was the time [of its fulfillment] too long for you, or did you wish that wrath from your Lord descend upon you, so you broke your promise [of obedience] to me?"
- 87) They said, "We did not break our promise to you by our will, but we were made to carry burdens from the ornament of the people [of Pharaoh], so we threw them [into the fire], and thus did the Samiri throw."
- 88) And he extracted for them [the statue of] a calf which had a lowing sound, and they said, "This is your god and the god of Moses, but he forgot."
- 89) Did they not see that it could not return to them any speech [i.e., response] and that it did not possess for them any harm or benefit?
- 90) And Aaron had already told them before [the return of Moses], "O my people, you are only being tested by it, and indeed, your Lord is the Most Merciful, so follow me and obey my order."
- 91) They said, "We will never cease being devoted to it [i.e., the calf] until Moses returns to us."
- 92) [Moses] said, "O Aaron, what prevented you, when you saw them going astray,
- 93) From following me? Then have you disobeyed my order?"
- 94) [Aaron said, "O son of my mother, do not seize [me] by my beard or by my head. Indeed,, I feared that you would say, "You caused division among the Children of Israel, and you did not observe [or await] my word.""]
- 95) [Moses] said, "And what is your case, O Samiri?"

(788) The meaning may also be "angry and enraged."

(789) That He would send down the Torah, containing guidance for you.

- 96) He said, "I saw what they did not see, so I took a handful [of dust] from the track of the messenger⁽⁷⁹⁰⁾ and threw it,⁽⁷⁹¹⁾ and thus did my soul entice me."
- 97) [Moses] said, "Then go. And indeed, it is [decreed] for you in [this] life to say, 'No contact.'⁽⁷⁹²⁾ And indeed, you have an appointment [in the Hereafter] you will not fail to keep. And look at your 'god' to which you remained devoted. We will surely burn it and blow it [i.e., its ashes] into the sea with a blast.
- 98) Your god is only Allah, except for whom there is no deity. He has encompassed all things in knowledge."
- 99) Thus, [O Muhammad], We relate to you from the news of what has preceded. And We have certainly given you from Us a message [i.e., the Qur'an].
- 100) Whoever turns away from it—then indeed, he will bear on the Day of Resurrection a burden [i.e., great sin],
- 101) [Abiding] eternally therein,⁽⁷⁹³⁾ and evil it is for them on the Day of Resurrection as a load—
- 102) The Day the Horn will be blown. And We will gather the criminals, that Day, blue-eyed.⁽⁷⁹⁴⁾
- 103) They will murmur among themselves, "You remained not but ten [days in the world]."
- 104) We are most knowing of what they say when the best of them in manner [i.e., wisdom or speech] will say, "You remained not but one day."
- 105) And they ask you about the mountains, so say, "My Lord will blow them away with a blast."⁽⁷⁹⁵⁾
- 106) And He will leave it [i.e., the earth] a level plain;
- 107) You will not see therein a depression or an elevation."

(790) i.e., a hoof-print in the sand left by the angel Gabriel's horse.

(791) Into the fire upon the melted ornaments in order to form the calf.

(792) i.e. Do not touch me. As chastisement, he was to be completely shunned by all people.

(793) i.e., in the state of sin.

(794) From terror, or blinded completely.

(795) Once they have been reduced to dust.

- 108) That Day, they [i.e., everyone] will follow [the call of] the Caller⁽⁷⁹⁶⁾ [with] no deviation therefrom, and [all] voices will be stilled before the Most Merciful, so you will not hear except a faint sound [of footsteps].
- 109) That Day, no intercession will benefit except [that of] one to whom the Most Merciful has given permission and has accepted his word.
- 110) He [i.e., Allah] knows what is [presently] before them and what will be after them,⁽⁷⁹⁷⁾ but they do not encompass it [i.e., what He knows] in knowledge.
- 111) And [all] faces will be humbled before the Ever-Living, the Sustainer of existence. And he will have failed who carries injustice.⁽⁷⁹⁸⁾
- 112) But he who does of righteous deeds while he is a believer—he will neither fear injustice nor deprivation.
- 113) And thus We have sent it down as an Arabic Qur'an⁽⁷⁹⁹⁾ and have diversified therein the warnings that perhaps they will avoid [sin] or it would cause them remembrance.
- 114) So high [above all] is Allah, the Sovereign, the Truth. And, [O Muhammad], do not hasten with [recitation of] the Qur'an before its revelation is completed to you, and say, "My Lord, increase me in knowledge."
- 115) And We had already taken a promise from Adam before, but he forgot; and We found not in him determination.⁽⁸⁰⁰⁾
- 116) And [mention] when We said to the angels, "Prostrate to Adam," and they prostrated, except Iblees,⁽⁸⁰¹⁾ he refused.

(796) To the gathering for judgement.

(797) See footnote to 2:255.

(798) i.e., sin or wrongdoing towards Allah or any of His creation.

(799) i.e., revealed in the Arabic language.

(800) To resist temptation.

(801) See footnote to 2:34.

- 117) So We said, “O Adam, indeed this is an enemy to you and to your wife, then let him not remove you from Paradise so you would suffer.
- 118) Indeed, it is [promised] for you not to be hungry therein or be unclothed.
- 119) And indeed, you will not be thirsty therein or be hot from the sun.”
- 120) Then Satan whispered to him; he said, “O Adam, shall I direct you to the tree of eternity and possession that will not deteriorate?”
- 121) And they [i.e., Adam and his wife] ate of it, and their private parts became apparent to them, and they begun to fasten over themselves from the leaves of Paradise. And Adam disobeyed his Lord and erred.
- 122) Then his Lord chose him and turned to him in forgiveness and guided [him].
- 123) [Allah] said, “Descend from it [i.e., Paradise] –all, [your descendants] being enemies to one another. And if there should come to you guidance from Me – then whoever follows My guidance will neither go astray [in the world] nor suffer [in the Hereafter].
- 124) And whoever turns away from My remembrance –indeed, he will have a depressed [i.e., difficult] life, and We will gather [i.e., raise] him on the Day of Resurrection blind.”
- 125) He will say, “My Lord, why have you raised me blind while I was [once] seeing?”
- 126) [Allah] will say, “Thus did Our signs come to you, and you forgot [i.e., disregarded] them; and thus will you this Day be forgotten.”

- 127) And thus do We recompense he who transgressed and did not believe in the signs of his Lord. And the punishment of the Hereafter is more severe and more lasting.⁽⁸⁰²⁾
- 128) Then, has it not become clear to them how many generations We destroyed before them as they walk among their dwellings? Indeed in that are signs for those of intelligence.
- 129) And if not for a word⁽⁸⁰³⁾ that preceded from your Lord, it [i.e., punishment] would have been an obligation [due immediately],⁽⁸⁰⁴⁾ and [if not for] a specified term [decreed].
- 130) So be patient over what they say and exalt [Allah] with praise of your Lord before the rising of the sun and before its setting; and during periods of the night [exalt Him] and at the ends of the day, that you may be satisfied.
- 131) And do not extend your eyes toward that by which We have given enjoyment to [some] categories of them, [its being but] the splendor of worldly life by which We test them. And the provision of your Lord is better and more lasting.
- 132) And enjoin prayer upon your family [and people] and be steadfast therein. We ask you not for provision; We provide for you, and the [best] outcome is for [those of] righteousness.
- 133) And they say, “Why does he not bring us a sign from his Lord?” Has there not come to them evidence of what was in the former scriptures?⁽⁸⁰⁵⁾
- 134) And if We had destroyed them with a punishment before him,⁽⁸⁰⁶⁾ they would have said, “Our Lord, why did You not send to us a messenger so we could have followed Your verses [i.e., teachings] before we were humiliated and disgraced?”

(802) Than that of this world.

(803) See footnote to 10:19.

(804) Allah would have punished the disbelievers in this world as He did with previous peoples.

(805) Is not the Qur'an an adequate proof of Muhammad's prophethood and sufficient as a lasting miracle?

(806) Prophet Muhammad (ﷺ). Also interpreted as “before it,” i.e., the Qur'an.

<i>Surah 20</i>	<i>T a H a</i>	<i>Part 16</i>
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135) Say, “Each [of us] is waiting;⁽⁸⁰⁷⁾ so wait. For you will know who are the companions of the sound path and who is guided.”

(807) For the outcome of this matter.

Anbiya-21⁽⁸⁰⁸⁾

In the name of Allah, the Entirely Merciful, the Especially Merciful

- 1) [The time of] their account has approached for the people, while they are in heedlessness turned away.
- 2) No mention [i.e., revelation] comes to them anew from their Lord except that they listen to it while they are at play
- 3) With their hearts distracted. And those who do wrong conceal their private conversation, [saying], “Is this [Prophet] expect a human being like you? So would you approach magic while you are aware [of it]’?”
- 4) He [the Prophet] said, “My Lord knows whatever is said throughout the heaven and earth, and He is the Hearing, the Knowing.
- 5) But they say, “[The revelation is but] a mixture of false dreams; rather, he has invented it; rather he is a poet. So let him bring us a sign just as the previous [messengers] were sent [with miracles]”.
- 6) Not a [single] city which We destroyed believed before them,⁽⁸⁰⁹⁾ so will they believe?
- 7) And We sent not before you, [O Muhammad], except men to whom We revealed [the message], so ask the people of the message [i.e., former scriptures] if you do not know.
- 8) And We did not make them [i.e., the prophets] forms not eating food⁽⁸¹⁰⁾, nor were they immortal [on earth].
- 9) Then⁽⁸¹¹⁾ We fulfilled for them the promise, and We saved them and whom We willed and destroyed the transgressors.
- 10) We have certainly sent down to you a Book [i.e., the Qur’an] in which is your mention.⁽⁸¹²⁾ Then will you not reason?

(808) *Al-Anbiya*: The Prophets.

(809) Even though they had witnessed signs and miracles.

(810) Like the angels. Rather, they were human beings with human attributes.

(811) Once they had conveyed the message.

- 11) And how many a city which was unjust⁽⁸¹³⁾ have We shattered and produced after it another people.
- 12) And when they [i.e., its inhabitants] perceived Our punishment, at once they fled from it.
- 13) [Some angels said], “Do not flee but return to where you were given luxury and to your homes—perhaps you will be questioned.”⁽⁸¹⁴⁾
- 14) They said, “O woe to us! Indeed, we were wrongdoers.”
- 15) And that declaration of theirs did not cease until We made them [as] a harvest [moved down], extinguished [like a fire].
- 16) And We did not create the heaven and earth and that between them in play.
- 17) Had We intended to take a diversion,⁽⁸¹⁵⁾ We could have taken it from [what is] with Us—if [indeed] We were to do so.
- 18) Rather, We dash the truth upon falsehood, and it destroys it,⁽⁸¹⁶⁾ and thereupon it departs. And for you is destruction from that which you describe.⁽⁸¹⁷⁾
- 19) To Him belongs whoever is in the heavens and the earth. And those near Him [i.e., the angels] are not prevented by arrogance from His worship, nor do they tire.
- 20) They exalt [Him] night and day [and] do not slacken.
- 21) Or have they [i.e., men] taken for themselves gods from the earth who resurrect [the dead]?
- 22) Had there been within them [i.e., the heavens and earth] gods besides Allah, they both would have been ruined. So exalted is Allah, Lord of the Throne, above what they describe.

(812) This implies the honor of having been mentioned or addressed. Another meaning is “your reminder.”

(813) i.e., its inhabitants persisting in wrongdoing.

(814) About what happened to you. This is said to them in sarcasm and ridicule.

(815) Such as a wife or a child.

(816) Literally, “strikes its brain,” disabling or killing it.

(817) Of untruth concerning Allah, particularly here the claim that He has a son or other “partner” in divinity.

- 23) He is not questioned about what He does, but they will be questioned.
- 24) Or have they taken gods besides Him? Say, [O Muhammad], "Produce your proof. This [Qur'an] is the message for those with me and the message of those before me."⁽⁸¹⁸⁾ But most of them do not know the truth, so they are turned away.
- 25) And We sent not before you any messenger except that We revealed to him that, "There is no deity except Me, so worship Me."
- 26) And they say, "The Most Merciful has taken a son." Exalted is He! Rather, they⁽⁸¹⁹⁾ are [but] honored servants.
- 27) They cannot precede Him in word, and they act by His command.
- 28) He knows what is [presently] before them and what will be after them,⁽⁸²⁰⁾ and they cannot intercede except on behalf of one whom He approves. And they, from fear of Him, are apprehensive.
- 29) And whoever of them should say, "Indeed, I am a god besides Him"—that one We would recompense with hell. Thus do We recompense the wrongdoers.
- 30) Have those who disbelieved not considered that the heavens and the earth were a joined entity, and We separated them and made from water every living thing? Then will they not believe?
- 31) And We placed within the earth firmly set mountains, lest it should shift with them, and We made therein [mountains] passes [as] roads that they might be guided.
- 32) And We made the sky a protected ceiling, but they, from its signs,⁽⁸²¹⁾ are turned away.
- 33) And it is He who created the night and the day and the sun and the moon; all [heavenly bodies] in an orbit are swimming.

(818) All previous prophets called for the worship of Allah alone.

(819) Those they claim to be "children" of Allah, such as the angels, Ezra, Jesus, etc.

(820) See footnote to 2:255.

(821) The signs present in the heavens.

- 34) And We did not grant to any man before you eternity [on earth]; so if you die—would they be eternal?
- 35) Every soul will taste death. And We test you with evil and with good as trial; and to Us you will be returned.
- 36) And when those who disbelieve see you, [O Muhammad], they take you not except in ridicule, [saying], “Is this the one who mentions [i.e., insults] your gods?” And they are, at the mention of the Most Merciful, disbelievers.
- 37) Man was created of haste [i.e., impatience]. I will show you My signs [i.e., vengeance], so do not impatiently urge Me.
- 38) And they say, “When is this promise, if you should be truthful?”
- 39) If those who disbelieved but knew the time when they will not avert the Fire from their faces or from their backs and they will not be aided...⁽⁸²²⁾
- 40) Rather, it will come to them unexpectedly and bewilder them, and they will not be able to repel it, nor will they be reprieved.
- 41) And already were messengers ridiculed before you, but those who mocked them will enveloped by what they used to ridicule.
- 42) Say, “Who can protect you at night or by day from the Most Merciful?” But they are, from the remembrance of their Lord, turned away.
- 43) Or do they have gods to defend them other than Us? They are unable [even] to help themselves, nor can they be protected from Us.
- 44) But, [on the contrary], We have provided good things for these [disbelievers] and their fathers until life was prolonged for them. Then do they not see that We set upon the land, reducing it from its borders?⁽⁸²³⁾ So it is they who will overcome?
- 45) Say, “I only warn you by revelation.” But the deaf do not hear the call when they are warned.

(822) The completion of the sentence is understood to be “...they would not be asking in disbelief and ridicule to be shown the punishment.”

(823) See footnote to 13:41.

- 46) And if [as much as] a whiff of the punishment of your Lord should touch them, they would surely say, "O woe to us! Indeed, we have been wrongdoers."
- 47) And We place the scales of justice for the Day of Resurrection, so no soul will be treated unjustly at all. And if there is [even] the weight of a mustard seed,⁽⁸²⁴⁾ We will bring it forth. And sufficient are We as accountant.
- 48) And We had already given Moses and Aaron the criterion and a light and a reminder⁽⁸²⁵⁾ for the righteous
- 49) Who fear their Lord unseen,⁽⁸²⁶⁾ while they are of the Hour apprehensive.
- 50) And this [Qur'an] is a blessed message which We have sent down. Then are you with it unacquainted?⁽⁸²⁷⁾
- 51) And We had certainly given Abraham his sound judgment before,⁽⁸²⁸⁾ and We were of him well-Knowing
- 52) When he said to his father and his people, "What are these statues to which you are devoted?"
- 53) They said, "We found our fathers worshippers of them."
- 54) He said, "You were certainly, you and your fathers, in manifest error."
- 55) They said, "Have you come to us with truth, or are you of those who jest?"
- 56) He said, "[No], rather, your Lord is the Lord of the heavens and the earth who created them, and I, to that, am of those who testify.
- 57) And [I swear] by Allah, I will surely plan against your idols after you have turned and gone away."
- 58) So he made them into fragments, except a large one among them, that they might return to it [and question].

(824) i.e., anything as small or insignificant as a mustard seed.

(825) These are three qualities of the Torah.

(826) Which can mean "Him being unseen" by them "though they are unseen" by others.

(827) i.e., pretending ignorance, disapproving or refusing to acknowledge it?

(828) i.e., before Moses. Allah had guided him from early youth.

- 59) They said, "Who has done this to our gods? Indeed, he is of the wrongdoers."
- 60) They said, "We heard a young man mention them who is called Abraham."
- 61) They said, "Then bring him before the eyes of the people that they may testify."⁽⁸²⁹⁾
- 62) They said, "Have you done this to our gods, O Abraham?"
- 63) He said, "Rather, this—the largest of them—did it, so ask them, if they should [be able to] speak."
- 64) So they returned to [blaming] themselves and said [to each other], "Indeed, you are the wrongdoers."
- 65) Then they reversed themselves,⁽⁸³⁰⁾ [saying], "You have already known that these do not speak!"
- 66) He said, "Then do you worship instead of Allah that which does not benefit you at all or harm you?"
- 67) Uff⁽⁸³¹⁾ to you and to what you worship instead of Allah. Then will you not use reason?"
- 68) They said, "Burn him and support your gods—if you are to act."
- 69) We [i.e., Allah] said, "O fire, be coolness and safety upon Abraham."
- 70) And they intended for him a plan [i.e., harm], but We made them the greatest losers.
- 71) And We delivered him and Lot to the land which We had blessed for the worlds [i.e., peoples].
- 72) And We gave him Isaac and Jacob in addition, and all [of them] We made righteous.
- 73) And We made them leaders guiding by Our command. And We inspired to them the doing of good deeds, establishing of prayer, and giving of zakah; and they were worshippers of Us.

(829) To what they had heard him say. It may also mean "...that they may witness [what will be done to him as punishment]."

(830) After first admitting their error, they were seized by pride and obstinacy.

(831) An exclamation of anger and displeasure.

- 74) And to Lot We gave judgment and knowledge, and We saved him from the city that was committing wicked deeds. Indeed, they were a people of evil, defiantly disobedient.
- 75) And We admitted him into Our mercy. Indeed, he was of the righteous.
- 76) And [mention] Noah, when he called [to Allah]⁽⁸³²⁾ before [that time], so We responded to him and saved him and his family from the great affliction [i.e., the flood].
- 77) And We aided [i.e., saved] him from the people who denied Our signs. Indeed, they were a people of evil, so We drowned them, all together.
- 78) And [mention] David and Solomon, when they judged concerning the field—when the sheep of a people overran it [at night],⁽⁸³³⁾ and We were witness to their judgment.
- 79) And We gave understanding of it [i.e., the case] to Solomon, and to each [of them] We gave judgment and knowledge. And We subjected the mountains to exalt [Us], along with David and [also] the birds. And We were doing [that].⁽⁸³⁴⁾
- 80) And We taught him the fashioning of coats of armor to protect you from your [enemy in] battle. So will you then be grateful?
- 81) And to Solomon [We subjected] the wind, blowing forcefully, proceeding by his command toward the land which We had blessed. And We are ever, of all things, Knowing.
- 82) And of the devils [i.e., jinn] were those who dived for him and did work other than that. And We were of them a guardian.⁽⁸³⁵⁾
- 83) And [mention] Job, when he called to his Lord, “Indeed, adversity has touched me, and you are the Most Merciful of the merciful.”

(832) i.e., supplicated against his people who had persisted in denial and animosity. See 71:26-28.

(833) Eating and destroying the crops.

(834) Meaning that Allah has always been capable of accomplishing whatever He wills.

(835) Preventing any disobedience or deviation by them from his instructions and protecting him from being harmed by them.

- 84) So We responded to him and removed what afflicted him of adversity. And We gave him [back] his family and the like thereof with them as mercy from Us and a reminder for the worshippers [of Allah].
- 85) And [mention] Ishmael and Idrees and Dhul-Kifl; all were of the patient.
- 86) And We admitted them into Our mercy. Indeed, they were of the righteous.
- 87) And [mention] the man of the fish [i.e., Jonah], when he went off in anger⁽⁸³⁶⁾ and thought that We would not decree [anything] upon him.⁽⁸³⁷⁾ And he called out within the darknesses, ⁽⁸³⁸⁾ "There is no deity except You. Indeed, I have been of the wrongdoers."
- 88) So We responded to him and saved him from the distress. And thus do We save the believers.
- 89) And [mention] Zechariah, when he called to his Lord, "My Lord, do not leave me alone [with no heir], while you are the best of inheritors."
- 90) So We responded to him, and We gave to him John, and amended for him his wife. Indeed, they used to hasten to good deeds and supplicate Us in hope and fear, and they were to Us humbly submissive.
- 91) And [mention] the one who guarded her chastity [i.e., Mary], so We blew into her [garment] through Our angel [i.e., Gabriel], and We made her and her son a sign for the worlds.
- 92) Indeed this, your religion, is one religion,⁽⁸³⁹⁾ and I am your Lord, so worship Me.
- 93) And [yet] they divided their affair [i.e., that of their religion] among themselves,⁽⁸⁴⁰⁾ [but] all to Us will return.

(836) At the disbelief of his people.

(837) Or "would not restrict him" in the belly of the fish.

(838) That of the night, of the sea, and of the fish's interior.

(839) i.e., a collective way of life or course of conduct followed by a community.

(840) Becoming sects and denominations.

- 94) So whoever does righteous deeds while he is a believer—no denial will there be for his effort.⁽⁸⁴¹⁾ And indeed We [i.e., Our angels], of it, are recorders.
- 95) And there is prohibition upon [the people of] a city which We have destroyed that they will [ever] return⁽⁸⁴²⁾
- 96) Until when [the dam of] Gog and Magog has been opened and they, from every elevation, descend
- 97) And [when] the true promise [i.e., the resurrection] has approached; then suddenly the eyes of those who disbelieved are staring [in horror, and they say], “O woe to us; we had been unmindful of this; rather, we were wrongdoers.”
- 98) Indeed, you [disbelievers] and what you worship other than Allah are the firewood of Hell. You will be coming to [enter] it.
- 99) Had these [false deities] been [actual] gods, they would not have come to it, but all are eternal therein.
- 100) For them therein is heavy sighing, and they therein will not hear.
- 101) Indeed, those for whom the best [reward] has preceded from Us—they are from it far removed.
- 102) They will not hear its sound, while they are, in that which their souls desire, abiding eternally.
- 103) They will not be grieved by the greatest terror,⁽⁸⁴³⁾ and the angels will meet them, [saying], “This is your Day which you have been promised”.
- 104) The Day when We will fold the heaven like the folding of a [written] sheet for the records. As We began the first creation, We will repeat it. [That is] a promise binding upon Us. Indeed, We will do it.⁽⁸⁴⁴⁾

(841) Such a person will not be deprived of his due reward.

(842) They cannot return to this world, nor can they repent to Allah.

(843) The events of the Last Hour or of the Resurrection.

(844) More literally, “Ever are We doers” of what We will.

- 105) And We have already written in the book [of Psalms]⁽⁸⁴⁵⁾ after the [previous] mention⁽⁸⁴⁶⁾ that the land [of Paradise] is inherited by My righteous servants.
- 106) Indeed, in this [Qur'an] is notification for a worshipping people.
- 107) And We have not sent you, [O Muhammad], except as a mercy to the worlds.
- 108) Say, "It is only revealed to me that your god is but one God; so will you be Muslims [in submission to Him]?"
- 109) But if they turn away, then say, "I have announced to [all of] you equally.⁽⁸⁴⁷⁾ And I know not whether near or far is that which you are promised.
- 110) Indeed, He knows what is declared of speech, and He knows what you conceal.
- 111) And I know not; perhaps it⁽⁸⁴⁸⁾ is a trial for you and enjoyment for a time."
- 112) [The Prophet] has said, "My Lord, judge [between us] in truth. And our Lord is the Most Merciful, the one whose help is sought against that which you describe."⁽⁸⁴⁹⁾

(845) *Az-Zabur* can also mean "scriptures" in general.

(846) i.e., the Torah. The "mention" may also refer to the original inscription with Allah, i.e., the Preserved Slate (*al-Lawh al-Mahfuth*).

(847) The Prophet (ﷺ) made this message known to all people, not concealing any of it from anyone of preferring any group over another.

(848) The postponement of punishment.

(849) i.e., their lies and disbelief.

Hajj-22⁽⁸⁵⁰⁾

In the name of Allah, the Entirely Merciful, the Especially Merciful

- 1) O mankind, fear your Lord. Indeed, the convulsion of the [final] Hour is a terrible thing.
- 2) On the Day you see it every nursing mother will be distracted from that [child] she was nursing, and every pregnant woman will abort her pregnancy, and you will see the people [appearing] intoxicated while they are not intoxicated; but the punishment of Allah is severe.
- 3) And of the people is he who disputes about Allah without knowledge and follows every rebellious devil.
- 4) It has been decreed for him [i.e., every devil] that whoever turns to him—he will misguide him and will lead him to the punishment of the Blaze.
- 5) O People, if you should be in doubt about the Resurrection, then [consider that] indeed, We created you from dust, then from a sperm-drop, then from a clinging clot, and then from a lump of flesh, formed and unformed⁽⁸⁵¹⁾—that We may show you.⁽⁸⁵²⁾ And We settle in the wombs whom We will for a specified term, then We bring you out as a child, and then [We developed you] that you may reach your [time of] maturity. And among you is he who is taken in [early] death, and among you is he who is returned to the most decrepit [old] age so that he knows, after [once having] knowledge, nothing. And you see the earth barren, but when We send down upon it rain, it quivers and swells and grows [something] of every beautiful kind.

(850) *Al-Hajj*: The Pilgrimage.

(851) That which is incomplete. This may include what is aborted at that stage.

(852) Our power and creative ability.

- 6) That is because Allah is the Truth and because He gives life to the dead and because He is over all things competent
- 7) And [that they may know] that the Hour is coming—no doubt about it—and that Allah will resurrect those in the graves.
- 8) And of the people is he who disputes about Allah without knowledge or guidance or an enlightening book [from Him],
- 9) Twisting his neck [in arrogance] to mislead [people] from the way of Allah. For him in the world is disgrace, and We will make him taste on the Day of Resurrection the punishment of the Burning Fire [while it is said],
- 10) “That is for what your hands have put forth and because Allah is not ever unjust to [His] servants.”
- 11) And of the people is he who worships Allah on an edge.⁽⁸⁵³⁾ If he is touched by good, he is reassured by it; but if he is struck by trial, he turns on his face [to the other direction]. He has lost [this] world and the Hereafter. That is what is the manifest loss.
- 12) He calls upon instead of Allah that which neither harms him nor benefits him. That is what is the extreme error.
- 13) He calls to one whose harm is closer than his benefit—how wretched the protector and how wretched the associate.
- 14) Indeed, Allah will admit those who believe and do righteous deeds to gardens beneath which rivers flow. Indeed, Allah does what He intends.
- 15) Whoever should think that Allah will not support him [i.e., Prophet Muhammad (ﷺ)] in this world and the Hereafter –let him extend a rope to the ceiling, then cut off [his breath],⁽⁸⁵⁴⁾ and let him see: will his effort remove that which enrages [him]?
- 16) And thus have We sent it [i.e., the Qur’an] down as verses of clear evidence and because Allah guides whom He intends.
- 17) Indeed, those who have believed and those who were Jews and the Sabeans and the Christians and the Magians and those who

(853) At the edge of his religion, so to speak, i.e., with uncertainty, hypocrisy or heedlessness.

(854) i.e., strangle himself.

associated with Allah –Allah will judge between them on the Day of Resurrection. Indeed Allah is, over all things, Witness.

- 18) Do you not see [i.e., know] that to Allah prostrates whoever is in the heavens and whoever is on the earth and the sun, the moon, the stars, the mountains, the trees, the moving creatures and many of the people? But upon many the punishment has been justified.⁽⁸⁵⁵⁾ And he whom Allah humiliates –for him there is no bestower of honor. Indeed, Allah does what He wills.
- 19) These⁽⁸⁵⁶⁾ are two adversaries who have disputed over their Lord. But those who disbelieved will have cut out for them garments of fire. Poured upon their heads will be scalding water
- 20) By which is melted that within their bellies and [their] skins.
- 21) And for [striking] them are maces of iron.
- 22) Every time they want to get out of it [i.e., Hellfire] from anguish, they will be returned to it, and [it will be said], “Taste the punishment of the Burning Fire!”
- 23) Indeed, Allah will admit those who believe and do righteous deeds to gardens beneath which rivers flow. They will be adorned therein with bracelets of gold and pearl, and their garments therein will be silk.
- 24) And they had been guided [in worldly life] to good speech, and they were guided to the path of the Praiseworthy.
- 25) Indeed, those who have disbelieved and avert [people] from the way of Allah and [from] al-Masjid al-Haram, which We made for the people –equal are the resident therein and one from outside; and whoever intends [a deed] therein⁽⁸⁵⁷⁾ of deviation [in religion] or wrongdoing—We will make him taste of a painful punishment.

(855) And therefore decreed.

(856) i.e., the believers and the disbelievers.

(857) Whether inside its boundaries or intending from afar to do evil therein. The Haram is unique in that the mere intention of sin therein (whether or not it is actually carried out) is sufficient to bring punishment from Allah.

- 26) And [mention, O Muhammad], when We designated for Abraham the site of the House, [saying], “Do not associate anything with Me and purify My House for those who perform tawaf⁽⁸⁵⁸⁾ and those who stand [in prayer] and those who bow and prostrate.
- 27) And proclaim to the people the hajj [pilgrimage]; they will come to you on foot and on every lean camel; they will come from every distant pass—
- 28) That they may witness [i.e. attend] benefits for themselves and mention the name of Allah on known [i.e., specific] days over what He has provided for them of [sacrificial] animals.⁽⁸⁵⁹⁾ So eat of them and feed the miserable and poor.
- 29) Then let them end their untidiness and fulfill their vows and perform tawaf around the ancient House.”
- 30) That [has been commanded], and whoever honors the sacred ordinances of Allah—it is best for him in the sight of his Lord. And permitted to you are the grazing livestock, except what is recited to you.⁽⁸⁶⁰⁾ So avoid the uncleanness of idols and avoid false statement,
- 31) Inclining [only] to Allah, not associating [anything] with Him. And he who associates with Allah –it is though he had fallen from the sky and was snatched by the birds or the wind carried him down into a remote place.
- 32) That [is so]. And whoever honors the symbols [i.e., rites] of Allah- indeed, it is from the piety of hearts.
- 33) For you therein [i.e., the animals marked for sacrifice] are benefits for a specified term;⁽⁸⁶¹⁾ then their place of sacrifice is at the ancient House.⁽⁸⁶²⁾

(858) See footnote to 2:125.

(859) *Al-An 'am*: camels, cattle, sheep and goats.

(860) See 5:3.

(861) i.e., they may be milked or ridden (in the case of camels) before the time of slaughter.

(862) i.e., within the boundaries of the Haram, which includes Mina.

- 34) And for all religion We have appointed a rite [of sacrifice]⁽⁸⁶³⁾ that they may mention the name of Allah over what He has provided for them of [sacrificial] animals. For your god is one God, so to Him submit. And, [O Muhammad], give good tidings to the humble [before their Lord]
- 35) Who, when Allah is mentioned, their hearts are fearful, and [to] the patient over what has afflicted them, and the establishers of prayer and those who spend from what We have provided them.
- 36) And the camels and cattle We have appointed for you as among the symbols [i.e., rites] of Allah; for you therein is good. So mention the name of Allah upon them when lined up [for sacrifice]; and when they are [lifeless] on their sides, then eat from them and feed the needy [who does not seek aid] and the beggar. Thus have We subjected them to you that you may be grateful.
- 37) Their meat will not reach Allah, nor will their blood, but what reaches Him is piety from you. Thus have We subjected them to you that you may magnify Allah for that [to] which He has guided you; and give good tidings to the doers of good.
- 38) Indeed, Allah defends those who have believed. Indeed, Allah does not like everyone treacherous and ungrateful.
- 39) Permission [to fight] has been given to those who are being fought,⁽⁸⁶⁴⁾ because they were wronged. And indeed, Allah is competent to give them victory.
- 40) [They are] those who have been evicted from their homes without right—only because they say, “Our Lord is Allah.” And was it not that Allah checks the people, some by means of others, there would have been demolished monasteries, churches, synagogues, and mosques in which the name of Allah is much mentioned [i.e., praised]. And Allah will surely support

(863) i.e., the right of sacrifice has always been a part of Allah’s revealed religion.

(864) Referring here to the Prophet’s companions.

those who support Him [i.e., His cause]. Indeed, Allah is Powerful and Exalted in Might.

- 41) [And they are] those who, if We give them authority in the land, establish prayer and give zakah and enjoin what is right and forbid what is wrong. And to Allah belongs the outcome of [all] matters.
- 42) And if they deny you, [O Muhammad] —so, before them, did the people of Noah and ‘Aad and Thamud deny [their prophets],
- 43) And the people of Abraham and the people of Lot
- 44) And the inhabitants of Madyan. And Moses was denied, so I prolonged enjoyment for the disbelievers; then I seized them, and how [terrible] was My reproach.
- 45) And how many a city did We destroy while it was committing wrong—so it is [now] fallen into ruin⁽⁸⁶⁵⁾ —and [how many] an abandoned well and [how many] a lofty palace.⁽⁸⁶⁶⁾
- 46) So have they not traveled through the earth and have hearts by which to reason and ears by which to hear? For indeed, it is not eyes that are blinded, but blinded are the hearts which are within the breasts.
- 47) And they urge you to hasten the punishment. But Allah will never fail in His promise. And indeed, a day with your Lord is like a thousand years of those which you count.
- 48) And for how many a city did I prolong enjoyment while it was committing wrong. Then I seized it, and to Me is the [final] destination.
- 49) Say, “O people, I am only to you a clear warner.”
- 50) And those who have believed and done righteous deeds —for them is forgiveness and noble provision.

(865) Literally, “fallen in upon its roofs,” i.e., after the roofs of its buildings had caved in, the walls collapsed over them.

(866) i.e., how many wells have been left inoperative, and how many palaces have been emptied of their occupants in the past.

- 51) But the ones who strove against Our verses, [seeking] to cause failure⁽⁸⁶⁷⁾ —those are the companions of Hellfire.
- 52) And We did not send before you any messenger or prophet except that when he spoke [or recited], Satan threw into it [some misunderstanding]. But Allah abolishes that which Satan throws in; then Allah makes precise His verses.⁽⁸⁶⁸⁾ And Allah is Knowing and Wise.
- 53) [That is] so He may make what Satan throws in [i.e., asserts] a trial for those within whose hearts is disease⁽⁸⁶⁹⁾ and those hard of heart. And indeed, the wrongdoers are in extreme dissension.
- 54) And so those who were given knowledge may know that it is the truth from your Lord and [therefore] believe in it, and their hearts humbly submit to it. And indeed is Allah the Guide of those who have believed to a straight path.
- 55) But those who disbelieve will not cease to be in doubt of it until the Hour comes upon them unexpectedly or there comes to them the punishment of a barren Day.⁽⁸⁷⁰⁾
- 56) [All] sovereignty that Day is for Allah;⁽⁸⁷¹⁾ He will judge between them. So they who believed and did righteous deeds will be in the Gardens of Pleasure.
- 57) And they who disbelieved and denied Our signs—for those there will be a humiliating punishment.
- 58) And those who emigrated for the cause of Allah and then were killed or died —Allah will surely provide for them a good provision. And indeed, it is Allah who is the best of providers.
- 59) He will surely cause them to enter an entrance with which they will be pleased, and indeed, Allah is Knowing and Forbearing.

(867) i.e., trying to undermine their credibility and thereby defeat the Prophet (ﷺ).

(868) Clarifying those issues which were misunderstood to remove any doubt.

(869) See footnote to 2:10.

(870) One which will not be followed by night and therefore will not give birth to a new day, referring to the Day of Resurrection.

(871) None will compete with Him for authority at that time.

- 60) That [is so]. And whoever responds [to injustice] with the equivalent of that with which he was harmed and then is tyrannized –Allah will surely aid him. Indeed, Allah is Pardoning and Forgiving.⁽⁸⁷²⁾
- 61) That⁽⁸⁷³⁾ is because Allah causes the night to enter the day and causes the day to enter the night and because Allah is Hearing and Seeing.
- 62) That is because Allah is the Truth, and that which they call other than Him is falsehood, and because Allah is the Most High, the Grand.
- 63) Do you not see that Allah has sent down rain from the sky and the earth becomes green? Indeed, Allah is Subtle and Acquainted.⁽⁸⁷⁴⁾
- 64) To Him belongs what is in the heavens and what is on the earth. And indeed, Allah is the Free of need, the Praiseworthy.
- 65) Do you not see that Allah has subjected to you whatever is on the earth and the ships which run through the sea by His command? And He restrains the sky from falling upon the earth, unless by His permission. Indeed Allah, to the people, is Kind and Merciful.
- 66) And He is the one who gave you life; then He causes you to die and then will [again] give you life. Indeed, mankind is ungrateful.
- 67) For every religion We have appointed rites which they perform. So, [O Muhammad], let them [i.e., the disbelievers] not contend with you over the matter but invite them to your Lord. Indeed, you are upon a straight guidance.
- 68) And if they dispute with you, then say, “Allah is most knowing of what you do.

(872) In spite of His ability to take vengeance. The statement contains a suggestion that the believers pardon as well.

(873) i.e., Allah's capability to give assistance or victory to the oppressed.

(874) With His creation and with the needs of His creatures.

- 69) Allah will judge between you on the Day of Resurrection concerning that over which you used to differ.”
- 70) Do you not know that Allah knows what is in the heaven and earth? Indeed, that is in a Record.⁽⁸⁷⁵⁾ Indeed that, for Allah, is easy.
- 71) And they worship besides Allah that for which He has not sent down authority and that of which they have no knowledge. And there will not be for the wrongdoers any helper.
- 72) And when Our verses are recited to them as clear evidences, you recognize in the faces of those who disbelieve disapproval. They are almost on the verge of assaulting those who recite to them Our verses. Say, “Then shall I inform you of [what is] worse than that?⁽⁸⁷⁶⁾ [It is] the Fire which Allah has promised those who disbelieve, and wretched is the destination.”
- 73) O people, an example is presented, so listen to it. Indeed, those you invoke besides Allah will never create [as much as] a fly, even if they gathered together for it [i.e., that purpose]. And if the fly should steal away from them a [tiny] thing, they could not recover it from him. Weak are the pursuer and pursued.⁽⁸⁷⁷⁾
- 74) They have not appraised Allah with true appraisal.⁽⁸⁷⁸⁾ Indeed, Allah is Powerful and Exalted in Might.
- 75) Allah chooses from the angels messengers and from the people. Indeed, Allah is Hearing and Seeing.
- 76) He knows what is [presently] before them and what will be after them.⁽⁸⁷⁹⁾ And to Allah will be returned [all] matters.
- 77) O you who have believed, bow and prostrate and worship your Lord and do good- that you may succeed.

(875) The Preserved Slate (*al-Lawh al-Mahfuth*), which is with Allah.

(876) i.e., worse than the rage you feel against those who recite Allah's verses or worse than your threats against them.

(877) A comparison is made here to the worshipper of a false deity and that which he worships

(878) They have not assessed Him with the assessment due to Him, meaning that they did not take into account His perfect attributes.

(879) See footnote to 2:255.

78) And strive for Allah with the striving due to Him. He has chosen you and has not placed upon you in the religion any difficulty. [It is] the religion of your father, Abraham. He [i.e., Allah] named you “Muslims” before [in former scriptures] and in this [revelation] that the Messenger may be a witness over you and you may be witnesses over the people. So establish prayer and give zakah and hold fast to Allah. He is your protector; and excellent is the protector, and excellent is the helper.

Mu'minoon-23⁽⁸⁸⁰⁾

In the name of Allah, the Entirely Merciful, the Especially Merciful

- 1) Certainly will the believers have succeeded:
- 2) They who are during their prayer humbly submissive
- 3) And they who turn away from ill speech
- 4) And they who are observant of zakah
- 5) And they who guard their private parts
- 6) Except from their wives or those their right hands possess,⁽⁸⁸¹⁾ for indeed, they will not be blamed—
- 7) But whoever seeks beyond that, then those are the transgressors—
- 8) And they who are to their trusts and their promises attentive
- 9) And they who carefully maintain their prayers—
- 10) Those are the inheritors
- 11) Who will inherit al-Firdaus.⁽⁸⁸²⁾ They will abide therein eternally.
- 12) And certainly did We create man from an extract of clay.
- 13) Then We placed him as a sperm-drop⁽⁸⁸³⁾ in a firm lodging [i.e., in the womb].
- 14) Then We made the sperm-drop into a clinging clot, and We made the clot into a lump [of flesh], and We made [from] the lump, bones, and We covered the bones with flesh; then We developed him into another creation. So blessed is Allah, the best of creators.⁽⁸⁸⁴⁾
- 15) Then indeed, after that you are to die.
- 16) Then indeed you, on the Day of Resurrection, will be resurrected.

(880) *Al-Mu'minun*: The Believers.

(881) Female slaves or captives under their ownership.

(882) The highest part of Paradise.

(883) Or “as a zygote.”

(884) i.e., the most skillful and only true creator.

- 17) And We have created above you seven layered heavens, and never have We been of [Our] creation unaware.
- 18) And We have sent down rain from the sky in a measured amount and settled it in the earth. And indeed, We are Able to take it away.
- 19) And We brought forth for you thereby gardens of palm trees and grapevines in which for you are abundant fruits and from which you eat.
- 20) And [We brought forth] a tree issuing from Mount Sinai which produces oil and food [i.e., olives] for those who eat.
- 21) And indeed, for you in livestock is a lesson. We give you drink from that which is in their bellies, and for you in them are numerous benefits, and from them you eat.
- 22) And upon them and on ships you are carried.
- 23) And We had certainly sent Noah to his people, and he said, "O my people, worship Allah; you have no deity other than Him; then will you not fear Him?"
- 24) But the eminent among those who disbelieved from his people said, "This is not but a man like yourselves who wishes to take precedence over you; and if Allah had willed [to send a messenger], He would have sent down angels. We have not heard of this among our forefathers.
- 25) He is not but a man possessed with madness, so wait concerning him for a time."
- 26) [Noah] said, "My Lord, support me because they have denied me."
- 27) So We inspired to him, "Construct the ship under Our observation, and Our inspiration, and when Our command comes and the oven overflows,⁽⁸⁸⁵⁾ put into it [i.e., the ship] from each [creature] two mates and your family, except those for whom the decree [of destruction] has proceeded. And do not

(885) See footnote to 11:40.

address Me concerning those who have wronged; indeed, they are to be drowned.

- 28) And when you have boarded the ship, you and those with you, then say, ‘Praise to Allah who has saved us from the wrongdoing people.’
- 29) And say, ‘My Lord, let me land at a blessed landing place, and You are the best to accommodate [us].’”
- 30) Indeed in that are signs, and indeed, We are ever testing [Our servants].
- 31) Then We produced after them a generation of others.
- 32) And We sent among them a messenger⁽⁸⁸⁶⁾ from themselves, [saying], “Worship Allah; you have no deity other than Him; then will you not fear Him?”
- 33) And the eminent among his people who disbelieved and denied the meeting of the Hereafter while We had given them luxury in the worldly life said, “This is not but a man like yourselves. He eats of that from which you eat and drinks of what you drink.
- 34) And if you should obey a man like yourselves, indeed, you would then be losers.
- 35) Does he promise you that when you have died and become dust and bones that you will be brought forth [once more]?
- 36) How far, how far, is that which you are promised.⁽⁸⁸⁷⁾
- 37) It [i.e., life] is not but our worldly life—we die and live, but we will not be resurrected.
- 38) He is not but a man who has invented a lie about Allah, and we will not believe him.”
- 39) He said, “My Lord, support me because they have denied me.”
- 40) [Allah] said, “After a little, they will surely become regretful.”
- 41) So the shriek⁽⁸⁸⁸⁾ seized them in truth,⁽⁸⁸⁹⁾ and We made them as [plant] stubble. Then away with the wrongdoing people.

(886) Prophet Hud, who was sent to the tribe of ‘Aad.

(887) i.e., how distant and improbable it is.

(888) See footnote to 11:67

- 42) Then We produced after them other generations.
- 43) No nation will precede its time [of termination], nor will they remain [thereafter].
- 44) Then We sent Our messengers in succession. Every time there came to a nation its messenger, they denied him, so We made them follow one another [to destruction], and We made them narrations.⁽⁸⁹⁰⁾ So away with a people who do not believe.
- 45) Then We sent Moses and his brother Aaron with Our signs and a clear authority
- 46) To Pharaoh and his establishment, but they were arrogant and were a haughty people.
- 47) They said, "Should we believe two men like ourselves while their people are for us in servitude?"
- 48) So they denied them and were of those destroyed.
- 49) And We certainly give Moses the Scripture that perhaps they⁽⁸⁹¹⁾ would be guided.
- 50) And We made the son of Mary and his mother a sign and sheltered them within a high ground having level [areas] and flowing water.
- 51) [Allah said], "O messengers, eat from the good foods and work righteousness. Indeed, I am Knowing of what you do.
- 52) And indeed this, your religion, is one religion,⁽⁸⁹²⁾ and I am your Lord, so fear Me."
- 53) But they [i.e., the people] divided their religion among them into portions [i.e., sects] —each faction, in what it has,⁽⁸⁹³⁾ rejoicing.
- 54) So leave them in their confusion for a time.
- 55) Do they think that what We extend to them of wealth and children

(889) i.e., by right or in justice.

(890) i.e., history or lessons for mankind.

(891) The Children of Israel.

(892) See footnote to 21:92.

(893) Of beliefs, opinions, customs, etc.

- 56) Is [because] We hasten for them good things? Rather, they do not perceive.⁽⁸⁹⁴⁾
- 57) Indeed, they who are apprehensive from fear of their Lord
- 58) And they who believe in the signs of their Lord
- 59) And they who do not associate anything with their Lord
- 60) And they who give what they give while their hearts are fearful⁽⁸⁹⁵⁾ because they will be returning to their Lord—
- 61) It is those who hasten to good deeds, and they outstrip [others] therein.
- 62) And We charge no soul except [with that within] its capacity, and with Us is a record which speaks with truth; and they will not be wronged.
- 63) But their hearts are covered with confusion over this, and they have [evil] deeds besides that [i.e., disbelief] which they are doing,
- 64) Until when We seized their affluent ones with punishment,⁽⁸⁹⁶⁾ at once they are crying [to Allah] for help.
- 65) Do not cry out today. Indeed, by Us you will not be helped.
- 66) My verse had already been recited to you, but you were turning back on your heels
- 67) In arrogance regarding it,⁽⁸⁹⁷⁾ conversing by night, speaking evil.
- 68) Then have they not reflected over the word [i.e., the Qur'an], or has there come to them that which had not come to their forefathers?
- 69) Or did they not know their Messenger, so they are toward him dis-acknowledging?
- 70) Or do they say, "In him is madness?" Rather, he brought them the truth, but most of them, to the truth, are averse.

(894) That the good things given to them in this world are but a trial for them.

(895) Lest their deeds not be acceptable.

(896) In worldly life, before the punishment of the Hereafter. Although general, the description includes specifically the punishment of the Quraysh by famine.

(897) The revelation. Or "him" i.e., the Prophet (ﷺ).

- 71) But if the Truth [i.e., Allah] had followed their inclinations, the heavens and the earth and whoever is in them would have been ruined. Rather, We have brought them their message,⁽⁸⁹⁸⁾ but they, from their message, are turned away.
- 72) Or do you, [O Muhammad], ask them for payment? But the reward of your Lord is best, and He is the best of providers.
- 73) And indeed, you invite them to a straight path.
- 74) But indeed, those who do not believe in the Hereafter are deviating from the path.
- 75) And even if We gave them mercy and removed what was upon them of affliction, they would persist in their transgression, wandering blindly.
- 76) And We had gripped them with suffering [as a warning], but they did not yield to their Lord, nor did they humbly supplicate, [and will continue thus]
- 77) Until when We have opened before them a door of severe punishment, immediately they will be therein in despair.
- 78) And it is He who produced for you hearing and vision and hearts [i.e., intellect]; little are you grateful.
- 79) And it is He who has multiplied you throughout the earth, and to Him you will be gathered.
- 80) And it is He who gives life and causes death, and His is the alternation of the night and the day. Then will you not reason?
- 81) Rather,⁽⁸⁹⁹⁾ they say like what the former peoples said.
- 82) They said, "When we have died and become dust and bones, are we indeed to be resurrected?"
- 83) We have been promised this, we and our forefathers, before; this is not but legends of the former peoples."
- 84) Say, [O Muhammad], "To whom belongs the earth and whoever is in it, if you should know?"
- 85) They will say, "To Allah." Say, "Then will you not remember?"

(898) Or "reminder."

(899) Instead of understanding or reasoning.

- 86) Say, "Who is Lord of the seven heavens and Lord of the Great Throne?"
- 87) They will say, "[They belong] to Allah." Say, "Then will you not fear Him?"
- 88) Say, "In whose hand is the realm of all things—and He protects while none can protect against Him—if you should know?"
- 89) They will say, "[All belongs] to Allah." Say, "Then how are you deluded?"
- 90) Rather, We have brought them the truth, and indeed they are liars.
- 91) Allah has not taken any son, nor has there ever been with Him any deity. [If there had been], then each deity would have taken what it created, and some of them would have sought to overcome others. Exalted is Allah above what they describe [concerning Him].
- 92) [He is] Knower of the unseen and the witnessed, so high is He above what they associate [with Him].
- 93) Say, [O Muhammad], "My Lord, if You should show me that which they are promised,
- 94) My Lord, then do not place me among the wrongdoing people."
- 95) And indeed, We are able to show you what We have promised them.
- 96) Repel, by [means of] what is best, [their] evil. We are most knowing of what they describe.
- 97) And say, "My Lord, I seek refuge in You from the incitements of the devils,
- 98) And I seek refuge in You, my Lord, lest they be present with me."
- 99) [For such is the state of the disbelievers], until, when death comes to one of them, he says, "My Lord, send me back

- 100) that I might do righteousness in that which I left behind.”⁽⁹⁰⁰⁾
 No! It is only a word he is saying; and behind them is a barrier until the Day they are resurrected.
- 101) So when the Horn is blown, no relationship will there be among them that Day, nor will they ask about one another.
- 102) And those whose scales are heavy [with good deeds]—it is they who are the successful.
- 103) But those whose scales are light—those are the ones who have lost their souls, [being] in Hell, abiding eternally.
- 104) The Fire will sear their faces, and they therein will have taut smiles.⁽⁹⁰¹⁾
- 105) [It will be said]. “Were not My verses recited to you and you used to deny them?”
- 106) They will say, “Our Lord, our wretchedness overcame us, and we were a people astray.
- 107) Our Lord, remove us from it, and if we were to return [to evil], we would indeed be wrongdoers.”
- 108) He will say, “Remain despised therein and do not speak to Me.
- 109) Indeed, there was a party of My servants who said, ‘Our Lord, we have believed, so forgive us and have mercy upon us, and You are the best of the merciful.’
- 110) But you took them in mockery to the point that they made you forget My remembrance, and you used to laugh at them.
- 111) Indeed, I have rewarded them this Day for their patient endurance—that they are the attainers [of success].”
- 112) [Allah] will say, “How long did you remain on earth in number of years?”
- 113) They will say, “We remained a day or part of a day; ask those who enumerate.”
- 114) He will say, “You stayed not but a little—if only you had known.

(900) Or “in that which I neglected.”

(901) Their lips having been contracted by scorching until the teeth are exposed.

- 115) Then did you think that We created you uselessly and that to Us you would not be returned?”
- 116) So exalted is Allah, the Sovereign, the Truth; there is no deity except Him, Lord of the Noble Throne.
- 117) And whoever invokes besides Allah another deity for which he has no proof—then his account is only with his Lord. Indeed, the disbelievers will not succeed.
- 118) And, [O Muhammad], say, “My Lord, forgive and have mercy, and You are the best of the merciful.”

NOOR-24⁽⁹⁰²⁾

In the name of Allah, the Entirely Merciful, the Especially Merciful

- 1) [This is] a surah which We have sent down and made [that within it] obligatory and revealed therein verses of clear evidence that you might remember.
- 2) The [unmarried] woman or [unmarried] man found guilty of sexual intercourse⁽⁹⁰³⁾ —lash each one of them with a hundred lashes,⁽⁹⁰⁴⁾ and do not be taken by pity for them in the religion [i.e., law] of Allah,⁽⁹⁰⁵⁾ if you should believe in Allah and the Last Day. And let a group of the believers witness their punishment.
- 3) The fornicator does not marry except a [female] fornicator or polytheist, and none marries her except a fornicator⁽⁹⁰⁶⁾ or a polytheist, and that [i.e., marriage to such persons] has been unlawful to the believers.
- 4) And those who [falsely] accuse chaste women and then do not produce four witnesses—lash them with eighty lashes and do not accept from them testimony ever after. And those are the defiantly disobedient,
- 5) Except for those who repent thereafter and reform, for indeed, Allah is Forgiving and Merciful.
- 6) And those who accuse their wives [of adultery] and have no witnesses except themselves —then the witness of one of

(902) *An-Nur*: Light.

(903) Either by voluntary confession of the offender or the testimony of four male witnesses to having actually seen the act take place. Otherwise, there can be no conviction.

(904) The ruling in this verse is applicable to unmarried fornicators. Execution by stoning is confirmed in the *sunnah* for the convicted adulterers.

(905) i.e., do not let sympathy for a guilty person move you to alter anything ordained by Allah, for in His law is protection of society as a whole.

(906) Included in this ruling is the adulterer as well. Such persons cannot be married to believers unless they have repented and reformed.

them⁽⁹⁰⁷⁾ [shall be] four testimonies [swearing] by Allah that indeed, he is of the truthful.

- 7) And the fifth [oath will be] that the curse of Allah be upon him if he should be among the liars.
- 8) But it will prevent punishment from her if she gives four testimonies [swearing] by Allah that indeed, he is of the liars.
- 9) And the fifth [oath will be] that the wrath of Allah be upon her if he was of the truthful.
- 10) And if not for the favor of Allah upon you and His mercy...⁽⁹⁰⁸⁾ and because Allah is Accepting of repentance and Wise.
- 11) Indeed, those who came with falsehood⁽⁹⁰⁹⁾ are a group among you. Do not think it bad for you; rather it is good for you. For every person among them is what [punishment] he has earned from the sin, and he who took upon himself the greater portion thereof⁽⁹¹⁰⁾ –for him is a great punishment [i.e., Hellfire].
- 12) Why, when you heard it, did not the believing men and believing women think good of themselves [i.e., one another] and say, “This is an obvious falsehood”?
- 13) Why did they [who slandered] not produce for it four witnesses? And when they do not produce the witnesses, then it is they, in the sight of Allah, who are the liars.
- 14) And if it had not been for the favor of Allah upon you and His mercy in this world and the Hereafter, you would have been touched for that [lie] in which you are involved by a great punishment
- 15) When you received it with your tongues⁽⁹¹¹⁾ and said with your mouths that of which you had no knowledge and thought it was insignificant while it was, in the sight of Allah, tremendous.

(907) The husbands who have been betrayed.

(908) The phrase omitted is estimated to be “...you would have surely been punished, destroyed or scandalized,” or “...you would have suffered many difficult situations.”

(909) Referring to the incident when the Prophet's wife Aishah was falsely accused by the hypocrites.

(910) i.e., Abdullah bin Ubayy, leader of the hypocrites.

(911) Rather than your ears, i.e., not thinking about what you had heard but hastening to repeat it carelessly.

- 16) And why, when you heard it, did you not say, "It is not for us to speak of this. Exalted are You, [O Allah]; this is a great slander"?
- 17) Allah warns you against returning to the likes of this [conduct], ever, if you should be believers.
- 18) And Allah makes clear to you the verses [i.e., His rulings], and Allah is Knowing and Wise.
- 19) Indeed, those who like that immorality⁽⁹¹²⁾ should be spread [or publicized] among those who have believed will have a painful punishment in this world and the Hereafter. And Allah knows⁽⁹¹³⁾ and you do not know.
- 20) And if it had not been for the favor of Allah upon you and His mercy...⁽⁹¹⁴⁾ and because Allah is Kind and Merciful.
- 21) O you who have believed, do not follow the footsteps of Satan. And whoever follows the footsteps of Satan—indeed, he enjoins immorality and wrongdoing. And if not for the favor of Allah upon you and His mercy, not one of you would have been pure, ever, but Allah purifies whom He wills, and Allah is Hearing and Knowing.
- 22) And let not those of virtue among you and wealth swear not to give [aid] to their relatives and the needy and the emigrants for the cause of Allah, and let them pardon and overlook. Would you not like that Allah should forgive you? And Allah is Forgiving and Merciful.
- 23) Indeed, those who [falsely] accuse chaste, unaware and believing women are cursed in this world and the Hereafter; and they will have a great punishment
- 24) On a Day when their tongues, their hands and their feet will bear witness against them as to what they used to do.

(912) Specifically, unlawful sexual relations.

(913) The hidden aspects of all things: what is beneficial and what is harmful.

(914) See footnote to verse 10.

- 25) That Day, Allah will pay them in full their true [i.e., deserved] recompense, and they will know that it is Allah who is the manifest Truth [i.e., perfect in justice].
- 26) Evil words are for evil men, and evil men are [subjected] to evil words. And good words are for good men, and good men are [an object] of good words.⁽⁹¹⁵⁾ Those [good people] are declared innocent of what they [i.e., slanderers] say. For them is forgiveness and noble provision.
- 27) O you who have believed, do not enter houses other than your own houses until you ascertain welcome and greet⁽⁹¹⁶⁾ their inhabitants. That is best for you; perhaps you will be reminded [i.e., advised].
- 28) And if you do not find anyone therein, do not enter them until permission has been given you. And if it is said to you, "Go back,"⁽⁹¹⁷⁾ then go back; it is purer for you. And Allah is Knowing of what you do.
- 29) There is no blame upon you for entering houses not inhabited in which there is convenience⁽⁹¹⁸⁾ for you. And Allah knows what you reveal and what you conceal.
- 30) Tell the believing men to reduce [some] of their vision⁽⁹¹⁹⁾ and guard their private parts.⁽⁹²⁰⁾ That is purer for them. Indeed, Allah is Acquainted with what they do.
- 31) And tell the believing women to reduce [some] of their vision⁽⁹²¹⁾ and guard their private parts and not display their adornment⁽⁹²²⁾ except that which [ordinarily] appears thereof⁽⁹²³⁾

(915) Another accepted interpretation is "Evil women are for evil men, and for evil men are for evil women. And good women are for good men, and good men are for good women."

(916) By the words "*As-salamu 'alaykum*" (Peace be upon you).

(917) Or a similar expression showing that the occupants are not prepared to receive visitors (which should be respected).

(918) Some benefit such as rest, shelter, commodities, one's personal belongings, etc.

(919) Looking only at what is lawful and averting their eyes from what is unlawful.

(920) From being seen and from unlawful acts.

(921) Looking only at what is lawful and averting their eyes from what is unlawful.

(922) Both natural beauty, such as hair or body shape, and that with which a woman beautifies herself of clothing, jewelry, etc.

and to draw their headcovers over their chests and not display their adornment [i.e., beauty] except to their husbands, their fathers, their husband's fathers, their sons, their husband's sons, their brothers, their brothers' sons, their sisters' sons, their women, that which their right hands possess [i.e., slaves], or those male attendants having no physical desire,⁽⁹²⁴⁾ or children who are not yet aware of the private aspects of women. And let them not stamp their feet to make known what they conceal of their adornment. And turn to Allah in repentance, all of you, O believers, that you might succeed.

- 32) And marry the unmarried among you and the righteous among your male slaves and female slaves. If they should be poor, Allah will enrich them from His bounty, and Allah is all-Encompassing and Knowing.
- 33) But let them who find not [the means for] marriage abstain [from sexual relations] until Allah enriches them from His bounty. And those who seek a contract [for eventual emancipation] from among whom your right hands possess⁽⁹²⁵⁾ —then make a contract with them if you know there is within them goodness and give them from the wealth of Allah which He has given you. And do not compel your slave girls to prostitution, if they desire chastity, to seek [thereby] the temporary interests of worldly life. And if someone should compel them, then indeed, Allah is [to them], after their compulsion, Forgiving and Merciful.
- 34) And We have certainly sent down to you distinct verses⁽⁹²⁶⁾ and examples from those who passed on before you and an admonition for those who fear Allah.

(923) i.e., the outer garments or whatever might appear out of necessity, such as a part of the face or the hands.

(924) Referring to an abnormal condition in which a man is devoid of sexual feeling.

(925) i.e., those slaves who desire to purchase their freedom from their owners for a price agreed upon by both.

(926) i.e., rulings and ordinances, in particular those in this *surah*.

- 35) Allah is the Light⁽⁹²⁷⁾ of the heavens and the earth. The example of His light⁽⁹²⁸⁾ is like a niche within which is a lamp,⁽⁹²⁹⁾ the lamp is within glass, the glass as if it were a pearly [white] star lit from [the oil of] a blessed olive tree, neither of the east nor of the west, whose oil would almost glow even if untouched by fire. Light upon light. Allah guides to His light whom He wills. And Allah presents examples for the people, and Allah is Knowing of all things.
- 36) [Such niches are] in houses [i.e., mosques] which Allah has ordered to be raised and that His name be mentioned [i.e., praised] therein; exalting Him within them in the morning and the evenings⁽⁹³⁰⁾
- 37) [Are] men whom neither commerce nor sale distracts from the remembrance of Allah and the performance of prayer and giving of zakah. They fear a Day in which the hearts and eyes will [fearfully] turn about--
- 38) That Allah may reward them [according to] the best of what they did and increase them from His bounty. And Allah gives provision to whom He wills without account [i.e., limit].
- 39) But the disbelievers—their deeds are like a mirage in a lowland which a thirsty one thinks is water until, when he comes to it, he finds it is nothing but finds Allah before Him, and He will pay him in full his due; and Allah is swift in account.
- 40) Or [they are] like darknesses within an unfathomable sea which is covered by waves, over which are clouds—darknesses, some of them upon others. When one puts out his hand [therein], he can hardly see it. And he for whom Allah has not granted light—for him there is no light.

(927) i.e., the source and bestower of light and enlightenment.

(928) His guidance in the heart of a believing servant.

(929) Literally, "a burning wick," which is the essence of a lamp.

(930) The term used here can refer to either afternoon or evening.

- 41) Do you not see that Allah is exalted by whomever is within the heavens and the earth and [by] the birds with wings spread [in flight]? Each [of them] has known his [means of] prayer and exalting [Him], and Allah is Knowing of what they do.
- 42) And to Allah belongs the dominion of the heavens and the earth, and to Allah is the destination.
- 43) Do you not see that Allah drives clouds? Then He brings them together, then He makes them into a mass, and you see the rain emerge from within it. And He sends down from the sky, mountains [of clouds] within which is hail, and He strikes with it whom He wills and averts it from whom He wills. The flash of its lightening almost takes away the eyesight.
- 44) Allah alternates the night and the day. Indeed in that is a lesson for those who have vision.
- 45) Allah has created every [living] creature from water. And of them are those that move on their bellies, and of them are those that walk on two legs, and of them are those that walk on four. Allah creates what He wills. Indeed, Allah is over all things competent.
- 46) We have certainly sent down distinct verses. And Allah guides whom He wills to a straight path.
- 47) But they [i.e., the hypocrites] say, “We have believed in Allah and in the Messenger, and we obey”; then a party of them turns away after that. And those are not believers.
- 48) And when they are called to [the words of] Allah and His Messenger to judge between them, at once a party of them turns aside [in refusal].
- 49) But if the right is theirs, they come to him in prompt obedience.
- 50) Is there disease in their hearts? Or have they doubted? Or do they fear that Allah will be unjust to them, or His Messenger? Rather, it is they who are the wrongdoers [i.e., unjust].

- 51) The only statement of the [true] believers when they are called to Allah and His Messenger to judge between them is that they say, “We hear and we obey.” And those are the successful.
- 52) And whoever obeys Allah and His Messenger and fears Allah and is conscious of Him—it is those who are the attainers.
- 53) And they swear by Allah their strongest oaths that if you ordered them, they would go forth [in Allah’s cause]. Say, “Do not swear. [Such] obedience is known.⁽⁹³¹⁾ Indeed, Allah is Acquainted with that which you do.”
- 54) Say, “Obey Allah and obey the Messenger; but if you turn away—then upon him is only that [duty] with which he has been charged, and upon you is that with which you have been charged. And if you obey him, you will be [rightly] guided. And there is not upon the Messenger except the [responsibility for] clear notification.”
- 55) Allah has promised those who have believed among you and done righteous deeds that He will surely grant them succession [to authority] upon the earth just as He granted it to those before them and that He will surely establish [therein] their religion which He has preferred for them and that He will surely substitute for them, after their fear, security, [for] they worship Me, not associating anything with Me. But whoever disbelieves⁽⁹³²⁾ after that—then those are the defiantly disobedient.
- 56) And establish prayer and give zakah and obey the Messenger—that you may receive mercy.
- 57) Never think that the disbelievers are causing failure [to Allah] upon the earth. Their refuge will be the Fire—and how wretched the destination.
- 58) O you who have believed, let those whom your right hands possess and those who have not [yet] reached puberty among you ask permission of you [before entering] at three times:

(931) i.e., the hypocrites’ pretense of obedience is known to be a lie.

(932) i.e., denies the favor of Allah or does not live by His ordinance.

before the dawn prayer and when you put aside your clothing [for rest] at noon and after the night prayer. [These are] three times of privacy⁽⁹³³⁾ for you. There is no blame upon you nor upon them beyond these [periods], for they [habitually] circulate among you—some of you, among others. Thus does Allah make clear to you the verses [i.e., His ordinances]; and Allah is Knowing and Wise.

- 59) And when the children among you reached puberty, let them ask permission [at all times] as those before them have done. Thus does Allah make clear to you His verses; and Allah is Knowing and Wise.
- 60) And women of post-menstrual age who have no desire for marriage—there is no blame upon them for putting aside their outer garments [but] not displaying adornment. But to modestly refrain [from that] is better for them. And Allah is Hearing and Knowing.
- 61) There is not upon the blind [any] guilt nor upon the lame [any] guilt nor upon the ill [any] guilt nor upon yourselves if you eat from your [own] houses or the houses of your fathers or the houses of your mothers or the houses of your brothers or the houses of your sisters or the houses of your father's brothers or the houses of your father's sisters or the houses of your mother's brothers or the houses of your mother's sisters or [from houses] whose keys you possess or [from the house] of your friend. There is no blame upon you whether you eat together or separately. But when you enter houses, give greetings of peace⁽⁹³⁴⁾ upon each other—a greeting from Allah, blessed and good. Thus does Allah make clear to you the verses [of ordinance] that you may understand.
- 62) The believers are only those who believe in Allah and His Messenger and, when they are [meeting] with him for a matter

(933) Literally, "exposure" or "being uncovered."

(934) Saying, "*As-salamu 'alaykum*" (Peace be upon you).

of common interest, do not depart until they have asked His permission. Indeed, those who asked your permission, [O Muhammad]—those are the ones who believe in Allah and His Messenger. So when they ask your permission for something of their affairs, then give permission to whom you will among them and ask forgiveness for them of Allah. Indeed, Allah is Forgiving and Merciful.

- 63) Do not make [your] calling of the Messenger among yourselves as the call of one of you to another. Already Allah knows those of you who slip away, concealed by others. So let those beware who dissent from his [i.e., the Prophet's] order,⁽⁹³⁵⁾ lest fitnah⁽⁹³⁶⁾ strike them or a painful punishment.
- 64) Unquestionably, to Allah belongs whatever is in the heavens and earth. Already He knows that upon which you [stand]⁽⁹³⁷⁾ and [knows] the Day⁽⁹³⁸⁾ when they will be returned to Him and He will inform them of what they have done. And Allah is Knowing of all things.

(935) Meaning also his way or his *sunnah*.

(936) Trials, affliction, dissension, strife, etc.

(937) i.e., your position—the basis for your actions (whether sincere faith or hypocrisy) and the condition of your souls.

(938) The meaning can also rendered "...and [let them beware of] the Day..."

Furqan-25⁽⁹³⁹⁾

In the name of Allah, the Entirely Merciful, the Especially Merciful

- 1) Blessed is He who sent down the Criterion upon His Servant that he may be to the worlds a warner--
- 2) He to whom belongs the dominion of the heavens and the earth and who has not taken a son and has not had a partner in dominion and has created each thing and determined it with [precise] determination.
- 3) But they have taken besides Him gods which create nothing, while they are created, and possess not for themselves any harm or benefit and possess not [power to cause] death or life or resurrection.
- 4) And those who disbelieve say, "This [Qur'an] is not except a falsehood he invented, and another people assisted him in it." But they have committed an injustice and a lie.
- 5) And they say, "Legends of the former peoples which he has written down, and they are dictated to him morning and afternoon."
- 6) Say, [O Muhammad], "It has been revealed by He who knows [every] secret within the heavens and the earth. Indeed, He is ever Forgiving and Merciful."
- 7) And they say, "What is this messenger that eats food and walks in the market? Why was there not sent down to him an angel so he would be with him a warner?"
- 8) Or [why is not] a treasure presented to him [from heaven], or does he [not] have a garden from which he eats?" And the wrongdoers say, "You follow not but a man affected by magic."
- 9) Look how they strike for you comparisons,⁽⁹⁴⁰⁾ but they have strayed, so they cannot [find] a way.

(939) Al-Furqan: The Criterion, which is another name for the Qur'an and means "that which distinguishes truth from falsehood and right from wrong."

- 10) Blessed is He who, if He willed, could have made for you [something] better than that—gardens beneath which rivers flow—and could make for you palaces.
- 11) But they have denied the Hour, and We have prepared for those who deny the Hour a Blaze.
- 12) When it [i.e., the Hellfire] sees them from a distant place, they will hear its fury and roaring.
- 13) And when they are thrown into a narrow place therein bound in chains, they will cry out thereupon for destruction.
- 14) [They will be told], “Do not cry this Day for one destruction but cry for much destruction.”
- 15) Say, “Is that better or the Garden of Eternity which is promised to the righteous? It will be for them a reward and destination.
- 16) For them therein is whatever they wish, [while] abiding eternally. It is ever upon your Lord a promise [worthy to be] requested.⁽⁹⁴¹⁾
- 17) And [mention] the Day He will gather them and that which they worship besides Allah and will say, “Did you mislead these, My servants, or did they [themselves] stray from the way?”
- 18) They will say, “Exalted are You! It was not for us to take besides You any allies [i.e., protectors]. But You provided comforts for them and their fathers until they forgot the message and became a people ruined.”
- 19) So they will deny you, [disbelievers], in what you say,⁽⁹⁴²⁾ and you cannot avert [punishment] or [find] help. And whoever commits injustice⁽⁹⁴³⁾ among you—We will make him taste a great punishment.
- 20) And We did not send before you, [O Muhammad], any of the messengers except that they ate food and walked in the markets.

(940) From their own imaginations in order to deny and discredit you.

(941) Or “...a promise [for which He is] responsible.”

(942) At the time of Judgment the false objects of worship will betray their worshippers and deny them.

(943) Specifically, association of others with Allah.

And We have made some of you [people] as trial for others— will you have patience? And ever is your Lord, Seeing.

- 21) And those who do not expect the meeting with Us say, “Why were not angels sent down to us, or [why] do we [not] see our Lord?” They have certainly become arrogant within themselves⁽⁹⁴⁴⁾ and [become] insolent with great insolence.
- 22) The day they see the angels⁽⁹⁴⁵⁾ —no good tidings will there be that day for the criminals, and [the angels] will say, “Prevented and inaccessible.”⁽⁹⁴⁶⁾
- 23) And We will approach [i.e., regard]⁽⁹⁴⁷⁾ what they have done of deeds and make them as dust dispersed.
- 24) The companions of Paradise, that Day, are [in] a better settlement and better resting place.
- 25) And [mention] the Day when the heaven will be split open with [emerging] clouds,⁽⁹⁴⁸⁾ and the angels will be sent down in successive descent.
- 26) True sovereignty, that Day, is for the Most Merciful. And it will be upon the disbelievers a difficult Day.
- 27) And the Day the wrongdoers will bite on his hands [in regret] he will say, “Oh, I wish I had taken with the Messenger a way.”⁽⁹⁴⁹⁾
- 28) Oh, woe to me! I wish I had not taken that one⁽⁹⁵⁰⁾ as a friend.
- 29) He led me away from the remembrance⁽⁹⁵¹⁾ after it had come to me. And ever is Satan, to man, a deserter.”⁽⁹⁵²⁾
- 30) And the Messenger has said, “O my Lord, indeed my people have taken this Qur’an as [a thing] abandoned.”⁽⁹⁵³⁾

(944) Additional meanings are “among themselves” and “over [the matter of] themselves.”

(945) i.e., at the time of death.

(946) Referring to any good tidings.

(947) On the Day of Judgment.

(948) Within which are the angels.

(949) i.e., followed the Prophet (ﷺ) on a path of guidance.

(950) The person who misguided him.

(951) i.e., the Qur’an or the remembrance of Allah.

(952) Forsaking him once he has led him into evil.

(953) i.e., avoiding it, not listening to or understanding it, not living by it, or preferring something else to it.

- 31) And thus have We made for every prophet an enemy from among the criminals. But sufficient is your Lord as a guide and a helper.
- 32) And those who disbelieve say, “Why was the Qur’an not revealed to him all at once?” Thus [it is] that We may strengthen thereby your heart. And We have spaced it distinctly.⁽⁹⁵⁴⁾
- 33) And they do not come to you with an example [i.e. argument] except that We bring you the truth and the best explanation.
- 34) The ones who are gathered on their faces to Hell—those are the worst in position and farthest astray in [their] way.
- 35) And We had certainly given Moses the Scripture and appointed with him his brother Aaron as an assistant.
- 36) And We said, “Go both of you to the people who have denied Our signs.” Then We destroyed them with [complete] destruction.
- 37) And the people of Noah—when they denied the messengers,⁽⁹⁵⁵⁾ We drowned them, and We made them for mankind a sign. And We have prepared for the wrongdoers a painful punishment.
- 38) And [We destroyed] ‘Aad and Thamud and the companions of the well⁽⁹⁵⁶⁾ and many generations between them.
- 39) And for each We presented examples [as warnings], and each We destroyed with [total] destruction.
- 40) And they have already come upon the town which was showered with a rain of evil [i.e., stones]. So have they not seen it? But they are not expecting resurrection.⁽⁹⁵⁷⁾
- 41) And when they see you, [O Muhammad], they take you not except in ridicule, [saying], “Is this the one whom Allah has sent as a messenger?”

(954) Also, “recited it with distinct recitation.”

(955) Their denial of Noah was as if they had denied all those who brought the same message from Allah.

(956) Said to be a people who denied Prophet Shu’ayb or possibly those mentioned in Surah Ya Seen, 36:13-29.

(957) So they do not benefit from lessons of the past.

- 42) He almost would have misled us from our gods had we not been steadfast in [worship of] them.” But they are going to know, when they see the punishment, who is farthest astray in [his] way.
- 43) Have you seen the one who takes as his god his own desire? Then would you be responsible for him?
- 44) Or do you think that most of them hear or reason? They are not except like livestock.⁽⁹⁵⁸⁾ Rather, they are [even] more astray in [their] way.
- 45) Have you not considered your Lord—how He extends the shadow, and if He willed, He could have made it stationary? Then We made the sun for it an indication.⁽⁹⁵⁹⁾
- 46) Then We hold it in hand for a brief grasp.⁽⁹⁶⁰⁾
- 47) And it is He who has made the night for you as clothing⁽⁹⁶¹⁾ and sleep [a means for] rest and has made the day a resurrection.⁽⁹⁶²⁾
- 48) And it is He who sends the winds as good tidings before His mercy [i.e., rainfall], and We send down from the sky pure water
- 49) That We may bring to life thereby a dead land and give it as drink to those We created of numerous livestock and men.
- 50) And We have certainly distributed it among them that they might be reminded,⁽⁹⁶³⁾ but most of the people refuse except disbelief.
- 51) And if We had willed, We could have sent into every city a warner.⁽⁹⁶⁴⁾
- 52) So do not obey the disbelievers, and strive against them with it [i.e., the Qur’an] a great striving.

(958) i.e., cattle or sheep, that follow without question wherever they are led.

(959) i.e., showing the existence of a shadow or making it apparent by contrast.

(960) i.e., when the sun is overhead at noon.

(961) Covering and concealing you in its darkness.

(962) For renewal of life and activity.

(963) Of Allah’s ability to bring the dead to life.

(964) However, Allah willed that Prophet Muhammad (ﷺ) be sent as the final messenger for all peoples of the earth until the Day of Resurrection.

- 53) And it is He who has released [simultaneously] the two seas [i.e., bodies of water], one fresh and sweet and one salty and bitter, and He placed between them a barrier and prohibiting partition.
- 54) And it is He who has created from water [i.e., semen] a human being and made him [a relative by] lineage and marriage. And ever is your Lord competent [concerning creation].
- 55) But they worship rather than Allah that which does not benefit them or harm them, and the disbeliever is ever, against his Lord, an assistant [to Satan].
- 56) And We have not sent you, [O Muhammad], except as a bringer of good tidings and a warner.
- 57) Say, "I do not ask of you for it any payment—only that whoever wills might take to his Lord a way."
- 58) And rely upon the Ever-Living who does not die, and exalt [Allah] with His praise. And sufficient is He to be, with the sins of His servants, Acquainted—
- 59) He who created the heavens and the earth and what is between them in six days and then established Himself above the Throne⁽⁹⁶⁵⁾ —the Most Merciful, so ask about Him one well informed [i.e., the Prophet (ﷺ)].
- 60) And when it is said to them, "Prostrate to the Most Merciful," they say, "And what is the Most Merciful? Should we prostrate to that which you ordered us?" And it increases them in aversion.
- 61) Blessed is He who has placed in the sky great stars and placed therein a [burning] lamp and luminous moon.
- 62) And it is He who has made the night and the day in succession whoever desires to remember or desires gratitude.
- 63) And the servants of the Most Merciful are those who walk upon the earth easily,⁽⁹⁶⁶⁾ and when the ignorant address them [harshly], they say [words of] peace,⁽⁹⁶⁷⁾

(965) See footnote to 2:19.

(966) i.e., gently, with dignity but without arrogance.

- 64) And those who spend [part of] the night to their Lord prostrating and standing [in prayer]
- 65) And those who say, “Our Lord, avert from us the punishment of Hell. Indeed, its punishment is ever adhering;
- 66) Indeed, it is evil as a settlement and residence.”
- 67) And [they are] those who, when they spend, do so not excessively or sparingly but are ever, between that, [justly] moderate
- 68) And those who do not invoke with Allah another deity or kill the soul which Allah has forbidden [to be killed], except by right, and do not commit unlawful sexual intercourse. And whoever should do that will meet a penalty.
- 69) Multiplied for him is the punishment on the Day of Resurrection, and he abide therein humiliated—
- 70) Except for those who repent, believe and do righteous work. For them Allah will replace their evil deeds with good. And ever is Allah Forgiving and Merciful.
- 71) And he who repents and does righteousness does indeed turn to Allah with [accepted] repentance.
- 72) And [they are] those who do not testify to falsehood, and if they pass near ill speech, they pass by with dignity.
- 73) And those who, when reminded of the verses of their Lord, do not fall upon them deaf and blind.
- 74) And those who say, “Our Lord, grant us from among our wives and offspring comfort to our eyes⁽⁹⁶⁸⁾ and make us a leader [i.e., example] for the righteous.”
- 75) Those will be awarded the Chamber⁽⁹⁶⁹⁾ for what they patiently endured, and they will be received therein with greetings and [words of] peace.
- 76) Abiding eternally therein. Good is the settlement and residence.

(967) Or “safety,” i.e., words free from fault or evil.

(968) i.e., a source of happiness due to their righteousness.

(969) The most elevated portion of Paradise.

77) Say, “What would my Lord care for you⁽⁹⁷⁰⁾ if not for your supplication [i.e., faith and worship]?” For you [disbelievers] have denied, so it [i.e., your denial] is going to be adherent.⁽⁹⁷¹⁾

(970) An alternative meaning is “What would my Lord do with you...”

(971) It will remain with them, causing punishment to be required and imperative upon them.

Ash Shu'ara-26⁽⁹⁷²⁾

In the name of Allah, the Entirely Merciful, the Especially Merciful

- 1) Ta, Seen, Meem.⁽⁹⁷³⁾
- 2) These are the verses of the clear Book.
- 3) Perhaps, [O Muhammad], you would kill yourself with grief that they will not be believers.
- 4) If We willed, We could send down to them from the sky a sign for which their necks would remain humbled.⁽⁹⁷⁴⁾
- 5) And no mention [i.e., revelation] comes to them anew from the Most Merciful except that they turn away from it.
- 6) For they have already denied, but there will come to them the news of that which they used to ridicule.
- 7) Do they not look at the earth—how much We have produced therein from every noble kind?
- 8) Indeed in that is a sign, but most of them were not to be believers.
- 9) And indeed, your Lord —He is the Exalted in Might, the Merciful.
- 10) And [mention] when your Lord called Moses, [saying], “Go to the wrongdoing people—
- 11) The people of Pharaoh. Will they not fear Allah?”
- 12) He said, “My Lord, indeed I fear that they will deny me
- 13) And that my breast will tighten and my tongue will not be fluent, so send for Aaron.
- 14) And they have upon me a [claim due to] sin, so I fear that they will kill me.”
- 15) [Allah] said, “No. Go both of you with Our signs; indeed, We are with you, listening.
- 16) Go to Pharaoh and say, ‘We are the messengers’⁽⁹⁷⁵⁾ of the Lord of the worlds,

(972) *Ash-Shu'ara*: The Poets.

(973) See footnote to 2:1.

(974) i.e., they would be compelled to believe.

- 17) [Commanded to say], "Send with us the Children of Israel."""
- 18) [Pharaoh] said, "Did we not raise you among us as a child, and you remained among us for years of your life?"
- 19) And [then] you did your deed which you did,⁽⁹⁷⁶⁾ and you were of the ungrateful."
- 20) [Moses] said, "I did it, then, while I was of those astray [i.e., ignorant].
- 21) So I fled from you when I feared you. Then my Lord granted me judgment [i.e., wisdom and prophethood] and appointed me [as one] of the messengers.
- 22) And is this a favor of which you remind me—that you have enslaved the Children of Israel?"
- 23) Pharaoh said, "And what is the Lord of the worlds?"
- 24) [Moses] said, "The Lord of the heavens and earth and that between them, if you should be convinced."
- 25) [Pharaoh] said to those around him, "Do you not hear?"
- 26) [Moses] said, "Your Lord and the Lord of your first forefathers."
- 27) [Pharaoh] said,⁽⁹⁷⁷⁾ "Indeed, your 'messenger' who has been sent to you is mad."
- 28) [Moses] said, "Lord of the east and the west and that between them, if you were to reason."
- 29) [Pharaoh] said, "If you take a god other than me, I will surely place you among those imprisoned."
- 30) [Moses] said, "Even if I brought you something [i.e., proof] manifest?"
- 31) [Pharaoh] said, "Then bring it, if you should be of the truthful."
- 32) So [Moses] threw his staff, and suddenly it was serpent manifest.⁽⁹⁷⁸⁾

(975) The singular form in Arabic indicates that both were sent with a single message.

(976) i.e., striking the Copt, who died as a result.

(977) Angriily addressing those present.

(978) i.e., clearly genuine.

- 33) And he drew out his hand; thereupon it was white for the observers.
- 34) [Pharaoh] said to the eminent ones around him, "Indeed, this is a learned magician.
- 35) He wants to drive you out of your land by his magic, so what do you advise?"
- 36) They said, "Postpone [the matter of] him and his brother and send among the cities gatherers
- 37) Who will bring you every learned, skilled magician."
- 38) So the magicians were assembled for the appointment of a well-known day.⁽⁹⁷⁹⁾
- 39) And it was said to the people, "Will you congregate
- 40) That we might follow the magicians if they are the predominant?"
- 41) And when the magicians arrived, they said to Pharaoh, "Is there indeed for us a reward if we are the predominant?"
- 42) He said, "Yes, and indeed, you will then be of those near [to me]."
- 43) Moses said to them, "Throw whatever you will throw."
- 44) So they threw their ropes and their staffs and said, "By the might of Pharaoh, indeed it is we who are the predominant."
- 45) Then Moses threw his staff, and at once it devoured what they falsified.
- 46) So the magicians fell down in prostration [to Allah].
- 47) They said, "We have believed in the Lord of the worlds,
- 48) The Lord of Moses and Aaron."
- 49) [Pharaoh] said, "You believed him [i.e., Moses] before I gave you permission. Indeed, he is your chief who has taught you magic, but you are going to know. I will surely cut off your hands and your feet on opposite sides, and I will surely crucify you all."

(979) i.e., the morning of the day of festival. See 20:58-59.

- 50) They said, "No harm. Indeed, to our Lord we will return.
- 51) Indeed, we aspire that our Lord will forgive us our sins because we were the first of the believers."
- 52) And We inspired to Moses, "Travel by night with My servants; indeed, you will be pursued."
- 53) Then Pharaoh sent among the cities gatherers⁽⁹⁸⁰⁾
- 54) [And said], "Indeed, those are but a small band,
- 55) And indeed, they are enraging us,
- 56) And indeed, we are a cautious society..."
- 57) So We removed them from gardens and springs
- 58) And treasures and honorable station⁽⁹⁸¹⁾ —
- 59) Thus. And We caused to inherit it the Children of Israel.
- 60) So they pursued them at sunrise.
- 61) And when the two companies saw one another, the companions of Moses said, "Indeed, we are to be overtaken!"
- 62) [Moses] said, "No! Indeed, with me is my Lord; He will guide me."
- 63) Then We inspired to Moses, "Strike with your staff the sea," and it parted, and each portion was like a great towering mountain.
- 64) And We advanced thereto the others [i.e., pursuers].
- 65) And We saved Moses and those with him, all together.
- 66) Then We drowned the others.
- 67) Indeed in that is a sign, but most of them were not to be believers.
- 68) And indeed, your Lord—He is the Exalted in Might, the Merciful.
- 69) And recite to them the news of Abraham,
- 70) When he said to his father and his people, "What do you worship?"
- 71) They said, "We worship idols and remain to them devoted."
- 72) He said, "Do they hear you when you supplicate?"

(980) Recruiters of an army to prevent the emigration of the Children of Israel.

(981) Allah caused them to abandon their wealth and property in pursuit of the Israelites.

- 73) Or do they benefit you, or do they harm?"
- 74) They said, "But we found our fathers doing thus."
- 75) He said, "Then do you see what you have been worshipping,
- 76) You and your ancient forefathers?"
- 77) Indeed, they are enemies to me, except the Lord of the worlds,⁽⁹⁸²⁾
- 78) Who created me, and He [it is who] guides me.
- 79) And it is He who feeds me and gives me drink.
- 80) And when I am ill, it is He who cures me
- 81) And who will cause me to die and then bring me to life
- 82) And who I aspire that He will forgive me my sin on the Day of Recompense."
- 83) [And he said], "My Lord, grant me authority and join me with the righteous.
- 84) And grant me a mention [i.e., reputation] of honor among later generations.
- 85) And place me among the inheritors of the Garden of Pleasure.
- 86) And forgive my father. Indeed, he has been of those astray.
- 87) And do not disgrace me on the Day they are [all] resurrected—
- 88) The Day when there will not benefit [anyone] wealth or children
- 89) But only one who comes to Allah with a sound heart."
- 90) And Paradise will be brought near [that Day] to the righteous.
- 91) And Hellfire will be brought forth for the deviators,
- 92) And it will be said to them, "Where are those you used to worship
- 93) Other than Allah? Can they help you or help themselves?"
- 94) So they will be overturned into it [i.e., Hellfire], they and the deviators
- 95) And the soldiers of Iblees, all together.
- 96) They will say while they dispute therein,
- 97) "By Allah, we were indeed in manifest error

(982) The people worshipped idols in addition to Allah.

- 98) When we equated you with the Lord of the worlds.
 99) And no one misguided us except the criminals.
 100) So now we have no intercessors
 101) And not a devoted friend.
 102) Then if we only had a return [to the world] and could be of the believers...^{”(983)}
 103) Indeed in that is a sign, but most of them were not to be believers.
 104) And indeed, your Lord—He is the Exalted in Might, the Merciful.
 105) The people of Noah denied the messengers⁽⁹⁸⁴⁾
 106) When their brother Noah said to them, “Will you not fear Allah?
 107) Indeed, I am to you a trustworthy messenger.
 108) So fear Allah and obey me.
 109) And I do not ask you for it any payment. My payment is only from the Lord of the worlds.
 110) So fear Allah and obey me.”
 111) They said, “Should we believe you while you are followed by the lowest [class of people]?”
 112) He said, “And what is my knowledge of what they used to do?
 113) Their account is only upon my Lord, if you [could] perceive.
 114) And I am not one to drive away the believers.
 115) I am only a clear warner.”
 116) They said, “If you do not desist, O Noah, you will surely be of those who are stoned.
 117) He said, “My Lord, indeed my people have denied me.
 118) Then judge between me and them with decisive judgment and save me and those with me of the believers.”
 119) So We saved him and those with him in the laden ship.
 120) Then We drowned thereafter the others.

(983) The conclusion of this verse is estimated as “...we would have surely done this or that.”

(984) See footnote to 25:37.

- 121) Indeed in that is a sign, but most of them were not to be believers.
- 122) And indeed, your Lord—He is the Exalted in Might, the Merciful.
- 123) ‘Aad denied the messengers
- 124) When their brother Hud said to them, “Will you not fear Allah?
- 125) Indeed, I am to you a trustworthy messenger.
- 126) So fear Allah and obey me.
- 127) And I do not ask you for it any payment. My payment is only from the Lord of the worlds.
- 128) Do you construct in every elevation a sign,⁽⁹⁸⁵⁾ amusing yourselves,
- 129) And take for yourselves constructions [i.e., palaces and fortresses] that you might abide eternally?
- 130) And when you strike, you strike as tyrants.
- 131) So fear Allah and obey me.
- 132) And fear He who provided you with that which you know,
- 133) Provided you with grazing livestock and children
- 134) And gardens and springs.
- 135) Indeed, I fear for you the punishment of a terrible day.”
- 136) They said, “It is all the same to us whether you advise or are not of the advisors.
- 137) This is not but the custom of the former peoples,
- 138) And we are not to be punished.”
- 139) And they denied him, so We destroyed them. Indeed in that is a sign, but most of them were not to be believers.
- 140) And indeed, your Lord—He is the Exalted in Might, the Merciful.
- 141) Thamud denied the messengers

(985) i.e., a symbol or indication of their wealth and power. They used to build lofty structures along the road to be seen by all who passed by.

- 142) When their brother Salih said to them, “Will you not fear Allah?
 143) Indeed, I am to you a trustworthy messenger.
 144) So fear Allah and obey me.
 145) And I do not ask you for it any payment. My payment is only from the Lord of the worlds.
 146) Will you be left in what is here, secure [from death],
 147) Within gardens and springs
 148) And fields of crops and palm trees with softened fruit?
 149) And you carve out of the mountains, homes, with skill.
 150) So fear Allah and obey me.
 151) And do not obey the order of the transgressors,
 152) Who cause corruption in the land and do not amend.”
 153) They said, “You are only of those affected by magic.
 154) You are but a man like ourselves, so bring a sign, if you should be of the truthful.”
 155) He said, “This is a she-camel.⁽⁹⁸⁶⁾ For her is a [time of] drink, and for you is a [time of] drink, [each] on a known day.
 156) And do not touch her with harm, lest you be seized by the punishment of a terrible day.”
 157) But they hamstrung her and so became regretful.
 158) And the punishment seized them. Indeed in that is a sign, but most of them were not to be believers.
 159) And indeed, your Lord—He is the Exalted in Might, the Merciful.
 160) The people of Lot denied the messengers
 161) When their brother Lot said to them, “Will you not fear Allah?
 162) Indeed, I am to you a trustworthy messenger.
 163) So fear Allah and obey me.
 164) And I do not ask you for it any payment. My payment is only from the Lord of the worlds.

(986) Miraculously sent to them as sign by Allah.

- 165) Do you approach males among the worlds⁽⁹⁸⁷⁾
- 166) And leave what your Lord has created for you as mates? But you are a people transgressing.”
- 167) They said, “If you do not desist, O Lot, you will surely be of those evicted.”
- 168) He said, “Indeed, I am, toward your deed, of those who detest [it].
- 169) My Lord, save me and my family from [the consequences of] what they do.”
- 170) So We saved him and his family, all,
- 171) Except an old woman⁽⁹⁸⁸⁾ among those who remained behind.
- 172) Then We destroyed the others.
- 173) And We rained upon them a rain [of stones], and evil was the rain of those who were warned.
- 174) Indeed in that is a sign, but most of them were not to be believers.
- 175) And indeed, your Lord-He is the Exalted in Might, the Merciful.
- 176) The companions of the thicket [i.e., the people of Madyan] denied the messengers
- 177) When Shu’ayb said to them, “Will you not fear Allah?
- 178) Indeed, I am to you a trustworthy messenger.
- 179) So fear Allah and obey me.
- 180) And I do not ask you for it any payment. My payment is only from the Lord of the worlds.
- 181) Give full measure and do not be of those who cause loss.
- 182) And weigh with an even [i.e., honest] balance.
- 183) And do not deprive people of their due and do not commit abuse on earth, spreading corruption.
- 184) And fear He who created you and the former creation.”⁽⁹⁸⁹⁾
- 185) They said, “You are only of those affected by magic.

(987) i.e., are there, out of all Allah’s creatures, any besides you who commit this unnatural act?

(988) Lot’s wife, who had collaborated with the evildoers.

(989) i.e., previous generations.

- 186) You are but a man like ourselves, and indeed, we think you are among the liars.
- 187) So cause to fall upon us fragments of the sky, if you should be of the truthful.”
- 188) He said, “My Lord is most knowing of what you do.”
- 189) And they denied him, so the punishment of the day of the black cloud seized them. Indeed, it was the punishment of a terrible day.
- 190) Indeed in that is a sign, but most of them were not to be believers.
- 191) And indeed, your Lord—He is the Exalted in Might, the Merciful.
- 192) And indeed, it [i.e., the Qur’an] is the revelation of the Lord of the worlds.
- 193) The Trustworthy Spirit [i.e., Gabriel] has brought it down
- 194) Upon your heart, [O Muhammad]—that you may be of the warners—
- 195) In a clear Arabic language.
- 196) And indeed, it is [mentioned] in the scriptures of former peoples.
- 197) And has it not been a sign to them that it is recognized by the scholars of the Children of Israel?
- 198) And even if We had revealed it to one among the foreigners⁽⁹⁹⁰⁾
- 199) And he had recited it to them [perfectly],⁽⁹⁹¹⁾ they would [still] not have been believers in it.
- 200) Thus have We inserted it [i.e., disbelief] into the hearts of the criminals.
- 201) They will not believe in it until they see the painful punishment.
- 202) And it will come to them suddenly while they perceive [it] not.

(990) i.e., the non-Arabs or those who are not fluent in the Arabic language.

(991) As a miracle from Allah.

- 203) And they will say, "May we be reprieved?"
- 204) So for Our punishment are they impatient?
- 205) Then have you considered if We gave them enjoyment for years
- 206) And then there came to them that which they were promised?
- 207) They would not be availed by the enjoyment with which they were provided.
- 208) And We did not destroy any city except that it had warners
- 209) As a reminder; and never have We been unjust.
- 210) And the devils have not brought it [i.e., the revelation] down.⁽⁹⁹²⁾
- 211) It is not allowable for them, nor would they be able.
- 212) Indeed they, from [its] hearing, are removed.⁽⁹⁹³⁾
- 213) So do not invoke with Allah another deity and [thus] be among the punished.
- 214) And warn, [O Muhammad], your closest kindred.
- 215) And lower your wing [i.e., show kindness] to those who follow you of the believers.
- 216) And if they disobey you, then say, "Indeed, I am disassociated from what you are doing."
- 217) And rely upon the Exalted in Might, the Merciful,
- 218) Who sees you when you arise⁽⁹⁹⁴⁾
- 219) And your movement among those who prostrate.⁽⁹⁹⁵⁾
- 220) Indeed, He is the Hearing, the Knowing.
- 221) Shall I inform you upon whom the devils descend?
- 222) They descend upon every sinful liar.
- 223) They pass on what is heard,⁽⁹⁹⁶⁾ and most of them are liars.
- 224) And the poets—[only] the deviators follow them;
- 225) Do you not see that in every valley they roam⁽⁹⁹⁷⁾

(992) As was asserted by the disbelievers. Rather, it was brought by Gabriel, the Trustworthy Spirit.

(993) As mentioned in 72:9.

(994) From your bed at night for prayer while you are alone.

(995) i.e., among those who pray with you in congregation.

(996) This was before they were prevented, as described in 72:8-9.

226) And that they say what they do not do?—

227) Except those [poets] who believe and do righteous deeds and remember Allah often and assist [the Muslims]⁽⁹⁹⁸⁾ after they were wronged. And those who have wronged are going to know to what [kind of] return they will be returned.

(997) Speaking lies indiscriminately and praising and disparaging others according to whim.

(998) By replying through poetry to the attacks of hostile poets.

Naml-27⁽⁹⁹⁹⁾

In the name of Allah, the Entirely Merciful, the Especially Merciful

- 1) Ta, Seen.⁽¹⁰⁰⁰⁾ These are the verses of the Qur'an [i.e., recitation] and a clear Book
- 2) As guidance and good tidings for the believers
- 3) Who establish prayer and give zakah, and of the Hereafter they are certain [in faith]
- 4) Indeed, for those who do not believe in the Hereafter, We have made pleasing to them their deeds, so they wander blindly.
- 5) Those are the ones for whom there will be the worst punishment, and in the Hereafter they are the greatest losers.
- 6) And indeed, [O Muhammad], you receive the Qur'an from one Wise and Knowing.
- 7) [Mention] when Moses said to his family, "Indeed, I have perceived a fire. I will bring you from there information or will bring you a burning torch that you may warm yourselves."
- 8) But when he came to it, he was called, "Blessed is whoever is at the fire and whoever is around it. And exalted is Allah, Lord of the worlds.
- 9) O Moses, indeed it is I—Allah, the Exalted in Might, the Wise."
- 10) And [he was told], "Throw down your staff." But when he saw it writhing as if it were a snake, he turned in flight and did not return.⁽¹⁰⁰¹⁾ [Allah said], "O Moses, fear not. Indeed, in My presence the messengers do not fear.
- 11) Otherwise, he who wrongs, then substitutes good after evil—indeed, I am Forgiving and Merciful.
- 12) And put your hand into the opening of your garment [at the breast]; it will come out white without disease. [These are]

(999) *An-Naml*: The Ants.

(1000) See footnote to 2:1.

(1001) Or "did not look back."

among the nine signs [you will take] to Pharaoh and his people. Indeed, they have been a people defiantly disobedient.”

- 13) But when there came to them Our visible signs, they said, “This is obvious magic.”
- 14) And they rejected them, while their [inner] selves were convinced thereof, out of injustice and haughtiness. So see how was the end of the corrupters.
- 15) And We have certainly given to David and Solomon knowledge, and they said, “Praise [is due] to Allah, who has favored us over many of His believing servants.”
- 16) And Solomon inherited David. He said, “O people, we have been taught the language of birds, and we have been given from all things. Indeed, this is an evident bounty.”
- 17) And gathered for Solomon were his soldiers of the jinn and men and birds, and they were [marching] in rows.
- 18) Until, when they came upon the valley of the ants, an ant said, “O ants, enter your dwellings that you not be crushed by Solomon and his soldiers while they perceived not.”
- 19) So [Solomon] smiled, amused at her speech, and said, “My Lord, enable me⁽¹⁰⁰²⁾ to be grateful for Your favor which You have bestowed upon me and upon my parents and to do righteousness of which You approve. And admit me by Your mercy into [the ranks of] Your righteous servants.”⁽¹⁰⁰³⁾
- 20) And he took attendance of the birds and said, “Why do I not see the hoopoe—or is he among the absent?”
- 21) I will surely punish him with a severe punishment or slaughter him unless he brings me clear authorization.”
- 22) But he [i.e., the hoopoe] stayed not long and said, “I have encompassed [in knowledge] that which you have not encompassed, and I have come to you from Sheba with certain news.

(1002) More literally, “gather within me the utmost strength and ability.”

(1003) Or “with Your righteous servants [into Paradise].”

- 23) Indeed, I found [there] a woman ruling them, and she has been given of all things, and she has a great throne.
- 24) I found her and her people prostrating to the sun instead of Allah, and Satan has made their deeds pleasing to them and averted them from [His] way, so they are not guided,
- 25) [And] so they do not prostrate to Allah, who brings forth what is hidden within the heavens and the earth and knows what you conceal and what you declare—
- 26) Allah, --there is no deity except Him, Lord of the Great Throne.”
- 27) [Solomon] said, “We will see whether you were truthful or were of the liars.
- 28) Take this letter of mine and delivered it to them. Then leave them and see what [answer] they will return.”
- 29) She said, “O eminent ones, indeed, to me has been delivered a noble letter.
- 30) Indeed, it is from Solomon, and indeed, it is [i.e. reads]: ‘In the name of Allah, the Entirely Merciful, the Especially Merciful,
- 31) Be not haughty with me but come to me in submission [as Muslims].”
- 32) She said, “O eminent ones, advise me in my affair, I would not decide a matter until you witness [for] me.”⁽¹⁰⁰⁴⁾
- 33) They said, “We are men of strength and of great military might, but the command is yours, so see what you will command.”
- 34) She said, “Indeed kings—when they enter a city, they ruin it and render the honored of its people humbled. And thus do they do.
- 35) But indeed, I will send to them a gift and see with what [reply] the messengers will return.”
- 36) So when they came to Solomon, he said, “Do you provide me with wealth? But what Allah has given me is better than what He has given you. Rather, it is you who rejoice in your gift.

(1004) i.e., are present with me or testify in my favor.

- 37) Return to them, for we will surely come to them with soldiers that they will be powerless to encounter, and we will surely expel them therefrom in humiliation, and they will be debased.”
- 38) [Solomon] said, “O assembly [of jinn], which of you will bring me her throne before they come to me in submission?”
- 39) A powerful one from among the jinn said, “I will bring it to you before you rise from your place, and indeed, I am for this [task] strong and trustworthy.”
- 40) Said one who had knowledge from the Scripture, “I will bring it to you before your glance returns to you.” And when [Solomon] saw it placed before him, he said, “This is from the favor of my Lord to test me whether I will be grateful or ungrateful. And whoever is grateful—his gratitude is only for [the benefit of] himself. And whoever is ungrateful—then indeed, my Lord is Free of need and Generous.”
- 41) He said, “Disguise for her her throne; we will see whether she will be guided [to truth] or will be of those who is not guided.”
- 42) So when she arrived, it was said [to her], “Is your throne like this?” She said, “[It is] as though it was it.” [Solomon said], “And we were given knowledge before her, and we have been Muslims [in submission to Allah].
- 43) And that which she was worshipping other than Allah had averted her [from submission to Him]. Indeed, she was from a disbelieving people.”
- 44) She was told, “Enter the palace.” But when she saw it, she thought it was a body of water⁽¹⁰⁰⁵⁾ and uncovered her shins [to wade through]. He said, “Indeed, “Indeed, it is a palace [whose floor is] made smooth with glass.” She said, “My Lord, indeed I have wronged myself, and I submit with Solomon to Allah, Lord of the worlds.”

(1005) The floor was transparent, and beneath it was flowing water.

- 45) And We had certainly sent to Thamud their brother Salih, [saying], “Worship Allah,” and at once they were two parties conflicting.
- 46) He said, “O my people, why are you impatient for evil before [i.e., instead of] good?⁽¹⁰⁰⁶⁾ Why do you not seek forgiveness of Allah that you may receive mercy?”
- 47) They said, “We consider you a bad omen, you and those with you.” He said, “Your omen [i.e., fate] is with Allah. Rather, you are a people being tested.”⁽¹⁰⁰⁷⁾
- 48) And there were in the city nine family heads causing corruption in the land and not amending [its affairs].
- 49) They said, “Take a mutual oath by Allah that we will kill him by night, he and his family. Then we will say to his executor,⁽¹⁰⁰⁸⁾ ‘We did not witness the destruction of his family, and indeed, we are truthful.’”
- 50) And they planned a plan, and We planned a plan, while they perceived not.
- 51) Then look how was the outcome of their plan—that We destroyed them and their people, all.
- 52) So those are their houses, desolate because of the wrong they had done. Indeed in that is a sign for people who know.
- 53) And We saved those who believed and used to fear Allah.
- 54) And [mention] Lot, when he said to his people, “Do you commit immorality⁽¹⁰⁰⁹⁾ while you are seeing?”⁽¹⁰¹⁰⁾
- 55) Do you indeed approach men with desire instead of women? Rather, you are a people behaving ignorantly.”

(1006) By challenging Salih to bring on the promised punishment rather than asking for mercy from Allah.

(1007) Or “being tempted [by Satan].”

(1008) i.e., the one responsible for executing his will and avenging his blood.

(1009) Homosexual acts.

(1010) i.e., openly. Another meaning is “...while you are aware [that is wrong].”

- 56) But the answer of his people was not except that they said, "Expel the family of Lot from your city. Indeed, they are people who keep themselves pure."
- 57) So We saved him and his family, except for his wife; We destined her to be of those who remained behind.
- 58) And We rained upon them a rain [of stones], and evil was the rain of those who were warned.
- 59) Say, [O Muhammad], "Praise be to Allah, and peace upon His servants whom He has chosen. Is Allah better or what they associate with Him?"
- 60) [More precisely], is He [not best] who created the heavens and the earth and sent down for you rain from the sky, causing to grow thereby gardens of joyful beauty which you could not [otherwise] have grown the trees thereof? Is there a deity with Allah?⁽¹⁰¹¹⁾ [No], but they are a people who ascribe equals [to Him].
- 61) Is He [not best] who made the earth a stable ground and placed within it rivers and made for it firmly set mountains and placed between the two seas a barrier? Is there a deity with Allah? [No], but most of them do not know.
- 62) Is He [not best] who responds to the desperate one when he calls upon Him and removes evil and makes you inheritors of the earth?⁽¹⁰¹²⁾ Is there a deity with Allah? Little do you remember.
- 63) Is He [not best] who guides you through the darknesses of the land and sea and who sends the winds as good tidings before His mercy? Is there a deity with Allah? High is Allah above whatever they associate with Him.
- 64) Is He [not best] who begins creation and then repeats it and who provides for you from the heaven and earth? Is there a deity with Allah? Say, "Produce your proof, if you should be truthful."

(1011) Three meanings are implied: "Is there another god who did all of this with Allah?" or "Is there any deity worthy to be worshipped along with Allah?" or "Is there a deity to be compared with Allah?"

(1012) Generation after generation.

- 65) Say, "None in the heavens and earth knows the unseen except Allah, and they do not perceive when they will be resurrected."
- 66) Rather, their knowledge is arrested concerning the Hereafter. Rather, they are in doubt about it. Rather, they are, concerning it, blind.
- 67) And those who disbelieve say, "When we have become dust as well as our forefathers, will we indeed be brought out [of the graves]?"
- 68) We have been promised this, we and our forefathers, before. This is not but legends of the former peoples."
- 69) Say, [O Muhammad], "Proceed [i.e., travel] through the land and observe how was the end of the criminals."
- 70) And grieve not over them or be in distress from what they conspire.
- 71) And they say, "When is [the fulfillment of] this promise, if you should be truthful?"
- 72) Say, "Perhaps it is close behind you [i.e., very near]—some of that for which you are impatient.
- 73) And indeed, your Lord is full of bounty for the people, but most of them do not show gratitude."
- 74) And indeed, your Lord knows what their breast conceal and what they declare.
- 75) And there is nothing concealed⁽¹⁰¹³⁾ within the heaven and the earth except that it is in a clear Register.⁽¹⁰¹⁴⁾
- 76) Indeed, this Qur'an relates to the Children of Israel most of that over which they disagree.
- 77) And indeed, it is guidance and mercy for the believers.
- 78) Indeed, your Lord will judge between them by His [wise] judgment. And He is the Exalted in Might, the Knowing.
- 79) So rely upon Allah; indeed, you are upon the clear truth.
- 80) Indeed, you will not make the dead hear, nor will you make the deaf hear the call when they have turned their backs retreating.

(1013) Literally, "absent [from the senses]."

(1014) The Preserved Slate (*al-Lawh al-Mahfuth*), which is with Allah .

- 81) And you cannot guide the blind away from their error. You will only make hear those who believe in Our verses so they are Muslims [i.e., submitting to Allah].
- 82) And when the word [i.e., decree] befalls them,⁽¹⁰¹⁵⁾ We will bring forth for them a creature from the earth speaking to them, [saying] that the people were, of Our verses, not certain [in faith].
- 83) And [mention] the Day when We will gather from every nation a company of those who deny Our signs, and they will be [driven] in rows
- 84) Until, when they arrive [at the place of Judgment], He will say, “Did you deny My signs while you encompassed them not in knowledge, or what [was it that] you were doing?”
- 85) And the decree will befall them⁽¹⁰¹⁶⁾ for the wrong they did, and they will not [be able to] speak.
- 86) Do they not see that We made the night that they may rest therein and the day giving sight? Indeed in that are signs for a people who believe.
- 87) And [mention] the Day the Horn will be blown, and whoever is in the heavens and whoever is on the earth will be terrified except whom Allah wills. And all will come to Him humbled.
- 88) And you see the mountains, thinking them rigid, while they will pass as the passing of clouds. [It is] the work of Allah, who perfected all things. Indeed, He is Acquainted with that which you do.
- 89) Whoever comes [at Judgment] with a good deed will have better than it, and they, from the terror of that Day, will be safe.
- 90) And whoever comes with an evil deed⁽¹⁰¹⁷⁾ —their faces will be overturned into the Fire, [and it will be said], “Are you recompensed except for what you used to do?”

(1015) At the approach of the Hour.

(1016) Allah’s decree will come into effect upon them, and His promise will be fulfilled.

- 91) [Say, O Muhammad], “I have only been commanded to worship the Lord of this city,⁽¹⁰¹⁸⁾ who made it sacred and to whom [belongs] all things. And I am commanded to be of the Muslims [i.e., those who submit to Allah]
- 92) And to recite the Qur’an.” And whoever is guided is only guided for [the benefit of] himself; and whoever strays—say, “I am only [one] of the warners.”
- 93) And say, “[All] praise is [due] to Allah. He will show you His signs, and you will recognize them. And your Lord is not unaware of what you do.”

(1017) Without having repented. It may refer generally to any sin or more specifically to association of another with Allah.

(1018) Or region, meaning Makkah and its surroundings.

Qasas-28⁽¹⁰¹⁹⁾

In the name of Allah, the Entirely Merciful, the Especially Merciful

- 1) Ta, Seen, Meem.⁽¹⁰²⁰⁾
- 2) These are the verses of the clear Book.
- 3) We recite to you from the news of Moses and Pharaoh in truth for a people who believe.
- 4) Indeed, Pharaoh exalted himself in the land and made its people into factions, oppressing a sector among them, slaughtering their sons and keeping their women alive. Indeed, he was of the corrupters.
- 5) And We wanted to confer favor upon those who were oppressed in the land and make them leaders and make them inheritors
- 6) And established them in the land and show Pharaoh and [his minister] Haman and their soldiers through them⁽¹⁰²¹⁾ that which they had feared.
- 7) And We inspired to the mother of Moses, [saying], "Suckle him; but when you fear for him, cast him into the river and do not fear and do not grieve. Indeed, We will return him to you and will make him [one] of the messengers."
- 8) And the family of Pharaoh picked him up [out of the river] so that he would become to them an enemy and a [cause of] grief. Indeed, Pharaoh and Haman and their soldiers were deliberate sinners.
- 9) And the wife of Pharaoh said, "[He will be] a comfort of the eye [i.e., pleasure] for me and for you. Do not kill him; perhaps he may benefit us, or we may adopt him as a son." And they perceived not.⁽¹⁰²²⁾

(1019) Al-Qasas: The Narrative (or Story).

(1020) See footnote to 2:1.

(1021) By means of those whom they had oppressed and enslaved.

(1022) What would be the result of that.

- 10) And the heart of Moses' mother became empty [of all ease]. She was about to disclose [the matter concerning] him had We not bound fast her heart that she would be of the believers.
- 11) And she said to his sister, "Follow him"; so she would watch him from a distance while they perceived not.
- 12) And We had prevented from him [all] wet nurses before,⁽¹⁰²³⁾ so she said, "Shall I direct you to a household that will be responsible for him for you while they are to him [for his upbringing] sincere?"
- 13) So We restored him to his mother that she might be content and not grieve and that she would know that the promise of Allah is true. But most of them [i.e., the people] do not know.
- 14) And when he attained his full strength and was [mentally] mature, We bestowed upon him judgment and knowledge. And thus do We reward the doers of good.
- 15) And he entered the city at a time of inattention by its people⁽¹⁰²⁴⁾ and found therein two men fighting: one from his faction and one from among his enemy. And the one from his faction called for help to him against the one from his enemy, so Moses struck him and [unintentionally] killed him. [Moses] said, "This is from the work of Satan. Indeed, he is a manifest, misleading enemy."
- 16) He said, "My Lord, indeed I have wronged myself, so forgive me," and He forgave him. Indeed, He is the Forgiving, the Merciful.
- 17) He said, "My Lord, for the favor You bestowed upon me, I will never be an assistant to the criminals."
- 18) And he became inside the city fearful and anticipating [exposure], when suddenly the one who sought his help the previous day cried out to him [once again]. Moses said to him, "Indeed, you are an evident, [persistent] deviator."

(1023) Prior to that, Moses had refused to nurse from any other woman.

(1024) i.e., during the noon period of rest.

- 19) And when he wanted to strike the one who was an enemy to both of them, he⁽¹⁰²⁵⁾ said, "O Moses, do you intend to kill me as you killed someone yesterday? You only want to be a tyrant in the land and do not want to be of the amenders."
- 20) A man came from the farthest end of the city, running. He said, "O Moses, indeed the eminent ones are conferring over you [intending] to kill you, so leave [the city]; indeed, I am to you of the sincere advisors."
- 21) So he left it, fearful and anticipating [apprehension]. He said, "My Lord, save me from the wrongdoing people."
- 22) And when he directed himself toward Madyan, he said, "Perhaps my Lord will guide me to the sound way."
- 23) And when he came to the water [i.e., well] of Madyan, he found there a crowd of people watering [their flocks], and he found aside from them two women driving back [their flocks]. He said, "What is your circumstance?" They said, "We do not water until the shepherds dispatch [their flocks]; and our father is an old man."
- 24) So he watered [their flocks] for them; then he went back to the shade and said, "My Lord, indeed I am, for whatever good You would send down to me, in need."
- 25) Then one of the two women came to him walking with shyness. She said, "Indeed, my father invites you that he may reward you for having watered for us." So when he came to him⁽¹⁰²⁶⁾ and related to him the story, he said, "Fear not. You have escaped from the wrongdoing people."
- 26) One of the women said, "O my father, hire him. Indeed, the best one you can hire is the strong and trustworthy."
- 27) He said, "Indeed, I wish to wed you one of these, my two daughters, on [the condition] that you serve me for eight years;

(1025) i.e., the Israelite, thinking that Moses meant to strike him. Some commentators have attributed the words to the Copt; however, the Israelite was the only one who knew of the previous occurrence.

(1026) Prophet Shu'ayb, the father of the two women.

but if you complete ten, it will be [as a favor] from you. And I do not wish to put you in difficulty. You will find me, if Allah wills, from among the righteous."

- 28) [Moses] said, "That is [established] between me and you. Whichever of the two terms I complete—there is no injustice to me, and Allah, over what we say, is Witness.
- 29) And when Moses had completed the term and was traveling with his family, he perceived from the direction of the mount a fire. He said to his family, "Stay here; indeed, I have perceived a fire. Perhaps I will bring you from there [some] information or burning wood from the fire that you may warm yourselves."
- 30) But when he came to it, he was called from the right side of the valley in a blessed spot—from the tree,⁽¹⁰²⁷⁾ "O Moses, indeed I am Allah, Lord of the worlds."
- 31) And [he was told], "Throw down your staff." But when he saw it writhing as if it was a snake, he turned in flight and did not return.⁽¹⁰²⁸⁾ [Allah said], "O Moses, approach and fear not. Indeed, you are of the secure.
- 32) Insert your hand into the opening of your garment; it will come out white, without disease. And draw in you arm close to you [as prevention] from fear, for those are two proofs from your Lord to Pharaoh and his establishment. Indeed, they have been a people defiantly disobedient."
- 33) He said, "My Lord, indeed, I killed from among them someone, and I fear they will kill me.
- 34) And my brother Aaron is more fluent than me in tongue, so send him with me as support, verifying me. Indeed, I fear that they will deny me."
- 35) [Allah] said, "We will strengthen your arm through your brother and grant you both supremacy so they will not reach you. [It will

(1027) Which was within the fire.

(1028) Or "did not look back."

be] through Our signs; you and those who follow you will be the predominant."

- 36) But when Moses came to them with Our signs as clear evidences, they said, "This is not except invented magic, and we have not heard of this [religion] among our forefathers."
- 37) And Moses said, "My Lord is more knowing [than we or you] of who has come with guidance from Him and to whom will be succession in the home.⁽¹⁰²⁹⁾ Indeed, wrongdoers do not succeed."
- 38) And Pharaoh said, "O eminent ones, I have not known you to have a god other than me. Then ignite for me, O Haman, [a fire] upon the clay⁽¹⁰³⁰⁾ and make for me a tower that I may look at the God of Moses. And indeed, I do think that he is among the liars."
- 39) And he was arrogant, he and his soldiers, in the land, without right, and they thought that they would not be returned to Us.
- 40) So We took him and his soldiers and threw them into the sea.⁽¹⁰³¹⁾ So see how was the end of the wrongdoers.
- 41) And We made them leaders⁽¹⁰³²⁾ inviting to the Fire, and on the Day of Resurrection they will not be helped.
- 42) And We caused to overtake them in this world a curse, and on the Day of Resurrection they will be of the despised.⁽¹⁰³³⁾
- 43) And We gave Moses the Scripture, after We had destroyed the former generations, as enlightenment for the people and guidance and mercy that they might be reminded.
- 44) And you, [O Muhammad], were not on the western side [of the mount] when We revealed to Moses the command, and you were not among the witnesses [to that]

(1029) i.e., in this world or in the Hereafter.

(1030) From which bricks are made

(1031) Allah caused them to leave all their worldly wealth behind and enter the sea in pursuit of the Children of Israel. See 26:52-66.

(1032) i.e., examples or precedents, followed by subsequent tyrants.

(1033) Literally, "those made hideous," who will be far removed from all good and mercy.

- 45) But We produced [many] generations [after Moses], and prolonged was their duration.⁽¹⁰³⁴⁾ And you were not a resident among the people of Madyan, reciting to them Our verses, but We were senders [of this message].⁽¹⁰³⁵⁾
- 46) And you were not at the side of the mount when We called [Moses] but [were sent] as a mercy from your Lord to warn a people to whom no warner had come before you that they might be reminded.
- 47) And if not that a disaster should strike them for what their hands put forth [of sins] and they would say, "Our Lord, why did You not send us a messenger so we could have followed Your verses and been among the believers?"...⁽¹⁰³⁶⁾
- 48) But when the truth came to them from Us, they said, "Why was he not given like that which was given to Moses?" Did they not disbelieve in that which was given to Moses before? They said, "[They are but] two works of magic supporting each other,⁽¹⁰³⁷⁾ and indeed we are, in both, disbelievers."
- 49) Say, "Then bring a scripture from Allah which is more guiding than either of them that I may follow it, if you should be truthful."
- 50) But if they do not respond to you—then know that they only follow their [own] desires. And who is more astray than one who follows his desire without guidance from Allah? Indeed, Allah does not guide the wrongdoing people.
- 51) And We have [repeatedly] conveyed to them the word [i.e., the Qur'an] that they might be reminded.
- 52) Those to whom We gave the Scripture before it—they⁽¹⁰³⁸⁾ are believers in it.

(1034) So they forgot and neglected the ordinances of Allah.

(1035) The Prophet (ﷺ) had no way of obtaining this information except through Allah's revelation.

(1036) The conclusion of the sentence is understood to be "...We would not have sent messengers," meaning that Allah (*subhanahu wa ta'ala*) sent messengers and sent Muhammad (ﷺ) with the final scripture to mankind so that no one could claim that punishment was imposed unjustly without warning.

(1037) The reference is by the disbelievers of Quraysh to the Qur'an and the Torah.

(1038) i.e., the sincere believers among them.

- 53) And when it is recited to them, they say, "We have believed in it; indeed, it is the truth from our Lord. Indeed we were, [even] before it, Muslims [i.e., submitting to Allah]."
- 54) Those will be given their reward twice for what they patiently endured and [because] they avert evil through good, and from what We have provided them they spend.
- 55) And when they hear ill speech, they turn away from it and say, "For us are our deeds, and for you are your deeds. Peace will be upon you;⁽¹⁰³⁹⁾ we seek not the ignorant."
- 56) Indeed, [O Muhammad], you do not guide whom you like, but Allah guides whom He wills. And He is most knowing of the [rightly] guided.
- 57) And they, [i.e., the Quraysh] say, "If we were to follow the guidance with you, we would be swept⁽¹⁰⁴⁰⁾ from our land." Have we not established for them a safe sanctuary to which are brought the fruits of all things as provision from Us? But most of them do not know.
- 58) And how many a city have We destroyed that was insolent in its [way of] living, and those are their dwellings which have not been inhabited after them except briefly.⁽¹⁰⁴¹⁾ And it is We who were the inheritors.
- 59) And never would your Lord have destroyed the cities until He had sent to their mothers [i.e., principal city] a messenger reciting to them Our verses. And We would not destroy the cities except while their people were wrongdoers.
- 60) And whatever thing you [people] have been given—it is [only for] the enjoyment of worldly life and its adornment. And what is with Allah is better and more lasting; so will you not use reason?

(1039) This is not the Islamic greeting of "Peace be upon you." Rather, it means, "You are secure from being treated in a like manner by us."

(1040) By the other Arab tribes.

(1041) By travelers seeking temporary shelter. The reference is to the ruins which were visible to the Quraysh during their journeys

- 61) Then it is he whom We have promised a good promise which he will meet [i.e., obtain] like he for whom We provided enjoyment of worldly life [but] then he is, on the Day of Resurrection, among those presented [for punishment in Hell]?
- 62) And [mention] the Day He will call them and say, "Where are My 'partners' which you used to claim?"
- 63) Those upon whom the word⁽¹⁰⁴²⁾ will have come into effect will say, "Our Lord, these are the ones we led to error. We led them to error just as we were in error. We declare our disassociation [from them] to You. They did not used to worship [i.e., obey] us."⁽¹⁰⁴³⁾
- 64) And it will be said, "Invoke your 'partners' and they will invoke them; but they will not respond to them, and they will sees the punishment. If only they had followed guidance!
- 65) And [mention] the Day He will call them and say, "What did you answer the messengers?"
- 66) But the information⁽¹⁰⁴⁴⁾ will be unapparent to them that Day, so they will not [be able to] ask one another.
- 67) But as for one who had repented, believed, and done righteousness, it is expected [i.e., promised by Allah] that he will be among the successful.
- 68) And your Lord creates what He wills and chooses; not for them was the choice. Exalted is Allah and high above what they associate with Him.
- 69) And your Lord knows what their breast conceal and what they declare.
- 70) And He is Allah; there is no deity except Him. To Him is [due all] praise in the first [life] and the Hereafter. And His is the [final] decision, and to Him you will be returned.

(1042) The decree for their punishment.

(1043) i.e., We did not compel them, and they did not obey us; instead, they obeyed their own desires and inclinations.

(1044) By which they might invent lies or excuses.

- 71) Say, "Have you considered:⁽¹⁰⁴⁵⁾ if Allah should make for you the night continuous until the Day of Resurrection, what deity other than Allah could bring you light? Then will you not hear?"
- 72) Say, "Have you considered: if Allah should make for you the day continuous until the Day of Resurrection, what deity other than Allah could bring you a night in which you may rest? Then will you not see?"
- 73) And out of His mercy He made for you the night and the day that you may rest therein and [by day] seek from His bounty and [that] perhaps you will be grateful.
- 74) And [mention] the Day He will call them and say, "Where are my 'partners' which you used to claim?"
- 75) And We will extract from every nation a witness and say, "Produce your proof," and they will know that the truth belongs to Allah, and lost from them is that which they used to invent.
- 76) Indeed, Qarun was from the people of Moses, but he tyrannized them. And We gave him of treasures whose keys would burden a band of strong men; thereupon his people said to him, "Do not exult. Indeed, Allah does not like the exultant.
- 77) But seek, through that which Allah has given you, the home of the Hereafter; and [yet], do not forget your share of the world. And do good as Allah has done good to you. And desire not corruption in the land, Allah does not like corrupters."
- 78) He said, "I was only given it because of knowledge I have." Did he not know that Allah had destroyed before him of generations those who were greater than him in power and greater in accumulation [of wealth]? But the criminals, about their sins, will not be asked.⁽¹⁰⁴⁶⁾

(1045) Meaning "Inform me if you really know."

(1046) There will be no need to enumerate their sins separately, as their quantity is obvious and more than sufficient to warrant punishment in Hell.

- 79) So he came out before his people in his adornment. Those who desired the worldly life said, "Oh, would that we had like what was given to Qarun. Indeed, he is one of great fortune."
- 80) But those who been given knowledge said, "Woe to you! The reward of Allah is better for he who believes and does righteousness. And none are granted it except the patient."
- 81) And We caused the earth to swallow him and his home. And there was for him no company to aid him other than Allah, nor was he of those who [could] defend themselves.
- 82) And those who had wished for his position the previous day began to say, "Oh, how Allah extends provision to whom He wills of His servants and restricts it! If not that Allah had conferred favor on us, He would have caused it to swallow us. Oh, how the disbelievers do not succeed!"
- 83) That home of the Hereafter We assign to those who do not desire exaltedness upon the earth or corruption. And the [best] outcome is for the righteous.
- 84) Whoever comes [on the Day of Judgment] with a good deed will have better than it; and whoever comes with an evil deed—then those who did evil deeds will not be recompensed except [as much as] what they used to do.
- 85) Indeed, [O Muhammad], He who imposed upon you the Qur'an will take you back to a place of return.⁽¹⁰⁴⁷⁾ Say, "My Lord is most knowing of who brings guidance and who is in clear error."
- 86) And you were not expecting that the Book would be conveyed to you, but [it is] a mercy from your Lord. So do not be an assistant to the disbelievers.⁽¹⁰⁴⁸⁾
- 87) And never let them avert you from the verses of Allah after they have been revealed to you. And invite [people] to your Lord. And never be of those who associate others with Allah.

(1047) Meaning to Makkah (in this life) or to Paradise (in the Hereafter).

(1048) In their religion by making any concessions to their beliefs.

<i>Surah 28</i>	<i>A l - Q a s a s</i>	<i>Part 20</i>
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88) And do not invoke with Allah another deity. There is no deity except Him. Everything will be destroyed except His face.⁽¹⁰⁴⁹⁾
His is the judgment, and to Him you will be returned.

(1049) i.e., except Himself.

Ankabut-29⁽¹⁰⁵⁰⁾

In the name of Allah, the Entirely Merciful, the Especially Merciful

- 1) Alif, Lam, Meem⁽¹⁰⁵¹⁾
- 2) Do the people think that they will be left to say, “We believe” and they will not be tried?
- 3) But We have certainly tried those before them, and Allah will surely make evident those who are truthful, and He will surely make evident the liars.
- 4) Or do those who do evil deeds think they can outrun [i.e., escape] Us? Evil is what they judge [i.e., assume].
- 5) Whoever should hope for the meeting with Allah—indeed, the term of [i.e., decreed by] Allah is coming. And He is the Hearing, the Knowing.
- 6) And whoever strives only strives for [the benefit of] himself. Indeed, Allah is free from need of the worlds.
- 7) And those who believe and do righteous deeds—We will surely remove from them their misdeeds and will surely reward them according to the best of what they used to do.
- 8) And We have enjoined upon man goodness to parents. But if they endeavor to make you associate with Me that of which you have no knowledge,⁽¹⁰⁵²⁾ do not obey them. To Me is your return, and I will inform you about what you used to do.
- 9) And those who believe and do righteous deeds—We will surely admit them among the righteous [into Paradise].
- 10) And of the people are some who say, “We believe in Allah,” but when one [of them] is harmed for [the cause of] Allah, they consider the trial [i.e., harm] of the people as [if it were] the

(1050) *Al- 'Ankabut*: The Spider.

(1051) See footnote to 2:1.

(1052) i.e., no knowledge of its divinity. There can be no knowledge about something which is non-existent or untrue.

punishment of Allah. But if victory comes from your Lord, they say, "Indeed, We were with you." Is not Allah most knowing of what is within the breast of the worlds [i.e., all creatures]?

- 11) And Allah will surely make evident those who believe, and He will surely make evident the hypocrites.
- 12) And those who disbelieve say to those who believe, "Follow our way, and we will carry your sins."⁽¹⁰⁵³⁾ But they will not carry anything of their sins. Indeed, they are liars.
- 13) But they will surely carry their [own] burdens and [other] burdens along with their burdens,⁽¹⁰⁵⁴⁾ and they will surely be questioned on the Day of Resurrection about what they used to invent.
- 14) And We certainly sent Noah to his people, and he remained among them a thousand years minus fifty years, and the flood seized them while they were wrongdoers.
- 15) But We saved him and the companions of the ship, and We made it⁽¹⁰⁵⁵⁾ a sign for the worlds.
- 16) And [We sent] Abraham, when he said to his people, "Worship Allah and fear Him. That is best for you, if you should know.
- 17) You only worship, besides Allah, idols, and you produce a falsehood. Indeed, those you worship besides Allah do not possess for you [the power of] provision. So seek from Allah provision and worship Him and be grateful to Him. To Him you will be returned."
- 18) And if you [people] deny [the message]—already nations before you have denied. And there is not upon the Messenger except [the duty of] clear notification.⁽¹⁰⁵⁶⁾

(1053) The phrase may also read: "and let us carry your sins," i.e., the responsibility for your sins.

(1054) Besides their own sins, they will carry those of the people they misled, although it will not lessen the burden of the latter.

(1055) i.e., the ship, the event or the story.

(1056) Commentators have differed over this verse—whether it is a continuation of the words of Prophet Abraham or words of comfort given by Allah to Prophet Muhammad (ﷺ), which according to context seems more likely.

- 19) Have they not considered how Allah begins creation and then repeats it? Indeed that, for Allah, is easy.
- 20) Say, [O Muhammad], "Travel through the land and observe how He began creation. Then Allah will produce the final creation [i.e., development]. Indeed Allah, over all things, is competent."
- 21) He punishes whom He wills and has mercy upon whom He wills, and to Him you will be returned.
- 22) And you will not cause failure [to Allah] upon the earth or in the heaven. And you have not other than Allah any protector or any helper.
- 23) And the ones who disbelieve in the signs of Allah and the meeting with Him—those have despaired of My mercy, and they will have a painful punishment.
- 24) And the answer of his [i.e., Abraham's] people was not but that they said, "Kill him or burn him," but Allah saved him from the fire. Indeed in that are signs for a people who believe.
- 25) And [Abraham] said, "You have only taken, other than Allah, idols as [a bond of] affection among you in worldly life. Then on the Day of Resurrection you will deny one another and curse one another, and your refuge will be the Fire, and you will not have any helpers."
- 26) And Lot believed him. [Abraham] said, "Indeed, I will emigrate to [the service of] my Lord. Indeed, He is the Exalted in Might, the Wise."
- 27) And We gave to Him Isaac and Jacob and placed in his descendants prophethood and scripture. And We gave him his reward in this world, and indeed, he is in the Hereafter among the righteous.
- 28) And [mention] Lot, when he said to his people, "Indeed, you commit such immorality as no one has preceded you with from among the worlds."

- 29) Indeed, you approach men and obstruct the road⁽¹⁰⁵⁷⁾ and commit in your meetings [every] evil.” And the answer of his people was not but they said, “Bring us the punishment of Allah, if you should be of the truthful.”
- 30) He said, “My Lord, support me against the corrupting people.”
- 31) And when Our messengers [i.e., angels] came to Abraham with the good tidings,⁽¹⁰⁵⁸⁾ they said, “Indeed, we will destroy the people of that [i.e., Lot’s] city. Indeed, its people have been wrongdoers.”
- 32) [Abraham] said, “Indeed, within it is Lot.” They said, “We are more knowing of who is within it. We will surely save him and his family, except his wife. She is to be of those who remain behind.”
- 33) And when Our messengers, [i.e., angels] came to Lot, he was distressed for them and felt for them great discomfort.⁽¹⁰⁵⁹⁾ They said, “Fear not, nor grieve. Indeed, we will save you and your family, except your wife; she is to be of those who remain behind.
- 34) Indeed, we will bring down on the people of this city punishment from the sky because they have been defiantly disobedient.”
- 35) And We have certainly left of it a sign as clear evidence for a people who use reason.
- 36) And to Madyan [We sent] their brother Shu’ayb, and he said, “O my people, worship Allah and expect the Last Day and do not commit abuse on the earth, spreading corruption.”
- 37) But they denied him, so the earthquake seized them, and they became within their home [corpses] fallen prone.
- 38) And [We destroyed] ‘Aad and Thamud, and it has become clear to you from their [ruined] dwellings. And Satan had made

(1057) i.e., commit highway robbery and acts of aggression against travelers.

(1058) Of the birth of Isaac and his descendant, Jacob.

(1059) See footnote to 11:77

pleasing to them their deeds and averted them from the path, and they were endowed with perception.

- 39) And [We destroyed] Qarun and Pharaoh and Haman. And Moses had already come to them with clear evidences, and they were arrogant in the land, but they were not outrunners [of Our punishment].
- 40) So each We seized for his sin; and among them were those upon whom We sent a storm of stones, and among them were those who were seized by the blast [from the sky], and among them were those whom We drowned. And Allah would not have wronged them, but it was they who were wronging themselves.
- 41) The example of those who take allies other than Allah is like that of the spider who takes [i.e., constructs] a home. And indeed, the weakest of homes is the home of the spider, if they only knew.
- 42) Indeed, Allah knows whatever thing they call upon other than Him. And He is the Exalted in Might, the Wise.
- 43) And these examples We present to the people, but none will understand them except those of knowledge.
- 44) Allah created the heavens and the earth in truth. Indeed in that is a sign for the believers.
- 45) Recite, [O Muhammad], what has been revealed to you of the Book and establish prayer. Indeed, prayer prohibits immorality and wrongdoing, and the remembrance of Allah is greater. And Allah knows that which you do.
- 46) And do not argue with the People of the Scripture except in a way that is best, except for those who commit injustice among them, and say, "We believe in that which has been revealed to us and revealed to you. And our God and your God is one; and we are Muslims [in submission] to Him."
- 47) And thus We have sent down to you the Book [i.e., Qur'an]. And those to whom We [previously] gave the Scripture believe in it. And among these [people of Makkah] are those who believe in it. And none reject Our verses except the disbelievers.

- 48) And you did not recite before it any scripture, nor did you inscribe one with your right hand. Then [i.e., otherwise] the falsifiers would have had [cause for] doubt.
- 49) Rather, it [i.e., the Qur'an] is distinct verses [preserved] within the breasts of those who have been given knowledge. And none reject Our verses except the wrongdoers.
- 50) But they say, "Why are not signs sent down to him from his Lord?" Say, "The signs are only with Allah, and I am only a clear warner."
- 51) And is it not sufficient for them that We revealed to you the Book [i.e., the Qur'an] which is recited to them? Indeed in that is a mercy and reminder for a people who believe.
- 52) Say, "Sufficient is Allah between me and you as Witness. He knows what is in the heavens and earth. And those who have believed in falsehood and disbelieved in Allah—it is they who are the losers."
- 53) And they urge you to hasten the punishment. And if not for [the decree of] a specified term, punishment would have reached them. But it will surely come to them suddenly while they perceive not.
- 54) They urge you to hasten the punishment. And indeed, Hell will be encompassing of the disbelievers
- 55) On the Day the punishment will cover them from above them and from below their feet and it is said, "Taste [the result of] what you used to do."
- 56) O My servants who have believed indeed My earth is spacious, so worship only Me.
- 57) Every soul will taste death. Then to Us will you be returned.
- 58) And those who have believed and done righteous deeds—We will surely assign to them of Paradise [elevated] chambers beneath which rivers flow, wherein they abide eternally. Excellent is the reward of the [righteous] workers
- 59) Who have been patient and upon their Lord rely.

- 60) And how many a creature carries not its [own] provision. Allah provides for it and for you. And He is the Hearing, the Knowing.
- 61) If you asked them, "Who created the heavens and earth and subjected the sun and the moon?" they would surely say, "Allah." Then how are they deluded?
- 62) Allah extends provision for whom He wills of His servants and restricts for him. Indeed Allah is, of all things, Knowing.
- 63) And if you asked them, "Who sends down rain from the sky and gives life thereby to the earth after its lifelessness?" they would surely say "Allah." Say, "Praise to Allah"; but most of them do not reason.
- 64) And this worldly life is not but diversion and amusement. And indeed, the home of the Hereafter—that is the [eternal] life, if only they knew.
- 65) And when they board a ship, they supplicate Allah, sincere to Him in religion [i.e., faith and hope]. But when He delivers them to the land, at once they associate others with Him
- 66) So that they will deny what We have granted them, and they will enjoy themselves. But they are going to know.⁽¹⁰⁶⁰⁾
- 67) Have they not seen that We made [Makkah] a safe sanctuary, while people are being taken away⁽¹⁰⁶¹⁾ all around them? Then in falsehood do they believe, and in the favor of Allah they disbelieve?
- 68) And who is more unjust than one who invents a lie about Allah or denies the truth when it has come to him? Is there not in Hell a [sufficient] residence for the disbelievers?
- 69) And those who strive for Us—We will surely guide them to Our ways.⁽¹⁰⁶²⁾ And indeed, Allah is with the doers of good.

(1060) Grammatically, the verse may also be read as a threat, i.e., "So let them deny what We have granted them and let them enjoy themselves, for they are going to know."

(1061) i.e., killed and taken captive.

(1062) The various ways and means to attain the acceptance and pleasure of Allah.

Rum-30⁽¹⁰⁶³⁾

In the name of Allah, the Entirely Merciful, the Especially Merciful

- 1) Alif, Lam, Meem.⁽¹⁰⁶⁴⁾
- 2) The Romans have been defeated⁽¹⁰⁶⁵⁾
- 3) In the nearest land. But they, after their defeat, will overcome.
- 4) Within three to nine years. To Allah belongs the command [i.e., decree] before and after. And that day the believers will rejoice
- 5) In the victory of Allah.⁽¹⁰⁶⁶⁾ He gives victory to whom He wills, and He is the Exalted in Might, the Merciful.
- 6) [It is] the promise of Allah. Allah does not fail in His promise, but most of the people do not know.
- 7) They know what is apparent of the worldly life, but they, of the Hereafter, are unaware.
- 8) Do they not contemplate within themselves?⁽¹⁰⁶⁷⁾ Allah has not created the heavens and the earth and what is between them except in truth and for a specified term. And indeed, many of the people, in the meeting with their Lord, are disbelievers.
- 9) Have they not traveled through the earth and observed how was the end of those before them? They were greater than them in power, and they plowed [or excavated] the earth and built it up more than they [i.e., the Makkans] have built have built it up, and their messengers came to them with clear evidences. And Allah would not ever have wronged them, but they were wronging themselves.
- 10) Then the end of those who did evil was the worst [consequence] because they denied the signs of Allah and used to ridicule them.
- 11) Allah begins creation; and He will repeat it; then to Him you will be returned.

(1063) *Ar-Rum*: The Romans.

(1064) See footnote to 2:1.

(1065) By the Persians.

(1066) i.e., the victory given by Allah to a people of the Scripture (Christians) over the Magians of Persia.

(1067) An additional meaning is "Do they not contemplate concerning themselves."

- 12) And the Day the Hour appears the criminals will be in despair.
- 13) And there will not be for them among their [alleged] partners any intercessors, and they will [then] be disbelievers in their partners.
- 14) And the Day the Hour appears—that Day they will become separated.
- 15) And as for those who had believed and done righteous deeds, they will be in garden [of Paradise], delighted.
- 16) But as for those who disbelieved and denied Our verses and the meeting of the Hereafter, those will be brought into the punishment [to remain].
- 17) So exalted is Allah when you reach the evening and when you reach the morning.
- 18) And to Him is [due all] praise throughout the heavens and the earth. And [exalted is He] at night and when you are at noon.
- 19) He brings the living out of the dead and brings the dead out of the living and brings to life the earth after its lifelessness. And thus will you be brought out.⁽¹⁰⁶⁸⁾
- 20) And of His signs is that He created you from dust; then, suddenly you are human beings dispersing [throughout the earth].
- 21) And of His signs is that He created for you from yourselves mates that you may find tranquility in them; and He placed between you affection and mercy. Indeed in that are signs for a people who give thought.
- 22) And of His signs is the creation of the heavens and the earth and the diversity of your languages and your colors. Indeed in that are signs for those of knowledge.
- 23) And of His signs is your sleep by night and day and your seeking of His bounty. Indeed in that are signs for a people who listen.

(1068) Of the graves or out of the earth at the time of resurrection.

- 24) And of His signs is [that] He shows you the lightening [causing] fear and aspiration, and He sends down rain from the sky by which He brings to life the earth after its lifelessness. Indeed in that are signs for a people who use reason.
- 25) And of His signs is that the heaven and earth stand [i.e., remain] by His command. Then when He calls you with a [single] call from the earth, immediately you will come forth.
- 26) And to Him belongs whoever is in the heavens and earth. All are to Him devoutly obedient.
- 27) And it is He who begins creation; then He repeats it, and that is [even] easier for Him. To Him belongs the highest description [i.e., attribute] in the heavens and earth. And He is the Exalted in Might, the Wise.
- 28) He presents to you an example from yourselves. Do you have among those whom your right hands possess [i.e. slaves] any partners in what We have provided for you so that you are equal therein [and] would fear them as your fear of one another [within a partnership]?⁽¹⁰⁶⁹⁾ Thus do We detail the verses for a people who use reason.
- 29) But those who wrong follow their [own] desires without knowledge. Then who can guide one whom Allah has sent astray? And for them there are no helpers.
- 30) So direct your face [i.e., self] toward the religion, inclining to truth. [Adhere to] the *fitrah*⁽¹⁰⁷⁰⁾ of Allah upon which He has created [all] people. No change should there be in the creation of Allah.⁽¹⁰⁷¹⁾ That is the correct religion, but most of the people do not know.

(1069) See footnote to 16:71.

(1070) The natural inborn inclination of man to worship his Creator prior to the corruption of his nature by external influences. Thus, Islamic monotheism is described as the religion of *fitrah*—that of the inherent nature of mankind.

(1071) i.e., let people remain true to their *fitrah* within the religion of Islam.

- 31) [Adhere to it], turning in repentance to Him, and fear Him and establish prayer and do not be of those who associate others with Allah
- 32) [Or] of those who have divided their religion and become sects, every faction rejoicing of what it has.⁽¹⁰⁷²⁾
- 33) And when adversity touches the people, they call upon their Lord, turning in repentance to Him. Then when He lets them taste mercy from Him, at once a party of them associate others with their Lord,
- 34) So that they will deny what We have granted them.⁽¹⁰⁷³⁾ Then enjoy yourselves, for you are going to know.
- 35) Or have We sent down to them an authority [i.e., a proof or scripture], and it speaks of what they were associating with Him?
- 36) And when We let the people taste mercy, they rejoice therein, but if evil afflicts them for what their hands have put forth, immediately they despair.
- 37) Do they not see that Allah extends provision for whom He wills and restricts [it]? Indeed, in that are signs for a people who believe.
- 38) So give the relative his right, as well as the needy and the traveler. That is best for those who desire the countenance of Allah, and it is they who will be the successful.
- 39) And whatever you give for usury to increase within the wealth of people⁽¹⁰⁷⁴⁾ will not increase with Allah. But what you give in zakah,⁽¹⁰⁷⁵⁾ desiring the countenance of Allah—those are the multipliers.⁽¹⁰⁷⁶⁾

(1072) Of beliefs, opinions, customs, etc.

(1073) Or "So let them deny what We have granted them."

(1074) The phrase includes several connotations, among them: a) that which is given as usury or interest, b) that which is given on the condition that it be repaid with interest, and c) a gift given with the intention of obtaining from the recipient greater benefit or a larger gift.

(1075) The meaning of *sadaqah* (voluntary charity) is included here.

(1076) Of the blessings on earth and their rewards in the Hereafter.

- 40) Allah is the one who created you, then provided for you, then will cause you to die, and then will give you life. Are there any of your “partners” who does anything of that? Exalted is He and high above what they associate with Him.
- 41) Corruption has appeared throughout the land and sea by [reason of] what the hands of people have earned so He [i.e., Allah] may let them taste part of [the consequence of] what they have done that perhaps they will return [i.e., refrain].
- 42) Say, [O Muhammad], “Travel through the land and observe how was the end of those before. Most of them were associators [of others with Allah].
- 43) So direct your face [i.e., self] toward the correct religion before a Day comes from Allah of which there is no repelling. That Day, they will be divided.⁽¹⁰⁷⁷⁾
- 44) Whoever disbelieves—upon him is [the consequence of] his disbelief. And whoever does righteousness—they are for themselves preparing,
- 45) That He may reward those who have believed and done righteous deeds out of His bounty. Indeed, He doesn’t like the disbelievers.
- 46) And of His signs is that He sends the winds as bringers of good tidings and let you taste His mercy [i.e., rain] and so the ships may sail at His command and so you may seek of His bounty, and perhaps you will be grateful.
- 47) And We have already sent messengers before you to their peoples, and they came to them with clear evidences; then We took retribution from those who committed crimes, and incumbent upon Us was support⁽¹⁰⁷⁸⁾ of the believers.
- 48) It is Allah who sends the winds, and they stir the clouds and spread them in the sky however He wills, and He makes them fragments so you see the rain emerge from within them. And

(1077) Into those destined for Paradise and those destined for Hell.

(1078) i.e., aid or the bestowal of victory.

when He causes it to fall upon whom He wills of His servants, immediately they rejoice

- 49) Although they were, before it was sent down upon them—before that, in despair.
- 50) So observe the effects of the mercy of Allah—how He gives life to the earth after its lifelessness. Indeed, that [same one] will give life to the dead, and He is over all things competent.
- 51) But if We should send a [bad] wind and they saw [their crops] turned yellow, they would remain thereafter disbelievers.⁽¹⁰⁷⁹⁾
- 52) So indeed, you will not make the dead hear, nor will you make the deaf hear the call when they turn their backs, retreating.
- 53) And you cannot guide the blind away from their error. You will only make hear those who believe in Our verses so they are Muslims [in submission to Allah].
- 54) Allah is the one who created you from weakness, then made after weakness strength, then made after strength weakness and white hair. He creates what He wills, and He is the Knowing, the Competent.
- 55) And the Day the Hour appears the criminals will swear they had remained but an hour. Thus they were deluded.
- 56) But those who were given knowledge and faith will say, “You remained the extent of Allah’s decree until the Day of Resurrection, and this is the Day of Resurrection, but you did not used to know.”⁽¹⁰⁸⁰⁾
- 57) So that Day, their excuse will not benefit those who wronged, nor will they be asked to appease [Allah].
- 58) And We have certainly presented to the people in this Qur’an from every [kind of] example. But, [O Muhammad], if you should bring them a sign, the disbelievers will surely say, “You [believers] are but falsifiers.”

(1079) Denying and ungrateful for the previous favors of Allah.

(1080) i.e., acknowledge the truth.

59) Thus does Allah seal the hearts of those who do not know.⁽¹⁰⁸¹⁾

60) So be patient. Indeed, the promise of Allah is truth. And let them not disquiet you who are not certain in faith.

(1081) i.e., those who do not wish to know the truth and refuse it.

Luqman-31⁽¹⁰⁸²⁾

In the name of Allah, the Entirely Merciful, the Especially Merciful

- 1) Alif, Lam, Meem.⁽¹⁰⁸³⁾
- 2) These are the verse of the wise⁽¹⁰⁸⁴⁾ Book,
- 3) As guidance and mercy for the doers of good
- 4) Who establish prayer and give zakah, and they, of the Hereafter, are certain [in faith].
- 5) Those are on [right] guidance from their Lord, and it is those who are the successful.
- 6) And of the people is he who buys the amusement of speech⁽¹⁰⁸⁵⁾ to mislead others] from the way of Allah without knowledge and who takes it [i.e., His way] in ridicule. Those will have a humiliating punishment.
- 7) And when our verses are recited to him, he turns away arrogantly as if he had not heard them, as if there was in his ears deafness. So give him tidings of a painful punishment.
- 8) Indeed, those who believe and do righteous deeds – for them are the Gardens of Pleasure.
- 9) Wherein they abide eternally; [it is] the promise of Allah [which is] truth. And He is the Exalted in Might, the Wise.
- 10) He created the heavens without pillars that you see and has cast into the earth firmly set mountains, lest it should shift with you, and dispersed therein from every creature. And We sent down rain from the sky and made grow therein [plants] of every noble kind.

(1082) *Luqman*: Luqman, the Wise, whose learning and wisdom was known among pre-Islamic Arabs. He was said to have been an Abyssinian or Nubian slave who lived in the area of Madyan and thus knew Arabic.

(1083) See footnote to 2:1.

(1084) See footnote to 10:1.

(1085) i.e., that which has no benefit. Described by different *sahabah* as *shirk* (association with Allah), misleading stories, frivolous songs, or music but includes all which distracts or diverts one from the Qur'an and remembrance of Allah.

- 11) This is the creation of Allah. So show Me what those other than Him have created. Rather, the wrongdoers are in clear error.
- 12) And We had certainly given Luqman wisdom [and said], "Be grateful to Allah." And whoever is grateful is grateful for [the benefit of] himself. And whoever denies [His favor] – then indeed, Allah is free of need and Praiseworthy.
- 13) And[mention, O Muhammad], when Luqman said to his son while he was instructing him, "O my son, do not associate [anything] with Allah. Indeed, association [with him] is great injustice."
- 14) And We have enjoined upon man [care] for his parents. His mother carried him, [increasing her]in weakness upon weakness, and his weaning is in two years. Be grateful to Me and to your parents; to Me is the final] destination.
- 15) But if they endeavor to make you associate with Me that of which you have no knowledge,⁽¹⁰⁸⁶⁾ do not obey them but accompany them in [this] world with appropriate kindness and follow the way of those who turn back to Me [in repentance]. Then to Me will be your return, and I will inform you about what they used to do.
- 16) [And Luqman said], "O my son, indeed if it [i.e., wrong] should be the weight of a mustard seed and should be within a rock or [anywhere] in the heavens or in the earth, Allah will bring it forth. Indeed, Allah is Subtle and Acquainted.
- 17) O my son, establish prayer, enjoin what is right, forbid what is wrong, and be patient over what befalls you. Indeed, [all] that is of the matters [requiring] determination.⁽¹⁰⁸⁷⁾
- 18) And do not turn your cheek [in contempt] toward people⁽¹⁰⁸⁸⁾ and do not walk through the earth exultantly. Indeed, Allah does not like anyone self-deluded and boastful.

(1086) See footnote to 29:8.

(1087) For the reason that they are enjoined by Allah.

(1088) Rather, respect them by directing your face and attention to them.

- 19) And be moderate in your pace and lower your voice; indeed, the most disagreeable of sounds is the voice of donkeys."
- 20) Do you not see that Allah had made subject to you whatever is in the heavens and whatever is in the earth and amply bestowed upon you His favors, [both] apparent and unapparent? But of the people is he who disputes about Allah without knowledge or guidance or an enlightening Book. [from Him].
- 21) And when it is said to them, "Follow what Allah has revealed," they say, "Rather, we will follow that upon which we found our fathers." Even if Satan was inviting them to the punishment of the Blaze?
- 22) And whoever submits his face [i.e., self] to Allah while he is a doer of good – the he has grasped the most trustworthy handhold. And to Allah will be the outcome of [al] matters.
- 23) And whoever has disbelieved – let not his disbelief grieve you. To Us is their return, and We will inform them of what they did. Indeed, Allah is Knowing of that within the breasts.
- 24) We grant them enjoyment for a little; then We will force them to a massive punishment.
- 25) And if you asked them, "Who created the heavens and earth?" they would surely say, "Allah." Say, "[Allah} praise is [due] to Allah"; but most of them do not know.
- 26) To Allah belongs whatever is in the heavens and earth. Indeed, Allah is the Free of need, the Praiseworthy.
- 27) And if whatever trees upon the earth were pens and the sea [was ink], replenished thereafter by seven [more] seas, the words⁽¹⁰⁸⁹⁾ of Allah would not be exhausted. Indeed, Allah is Exalted in Might and Wise.
- 28) Your creation and your resurrection will not be but as that of a single soul.⁽¹⁰⁹⁰⁾ Indeed, Allah is Hearing and Seeing.

(1089) See footnote to 18:109.

(1090) The re-creation and resurrection of one or of all is accomplished with equal ease by Allah (*subhanahu wa ta'ala*).

- 29) Do you not see [i.e., know] that Allah causes the night to enter the day and causes the day to enter the night and has subjected the sun and the moon, each running [its course] for a specified term, and that Allah, with whatever you do, is acquainted?
- 30) That is because Allah is the Truth, and that what they call upon other than Him is falsehood, and because Allah is the most High, the Grand.
- 31) Do you not see that ships sail through the sea by the favor of Allah that He may show you of His signs?. Indeed in that are signs for everyone patient and grateful.
- 32) And when waves come over them like canopies, they supplicate Allah, sincere to Him in religion [i.e., faith]. But when He delivers them to the land, there are [some] of them who are moderate [in faith]. And none rejects Our signs except everyone treacherous and ungrateful.
- 33) O mankind, fear your Lord and fear a Day when no father will avail his son, nor will a son avail his father at all. Indeed, the promise of Allah is truth, so let not the worldly life delude you and be not deceived about Allah by the Deceiver [i.e., Satan].
- 34) Indeed, Allah [alone] has knowledge of the Hour and sends down the rain and knows what is in the wombs.⁽¹⁰⁹¹⁾ And no soul perceives what it will earn tomorrow, and no soul perceives in what land it will die. Indeed, Allah is Knowing and Acquainted.

(1091) i.e., every aspect of the fetus' present and future existence.

Sajdah-32⁽¹⁰⁹²⁾

In the name of Allah, the Entirely Merciful, the Especially Merciful

- 1) Alif, Lam, Meem.⁽¹⁰⁹³⁾
- 2) [This is] the revelation of the Book about which there is no doubt from the Lord of the worlds.
- 3) Or do they say, "He invented it"? Rather, it is the truth from your Lord, [O Muhammad], that you may warn a people to whom no warner has come before you [so] perhaps they will be guided.
- 4) It is Allah who created the heavens and the earth and whatever is between them in six days; then He established Himself above the Throne.⁽¹⁰⁹⁴⁾ You have not besides Him any protector or any intercessor; so will you not be reminded?
- 5) He arranges [each] matter from the heaven to the earth; then it will ascend to Him in a Day, the extent of which is a thousand years of those which you count.
- 6) That is the Knower of the unseen and the witnessed, the Exalted in Might, the Merciful.,
- 7) Who perfected everything which He created and began the creation of man from clay.
- 8) Then He made his reproduction out of the extract of a liquid disdained.
- 9) Then He proportioned him and breathed into him from His [created] element of life⁽¹⁰⁹⁵⁾ and made for you hearing and vision and hearts [i.e., intellect]; little are you grateful.
- 10) And they say, "When we are lost [i.e., disintegrated] within the earth, will we indeed be [recreated] in a new creation?" Rather, they are, in the meeting with their Lord, disbelievers.

(1092) *As-Sajdah*: Prostration.

(1093) See footnote to 2:1.

(1094) See footnote to 2:19.

(1095) See footnote to 15:29.

- 11) Say, "The angel of death will take you who has been entrusted with you. Then to your Lord you will be returned."
- 12) If you could but see when the criminals are hanging their heads before their Lord, [saying], "Our Lord, we have seen and heard, so return us [to the world]; we will work righteousness. Indeed, we are [now] certain."
- 13) And if we had willed, We could have given every soul its guidance, but the word⁽¹⁰⁹⁶⁾ from Me will come into effect [that] "I will surely fill Hell with jinn and people all together."
- 14) So taste [punishment] because you forgot the meeting of this, your Day; indeed, We have [accordingly] forgotten you. And taste the punishment of eternity for what you used to do."
- 15) Only those who believe in Our verses who, when they are reminded by them, fall down in prostration and exalt [Allah] with praise of their Lord, and they are not arrogant.
- 16) Their sides part [i.e., they arise] from [their] beds; they supplicate their Lord in fear and aspiration, and from what We have provided them, they spend.⁽¹⁰⁹⁷⁾
- 17) And no soul knows what has been hidden for them of comfort for eyes [i.e., satisfaction] as reward for what they used to do.
- 18) Then is one who was a believer like one who was defiantly disobedient? They are not equal.
- 19) As for those who disbelieved and did righteous deeds, for them will be the gardens of Refuge as hospitality for what they used to do.
- 20) But as for those who defiantly disobeyed, their refuge is the Fire. Every time they wish to emerge from it, they will be returned to it while it is said to them, "taste the punishment of the Fire which you used to deny."

(1096) Deserved by the evildoers.

(1097) In the cause of Allah.

- 21) And we will surely let them taste the nearer punishment⁽¹⁰⁹⁸⁾ short of the greater punishment that perhaps they will return [i.e., repent].
- 22) And who is more unjust than one who is reminded of the verses of his Lord; then he turns away from them? Indeed, We from the criminals, will take retribution.
- 23) And We certainly gave Moses the Scripture, so do not be in doubt over his meeting.⁽¹⁰⁹⁹⁾ And we made it [i.e., the Torah] it [i.e., the Torah] guidance for the children of Israel.
- 24) And We made from among them leaders guiding by Our command when they were patient and [when] they were certain of Our signs.
- 25) Indeed, your Lord will judge between them on the day of Resurrection concerning that over which they used to differ.
- 26) Has it not become clear to them how many generations We destroyed before them, [as] they walk among their dwellings? Indeed in that are signs; then do they not hear?
- 27) Have they not seen what We drive the water [in clouds] to barren land and bring forth thereby crops from which their livestock eat and [they] themselves? Then do they not see?
- 28) And they say, "When will be this conquest,⁽¹¹⁰⁰⁾ if you should be truthful?"
- 29) Say, O Muhammad], "On the Day of Conquest the belief of those who had disbelieved will not benefit them, nor will they be reprieved."
- 30) So turn away from them and wait. Indeed, they are waiting.

(1098) i.e., the disasters and calamities of this world.

(1099) i.e., Muhammad's meeting Moses on the night of *al-Mi'raj* (ascent).

(1100) Or "decision," i.e., judgment.

Ahzab-33⁽¹¹⁰¹⁾

In the name of Allah, the Entirely Merciful, the Especially Merciful

- 1) Prophet, fear Allah and do not obey the disbelievers and the hypocrites. Indeed, Allah is ever Knowing and Wise.
- 2) And follow that which is revealed to you from your Lord. Indeed Allah is ever, with what you do, Acquainted.
- 3) And rely upon Allah; and sufficient is Allah as Disposer of affairs.
- 4) Allah has not made for a man two hearts in his interior. And He has not made your wives whom you declare unlawful⁽¹¹⁰²⁾ your mothers. And he has not made your claimed [i.e., adopted] sons your [true] sons. That is [merely] your saying by your mouths, but Allah says the truth, and He guides to the [right] way.
- 5) Call them⁽¹¹⁰³⁾ by [the names of] their fathers; it is more just in the sight of Allah. But of you do not know their fathers-then they are [still] your brothers in religion and those entrusted to you. And there is no blame upon you for that in which you have erred but [only for] what your hearts intended. And ever is Allah Forgiving and Merciful.
- 6) The Prophet is more worthy of the believers than themselves,⁽¹¹⁰⁴⁾ and his wives are [in the position of] their mothers. And those of [blood] relationship are more entitled [to inheritance] in the decree of Allah than the [other] believers and the emigrants, except that you may do to your close associates a kindness [through bequest]. That was in the Book⁽¹¹⁰⁵⁾ inscribed.

(1101) *Al-Ahzab*: The Companies or the Combined Forces, referring to the alliance of disbelieving Arab tribes against the Muslims in Madinah for the battle called “al-ahzab” or “al-Khunduq” (the Trench).

(1102) By the expression “You are to me like the back of my mother.” Such an oath taken against approaching one’s wife was a pre-Islamic practice declared by Allah to be a sin requiring expiation as described in 58:3-4.

(1103) Those children under your care.

(1104) He (ﷺ) is more worthy of their obedience and loyalty and is more concerned for them than they are for one another.

(1105) The Preserved Slate (*al-Lawh al-Mahfuth*).

- 7) And [mention, O Muhammad], when We took from the prophets their covenant and from you and from Noah and Abraham and Moses and Jesus, the son of Mary; and We took from them a solemn covenant.
- 8) That He may question the truthful about their truth.⁽¹¹⁰⁶⁾ And He has prepared for the disbelievers a painful punishment.
- 9) you who have believed, remember the favor of Allah upon you when armies came to [attack] you and We sent upon them a wind and armies [of angels] you did not see. And ever is Allah, of what you do, Seeing.
- 10) [Remember] when they came at you from above you and from below you, and when eyes shifted [in fear], and hearts reached the throats and you assumed about Allah [various] assumptions.
- 11) There, the believers were tested and shaken with a severe shaking.
- 12) And [remember] when the hypocrites and those in whose hearts is disease said, "Allah and His Messenger did not promise us except delusion,"
- 13) And when a faction of them said, "O people of Yathrib,⁽¹¹⁰⁷⁾ there is no stability for you [here], so return [home]." And a party of them asked permission of the Prophet, saying, "Indeed, our houses are exposed [i.e., unprotected]," while they were not exposed. They did not intend to except to flee.
- 14) And if they had been entered upon from all its [surrounding] regions and fitnah [i.e., disbelief] had been demanded of them, they would have done it and not hesitated over it except briefly.
- 15) And they had already promised Allah before not to turn their backs [i.e., flee]. And ever is the promise to Allah [that about which one will be] questioned.

(1106) i.e., that He may asked the prophets what they conveyed to their people and what response they received. "The truthful" may also refer to those who believed in the message conveyed by the prophets and imparted it to others.

(1107) The name by which al-Madinah was known before the arrival of the Prophet (ﷺ).

- 16) Say, [O Muhammad], "Never will fleeing benefit you if you should flee from death or m killing; and then [if you did]. You would not be given enjoyment [of life] except for a little."
- 17) Say, "Who is that can protect you from Allah⁽¹¹⁰⁸⁾ if He intends for you an ill or intends for you a mercy?" And they will not find for themselves besides Allah any protector or any helper.
- 18) Already Allah knows the hinderers⁽¹¹⁰⁹⁾ among you and those [hypocrites] who say to their brothers, "Come to us,"⁽¹¹¹⁰⁾ and do not go to battle, except for a few,"⁽¹¹¹¹⁾
- 19) Indisposed⁽¹¹¹²⁾ toward you. And when fear comes, you see them looking at you, their eyes revolving a like one being overcome by death. But when fear departs, they lash you with sharp tongues, indisposed toward [any] good. Those have not believed, so Allah has rendered their deeds worthless, and ever is that, for Allah, easy.
- 20) They think companies have not [yet] withdrawn.⁽¹¹¹³⁾ And if the companies should come [again], they would wish they were in the desert among the Bedouins, inquiring [from afar] about your news. And if they should be among you, they would not fight except for a little.
- 21) There has certainly been for you in the Messenger of Allah an excellent pattern⁽¹¹¹⁴⁾ for anyone whose hope is in Allah and the last day and [who] remembers Allah often.
- 22) And when the believers saw the companies, they said, "This is what Allah and His Messenger spoke the truth." And it increased them only in faith and acceptance.

(1108) i.e., prevent the will of Allah from being carried out.

(1109) Those who dissuade others from supporting the Prophet (ﷺ) in battle.

(1110) Rather than joining the Prophet (ﷺ).

(1111) Who went out of ulterior motives.

(1112) Literally, "stingy," i.e., unwilling to offer any help.

(1113) In their excessive fear the cowardly hypocrites could not believe the enemy forces had been defeated.

(1114) An example to be followed.

- 23) Among the believers are men true to what they promised Allah. Among them is he who has fulfilled his vow [to the death], and among them is he who awaits [his chance]. And they did not alter [the terms of their commitment] by any alteration –
- 24) That Allah may reward the truthful for their truth and punish the hypocrites if He wills or accept their repentance. Indeed, Allah is ever Forgiving and merciful.
- 25) And Allah repelled those who disbelieved, in their rage not having obtained any good. And sufficient was Allah for the disbelievers in battle, and ever is Allah Powerful and Exalted in Might.
- 26) And He brought down those who supported them among the People of the Scripture⁽¹¹¹⁵⁾ from their fortresses and cast terror into their hearts[so that] a [arty [i.e., their men] you killed, and you took captive a party [i.e., the women and children].
- 27) And He caused you to inherit their land and their homes and their properties and a land which you have not trodden.⁽¹¹¹⁶⁾ And ever is Allah, over all things, competent.
- 28) Prophet, say to your wives, "If you should desire the worldly life and its adornment, then come, I will provide for you and give you a gracious release.
- 29) But of you should desire Allah and His Messenger and the home of the Hereafter – then indeed, Allah has prepared for the doers of good among you a great reward."
- 30) Wives of the Prophet, whoever of you should commit a clear immorality – for her punishment would be doubled two fold, and ever is that, for Allah, easy.
- 31) And whoever of you devoutly obeys Allah and His Messenger and does righteous- We will give her reward twice; and We have prepared for her a noble provision.

(1115) The Jews of Banu Quraythah, who had violated their treaty with the Muslims.

(1116) i.e., that taken in subsequent conquests.

- 32) Wives of the Prophet, you are not like anyone among women. If you fear Allah, then do not be soft in speech [to men],⁽¹¹¹⁷⁾ lest he in whose heart is disease should cover but speak with appropriate speech.
- 33) And abide in your houses and do not display yourselves as [was] the display of the former times of ignorance. And establish prayer and give zakah and obey Allah and His Messenger. Allah intends only to remove from you the impurity [of sin], O people of the [Prophet's] household, and to purify you with [extensive] purification.
- 34) And remember what is recited in your houses of the verses of Allah and wisdom.⁽¹¹¹⁸⁾ Indeed, Allah is ever Subtle and Acquainted [with all things].
- 35) Indeed, the Muslim men and Muslim women, the believing men and believing women, the obedient men and obedient women, the truthful men and the truthful women, the patient men and the patient women, the humble men and the humble women, the fasting men and the fasting women, the men who guard their private parts and the women who do so, and the men who remember Allah often and the women who do so – for them Allah has prepared forgiveness and a great reward.
- 36) IT is not for a believing man or a believing woman, when Allah and His Messenger have decided a matter, they should [the thereafter] have any choice about their affair. And who ever disobeys Allah and His Messenger has certainly strayed into clear error.
- 37) And [remember, O Muhammad], when you said to the one whom Allah bestowed favor and you bestowed favor,⁽¹¹¹⁹⁾ "Keep your wife and fear Allah," while you concealed within

(1117) The meaning has also been given as "You are not like any among women if you fear Allah. So do not be soft in speech..."

(1118) The teachings of the Prophet (ﷺ) or his *sunnah*.

(1119) Referring to the Prophet's freed slave, Zayd bin Harithah.

yourself that which Allah is to disclose.⁽¹¹²⁰⁾ And you feared the people,⁽¹¹²¹⁾ while Allah has more right that you fear Him.⁽¹¹²²⁾ So when Zayd had no longer any need for her, We married her to you in order that there not be upon the believers any discomfort [i.e., guilt] concerning the wives of their claimed [i.e., adopted] sons when they no longer have need of them. And ever is the command [i.e., decree] of Allah accomplished.

- 38) There is not to be upon the Prophet any discomfort concerning that which Allah has imposed upon him.⁽¹¹²³⁾ [This is] the established way of Allah with those [prophets] who have passed on before. And ever is the command of Allah a destiny creed.
- 39) [Allah praises] those who convey the messages of Allah⁽¹¹²⁴⁾ and fear Him and do not fear anyone but Allah. And sufficient is Allah as accountant.
- 40) Muhammad is not the father of [any] one of your men, but [he is] the messenger of Allah and seal [i.e., the last] of the prophets. And ever is Allah, of all things, Knowing.
- 41) You who have believed, remember Allah with much remembrance.
- 42) And exalt Him morning and afternoon.
- 43) It is He who confers blessing upon you,⁽¹¹²⁵⁾ and His angels [ask Him to do so] that He may bring you out from darknesses into the light. And ever is He, to the believers, Merciful.
- 44) Their greeting the Day they meet Him will be, "Peace." And He has prepared for them a noble reward.

(1120) i.e., Allah's command to the Prophet (ﷺ) to marry Zaynab after Zayd divorced her. This was to demonstrate that a man may marry a woman formerly married to his adopted son.

(1121) i.e., feared their saying that the Prophet (ﷺ) had married the (former) wife of his son (which is prohibited by Allah in the case of a true, begotten son).

(1122) By making known His command.

(1123) Or permitted to him

(1124) i.e., the prophets (peace be upon them all) and after them, the followers of the final prophet, Muhammad (ﷺ), who honestly convey Allah's message to the people.

(1125) i.e., Allah cares for you and covers you with His mercy. An additional meaning is that He praises you in the presence of the angels.

- 45) Prophet, indeed We have sent you as a witness and a bringer of good tidings and a warner.
- 46) And one who invites to Allah, by His permission, and an illuminating lamp.
- 47) And give good tidings to the believers that they will have from Allah great bounty.
- 48) And do not obey the disbelievers and the hypocrites but do not harm them, and rely upon Allah. And sufficient is Allah as Disposer of affairs.
- 49) You who have believed, when you marry believing women and then divorce them before you have touched them [i.e., consummated the marriage], then there is not for you any waiting period to count concerning them. So provide for them and give them a gracious release.
- 50) Prophet, indeed We have made lawful to you your wives to whom you have given their due compensation⁽¹¹²⁶⁾ and those your right hand possesses from what Allah has returned to you [of captives] and the daughters of your paternal uncles and the daughters of your paternal aunts and the daughters of your maternal aunts who emigrated with you and a believing woman if she gives herself to the Prophet [and] if the Prophet wishes to marry her, [this is] only for you, excluding the [other] believers. We certainly know what We have made the obligatory upon them concerning their wives and those their right hands possess, [but this is for you] in order that there will be upon you no discomfort [i.e., difficulty]. And verily Allah is Forgiving and Merciful.
- 51) You, [O Muhammad], may put aside whom you will of them⁽¹¹²⁷⁾ or take to yourself whom you will. And any that you desire of those [wives] from whom you had [temporarily]

(1126) i.e., bridal gift (*mahr*).

(1127) Those mentioned in the previous verse as being lawful to the Prophet (ﷺ) or his wives to which he was married.

separated – there is no blame upon you [in returning her]. That is more suitable that they should be content and not grieve and that they should be satisfied with what you have given them – all of them. And Allah knows what is in your hearts. And ever is Allah Knowing and Forbearing.

- 52) Not lawful to you, [O Muhammad], are [any additional] women after [this], nor [is it] for you to exchange them for [other] wives, even if their beauty were to please you, except those your right hand possesses. And ever is Allah, over all things, an Observer.
- 53) You who have believed, do not enter the houses of the Prophet except when you are permitted for a meals, without awaiting its readiness. But when you are invited, then enter; and when you have eaten, disperse without seeking to remain for conversation. Indeed, that [behavior] was troubling the prophet, and he is shy of [dismissing] you. But Allah is not shy of the truth. And when you ask [his wives] for something, ask them from behind a partition. That is purer for your hearts and their hearts. And it is not [conceivable or lawful] for you to harm a Messenger of Allah or to marry his wives after him, ever. Indeed, that would be in the sight of Allah an enormity.
- 54) Whether you reveal a thing or conceal it, indeed Allah is ever, of all things, Knowing.
- 55) There is no blame upon them [i.e., women] concerning their fathers or their sons or their brothers or their brother's sons or their sister's sons or their women or those their right hands possess [i.e., slaves].⁽¹¹²⁸⁾ And fear Allah. Indeed Allah is ever, over all things, Witness.

(1128) It is permissible for a woman to appear before these people without *hijab* (partition or complete covering) and to be alone with them. The brothers of both parents (uncles) are included as “fathers” or “parents,” according to *hadith*.

- 56) Indeed, Allah confers blessing upon the Prophet, and His angels [ask him to do so]. O you who have believed, ask [Allah to confer] blessing upon him and ask [Allah to grant him] peace.
- 57) Indeed, those who abuse Allah and His Messenger – Allah has cursed them in this world and the Hereafter and prepared for them a humiliating punishment.
- 58) And those who harm believing men and believing women for [something] other than what they have earned [i.e., deserved] have certainly born upon themselves a slander and manifest sin.
- 59) Prophet tell your wives and your daughter and the women of the believers to bring down over themselves [part] of their outer garments.⁽¹¹²⁹⁾ That is more suitable that they will be known⁽¹¹³⁰⁾ and not be abused. And ever is Allah Forgiving and Merciful.⁽¹¹³¹⁾
- 60) If the hypocrites and those in whose hearts is disease⁽¹¹³²⁾ and those who spread rumors in al-Madinah do not cease, We will surely incite you against them; then they will not remain your neighbors therein except for a little.
- 61) Accursed wherever they are found, [being] seized and massacred completely.
- 62) [This is]the established way of Allah with those who passed on before; and you will not find in the way of Allah any change.
- 63) People ask you concerning the Hour. Say," Knowledge of it is only with Allah. And what may make you perceive? Perhaps the Hour is near."
- 64) Indeed, Allah has cursed the disbelievers and prepared for them a Blaze.
- 65) Abiding therein forever, they will not find a protector or a helper.

(1129) The *jilbab*, which is defined as a cloak covering the head and reaching to the ground, thereby covering the woman's entire body.

(1130) As chaste believing women.

(1131) Or "and Allah was Forgiving and Merciful" of what occurred before this injunction or before knowledge of it.

(1132) Referring here to those who commit adultery or fornication.

- 66) The Day their faces will be turned about in the Fire, they will say, "How we wish we had obeyed Allah and obeyed the Messenger."
- 67) And they will say, "Our Lord, indeed we obeyed our masters and our dignitaries,⁽¹¹³³⁾ and they led us astray from the [right] way.
- 68) Our Lord, give them double the punishment and curse them with a great curse."
- 69) you who have believed, be not like those who abused Moses; then Allah cleared him of what they said. And he, in the sight of Allah, was distinguished.
- 70) You who have believed, fear Allah and speak words of appropriate justice.
- 71) He will [then] amend for you your deeds and forgive you your sins. And whoever obeys Allah and His Messenger has certainly attained a great attainment.
- 72) Indeed, We offered the Trust⁽¹¹³⁴⁾ to the heavens and the earth and the mountains, and they declined to bear it and feared it; but man [undertook to] bear it. Indeed, he was unjust and ignorant.⁽¹¹³⁵⁾
- 73) [It⁽¹¹³⁶⁾ was] so that Allah may punish the hypocrite men and hypocrite women and the men and women who associate others with Him and that Allah may accept repentance from the believing men and believing women. And ever is Allah Forgiving and Merciful.

(1133) Also interpreted to mean "our noble ones and our elders [i.e., distinguished scholars]."

(1134) The acceptance of obligations and obedience to Allah.

(1135) Coveting its reward while forgetting the penalty for failure to keep his commitment.

(1136) The reason for which mankind was permitted to carry the Trust.

Sabaa-34⁽¹¹³⁷⁾

In the name of Allah, the Entirely Merciful, the Especially Merciful

- 1) [All] praise is [due] to Allah, to whom belongs whatever is in the heavens and whatever is in the earth, and to Him belongs [all] praise in the Hereafter. And He is the Wise, the Acquainted.
- 2) He knows what penetrates into the earth and what emerges from it and what descends from the heaven and what ascends therein. And He is the Merciful, the Forgiving.
- 3) But those who disbelieve say, "The Hour will not come to us." Say, "Yes, by my Lord, it will surely come to you. [Allah is] the Knower of the Unseen." Not absent from Him is an atom's weight⁽¹¹³⁸⁾ within the heavens or within the earth or [what is] smaller than that or greater, except that it is in a clear register –
- 4) That He may reward those who believe and do righteous deeds. Those will have forgiveness and noble provision.
- 5) But those who strive against Our verses [seeking] to cause failure⁽¹¹³⁹⁾ - for them will be a painful punishment of foul nature.
- 6) And those who have been given knowledge see that what is revealed to you from your Lord is the truth, and it guides to the path of the Exalted in Might, the Praiseworthy.
- 7) But those who disbelieve say, "Shall we direct you to a man who will inform you [that] when you have disintegrated in complete disintegration, you will [then] be [recreated] in a new creation?"
- 8) Has he invented about Allah a lie or is there in him madness?" Rather, they who do not believe in the Hereafter will be in the punishment and [are in] extreme error.
- 9) Then, do they not look at what is before them and what is behind them of the heaven and earth? If We should will, We could

(1137) *Saba'*: (The People of) Saba' or Sabaeans.

(1138) Or "the weight of a small ant."

(1139) i.e., to undermine their credibility in order to defeat the Prophet (ﷺ).

cause the earth to swallow them or [could] let fall upon them fragments from the sky. Indeed in that is a sign for every servant turning back [to Allah].

- 10) And We certainly gave David from Us bounty. [We said], "O mountains, repeat [Our] praises with him, and the birds [as well]." And We made pliable for him iron.
- 11) [Commanding him], "Make full coats of mail and calculate [precisely] the links, and work [all of you] righteousness. Indeed I, of what you do, am Seeing."
- 12) And to Solomon [We subjected] the wind – its morning [journey was that of] a month – and its afternoon [journey was that of] a month, and We made flow for him a spring of [liquid] copper. And among the jinn were those who worked for him by the permission of his Lord. And whoever deviated among them from Our command – We will make him taste of the punishment of the Blaze.
- 13) They made for him what he willed of elevated chambers,⁽¹¹⁴⁰⁾ statues,⁽¹¹⁴¹⁾ bowls like reservoirs, and stationary kettles. [We said], "Work, O family of David, in gratitude." And few of My servants are grateful.
- 14) And when We decreed for him [i.e., Solomon] death, nothing indicated to them [i.e., the jinn] his death except a creature of the earth eating his staff.⁽¹¹⁴²⁾ But when he fell, it became clear to the jinn that if they had known the unseen, they would not have remained in humiliating punishment.⁽¹¹⁴³⁾
- 15) There was for [the tribe of] Saba' in their dwelling place a sign: two [fields of] gardens on the right and on the left. [They were told], "Eat from the provisions of your Lord and be grateful to Him. A good land [have you], and a Forgiving Lord."

(1140) Described by commentators as palaces, dwellings, or places of prayer.

(1141) Which were not prohibited until the time of Prophet Muhammad (ﷺ).

(1142) Upon which he was leaning at the time of his death. A termite continued to gnaw into the stick until it collapsed under his weight.

(1143) i.e., hard labor. This verse is evidence that the jinn do not possess knowledge of the unseen, which belongs exclusively to Allah (*subhanahu wa ta'ala*)

- 16) But they turned away [refusing], so We sent upon them the flood of the dam,⁽¹¹⁴⁴⁾ and We replaced their two [fields] gardens with gardens of bitter fruit, tamarisks and something of sparse lote trees.
- 17) [By] that We repaid them because they disbelieved. And do We [thus] repay except the ungrateful?
- 18) And We placed between them and the cities which We had blessed⁽¹¹⁴⁵⁾ [many] visible cities. And We determined between them the [distances of] journey,⁽¹¹⁴⁶⁾ [saying], "Travel between them by night or day in safety."
- 19) But [insolently] they said, "Our Lord, lengthen the distance between our journeys," and wronged themselves, so We made them narrations⁽¹¹⁴⁷⁾ and dispersed them in total dispersion. Indeed in that are signs for everyone patient and grateful.
- 20) And Ibless had already confirmed through them⁽¹¹⁴⁸⁾ his assumption,⁽¹¹⁴⁹⁾ so they followed him, except for a party of believers.
- 21) And he had over them no authority except [it was decreed] that We might make evident who believes in the Hereafter from who is thereof in doubt. And your Lord, over all things, is Guardian.
- 22) Say, [O Muhammad to them], "Supplicate those you claim [as deities] besides Allah." They do not possess an atom's weight [of ability] in the heavens or on the earth, and they do not have therein any partnership [with Him], nor is there for Him from among them any assistant.

(1144) i.e., caused by a break in their dam. Another meaning is "the overwhelming flood."

(1145) In the lands of what is now Southern Syria and Palestine.

(1146) i.e., We placed the intermediate settlements at calculated distances for the convenience of travelers.

(1147) Stories related to others as lessons or examples.

(1148) i.e., the People of Saba' or mankind in general.

(1149) That mankind could readily be misled by him.

- 23) And intercession does not benefit with Him except for one whom He permits. [And those wait] until, when terror is removed from their hearts,⁽¹¹⁵⁰⁾ they will say [to one another], "What has your Lord said?" They will say, "The truth." And He is the Most High, the Grand.
- 24) Say, "Who provides for you from the heavens and the earth?" Say, "Allah. And indeed, we or you are either upon guidance or in clear error."
- 25) Say, "You will not be asked about what we committed, and we will not be asked about what you do."
- 26) Say, "Our Lord will bring us together; then He will judge between us in truth. And He is the Knowing Judge."
- 27) Say, "Show me those whom you have attached to Him as partners. No! Rather, He [alone] is Allah, the Exalted in Might, the Wise."
- 28) And We have not sent you except comprehensively⁽¹¹⁵¹⁾ to mankind as a bringer of good tidings and a warner. But most of the people do not know.
- 29) And they say, "When is this promise, if you should be truthful?"
- 30) Say, "For you is the appointment of a Day [when] you will not remain thereafter an hour, now will you precede [it]."
- 31) And those who disbelieve say, "We will never believe in this Qur'an nor in that before it." But if you could see when the wrongdoers are made to stand before their Lord, refuting each other's words....⁽¹¹⁵²⁾ Those who were oppressed will say to those who were arrogant, "If not for you, we would have been believers."
- 32) Those who were arrogant will say to those who were oppressed, "Did we avert you from guidance after it had come to you? Rather, you were criminals."

(1150) i.e., the hearts of the angels who will be permitted to intercede.

(1151) Literally, "inclusively, without exception."

(1152) Having been left to the imagination, the conclusion of this sentence is estimated to be "...you would see a dreadful sight."

- 33) Those who were oppressed will say to those who were arrogant, "Rather, [it was your] conspiracy of night and day when you were ordering us to disbelieve in Allah and attribute to Him equals." But they will [all] confide regret when they see the punishment; and We will put shackles on the necks of those who disbelieved. Will they be recompensed except for what they used to do?
- 34) And We did not send into a city any warner except that its affluent said, "Indeed we, in that with which you were sent, are disbelievers."
- 35) And they⁽¹¹⁵³⁾ said, "We are more [than the believers] in wealth and children, and we are not to be punished."
- 36) Say, "Indeed, my Lord extends provision for whom He wills and restricts [it], but most of the people do not know."
- 37) And it is not your wealth or your children that bring you nearer to Us in position, but it is [by being] one who has believed and done righteousness. For them there will be the double reward for what they did, and they will be in the upper chambers [of Paradise], safe [and secure].
- 38) And the ones who strive against Our verses to cause [them] failure⁽¹¹⁵⁴⁾ - those will be brought into the punishment [to remain].
- 39) Say, "Indeed, my Lord extends provision for whom He wills of His servants and restricts [it] for him. But whatever thing you spend [in His cause] - He will compensate it; and He is the best of providers."
- 40) And [mention] the Day when He will gather them all and then say to the angels, "Did these [people] used to worship you?"
- 41) They will say, "Exalted are You! You, [O Allah], are our benefactor excluding [i.e., not] them, Rather, they used to worship the jinn; most of them were believers in them."

(1153) The affluent ones in general or the people of Makkah specifically.

(1154) See footnote to 34:5.

- 42) But today [i.e., the Day of Judgment] you do not hold for one another [the power of] benefit or harm, and We will say to those who wronged, "Taste the punishment of the Fire, which you used to deny."
- 43) And when our verses are recited to them as clear evidences, they say, "This is not but a man who wishes to avert you from that which your fathers were worshipping." And they say, "This is not except a lie invented." And those who disbelieve say of the truth when it has come to them, "This is not but obvious magic."
- 44) And We had not given them any scriptures which they could study, and We had not sent to them before you, [O Muhammad], any warner.
- 45) And those before them denied, and they [i.e., the people of Makkah] have not attained a tenth of what We had given them. But they [i.e., the former peoples] denied My messengers, so how [terrible] was My reproach.
- 46) Say, "I only advise you of one [thing] – that you stand for Allah, [seeking truth] in pairs and individually, and then give thought." There is not in your companion any madness. He is only a warner to you before a severe punishment.
- 47) Say, "Whatever payment I might have asked of you – it is yours. My payment is only from Allah, and He is, over all things, Witness."
- 48) Say, "Indeed, my Lord projects the truth. Knower of the unseen."
- 49) Say, "The truth has come, and falsehood can neither begin [anything] nor repeat [it]."⁽¹¹⁵⁵⁾
- 50) Say, "If I should err, I would only err against myself. But if I am guided, it is by what my Lord reveals to me. Indeed, He is Hearing and near."
- 51) And if you could see⁽¹¹⁵⁶⁾ when they are terrified but there is no escape, and they will be seized from a place nearby.

(1155) This expression alludes to complete inability, meaning that falsehood was abolished.

(1156) i.e., have a glimpse of the Hereafter.

- 52) And they will [then] say, "We believe in it!" But how for them will be the taking⁽¹¹⁵⁷⁾ [of faith] from a place far away?⁽¹¹⁵⁸⁾
- 53) And they had already disbelieved in it before and would assault⁽¹¹⁵⁹⁾ the unseen from a place far away.⁽¹¹⁶⁰⁾
- 54) And prevention will be placed between them and what they desire,⁽¹¹⁶¹⁾ as was done with their kind before. Indeed, they were in disquieting doubt [i.e., denial].

(1157) Literally, "taking of something within easy reach," in other words, "How can they expect to obtain faith at this point?"

(1158) i.e., their former life on earth, wherein they had every opportunity but which is now gone, never to return.

(1159) Verbally, by conjecture and denial.

(1160) i.e., a position far from truth.

(1161) Meaning the attainment of faith and its benefits or entrance into Paradise.

Fatir-35⁽¹¹⁶²⁾

In the name of Allah, the Entirely Merciful, the Especially Merciful

- 1) [All] praise is [due] to Allah, Creator of the heavens and the earth, [who] made the angels messengers having wings, two or three or four. He increases in creation what He wills. Indeed, Allah is over all things competent.
- 2) Whatever Allah grants to people of mercy – none can withhold it; and whatever He withholds – none can release it thereafter. And He is the Exalted in Might, the Wise.
- 3) O mankind, remember the favor of Allah upon you. Is there any creator other than Allah who provides for you from the heaven and earth? There is no deity except Him, so how are you deluded?
- 4) And if they deny you, [O Muhammad]- already were messengers denied before you. And to Allah are returned [all] matters.
- 5) O mankind, indeed the promise of Allah is truth, so let not the worldly life delude you and be not deceived about Allah by the Deceiver [i.e., Satan].
- 6) Indeed, Satan is an enemy to you; so take him as an enemy. He only invites his party to be among the companions of the Blaze.
- 7) Those who disbelieve will have a severe punishment, and those who believe and do righteous deeds will have forgiveness and great reward.
- 8) Then is one to whom the evil of his deed has been made attractive so he considers it good [like one rightly guided]? For indeed, Allah sends astray whom He wills and guides whom He wills. So do not let yourself perish over them in regret. Indeed, Allah is Knowing of what they do.

(1162) *Fatir*: The Creator, Originator (of creation), or He who brings (it) into existence from nothing. Also called *al-Mala'ikah* (The Angels).

- 9) And it is Allah who sends the winds, and they stir the clouds, and We drive them to a dead land and give life thereby to the earth after its lifelessness. Thus is the resurrection.
- 10) 10. Whoever desires honor [through power] – then to Allah belongs all honor.⁽¹¹⁶³⁾ To Him ascends good speech, and righteous work raises it.⁽¹¹⁶⁴⁾ But they who plot evil deeds will have a severe punishment, and the plotting of those -- it will perish.
- 11) And Allah created you from dust, then from a sperm drop; then He made you mates. And no female conceives nor does she give birth except with His knowledge. And no aged person is granted [additional] life nor is his lifespan lessened but that it is in a register. Indeed, that for Allah is easy.
- 12) And not alike are the two seas [i.e., bodies of water]. One is fresh and sweet, palatable for drinking, and one is salty and bitter. And from each you eat tender meat and extract ornaments which you wear, and you see the ships plowing through [the water] that you might seek of His bounty; and perhaps you will be grateful.
- 13) He causes the night to enter the day, and He causes the day to enter the night and has subjected the sun and the moon – each running [its course] for a specified term. That is Allah, your Lord; to Him belongs sovereignty. And those whom you invoke other than Him do not possess [as much as] the membrane of a date seed.
- 14) If you invoke them, they do not hear your supplication; and if they heard, they would not respond to you. And on the Day of Resurrection they will deny your association.⁽¹¹⁶⁵⁾ And none can inform you like [one] Acquainted [with all matters].

(1163) See footnote to 4:139.

(1164) For acceptance by Allah, meaning that righteous deeds are confirmation and proof of what is uttered by the tongue.

(1165) Of them with Allah or your worship of them.

- 15) O mankind, you are those in need of Allah, while Allah is the Free of need, the Praiseworthy.
- 16) If He wills, He can do away with you and bring forth a new creation.
- 17) And that is for Allah not difficult.
- 18) And no bearer of burdens will bear the burden of another. And if a heavily laden soul calls [another] to [carry some of] its load, nothing of it will be carried, even if he should be a close relative. You can only warn those who fear their Lord unseen and have established prayer. And whoever purifies himself only purifies himself for [the benefit of] his soul. And to Allah is the [final] destination.
- 19) Not equal are the blind and the seeing.
- 20) Nor are the darknesses and the light.
- 21) Nor are the shade and the heat,⁽¹¹⁶⁶⁾
- 22) And not equal are the living and the dead. Indeed, Allah causes to hear whom He wills, but you cannot make hear those in the graves.⁽¹¹⁶⁷⁾
- 23) You, [O Muhammad], are not but a warner.
- 24) Indeed, We have sent you with the truth as a bringer of good tidings and a warner. And there was no nation but that there had passed within it a warner.
- 25) And if they deny you – then already have those before them denied. Their messengers came to them with clear proofs and written ordinances and with the enlightening Scripture.
- 26) Then I seized the ones who disbelieved, and how [terrible] was My reproach.
- 27) Do you not see that Allah sends down rain from the sky, and We produce thereby fruits of varying colors? And in the mountains are tracts, white and red of varying shades and [some] extremely black.
- 28) And among people and moving creatures and grazing livestock are various colors similarly. Only those among His servants fear

(1166) Of the sun or of a scorching wind.

(1167) The four comparisons given by Allah in verses 19-22 are those of the believer and unbeliever, various kinds of misbelief and (true) belief, Paradise and Hellfire, and those receptive to guidance and those unreceptive.

Allah who have knowledge. Indeed, Allah is Exalted in Might and Forgiving.

- 29) Indeed, those who recite the Book of Allah and establish prayer and spend [in His cause] out of what We have provided them, secretly and publicly, [can] expect a transaction [i.e., profit] that will never perish. –
- 30) That He may give them in full their rewards and increase for them of His bounty. Indeed, He is Forgiving and Appreciative.
- 31) And that which We have revealed to you, [O Muhammad], of the Book is the truth, confirming what was before it. Indeed, Allah, of His servants, is Acquainted and Seeing.
- 32) Then we caused to inherit the Book those We have chosen of Our servants;⁽¹¹⁶⁸⁾ and among them is he who wrongs himself [i.e., sins], and among them is he who is moderate, and among them is he who is foremost in good deeds by permission of Allah. That [inheritance] is what is the great bounty.
- 33) [For them are] gardens of perpetual residence which they will enter. They will be adorned therein with bracelets of gold and pearls, and their garments therein will be silk.
- 34) And they will say, "Praise to Allah, who has removed from us [all] sorrow. Indeed, our Lord is Forgiving and Appreciative.
- 35) He who has settled us in the home of duration [i.e., Paradise] out of His bounty. There touches us not in any fatigue, and there touches us not in it weariness [of mind]."
- 36) And for those who disbelieve will be the fire of Hell. [Death] is not decreed for them⁽¹¹⁶⁹⁾ so they may die, nor will its torment be lightened for them. Thus do we recompense every ungrateful one.
- 37) And they will cry out therein, "Our Lord, remove us;⁽¹¹⁷⁰⁾ we will do righteousness – other than what we were doing!" But did We not grant you life enough for whoever would remember

(1168) The followers of Prophet Muhammad (ﷺ).

(1169) Or "They are not killed."

(1170) The implication is "Return us to the previous world."

therein to remember, and the warner had come to you? So taste [the punishment], for there is not for the wrongdoers any helper.

- 38) Indeed, Allah is Knower of the unseen [aspects] of the heavens and earth. Indeed, He is Knowing of that within the breasts.
- 39) It is He who has made you successors upon the earth. And whoever disbelieves – upon him will be [the consequence of] his disbelief. And the disbelief of the disbelievers does not increase them in the sight of their Lord except in hatred; and the disbelief of the disbelievers does not increase them except in loss.
- 40) Say, "Have you considered⁽¹¹⁷¹⁾ your 'partners' whom you invoke besides Allah? Show me what they have created from the earth, or have they partnership [with Him] in the heavens" Or have We given them a Book so they are [standing] on evidence therefrom? [No], rather, the wrongdoers do not promise each other except delusion."⁽¹¹⁷²⁾
- 41) Indeed, Allah holds the heavens and the earth, lest they cease. And if they should cease, no one could hold them [in place] after Him. Indeed, He is Forbearing and Forgiving.
- 42) And they swore by Allah their strongest oaths that if a warner came to them, they would be more guided than [any] one of the [previous] nations. But when a warner came to them, it did not increase them except in aversion.
- 43) [Due to] arrogance in the land and plotting of evil; but the evil plot does not encompass except its own people. Then do they await except its own people. Then do they wait except the way [i.e., fate] of the former peoples? But you will never find in the way [i.e., established method] of Allah any change, and you will never find in the way of Allah⁽¹¹⁷³⁾ any alteration.⁽¹¹⁷⁴⁾

(1171) Understood to mean "Tell me about..."

(1172) By telling their followers that the so-called deities will intercede for them with Allah.

(1173) i.e., in His punishment of those who deny the prophets.

(1174) Or "transfer" of punishment to others in place of them.

- 44) Have they not traveled through the land and observed how was the end of those who before them? And they were greater than them in power. But Allah is not to be caused failure [i.e., prevented] by anything in the heavens or on the earth. Indeed, He is ever Knowing and Competent.
- 45) And if Allah were to impose blame on the people for what they have earned, He would not leave upon it [i.e., the earth] any creature. But He defers them for a specified term. And when their time comes, then indeed Allah has ever been, of His servants, Seeing.

Ya Seen-36⁽¹¹⁷⁵⁾

In the name of Allah, the Entirely Merciful, the Especially Merciful

- 1) Ya, Seen.⁽¹¹⁷⁶⁾
- 2) By the wise⁽¹¹⁷⁷⁾ Qur'an.
- 3) Indeed you, [O Muhammad], are from among the messengers,
- 4) On a straight path.
- 5) [This is] a revelation of the Exalted in Might, the Merciful,
- 6) That you may warn a people whose forefathers were not warned, so they are unaware.
- 7) Already the word [i.e., decree] has come into effect upon the most of them, so they do not believe.
- 8) Indeed, We have put shackles on their necks, and they are to their chins, so they are with heads [kept] aloft.
- 9) And We have put before them a barrier and behind them a barrier and covered them, so they do not see.
- 10) And it is all the same for them whether you warn them or do not warn them – they will not believe.
- 11) You can only warn one who follows the message and fears the Most Merciful unseen. So give him good tidings of forgiveness and noble reward.
- 12) Indeed, it is We who bring the dead to life and record what they have put forth and what they left behind, and all things We have enumerated in a clear register.
- 13) And present to them an example: the people of the city, when the messengers came to it –
- 14) When We sent to them two but they denied them, so We strengthened them with a third, and they said, "Indeed, we are messengers to you."

(1175) *Ya Seen*: (the letters) *ya* and *seen*.

(1176) See footnote to 2:1.

(1177) See footnote 10:1.

- 15) They said, "You are not human beings like us, and the Most Merciful has not revealed a thing. You are only telling lies."
- 16) They said, "Our Lord knows that we are messengers to you,
- 17) And we are not responsible except for clear notification."
- 18) They said, "Indeed, we consider you a bad omen. If you do not desist, we will surely stone you, and there will surely touch you painful punishment from us."
- 19) They said, "Your omen [i.e., fate] is with yourselves. Is it⁽¹¹⁷⁸⁾ because you were reminded? Rather, you are a transgressing people."
- 20) And there came from the farthest end of the city a man, running. He said, "O my people, follow the messengers.
- 21) Follow those who do not ask of you [any] payment, and they are [rightly] guided.
- 22) And why I should not worship He who created me and to whom you will be returned?
- 23) Should I take other than Him [false] deities [while], if the Most Merciful intends for me some adversity, their intercession will not avail me at all, nor can they save me?
- 24) Indeed, I would then be in manifest error.
- 25) Indeed, I have believed in your Lord, so listen to me."
- 26) It was said, "Enter Paradise."⁽¹¹⁷⁹⁾ He said, "I wish my people could know
- 27) Of how my Lord has forgiven me and placed me among the honored."

(1178) Your threat against us.

(1179) An abrupt transfer to the Hereafter conveys the meaning that the man met a violent death at the hands of the disbelievers and so was martyred for the cause of Allah.

- 28) And We did not send down upon his people after him any soldiers from the heaven, nor would We have done so.
- 29) It was not but one shout,⁽¹¹⁸⁰⁾ and immediately they were extinguished.
- 30) How regretful for the servants. There did not come to them any messenger except that they used to ridicule him.
- 31) Have they not considered how many generations We destroyed before them⁽¹¹⁸¹⁾ – that they to them will not return?
- 32) And indeed, all of them will yet be brought present before Us.
- 33) And a sign for them is the dead earth. We have brought it to life and brought forth from it grain, and from it they eat.
- 34) And We placed therein gardens of palm trees and grapevines and caused to burst forth therefrom some springs –
- 35) That they may eat of His fruit.⁽¹¹⁸²⁾ And their hands have not produced it,⁽¹¹⁸³⁾ so will they not be grateful?
- 36) Exalted is He who created all pairs⁽¹¹⁸⁴⁾ – from what the earth grows and from themselves and from that which they do not know.
- 37) And a sign for them is the night. We remove⁽¹¹⁸⁵⁾ from it [the light of] day, so they are [left] in darkness.
- 38) And the sun runs [on course] toward its stopping point. That is the determination of the Exalted in Might, the Knowing.
- 39) And the moon – We have determined for it phases, until it returns [appearing] like the old date stalk.
- 40) It is not allowable [i.e., possible] for the sun to reach the moon, nor does the night overtake the day, but each, in an orbit, is swimming.

(1180) From Gabriel or a blast from the sky.

(1181) i.e., to those living presently in the world.

(1182) i.e., that which Allah has produced for them.

(1183) An alternative meaning is “And [eat from] what their hands have produced [i.e., planted and harvested].” Both are grammatically correct.

(1184) Or “all species.”

(1185) Literally, “strip” or “peel.” Sunlight projected onto the earth is removed from it as the earth turns and night approaches.

- 41) And a sign for them is that We carried their forefathers⁽¹¹⁸⁶⁾ in a laden ship.
- 42) And We created for them from the likes of it that which they ride.
- 43) And if We should will, We could drown them; then no one responding to a cry would there be for them, nor would they be saved
- 44) Except as a mercy from Us and provision for a time.
- 45) But when it is said to them, "Beware of what is before you and what is behind you,"⁽¹¹⁸⁷⁾ perhaps you will receive mercy...."⁽¹¹⁸⁸⁾
- 46) And no sign comes to them from the signs of their Lord except that they are from it turned away.
- 47) And when it is said to them, "Spend from that which Allah has provided for you," those who disbelieve say to those who believe, "Should we feed one whom, if Allah had willed, He would have fed? You are not but in clear error."
- 48) And they say, "When is this promise, of you should be truthful?"
- 49) They do not await except one blast⁽¹¹⁸⁹⁾ which will seize them while they are disputing.
- 50) And they will not be able [to give] any instruction, nor to their people can they return.
- 51) And the Horn will be blown,⁽¹¹⁹⁰⁾ and at once from the graves to their Lord they will hasten.
- 52) They will say, "O woe to us! Who has raised us up from our sleeping place?" [The reply will be], "This is what the Most Merciful had promised, and the messengers told the truth."
- 53) It will not be but one blast, and at once they are all brought present before Us.

(1186) Usually meaning "descendants" or "offspring," the word "dhurriyyah" is used here to denote forefathers (their being the offspring of Noah), who were saved from the flood.

(1187) Of sins or of life in this world and the Hereafter.

(1188) The conclusion of this sentence is understood to be "...they ignored the warning."

(1189) Literally, "cry" or "shriek," meaning the first blast of the Horn which will strike dead every living thing on the earth without warning.

(1190) For the second time, signaling the Resurrection.

- 54) So today [i.e., the Day of Judgment] no soul will be wronged at all, and you will not be recompensed except for what you used to do.
- 55) Indeed the companions of Paradise, that Day, will be amused in [joyful] occupation –
- 56) They and their spouses – in shade, reclining on adorned couches.
- 57) For them therein is fruit, and for them is whatever they request [or wish]
- 58) [And] "Peace," a word from a Merciful Lord.
- 59) [The He will say], "But stand apart today, you criminals."⁽¹¹⁹¹⁾
- 60) Did I not enjoin upon you, O children of Adam, that you not worship Satan – [for] indeed, he is to you a clear enemy –
- 61) And that you worship [only] Me? This is a straight path.
- 62) And he had already led astray from among you much of creation, so did you not use reason?
- 63) This is the Hellfire which you were promised.
- 64) [Enter to] burn therein today for what you used to deny."⁽¹¹⁹²⁾
- 65) That Day, We will seal over their mouths, and their hands will speak to Us, and their feet will testify about what they used to earn.
- 66) And if We willed, We could have obliterated their eyes, and they would race to [find] the path, and how could they see?⁽¹¹⁹³⁾
- 67) And if We willed, We could have deformed them, [paralyzing them] in their places so they would not be able to proceed, nor could they return.⁽¹¹⁹⁴⁾
- 68) And he to whom We grant long life We reverse in creation;⁽¹¹⁹⁵⁾ so will they not understand?

(1191) i.e., remove yourself from the ranks of the believers to be distinguished from them.

(1192) Or "because you used to disbelieve."

(1193) Allah could have left man without means of guidance in the life of this world, although in His mercy He did not.

(1194) He (*subhanahu wa ta'ala*) could have prevented man from taking any action to benefit himself in this world or the Hereafter, yet He did not.

(1195) In his physical and mental capacity.

- 69) And We did not give him [i.e., Prophet Muhammad (ﷺ)], knowledge of poetry, nor is it befitting for him. It is not but a message and a clear Qur'an
- 70) To warn whoever is alive⁽¹¹⁹⁶⁾ and justify the word [i.e., decree] against the disbelievers.
- 71) Do they not see that We have created for them from what Our hands⁽¹¹⁹⁷⁾ have made, grazing livestock, and [then] they are their owners?
- 72) And We have tamed them for them, so some of them they ride, and some of them they eat.
- 73) And for them therein are [other] benefits and drinks, so will they not be grateful?
- 74) But they have taken besides Allah [false] deities that perhaps they would be helped.
- 75) They are not able to help them, and they [themselves] are for them soldiers in attendance.⁽¹¹⁹⁸⁾
- 76) So let not their speech grieve you. Indeed, We know what they conceal and what they declare.
- 77) Does man consider that We created him from a [mere] spermdrop – then at once⁽¹¹⁹⁹⁾ he is a clear adversary?
- 78) And he presents for Us an example⁽¹²⁰⁰⁾ and forgets his [own] creation. He says, "Who will give life to bones while they are disintegrated?"
- 79) Say, "He will give them life who produced them the first time; and He is, of all creation, Knowing."
- 80) [It is] He who made for you from the green tree, fire, and then from it you ignite.

(1196) In heart and mind, i.e., the believers.

(1197) See footnote to 2:19.

(1198) Maintaining and protecting their "gods." Another interpretation is that they (i.e., the gods) will be soldiers set against them in Hellfire.

(1199) i.e., as soon as he becomes self-sufficient.

(1200) Attempting to establish the finality of death.

- 81) Is not He who created the heavens and the earth Able to create the likes of them? Yes, [it is so]; and He is the Knowing Creator.
- 82) His command is only when He intends a thing that He says to it, "Be," and it is.
- 83) So exalted is He in whose hand is the realm of all things, and to Him you will be returned.

Saffat-37⁽¹²⁰¹⁾

In the name of Allah, the Entirely Merciful, the Especially Merciful

- 1) By those [angels] lined up in rows
- 2) And those who drive [the clouds] along
- 3) And those who recite the message,⁽¹²⁰²⁾
- 4) Indeed, your God is One,
- 5) Lord of the heavens and the earth and that between them and Lord of the sunrises.⁽¹²⁰³⁾
- 6) Indeed, We have adorned the nearest heaven with an adornment of stars
- 7) And as protection against every rebellious devil
- 8) [So] they may not listen to the exalted assembly [of angels] and are pelted from every side,⁽¹²⁰⁴⁾
- 9) Repelled; and for them is a constant punishment,
- 10) Except one who snatches [some words] by theft, but they are pursued by a burning flame, piercing [in brightness].
- 11) Then inquire of them, [O Muhammad], "Are they a stronger [or more difficult] creation or those [others] We have created?" Indeed, We created them [i.e., men] from sticky clay.
- 12) But you wonder, while they mock,
- 13) And when they are reminded, they remember not.
- 14) And when they see a sign, they ridicule
- 15) And say, "This is not but obvious magic.
- 16) When we have died and become dust and bones, are we indeed to be resurrected?
- 17) And our forefathers [as well]?"
- 18) Say, "Yes, and you will be [rendered] contemptible."

(1201) As-Saffat: Those Lined Up.

(1202) To the prophets or among themselves. Allah swears by these three kinds of angels to the fact mentioned in the following verse.

(1203) i.e., each point or place of sunrise.

(1204) By flaming meteors.

- 19) It will be only one shout, and at once they will be observing.
 20) They will say, "O woe to us! This is the Day of Recompense."
 21) [They will be told], "This is the Day of Judgment which you used to deny."
 22) [The angels will be ordered], "Gather those who committed wrong, their kinds,⁽¹²⁰⁵⁾ and what they used to worship
 23) Other than Allah, and guide them in the path of Hellfire
 24) And stop them; indeed, they are to be questioned."
 25) [They will be asked], "What is [wrong] with you? Why do you not help each other?"
 26) But they, that Day, are in surrender.
 27) And they will approach one another asking [i.e., blaming] each other.
 28) They will say, "Indeed, you used to come at us from the right."⁽¹²⁰⁶⁾
 29) They [i.e., the oppressors] will say, "Rather, you [yourselves] were not believers,
 30) And we had over you no authority, but you were a transgressing people.
 31) So the word [i.e., decree] of our Lord has come into effect upon us; indeed, we will taste [punishment].
 32) And we led you to deviation; indeed, we were deviators."
 33) So indeed they, that Day, will be sharing in the punishment.
 34) Indeed, that is how We deal with the criminals.
 35) Indeed they, when it was said to them, "There is no deity but Allah," were arrogant
 36) And were saying, "Are we to leave our gods for a mad poet?"
 37) Rather, he [i.e., the Prophet (ﷺ)] has come with the truth and confirmed the [previous] messengers.

(1205) Those similar to them in evil deeds. Another possible meaning is "their wives."

(1206) i.e., from our position of strength, oppressing us. Or from where we would have grasped the truth, preventing us.

- 38) Indeed, you [disbelievers] will be tasters of the painful punishment,
 39) And you will not be recompensed except for what you used to do –
 40) But not the chosen servants of Allah.
 41) Those will have a provision determined –
 42) Fruits;⁽¹²⁰⁷⁾ and they will be honored
 43) In gardens of pleasure
 44) On thrones facing one another.
 45) There will be circulated among them a cup [of wine] from a flowing spring,
 46) White and delicious to the drinkers;
 47) No bad effect is there in it, nor from it will they be intoxicated.
 48) And with them will be women limiting [their] glances,⁽¹²⁰⁸⁾ with large, [beautiful] eyes,
 49) As if they were [delicate] eggs, well-protected.
 50) And they will approach one another, inquiring of each other.
 51) A speaker among them will say, "Indeed, I had a companion [on earth]
 52) Who would say, 'Are you indeed of those who believe
 53) That when we have died and become dust and bones, we will indeed be recompensed?' "
 54) He will say,⁽¹²⁰⁹⁾ "Would you [care to] look?"
 55) And he will look and see him⁽¹²¹⁰⁾ in the midst of the Hellfire.
 56) He will say, "By Allah, you almost ruined me,
 57) If not for the favor of my Lord, I would have been of those brought in [to Hell].
 58) Then, are we not to die
 59) Except for our first death, and we will not be punished?"

(1207) Meaning everything delicious.

(1208) i.e., chaste and modest, looking only at their mates.

(1209) To his companions in Paradise.

(1210) The companion who had tried to dissuade him from belief on earth.

- 60) Indeed, this is the great attainment.
61) For the like of this let the workers [on earth] work.
62) Is that [i.e., Paradise] better as hospitality or the tree of zaqqum?
63) Indeed, We have made it a torment for the wrongdoers.
64) Indeed, it is a tree issuing from the bottom of the Hellfire,
65) Its emerging fruits as if it was heads of the devils.
66) And indeed, they will eat from it and fill with it their bellies.
67) Then indeed, they will have after it a mixture of scalding water.
68) Then indeed, their return will be to the Hellfire.
69) Indeed they found their fathers astray.
70) So they hastened [to follow] in their footsteps.
71) And there had already strayed before them most of the former peoples,
72) And We had already sent among them warners.
73) Then look how was the end of those who were warned –
74) But not the chosen servants of Allah.
75) And Noah had certainly called Us, and [We are] the best of responders.
76) And We saved him and his family from the great affliction.
77) And We made his descendants those remaining [on earth]
78) And left for him [favorable mention] among later generations:
79) "Peace upon Noah among the worlds."
80) Indeed, We thus reward the doers of good.
81) Indeed, he was of Our believing servants.
82) Then We drowned the others [i.e., disbelievers].
83) And indeed, among his kind was Abraham,
84) When he came to his Lord with a sound heart
85) [And] when he said to his father and his people, "What do you worship?
86) Is it falsehood [as] gods other than Allah you desire?
87) Then what is your thought about the Lord of the worlds?"
88) And he cast a look at the stars
89) And said, "Indeed, I am [about to be] ill."

- 90) So they turned away from him, departing.
- 91) Then he turned to their gods and said, "Do you not eat?"⁽¹²¹¹⁾
- 92) What is [wrong] with you that you do not speak?"
- 93) And he turned upon them a blow with [his] right hand.
- 94) Then they [i.e., the people] came toward him, hastening.
- 95) He said, "Do you worship what which you [yourselves] carve,
- 96) While Allah created you and that which you do?"
- 97) They said, "Construct for him a structure [i.e., furnace] and throw him into the burning fire."
- 98) And they intended for him a plan [i.e., harm], but We made them the most debased.
- 99) And [then] he said, "Indeed, I will go to [where I am ordered by] my Lord; He will guide me.
- 100) My Lord, grant me [a child] from among the righteous."
- 101) So We gave him good tidings of a forbearing boy.
- 102) And when he reached with him [the age of] exertion,⁽¹²¹²⁾ he said, "O my son, indeed I have seen in a dream that I [must] sacrifice you, so see what you think." He said, "O my father, do as you are commanded. You will find me, if Allah wills, of the steadfast."
- 103) And when they had both submitted⁽¹²¹³⁾ and he put him down upon his forehead,
- 104) We called to him, "O Abraham,
- 105) You have fulfilled the vision." Indeed, We thus reward the doers of good.
- 106) Indeed, this was the clear trial.
- 107) And We ransomed him with a great sacrifice,⁽¹²¹⁴⁾
- 108) And We left for him [favorable mention] among later generations:

(1211) Consume the offerings placed before them.

(1212) i.e., the ability to work and be of assistance.

(1213) To the command of Allah.

(1214) Allah sent a huge ram to be sacrificed in place of Ishmael.

- 109) "Peace upon Abraham."
- 110) Indeed, We thus reward the doers of good.
- 111) Indeed, he was of Our believing servants.
- 112) And We gave him good tidings of Isaac, a prophet from among the righteous.⁽¹²¹⁵⁾
- 113) And We blessed him and Isaac. But among their descendants is the doer of good and the clearly unjust to himself [i.e., sinner].
- 114) And We did certainly confer favor upon Moses and Aaron.
- 115) And We saved them and their people from the great affliction,
- 116) And We supported them so it was they who overcame.
- 117) And We gave them the explicit Scripture [i.e., the Torah],
- 118) And We guided them on the straight path.
- 119) And We left for them [favorable mention] among later generations:
- 120) "Peace upon Moses and Aaron."
- 121) Indeed, We thus reward the doers of good.
- 122) Indeed, they were of Our believing servants.
- 123) And indeed, Elias was from among the messengers,
- 124) When he said to his people, "Will you not fear Allah?
- 125) Do you call upon Ba'l⁽¹²¹⁶⁾ and leave the best of creators –
- 126) Allah, your Lord and the Lord of your first forefathers?"
- 127) And they denied him, so indeed, they will be brought [for punishment],
- 128) Except the chosen servants of Allah.
- 129) And We left for him [favorable mention] among later generations:
- 130) "Peace upon Elias."⁽¹²¹⁷⁾
- 131) Indeed, We thus reward the doers of good.
- 132) Indeed, he was Our believing servants.

(1215) This verifies that the firstborn son who was to be sacrificed was Ishmael and not Isaac, as claimed by the Jews and Christians.

(1216) The name of a great idol worshipped by the people and said to mean "lord."

(1217) *Ilyaseen* is said by some commentators to be a plural form, meaning "Elias and those who followed him."

- 133) And indeed, Lot was among the messengers.
 134) [So mention] when We saved him and his family, all,
 135) Except an old woman [i.e., his wife] among those who remained [with the evildoers].
 136) Then We destroyed the others.
 137) And indeed, you pass by them in the morning
 138) And at night. Then will you not use reason?
 139) And indeed, Jonah was among the messengers.
 140) [Mention] when he ran away to the laden ship.
 141) And he drew lots⁽¹²¹⁸⁾ and was among the losers.
 142) Then the fish swallowed him, while he was blameworthy.⁽¹²¹⁹⁾
 143) And had he not been of those who exalt Allah,
 144) He would have remained inside its belly until the Day they are resurrected.⁽¹²²⁰⁾
 145) But We threw him onto the open shore while he was ill.
 146) And We caused to grow over him a gourd vine.⁽¹²²¹⁾
 147) And We sent him⁽¹²²²⁾ to [his people of] a hundred thousand or more.
 148) And they believed, so We gave them enjoyment [of life] for a time.
 149) So inquire of them, [O Muhammad], "Does you Lord have daughters while they have sons?"⁽¹²²³⁾
 150) Or did We create the angels as females while they were witnesses?"
 151) Unquestionably, it is out of their [invented] falsehood that they say,

(1218) To determine who would be cast overboard in order to save the other passengers. Having been overloaded, the ship was on the verge of sinking.

(1219) For having given up hope on his people prematurely and having left them without permission from Allah.

(1220) Meaning that the belly of the fish would have become his grave.

(1221) Which is known to give cooling shade and to be a repellent of flies.

(1222) i.e., returned him thereafter.

(1223) The people of Makkah claimed that the angels were daughters of Allah, yet they preferred sons for themselves.

- 152) "Allah has begotten," and indeed, they are liars.
 153) Has He chosen daughters over sons?
 154) What is [wrong] with you? How do you make judgement?
 155) Then will you not be reminded?
 156) Or do you have a clear authority?
 157) Then produce your scripture, if you should be truthful.
 158) And they have made [i.e., claimed] between Him and the jinn a lineage, but the jinn have already known that they [who made such claims] will be brought to [punishment].
 159) Exalted is Allah above what they describe,
 160) Except the chosen servants of Allah [who do not share in that sin].
 161) So indeed, you [disbelievers] and whatever you worship,
 162) You cannot tempt [anyone] away from Him
 163) Except he who is to [enter and] burn in the Hellfire.⁽¹²²⁴⁾
 164) [The angels say],⁽¹²²⁵⁾ "There is not among us any except that he has a known position."⁽¹²²⁶⁾
 165) And indeed, we are those who line up [for prayer].
 166) And indeed, we are those who exalt Allah."
 167) And indeed, they [i.e., the disbelievers] used to say,⁽¹²²⁷⁾
 168) "If we had a message from [those of] the former peoples,
 169) We would have been the chosen servants of Allah."
 170) But they disbelieved in it,⁽¹²²⁸⁾ so they are going to know.
 171) And Our word [i.e., decree] has already preceded for Our servants, the messengers,
 172) [That] indeed, they would be those given victory
 173) And [that] indeed, Our soldiers [i.e., the believers] will be those who overcome."⁽¹²²⁹⁾

(1224) Due to his disbelief and evil deeds.

(1225) Refuting what the disbelievers had said about them.

(1226) For worship. Or "an assigned task" to perform.

(1227) Before the revelation of the Qur'an.

(1228) i.e., in their own message, the Qur'an.

(1229) If not in this world, then definitely in the Hereafter.

- 174) So, [O Muhammad], leave them for a time.
175) And see [what will befall] them, for they are going to see.
176) Then for Our punishment are they impatient?
177) But when it descends in their territory, then evil is the morning
of those who were warned.
178) And leave them for a time.
179) And see, for they are going to see.
180) Exalted is your Lord, the Lord of might, above what they
describe.
181) And peace upon the messengers.
182) And praise to Allah, Lord of the worlds.

Sad-38⁽¹²³⁰⁾

In the name of Allah, the Entirely Merciful, the Especially Merciful

- 1) Sad.⁽¹²³¹⁾ By the Qu'ran containing reminder...⁽¹²³²⁾
- 2) But those who disbelieve are in pride and dissension.
- 3) How many a generation have We destroyed before them, and they [then] called out; but it was not a time for escape.
- 4) And they wonder that there has come to them a warner [i.e., Prophet Muhammad] from among themselves. And the disbelievers say, "This is a magician and a liar.
- 5) Has he made the gods [only] one God? Indeed, this is a curious thing."
- 6) And the eminent among them went forth, [saying], "Continue, and be patient over the worship of] your gods. Indeed, this is a thing intended."⁽¹²³³⁾
- 7) We have not heard of this in the latest religion.⁽¹²³⁴⁾ This is not but a fabrication.
- 8) Has the message been revealed to him out of [all of] us?" Rather, they are in doubt about My message. Rather, they have not yet tasted My punishment.
- 9) Or do they have the depositories of the mercy of your Lord, the Exalted in might, the Bestower?
- 10) Or is theirs the dominion of the heavens and the earth and what is between them? Then let them ascend through [any] ways of access.⁽¹²³⁵⁾
- 11) [They are but] soldiers [who will be] defeated there among the companies [of disbelievers].

(1230) *Sad*: (the letter) *sad*.

(1231) See footnote to 2:1.

(1232) The completion of the oath is understood to be that the Qur'an is inimitable and thus a miracle from Allah.

(1233) Planned by the Prophet Muhammad (ﷺ) in order to gain influence and prestige for himself.

(1234) Referring to Christianity or possibly the pagan religion of the Quraysh.

(1235) To oversee the affairs of their dominion.

- 12) The people of Noah denied before them, and [the tribe of] 'Aad and Pharaoh, the owner of stakes,⁽¹²³⁶⁾
- 13) And [the tribe of] Thamud and the people of Lot and the companions of the thicket[i.e., people of Madyan]. Those are the companies.⁽¹²³⁷⁾
- 14) Each of them denied the messengers, so My penalty was justified.
- 15) And these[disbelievers] await not but one blast[of the Horn]; for it there will be no delay.⁽¹²³⁸⁾
- 16) And they say, "Our Lord, hasten for us our share [of the punishment] before the Day of Account"
- 17) Be patient over what they say and remember Our servant, David, the possessor of strength; indeed, he was one who repeatedly turned back [to Allah].
- 18) Indeed, We subjected the mountains [to praise] with him, exalting [Allah] in the [late] afternoon and [after] sunrise.
- 19) And the birds were assembled, all with him repeating [praises].
- 20) And We strengthened his kingdom and gave him wisdom and discernment in speech.
- 21) And has there come to you the news of the adversaries, when they climbed over the wall of[his] prayer chamber-
- 22) When they entered upon David and he was alarmed by them? They said, "Fear not. [We are] two adversaries, one of whom has wronged the other, so judge between us with truth and do not exceed [it] and guide us to the sound path.
- 23) Indeed this, my brother, has ninety-nine ewes, and I have one ewe; so he said, 'Entrust her to me,' and he overpowered me in speech."

(1236) By which he tortured people.

(1237) That were defeated, among whom will be the disbelievers of Quraysh and others.

(1238) Or "respite." More literally, "a period between two milkings of a she-camel," which also alludes to the meanings of "return" or "repetition."

- 24) [David] said, "He has certainly wronged you in demanding your ewe [in addition] to his ewes. And indeed, many associates oppress one another, except for those who believe and do righteous deeds- and few are they." And David became certain that We had tried him, and he asked forgiveness of his Lord⁽¹²³⁹⁾ and fell down bowing [in prostration] and turned in repentance [to Allah].
- 25) So We forgave him that; and indeed, for him is nearness to Us and a good place of return.
- 26) [We said], "O David, indeed We have made you a successor upon the earth, so judge between the people in truth and do not follow [your own] desire, as it will lead you astray from the way of Allah." Indeed, those who go astray from the way of Allah will have a severe punishment for having forgotten the Day of Account.
- 27) And We did not create the heaven and the earth and that between them aimlessly. That is the assumption of those who disbelieve, so woe to those who disbelieve from the Fire.
- 28) Or should we treat those who believe and do righteous deeds like corrupters in the land? Or should We treat those who fear Allah like the wicked?
- 29) [This is] a blessed Book which We have revealed to you. [O Muhammad], that they might reflect upon its verses and that those of understanding would be reminded.
- 30) And to David We gave Solomon. An excellent servant, indeed he was one who repeatedly turned back [to Allah].
- 31) [Mention] when there were exhibited before him in the afternoon the poised [standing] racehorses.
- 32) And he said, "Indeed, I gave preference to the love of good [things] over the remembrance of my Lord until it [i.e., the sun] disappeared into the curtain [of darkness]."

(1239) For his errors, such as fear and suspicion of the two men at the outset, any mistake in judgment he might have made, concealed feelings of partiality, etc.

- 33) [He said], "Return them to me,}" and set about striking⁽¹²⁴⁰⁾ [their] legs and necks.
- 34) And We certainly tried Solomon and placed on his throne a body,⁽¹²⁴¹⁾ then he returned.⁽¹²⁴²⁾
- 35) He said, "My Lord, forgive me and grant me a kingdom such as will not belong to anyone after me. Indeed, You are the Bestower."
- 36) So We subjected to him the wind blowing by his command, gently, wherever he directed.
- 37) And [also] the devils [of jinn] – every builder and diver.
- 38) And others bound together in shackles.
- 39) [We said], "This is Our gift, so grant or withhold without account."
- 40) And indeed, for him is nearness to Us and a good place of return.
- 41) And remember Our servant Job, when he called to his Lord, "Indeed, Satan has touched me with hardship and torment."
- 42) [So he was told], "Strike [the ground] with your foot; this is a [spring for] a cool bath and drink.
- 43) And We granted him his family and a like [number] with them as mercy from Us and a remainder for those of understanding.
- 44) [We said], "And take in your hand a bunch [of grass] and strike with it and do not break your oath."⁽¹²⁴³⁾ Indeed, We found him patient, an excellent servant. Indeed, he was one who repeatedly turned back [to Allah].
- 45) And remember Our servants, Abraham, Isaac and Jacob – those of strength and [religious] vision.
- 46) Indeed, We chose them for an exclusive quality: remembrance of the home [of the Hereafter}].

(1240) With his sword as expiation. Some commentaries have also suggested the meaning of "stroking" with the hand.

(1241) Said to be a devil or a lifeless body (one without capability), but Allah alone knows.

(1242) To sovereignty and to Allah in repentance.

(1243) At a point during his illness, Job became angry with his wife and swore that if he recovered, he would punish her with one hundred lashes. According to Allah's instruction, the oath was fulfilled by striking her once with one hundred blades of grass.

- 47) And indeed they are, to Us, among the chosen and outstanding.
- 48) And remember Ishmael, Elisha and Dhul-Kifl, and all are among the outstanding.
- 49) This is a reminder. And indeed, for the righteous is a good place of return –
- 50) Gardens of perpetual residence, whose doors will be opened to them.
- 51) Reclining within them, they will call therein for abundant fruit and drink.
- 52) And with them will be women limiting [their] glances⁽¹²⁴⁴⁾ and of equal age.
- 53) This is what you, [the righteous], are promised for the Day of Account.
- 54) Indeed, this is Our provision; for it there is no depletion.
- 55) This [is so]. But indeed, for the transgressors is an evil place of return-
- 56) Hell, which they will [enter to] burn, and wretched is the resting place.
- 57) This –so let them taste it – is scalding water and [foul] purulence.
- 58) And other [punishment] of its type [in various] kinds.
- 59) [Its inhabitants will say], "This is a company bursting in with you. No welcome for them. Indeed, they will burn in the Fire."
- 60) They will say, "Nor you! No welcome for you. You, [our leaders], brought this upon us, and wretched is the settlement."
- 61) They will say, "Our Lord, whoever brought this upon us – increase for him double punishment in the Fire."
- 62) And they will say, "Why do we not see men whom we used to count among the worst?⁽¹²⁴⁵⁾"
- 63) Is it [because] we took them in ridicule, or has [our] vision turned away from them?"
- 64) Indeed, that is truth [i.e., reality] – the quarreling of the people of the Fire.

(1244) To their mates alone.

(1245) They are referring to the believers.

- 65) Say, [O Muhammad], "I am only a warner, and there is not any deity except Allah, the One, the Prevailing.
- 66) Lord of the heavens and the earth and whatever is between them, the Exalted in Might, the Perpetual Forgiver."
- 67) Say, "It is great news
- 68) From which you turn away.
- 69) I had no knowledge of the exalted assembly [of angels] when they were disputing [the creation of Adam].
- 70) It has not been revealed to me except that I am a clear warner."
- 71) [So mention] when your Lord said to the angels, "Indeed, I am going to create a human being from clay.
- 72) So when I have proportioned him and breathed into him of My [created] soul,⁽¹²⁴⁶⁾ then fall down to him in prostration."
- 73) So the angels prostrated – all of them entirely.
- 74) Except Iblees;⁽¹²⁴⁷⁾ he was arrogant and became among the disbelievers.
- 75) [Allah] said, "O Iblees, what prevented you from prostrating to that which I created with My hands?⁽¹²⁴⁸⁾ Were you arrogant [then], or were you [already] among the haughty?"
- 76) He said, "I am better than him. You created me from fire and created him from clay."
- 77) [Allah] said, "Then get out of it [i.e., Paradise], for indeed, you are expelled.
- 78) And indeed, upon you is My curse until the Day of Recompense."
- 79) He said, "My Lord, then reprieve me until the Day they are resurrected."
- 80) [Allah] said, "So indeed, you are of those reprieved
- 81) Until the day of the time well-known."
- 82) [Iblees] said, "By your might, I will surely mislead them all
- 83) Except, among them, Your chosen servants."

(1246) See footnote to 15:29.

(1247) See footnote to 2:34.

(1248) See footnote to 2:19.

<i>Surah 38</i>	<i>S a d</i>	<i>Part 23</i>
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- 84) [Allah] said, "The truth [is my oath], and the truth [is what] I say –
- 85) [That] I will surely fill Hell with you and those of them that follow you all together."
- 86) Say, [O Muhammad], "I do not ask you for it [i.e., the Qur'an] any payment, and I am not of the pretentious
- 87) It is but a reminder to the worlds.
- 88) And you will surely know [the truth of] its information after a time."

Zumar-39⁽¹²⁴⁹⁾

In the name of Allah, the Entirely Merciful, the Especially Merciful

- 1) The revelation of the Book [i.e., the Qur'an] is from Allah, the Exalted in Might, the Wise.
- 2) Indeed, We have sent down to you the Book, [O Muhammad], in truth. So worship Allah, [being] sincere to Him in religion.
- 3) Unquestionably, for Allah is the pure religion.⁽¹²⁵⁰⁾ And those who take protectors besides Him [say], "We only worship them that they may bring us nearer to Allah in position." Indeed, Allah will judge between them concerning that over which they differ. Indeed, Allah does not guide he who is a liar and [confirmed] disbeliever.
- 4) If Allah had intended to take a son, He could have chosen from what He creates whatever He willed. Exalted is He; He is Allah, the One, the Prevailing.
- 5) He created the heavens and earth in truth. He wraps the night over the day and wraps the day over the night and has subjected the sun and the moon, each running [its course] for a specified term. Unquestionably, He is the Exalted in Might, the Perpetual Forgiver.
- 6) He created you from one soul. Then He made from it its mate, and He produced for you from the grazing livestock eight mates.⁽¹²⁵¹⁾ He creates you in the wombs of your mothers, creation after creation, within three darknesses.⁽¹²⁵²⁾ That is Allah, your Lord; to Him belongs dominion. There is no deity except Him, so how are you averted?
- 7) If you disbelieve – indeed, Allah is Free from need of you. And He does not approve for His servants disbelief. And if you are

⁽¹²⁴⁹⁾ Az-Zumar: The Groups.⁽¹²⁵⁰⁾ i.e., acceptable to Allah is that none be associated with Him in worship and obedience.⁽¹²⁵¹⁾ See 6:143-144.⁽¹²⁵²⁾ i.e., the belly, the womb and the amniotic membrane.

grateful, He approves [i.e., likes] it for you; and no bearer of burdens will bear the burden of another. Then to your Lord is your return, and He will inform you about what you used to do. Indeed, He is Knowing of that within the breasts.

- 8) And when adversity touches man, he calls upon his Lord, turning to Him [alone]; then when He bestows on him a favor from Himself, he forgets Him whom he called upon before,⁽¹²⁵³⁾ and he attributes to Allah equals to mislead [people] from His way. Say, "Enjoy your disbelief for a little; indeed, you are of the companions of the Fire."
- 9) Is one who is devoutly obedient during periods of the night, prostrating and standing [in prayer], fearing the Hereafter and hoping for the mercy of his Lord, [like one who does not]? Say, "Are those who know equal to those who do not know?" Only they will remember [who are] people of understanding.
- 10) Say,⁽¹²⁵⁴⁾ "O My servants who have believed, fear your Lord. For those who do good in this world is good, and the earth of Allah is spacious. Indeed, the patient will be given their reward without account [i.e., limit]."
- 11) Say, [O Muhammad], "Indeed, I have been commanded to worship Allah, [being] sincere to Him in religion."
- 12) And I have been commanded to be the first [among you] of the Muslims."
- 13) Say, "Indeed I fear, if I should disobey my Lord, the punishment of a tremendous Day."
- 14) Say, "Allah [alone] do I worship, sincere to Him in my religion,
- 15) So worship what you will besides Him." Say, "Indeed, the losers are the ones who will lose themselves and their families on the Day of Resurrection. Unquestionably, that is the manifest loss."

(1253) Or "that for which he called upon Him before."

(1254) The Prophet (ﷺ) is instructed to say on behalf of Allah to His believing servants.

- 16) They will have canopies [i.e., layers] of fire above them and below them, canopies. By that Allah threatens [i.e., warns] His servants. O My servants, then fear Me.
- 17) But those who have avoided taghut,⁽¹²⁵⁵⁾ lest they worship it, and turned back to Allah – for them are good tidings. So give good tidings to My servants
- 18) Who listen to speech and follow the best of it. Those are the ones Allah has guided, and those are people of understanding.
- 19) Then, is one who has deserved the decree of punishment [to be guided]? Then, can you save one who is in the Fire?
- 20) But those who have feared their Lord – for them are chambers,⁽¹²⁵⁶⁾ above them chambers built high, beneath which rivers flow. [This is] the promise of Allah. Allah does not fail in [His] promise.
- 21) Do you not see that Allah sends down rain from the sky and makes it flow as springs [and rivers] in the earth; then He produces thereby crops of varying colors; then they dry and you see them turned yellow; then He makes them [scattered] debris. Indeed in that is a reminder for those of understanding.
- 22) So is one whose breast Allah has expanded to [accept] Islam and he is upon [i.e., guided by] a light from his Lord [like one whose heart rejects it]? Then woe to those whose hearts are hardened against the remembrance of Allah. Those are in manifest error.
- 23) Allah has sent down the best statement: a consistent Book wherein is reiteration. The skins shiver therefrom of those who fear their Lord; then their skins and their hearts relax at the remembrance [i.e., mention] of Allah. That is the guidance of Allah by which He guides whom He wills. And one whom Allah leaves astray – for him there is no guide.

(1255) i.e., Satan or any false object of worship.

(1256) i.e., elevated rooms, dwellings or palaces.

- 24) Then is he who will shield with his face⁽¹²⁵⁷⁾ the worst of the punishment on the Day of Resurrection [like one secure from it]? And it will be said to the wrongdoers, "Taste what you used to earn."
- 25) Those before them denied, and punishment came upon them from where they did not perceive.
- 26) So Allah made them taste disgrace in worldly life. But the punishment of the Hereafter is greater, if they only knew.
- 27) And We have certainly presented for the people in this Qur'an from every [kind of] example – that they might remember.
- 28) [It is] an Arabic Qur'an, without any crookedness⁽¹²⁵⁸⁾ that they might become righteous.⁽¹²⁵⁹⁾
- 29) Allah presents an example: a man [i.e., slave] owned by quarreling partners and another belonging exclusively to one man – are they equal in comparison? Praise be to Allah! But most of them do not know.
- 30) Indeed, you are to die, and indeed, they are to die.
- 31) Then indeed you, on the Day of Resurrection, before your Lord, will dispute.
- 32) So who is more unjust than one who lies about Allah and denies the truth when it has come to him? Is there not in Hell a residence for the disbelievers?
- 33) And the one who has brought the truth [i.e., the Prophet] and [they who] believed in it – those are the righteous.
- 34) They will have whatever they desire with their Lord. That is the reward of the doers of good –
- 35) That Allah may remove from them the worst of what they did and reward them their due for the best of what they used to do.
- 36) Is not Allah sufficient for His Servant [i.e., Prophet Muhammad (ﷺ)]? And [yet], they threaten you with those [they worship]

(1257) Rather than his hands, which will be chained to his neck.

(1258) Deviation from the truth.

(1259) Through consciousness of Allah.

other than Him. And whoever Allah leaves astray – for him there is no guide.

- 37) And whoever Allah guides – for him there is no misleader. Is not Allah Exalted in Might and Owner of Retribution?
- 38) And if you asked them, "Who created the heavens and the earth?" they would surely say, "Allah." Say, "Then have you considered⁽¹²⁶⁰⁾ what you invoke besides Allah? If Allah intended me harm, are they removers of His harm; or if He intended me mercy, are they withholders of His mercy?" Say, "Sufficient for me is Allah; upon Him [alone] rely the [wise] reliers."
- 39) Say, "O my people, work according to your position, [for] indeed, I am working; and you are going to know
- 40) To whom will come a torment disgracing him and on whom will descend an enduring punishment."
- 41) Indeed, We sent down to you the Book for the people in truth. So whoever is guided – it is for [the benefit of] his soul; and whoever goes astray only goes astray to its detriment. And you are not a manager [i.e., authority] over them.
- 42) Allah takes the souls at the time of their death, and those that do not die [He takes] during their sleep. Then He keeps those for which He has decreed death and releases the others for a specified term. Indeed in that are signs for a people who give thought.
- 43) Or have they taken other than Allah as intercessors? Say, "Even though they do not possess [power over] anything, nor do they reason?"
- 44) Say, "To Allah belongs [the right to allow] intercession entirely. To Him belongs the dominion of the heavens and the earth. Then to Him you will be returned."

(1260) i.e., "Tell me about..."

- 45) And when Allah is mentioned alone, the hearts of those who do not believe in the Hereafter shrink with aversion, but when those [worshipped] other than Him are mentioned, immediately they rejoice.
- 46) Say, "O Allah, Creator of the heavens and the earth, Knower of the unseen and the witnessed, You will judge between your servants concerning that over which they used to differ."
- 47) And if those who did wrong had all that is in the earth entirely and the like of it with it, they would [attempt to] ransom themselves thereby from the worst of the punishment on the Day of Resurrection. And there will appear to them from Allah that which they had not taken into account.⁽¹²⁶¹⁾
- 48) And there will appear to them the evils they had earned, and they will be enveloped by what they used to ridicule.
- 49) And when adversity touches man, he calls upon Us; then when We bestow on him a favor from Us, he says, "I have only been given it because of [my] knowledge." Rather, it is a trial, but most of them do not know.
- 50) Those before them had already said it, but they were not availed by what they used to earn.
- 51) And the evil consequences of what they earned struck them. And those who have wronged of these [people] will be struck [i.e., afflicted] by the evil consequences of what they earned; and they will not cause failure.⁽¹²⁶²⁾
- 52) Do they not know that Allah extends provision for whom He wills and restricts [it]? Indeed in that are signs for a people who believe.
- 53) Say, "O My servants who have transgressed against themselves [by sinning], do not despair of the mercy of Allah. Indeed, Allah

(1261) Of His anger and punishment

(1262) i.e., prevent Allah from what He wills or escape from the punishment.

forgives all sins.⁽¹²⁶³⁾ Indeed, it is He who is the Forgiving, the Merciful."

- 54) And return [in repentance] to your Lord and submit to Him before the punishment comes upon you; then you will not be helped.
- 55) And follow the best of what was reveled to you from your Lord [i.e., the Qur'an] before the punishment comes upon you suddenly while you do not perceive,
- 56) Lest a soul should say,⁽¹²⁶⁴⁾ "Oh [how great is] my regret over what I neglected in regard to Allah and that I was among the mockers."
- 57) Or [lest] it say, "If only Allah had guided me, I would have been among the righteous."
- 58) Or [lest] it say when it sees the punishment, "If only I had another turn⁽¹²⁶⁵⁾ so I could be among the doers of good."
- 59) But yes, there had come to you My verses, but you denied them and were arrogant, and you were among the disbelievers.
- 60) And on the Day of Resurrection you will see those who lied about Allah [with] their faces blackened. Is there not in Hell a residence for the arrogant?
- 61) And Allah will save those who feared Him by their attainment;⁽¹²⁶⁶⁾ no evil will touch them, nor will they grieve.
- 62) Allah is the Creator of all things, and He is, over all things, Disposers of affairs.
- 63) To Him belong the keys of the heavens and the earth. And they who disbelieve in the verses of Allah – it is those who are the losers.
- 64) Say, [O Muhammad], "Is it other than Allah that you order me to worship, O ignorant ones?"

(1263) For those who repent and correct themselves.

(1264) On the Day of Resurrection.

(1265) At worldly life.

(1266) i.e., their success in the trials of worldly life and attainment of Paradise.

- 65) And it was already revealed to you and to those before you that if you should associate [anything] with Allah, your work would surely become worthless, and you would surely be among the losers."
- 66) Rather, worship [only] Allah and be among the grateful.
- 67) They have not appraised Allah with true appraisal,⁽¹²⁶⁷⁾ while the earth entirely will be [within] His grip⁽¹²⁶⁸⁾ on the Day of Resurrection, and the heavens will be folded in His right hand.⁽¹²⁶⁹⁾ Exalted is He and high above what they associate with Him.
- 68) And the Horn will be blown, and whoever is in the heavens and whoever is on the earth will fall dead except whom Allah wills. Then it will be blown again, and at once they will be standing, looking on.
- 69) And the earth will shine with the light of its Lord, and the record [of deeds] will be placed, and the prophets and the witnesses will be brought, and it will be judged between them in truth, and they will not be wronged.
- 70) And every soul will be fully compensated [for] what it did; and He is most knowing⁽¹²⁷⁰⁾ of what they do.
- 71) And those who disbelieved will be driven to Hell in groups until, when they reach it, its gates are opened and its keepers will say, "Did there not come to you messengers from yourselves, reciting to you the verses of your Lord and warning you of the meeting of this Day of yours?" They will say, "Yes, but the word [i.e., decree] of punishment has come into effect upon the disbelievers.
- 72) [To them] it will be said, "Enter the gates of Hell to abide eternally therein, and wretched is the residence of the arrogant."

(1267) i.e., appreciation of His attributes.

(1268) Literally, "no more than a handful of His."

(1269) See footnote to 2:19.

(1270) With no need for any record or witnesses, which are but means to establish proof to the soul itself in addition to its own knowledge of what it has done.

- 73) But those who feared their Lord will be driven to Paradise in groups until, when they reach it while its gates have been opened and its keepers say, "Peace be upon you; you have become pure; so enter it to abide eternally therein," [they will enter].⁽¹²⁷¹⁾
- 74) And they will say, "Praise to Allah, who has fulfilled for us His promise and made us inherit the earth [so] we may settle in Paradise wherever we will. And excellent is the reward of [righteous] workers."
- 75) And you will see the angles surrounding the Throne, exalting [Allah] with praise of their Lord. And it will be judged between them in truth, and it will be said, "[All] praise to Allah, Lord of the worlds."

(1271) In such honor and joy that is beyond description—thus, the omission of this conclusion in the Arabic text.

Ghafir-40⁽¹²⁷²⁾

In the name of Allah, the Entirely Merciful, the Especially Merciful

- 1) Ha, Meem.⁽¹²⁷³⁾
- 2) The revelation of the Book [i.e., the Qur'an] is from Allah, the Exalted in Might, the Knowing.
- 3) The forgiver of sin, acceptor of repentance, severe in punishment, owner of abundance. There is no deity except Him; to Him is the destination.
- 4) No one disputes concerning the signs of Allah except those who disbelieve, so be not deceived by their [uninhibited] movement throughout the land.
- 5) The people of Noah denied before them and the [disbelieving] factions after them, and every nation intended [a plot] for their messenger to seize him, and they disputed by [using] falsehood to [attempt to] invalidate thereby the truth. So I seized them, and how [terrible] was My penalty.
- 6) And thus has the word [i.e., decree] of your Lord come into effect upon those who disbelieved that they are companions of the Fire.
- 7) Those [angels] who carry the Throne and those around it exalt [Allah] with praise of their Lord and believe in Him and ask forgiveness for those who have believed, [saying], "Our Lord, You have encompassed all things in mercy and knowledge, so forgive those who have repented and followed Your way and protect them from the punishment of Hellfire.
- 8) Our Lord, and admit them to gardens of perpetual residence which You have promised them and whoever was righteous

(1272) *Ghafir*: The Forgiver, i.e., Allah (*subhanahu wa ta'ala*). This *surah* is also known as *al-Mu'min* (The Believer).

(1273) See footnote to 2:1.

among their fathers, their spouses and their offspring. Indeed, it is You who is the Exalted in Might, the Wise.

- 9) And protect them from the evil consequences [of their deeds]. And he whom You protect from evil consequences that Day – You will have given him mercy. And that is the great attainment."
- 10) Indeed, those who disbelieve will be addressed, "The hatred of Allah for you was [even] greater than your hatred of yourselves [this Day in Hell] when you were invited to faith, but you disbelieved [i.e., refused]."
- 11) They will say, "Our Lord, You made us lifeless twice and gave us life twice, and we have confessed our sins. So is there to an exit any way?"
- 12) [They will be told], "That is because, when Allah was called upon alone, you disbelieved; but if others were associated with Him, you believed. So the judgment is with Allah, the Most High, the Grand."
- 13) It is He who shows you His signs and sends down to you from the sky, provision. But none will remember except he who turns back [in repentance].
- 14) So invoke Allah, [being] sincere to Him in religion, although the disbelievers dislike it.
- 15) [He is] the Exalted above [all] degrees, Owner of the Throne; He places the inspiration of His command [i.e., revelation] upon whom He wills of His servants to warn of the Day of Meeting.
- 16) The Day they come forth nothing concerning them will be concealed from Allah. To whom belongs [all] sovereignty this Day? To Allah, the One, the Prevailing.
- 17) This Day every soul will be recompensed for what it earned. No injustice today! Indeed, Allah is swift in account.
- 18) And warn them, [O Muhammad], of the Approaching Day, when hearts are at the throats, filled [with distress]. For the

wrongdoers there will be no devoted friend and no intercessor [who is] obeyed.

- 19) He knows that which deceives the eyes and what the breasts conceal.
- 20) And Allah judges with truth, while those they invoke besides Him judge with nothing. Indeed, Allah – He is the Hearing, the Seeing.
- 21) Have they not traveled through the land and observed how was the end of those who were before them? They were greater than them in strength and in impression on the land, but Allah seized them for their sins. And they had not from Allah any protector.
- 22) That was because their messengers were coming to them with clear proofs, but they disbelieved, so Allah seized them. Indeed, He is Powerful and severe in punishment.
- 23) And We did certainly send Moses with Our signs and a clear authority
- 24) To Pharaoh, Haman and Qarun; but they said, "[He is] a magician and a liar."
- 25) And when he brought them the truth from Us, they said, "Kill the sons of those who have believed with him and keep their women alive." But the plan of the disbelievers is not except in error.
- 26) And Pharaoh said, "Let me kill Moses and let him call upon his Lord. Indeed, I fear that he will change your religion or that he will cause corruption⁽¹²⁷⁴⁾ in the land."
- 27) But Moses said, "Indeed, I have sought refuge in my Lord and your Lord from every arrogant one who does not believe in the Day of Account."
- 28) And a believing man from the family of Pharaoh who concealed his faith said, "Do you kill a man [merely] because he says, 'My Lord is Allah' while he was brought you clear proofs from your

(1274) i.e., dissension or civil strife.

Lord? And if he should be lying, then upon him is [the consequence of] his lie; but if he should be truthful, there will strike you some of what he promises you. Indeed, Allah does not guide one who is a transgressor and a liar.

- 29) O my people, sovereignty is yours today, [your being] dominant in the land. But who would protect us from the punishment of Allah if it came to us?" Pharaoh said, "I do not show you except what I see, and I do not guide you except to the way of right conduct."
- 30) And he who believed said, "O my people, indeed I fear for you [a fate] like the day of the companies⁽¹²⁷⁵⁾ –
- 31) Like the custom of the people of Noah and of 'Aad and Thamud and those after them. And Allah wants no injustice for [His] servants.
- 32) And O my people, indeed I fear for you the Day of Calling⁽¹²⁷⁶⁾
- 33) The Day you will turn your backs fleeing; there is not for you from Allah any protector. And whoever Allah leaves astray – there is not for him any guide.
- 34) And Joseph had already come to you before with clear proofs, but you remained in doubt of that which he brought to you, until when he died, you said, 'Never will Allah send a messenger after him.' Thus does Allah leave astray he who is a transgressor and skeptic."
- 35) Those who dispute concerning the signs of Allah without an authority having come to them – great is hatred [of them] in the sight of Allah and in the sight of those who have believed. Thus does Allah seal over every heart [belonging to] an arrogant tyrant.
- 36) And Pharaoh said, "O Haman, construct for me a tower that I might reach the ways⁽¹²⁷⁷⁾ –
- 37) The ways into the heavens – so that I may look at the deity of Moses; but indeed, I think he is a liar." And thus was made

(1275) i.e., the days on which Allah sent His punishment upon those who rejected their prophets in former times.

(1276) i.e., the Day of Judgment, when the criminals will cry out in terror, the people will call to each other (see 7:44-51), and the angels will call out the results of each person's judgment.

(1277) Means of ascent, pathways.

attractive to Pharaoh the evil of his deed, and he was averted from the [right] way. And the plan of Pharaoh was not except in ruin.

- 38) And he who believed said, "O my people, follow me, I will guide you to the way of right conduct.
- 39) O my people, this worldly life is only [temporary] enjoyment, and indeed, the Hereafter – that is the home of [permanent] settlement.
- 40) Whoever does an evil deed will not be recompensed except by the like thereof; but whoever does righteousness, whether male or female, while he is a believer – those will enter Paradise, being given provision therein without account.
- 41) And O my people, how is it that I invite you to salvation while you invite me to the Fire?
- 42) You invite me to disbelieve in Allah and associate with Him that of which I have no knowledge, and I invite you to the Exalted in Might, the Perpetual Forgiver.
- 43) Assuredly, that to which you invite me has no [response to a] supplication in this world or in the Hereafter; and indeed, our return is to Allah, and indeed, the transgressors will be companions of the Fire.
- 44) And you will remember what I [now] say to you, and I entrust my affair to Allah. Indeed, Allah is Seeing of [His] servants."
- 45) So Allah protected him from the evils they plotted, and the people of Pharaoh were enveloped by the worst of punishment –
- 46) 46. The Fire, they are exposed to it morning and evening.⁽¹²⁷⁸⁾ And the Day the Hour appears [it will be said], "Make the people of Pharaoh enter the severest punishment."
- 47) And [mention] when they will argue within the Fire, and the weak will say to those who had been arrogant, "Indeed, we were [only] your followers, so will you relieve us of a share of the Fire?"
- 48) Those who had been arrogant will say, "Indeed, all [of us] are in it. Indeed, Allah has judged between the servants."

(1278) From the time of their death until the Day of Resurrection, when they will be driven into it.

- 49) And those in the Fire will say to the keepers of Hell, "Supplicate your Lord to lighten for us a day from the punishment."
- 50) They will say, "Did there not come to you your messengers with clear proofs?" They will say, "Yes." They will reply, "Then supplicate [yourselves], but the supplication of the disbelievers is not except in error [i.e., futility]."
- 51) Indeed, We will support Our messengers and those who believe during the life of this world and on the Day when the witnesses will stand –
- 52) The Day their excuse will not benefit the wrongdoers, and they will have the curse, and they will have the worst home [i.e., Hell].
- 53) And We had certainly given Moses guidance, and We caused the Children of Israel to inherit the Scripture
- 54) As guidance and a reminder for those of understanding.
- 55) So be patient, [O Muhammad]. Indeed, the promise of Allah is truth. And ask forgiveness for your sin⁽¹²⁷⁹⁾ and exalt [Allah] with praise of your Lord in the evening and the morning.
- 56) Indeed, those who dispute concerning the signs of Allah without [any] authority having come to them – there is not within their breasts except pride, [the extent of] which they cannot reach. So seek refuge in Allah. Indeed, it is He who is the Hearing, the Seeing.
- 57) The creation of the heavens and earth is greater than the creation of mankind, but most of the people do not know.
- 58) And not equal are the blind and the seeing, nor are those who believe and do righteous deeds and the evildoer. Little do you remember.
- 59) Indeed, the Hour is coming – no doubt about it – but most of the people do not believe.
- 60) And your Lord says, "Call upon Me; I will respond to you." Indeed, those who disdain My worship will enter Hell [rendered] contemptible.

(1279) What is intended is "fault" or "error" in judgment, since all prophets were protected by Allah from falling into sin. The implication is that all believers should seek forgiveness for their sins.

- 61) It is Allah who made for you the night that you may rest therein and the day giving sight.⁽¹²⁸⁰⁾ Indeed, Allah is full of bounty to the people, but most of the people are not grateful.
- 62) That is Allah, your Lord, Creator of all things; there is no deity except Him, so how are you deluded?
- 63) Thus were those [before you] deluded who were rejecting the signs of Allah.
- 64) It is Allah who made for you the earth a place of settlement and the sky structure [i.e., ceiling] and formed you and perfected your forms and provided you with good things. That is Allah, your Lord; then blessed is Allah, Lord of the worlds.
- 65) He is the Ever-Living; there is no deity except Him, so call upon Him, [being] sincere to Him in religion. [All] praise is [due] to Allah, Lord of the worlds.
- 66) Say, [O Muhammad], "Indeed, I have been forbidden to worship those you call upon besides Allah once the clear proofs have come to me from my Lord, and I have been commanded to submit to the Lord of the worlds.
- 67) It is He who created you from dust, then from a sperm-drop, then from a clinging clot; then He brings you out as a child; then [He develops you] that you reach your [time of] maturity, then [further] that you become elders. And among you is he who is taken in death before [that], so that you reach a specified term;⁽¹²⁸¹⁾ and perhaps you will use reason.
- 68) He it is who gives life and causes death; and when He decrees a matter, He but says to it, "Be," and it is.
- 69) Do you not consider those who dispute concerning the signs of Allah – how are they averted?
- 70) Those who deny the Book [i.e., the Qur'an] and that with which We sent Our messengers – they are going to know,

(1280) i.e., making things visible.

(1281) The time decreed for your death.

- 71) When the shackles are around their necks and the chains; they will be dragged
- 72) In boiling water; then in the Fire they will be filled [with flame].
- 73) Then it will be said to them, "Where is that which you used to associate [with Him in worship]
- 74) Other than Allah?" They will say, "They have departed from us; rather, we did not used to invoke previously anything." Thus does Allah put astray the disbelievers.
- 75) [The angels will say], "That was because you used to exult upon the earth without right and you used to behave insolently.
- 76) Enter the gates of Hell to abide eternally therein, and wretched is the residence of the arrogant."
- 77) So be patient, [O Muhammad]; indeed, the promise of Allah is truth. And whether We show you some of what We have promised them or We take you in death, it is to Us they will be returned.
- 78) And We have already sent messengers before you. Among them are those [whose stories] We have related to you, and among them are those [whose stories] We have not related to you. And it was not for any messenger to bring a sign [or verse] except by permission of Allah. So when the command of Allah comes, it will be concluded [i.e., judged] in truth, and the falsifiers will thereupon lose [all].
- 79) It is Allah who made for you the grazing animals upon which you ride, and some of them you eat.
- 80) And for you therein are [other] benefits and that you may realize upon them a need which is in your breasts;⁽¹²⁸²⁾ and upon them and upon ships you are carried.
- 81) And He shows you His signs. So which of the signs of Allah do you deny?
- 82) Have they not traveled through the land and observed how was the end of those before them? They were more numerous than

(1282) i.e., that you may use the animals to carry your loads to distant places, according to need.

themselves and greater in strength and in impression on the land, but they were not availed by what they used to earn.

83) And when their messengers came to them with clear proofs, they [merely] rejoiced in what they had of knowledge, but they were enveloped by what they used to ridicule.

84) And when they saw Our punishment, they said," We believe in Allah alone and disbelieve in that which we used to associate with Him."

85) But never did their faith benefit them once they saw Our punishment. [It is] the established way of Allah which has preceded among His servants. And the disbelievers thereupon lost [all].

Fussilat-41⁽¹²⁸³⁾

In the name of Allah, the Entirely Merciful, the Especially Merciful

- 1) Ha,Meem.⁽¹²⁸⁴⁾
- 2) [This is] a revelation from the Entirely Merciful, the Especially Merciful –
- 3) A Book whose verses have been detailed, an Arabic Qu'ran⁽¹²⁸⁵⁾ for a people who know,
- 4) As a giver of good tidings and a warner; but most of them turn away, so they do not hear.
- 5) And they say, "Our hearts are within coverings [i.e., screened] from that to which you invite us, and in our ears is deafness, and between us and you is a partition, so work;⁽¹²⁸⁶⁾ indeed, we are working."
- 6) Say, O Muhammad, "I am only a man like you to whom it has been revealed that your god is but one God; so take a straight course to Him and seek His forgiveness." And woe to those who associate others with Allah –
- 7) Those who do not give zakah, and in the Hereafter they are disbelievers.
- 8) Indeed, those who believe and do righteous deeds – for them is a reward uninterrupted.
- 9) Say, "Do you indeed disbelieve in He who created the earth in two days and attribute to Him equals? That is the Lord of the worlds."
- 10) And He placed on it [i.e., the earth] firmly set mountains over its surface, and He blessed it and determined therein its [creatures']

(1283) *Fussilat*: They (i.e., Allah's verses) Have Been Detailed or Presented in Detail. The *surah* is also referred to as *Ha Meem as-Sajdah*.

(1284) See footnote to 2:1.

(1285) i.e., revealed in the Arabic language.

(1286) For your own religion or work against us.

sustenance in four days without distinction⁽¹²⁸⁷⁾ – for [the information] of those who ask.

- 11) Then He directed Himself⁽¹²⁸⁸⁾ to the heaven while it was smoke and said to it and to the earth, "Come [into being],⁽¹²⁸⁹⁾ willingly or by compulsion." They said, "We have come willingly"
- 12) And He completed them as seven heavens within two days and inspired [i.e., made known] in each heaven its command. And We adorned the nearest heaven with lamps [i.e., stars, for beauty] and as protection.⁽¹²⁹⁰⁾ That is the determination of the Exalted in Might, the Knowing.
- 13) But if they turn away, then say, "I have warned you of a thunderbolt [that struck] 'Aad and Thamud.
- 14) [That occurred] when the messengers had come to them and after them, [saying], "Worship not except Allah." They said, "If our Lord had willed,⁽¹²⁹¹⁾ He would have sent down the angels, so indeed we, in that with which you have been sent, are disbelievers. "
- 15) As for 'Aad, they were arrogant upon the earth without right and said, "Who is greater than us in strength?" Did they not consider that Allah who created them was greater than them in strength? But they were rejecting Our signs.
- 16) So We sent upon them a screaming wind during days of misfortune to make them taste the punishment of disgrace in the worldly life; but the punishment of the Hereafter is more disgracing, and they will not be helped.
- 17) And as for Thamud, We guided them, but they preferred blindness over guidance, so the thunderbolt of humiliating punishment seized them for what they used to earn.
- 18) And We saved those who believed and used to fear Allah.

(1287) Also "four equal days" or "four days of completion."

(1288) See footnote to 2:19.

(1289) Literally, "become" or "do [as commanded]."

(1290) From the devils who attempt to steal information from the angels.

(1291) To send messengers.

- 19) And [mention, O Muhammad], the Day when the enemies of Allah will be gathered to the Fire while they are [driven] assembled in rows,
- 20) Until, when they reach it, their hearing and their eyes and their skins will testify against them of what they used to do.
- 21) And they will say to their skins, "Why have you testified against us?" They will say, "We were made to speak by Allah, who has made everything speak; and He created you the first time, and to Him you are returned.
- 22) And you were not covering [i.e., protecting] yourselves,⁽¹²⁹²⁾ lest your hearing testify against you or your sight or your skins, but you assumed that Allah does not know much of what you do.
- 23) And that was your assumption which you assumed about your Lord. It has brought you to ruin, and you have become among the losers."
- 24) So [even] if they are patient, the Fire is a residence for them; and if they ask to appease [Allah], they will not be of those who are allowed to appease.
- 25) And We appointed for them companions⁽¹²⁹³⁾ who made attractive to them what was before them and what was behind them [of sin], and the word [i.e., decree] has come into effect upon them among nations which had passed on before them of jinn and men. Indeed, they [all] were losers.
- 26) And those who disbelieve say, "Do not listen to this Qu'ran and speak noisily⁽¹²⁹⁴⁾ during [the recitation of] it that perhaps you will overcome."
- 27) But We will surely cause those who disbelieve to taste a severe punishment, and We will surely recompense them for the worst of what they had been doing.

(1292) With righteousness or by fearing Allah.

(1293) In this world among the evil *jinn* and men.

(1294) Other meanings include "speak improperly" and/or "make a clamor." The purpose of this was to prevent the hearing or understanding of the Qur'an.

- 28) That is the recompense of the enemies of Allah – the Fire. For them therein is the home of eternity as recompense for what they, of Our verses, were rejecting.
- 29) And those who disbelieved will [then] say, "Our Lord, show us those who misled us of the jinn and men [so] we may put them under our feet⁽¹²⁹⁵⁾ that they will be among the lowest."
- 30) Indeed, those who have said, "Our Lord is Allah" and then remained on a right course – the angels will descend upon them [saying], "Do not fear and do not grieve but receive good tidings of Paradise, which you were promised.
- 31) We [angels] were your allies in worldly life and [are so] in the Hereafter. And you will have therein whatever your souls desire, and you will have therein whatever you request [or wish]
- 32) As hospitality from [He who is] Forgiving and Merciful."
- 33) And who is better in speech than one who invites to Allah and does righteousness and says, "Indeed, I am of the Muslims."
- 34) And not equal are the good deed and the bad. Repel [evil] by that [deed] which is better; and thereupon the one whom between you and him is enmity [will become] as though he was a devoted friend.
- 35) But none is granted it except those who are patient, and none is granted it except one having a great portion [of good].
- 36) And if there comes to you from Satan an evil suggestion, then seek refuge in Allah. Indeed, He is the Hearing, the Knowing.
- 37) And of His signs are the night and day and the sun and moon. Do not prostrate to the sun or to the moon, but prostrate to Allah, who created them, if it should be Him that you worship.⁽¹²⁹⁶⁾
- 38) But if they are arrogant – then those who are near your Lord [i.e., the angels] exalt Him by night and by day, and they do not become weary.

(1295) In the lowest depths of Hell. Or "that we may step on them" in revenge.

(1296) i.e., do not worship Allah through His creation but worship Him directly and exclusively.

- 39) And of His signs is that you see the earth stilled, but when We send down upon it rain, it quivers and grows. Indeed, He who has given it life is the Giver of Life to the dead. Indeed, He is over all things competent.
- 40) Indeed, those who inject deviation into Our verses⁽¹²⁹⁷⁾ are not concealed from Us. So, is he who is cast into the Fire better or he who comes secure on the Day of Resurrection? Do whatever you will; indeed, He is Seeing of what you do.
- 41) Indeed, those who disbelieve in the message [i.e., the Qu'ran]⁽¹²⁹⁸⁾ after it has come to them....⁽¹²⁹⁹⁾ And indeed, it is a mighty⁽¹³⁰⁰⁾ Book.
- 42) Falsehood cannot approach it from before it or from behind it; [it is] a revelation from [He who is] Wise and Praiseworthy.
- 43) Nothing is said to you, [O Muhammad], except what was already said to the messengers before you. Indeed, your Lord is a possessor of forgiveness and a possessor of painful penalty.
- 44) And if We had made it a foreign [i.e., non-Arabic] Qu'ran, they would have said, ""Why are its verses not explained in detail [in our language]? Is it a foreign [recitation] and an Arab [messenger]?" Say, "It is, for those who believe, a guidance and cure." And those who do not believe – in their ears is deafness, and it is upon them blindness. Those are being called from a distant place.⁽¹³⁰¹⁾
- 45) And We had already given Moses the Scripture, but it came under disagreement.⁽¹³⁰²⁾ And if not for a word [i.e., decree]⁽¹³⁰³⁾ that preceded from your Lord, it would have been concluded between them. And indeed they are, concerning it [i.e., the Qu'ran], in disquieting doubt.

(1297) Through deviant recitations or interpretations.

(1298) i.e., reject it or prefer deviant interpretation.

(1299) The conclusion is understood to be "...will have earned an indescribable punishment."

(1300) Inimitable, resistant to attack, protected by Allah.

(1301) For all practical purposes, since they neither hear nor understand.

(1302) An alternative meaning is "he was opposed over it."

(1303) See footnote to 10:19.

- 46) Whoever does righteousness – it is for his [own] soul; and whoever does evil [does so] against it. And your Lord is not unjust to [His] servants.
- 47) To him [alone] is attributed knowledge of the Hour. And fruits emerge not from their coverings nor does a female conceive or give birth except with His knowledge. And the Day He will call to them, "Where are My 'partners?'" they will say, "We announce to You that there is [no longer] among us any witness [to that]."
- 48) And lost from them will be those they were invoking before, and they will be certain that they have no place of escape.
- 49) Man is not weary of supplication for good [things], but if evil touches him, he is hopeless and despairing.
- 50) And if We let him taste mercy from Us after an adversity which has touched him, he will surely say, "This is [due] to me,"⁽¹³⁰⁴⁾ and I do not think the Hour will occur; and [even] if I should be returned to my Lord, indeed, for me there will be with Him the best." But We will surely inform those who disbelieved about what they did, and We will surely make them taste a massive punishment.
- 51) And when We bestow favor upon man, he turns away and distances himself; but when evil touches him, then he is full of extensive supplication.
- 52) Say, "Have you considered: if it [i.e., the Qu'ran] is from Allah and you disbelieved in it, who would be more astray than one who is in extreme dissension?"
- 53) We will show them our signs in the horizons and within themselves until it becomes clear to them that it is the truth.⁽¹³⁰⁵⁾ But is it not sufficient concerning your Lord that He is, over all things, a Witness?
- 54) Unquestionably, they are in doubt about the meeting with their Lord. Unquestionably He is, of all things, encompassing.

(1304) Because of my effort, knowledge, excellence, etc.

(1305) Or "that He (*subhanahu wa ta'ala*) is the Truth.

Shura-42⁽¹³⁰⁶⁾

In the name of Allah, the Entirely Merciful, the Especially Merciful

- 1) Ha, Meem.
- 2) 'Ayn, Seen Qaf.⁽¹³⁰⁷⁾
- 3) Thus has He revealed to you, [O Muhammad], and to those before you – Allah, the Exalted in Might, the Wise.
- 4) To Him belongs whatever is in the heavens and whatever is in the earth, and He is the Most High, the Most Great.
- 5) The heavens almost break up from above,⁽¹³⁰⁸⁾ and the angels exalt [Allah] with praise of their Lord and ask forgiveness for those on earth. Unquestionably, it is Allah who is the Forgiving, the Merciful.
- 6) And those who take as allies other than Him – Allah is [yet] Guardian over them; and you, [O Muhammad], are not over them a manager.
- 7) And thus We have revealed to you an Arabic Qu'ran that you may warn the Mother of Cities [i.e., Makkah] and those around it⁽¹³⁰⁹⁾ and warn of the Day of Assembly, about which there is no doubt. A party will be in Paradise and a party in the Blaze.
- 8) And if Allah willed, He could have made them [of] one religion, but He admits whom He wills⁽¹³¹⁰⁾ into His mercy. And the wrongdoers have not any protector or helper.
- 9) Or have they taken protectors [or allies] besides him? But Allah He is the Protector and He gives life to the dead, and He is over all things competent.

(1306) *Ash-Shura*: Consultation

(1307) See footnote to 2:1

(1308) i.e., from the grandeur of Allah (*subhanahu wa ta'ala*) above them.

(1309) i.e., all other peoples.

(1310) i.e., those who desire His guidance and His acceptance of them.

- 10) And in anything over which you disagree – its ruling is [to be referred] to Allah. [Say], "That is Allah, my Lord; upon Him I have relied, and to Him I turn back."⁽¹³¹¹⁾
- 11) [He is] Creator of the heavens and the earth. He has made for you from yourselves, mates, and among the cattle, mates; He multiplies you thereby. There is nothing like unto Him,⁽¹³¹²⁾ and He is the Hearing and the Seeing.
- 12) To Him belong the keys of the heavens and the earth. He extends provision for whom He wills and restricts [it]. Indeed He is, of all things, Knowing.
- 13) He has ordained for you of religion what He enjoined upon Noah and that which He have revealed to you, [O Muhammad], and what We enjoined upon Abraham and Moses and Jesus – to establish the religion and not be divided therein. Difficult for those who associate others with Allah is that to which you invite them. Allah chooses for Himself whom He wills and guides to Himself whoever turns back [to Him].
- 14) And they did not become divided until after knowledge had come to them – out of jealous animosity between themselves. And if not for a word⁽¹³¹³⁾ that preceded from your Lord [postponing the penalty] until a specified time, it would have been concluded between them. And indeed, those who were granted inheritance of the Scripture after them are, concerning it, in disquieting doubt.
- 15) So to that [religion of Allah] invite, [O Muhammad],⁽¹³¹⁴⁾ and remain on a right course as you are commanded and do not follow their inclinations but say, "I have believed in what Allah has revealed of Scripture [i.e., the Qu'ran], and I have been

(1311) In remembrance and repentance.

(1312) There is no similarity whatsoever between the Creator and His creation in essence, in attributes or in deed.

(1313) Decree. See footnote to 10:19.

(1314) Another meaning understood from the Arabic is "So because of that [division and separation into sects], invite [them back to Allah]..."

commanded to do justice among you. Allah is our Lord and your Lord. For us are our deeds, and for you your deeds.⁽¹³¹⁵⁾ There is no [need for] argument between us and you.⁽¹³¹⁶⁾ Allah will bring us together, and to Him is the [final] destination.

- 16) And those who argue concerning Allah after He has been responded to⁽¹³¹⁷⁾ – their argument is invalid with their Lord, and upon them is [His] wrath, and for them is a severe punishment.
- 17) It is Allah who has sent down the Book in truth and [also] the balance [i.e., justice]. And what will make you perceive? Perhaps the Hour is near.
- 18) Those who do not believe in it are impatient for it,⁽¹³¹⁸⁾ but those who believe are fearful of it and know that it is the truth. Unquestionably, those who dispute concerning the Hour are in extreme error.
- 19) Allah is Subtle [i.e., gentle] with His servants; He gives provisions to whom He wills. And He is the Powerful, the Exalted in Might.
- 20) Whoever desires the harvest of the Hereafter – We increase for him in his harvest [i.e., servant]. And whoever desires the harvest [i.e., benefits] of this world – We give him thereof, but there is not for him in the Hereafter any share.
- 21) Or have they partners [i.e., other deities] who have ordained for them a religion to which Allah has not consented? But if not for the decisive word,⁽¹³¹⁹⁾ it would have been concluded between them. And indeed, the wrongdoers will have a painful punishment.

(1315) i.e., the consequences thereof.

(1316) Since the truth has been made clear and since those who refuse it do so only out of stubbornness or worldly interests.

(1317) i.e., after people have accepted the truth from Allah, in an attempt to turn the believers away from His religion of Islam.

(1318) They had challenged the Prophet (ﷺ) to bring it on immediately.

(1319) Decree. See footnote to 10:19.

- 22) You will see the wrongdoers fearful of what they have earned, and it will [certainly] befall them. And those who have believed and done righteous deeds will be in lush regions of the gardens [in Paradise] having whatever they will in the presence of their Lord. That is what is the great bounty.
- 23) It is that of which Allah gives good tidings to His servants who believe and do righteous deeds. Say, [O Muhammad], "I do not ask you for it [i.e., this message] any payment [but] only good will through [i.e., due to] kinship." And whoever commits a good deed – We will increase for him good therein. Indeed, Allah is Forgiving and Appreciative.
- 24) Or do they say, "He has invented about Allah a lie"? But if Allah willed, He could seal over your heart.⁽¹³²⁰⁾ And Allah eliminates falsehood and establishes the truth by his words. Indeed, He is Knowing of that within the breasts.
- 25) And it is He who accepts repentance from his servants and pardons misdeeds, and He knows what you do.
- 26) And He answers [the supplication of] those who have believed and done righteous deeds and increases [for] them from His bounty. But the disbelievers will have a severe punishment.
- 27) And if Allah had extended [excessively] provision for His servants, they would have committed tyranny throughout the earth. But He sends [it] down in an amount which He wills. Indeed He is, of His servants, Acquainted and Seeing.
- 28) And it is He who sends down the rain after they had despaired and spreads His mercy. And He is the Protector, the Praiseworthy.
- 29) And of his signs is the creation of the heavens and earth and what He has dispersed throughout them of creatures. And He, for gathering them when He wills, is competent.

(1320) i.e., He could make you forget the Qur'an and deprive you of it.

- 30) And whatever strikes you of disaster – it is for what your hands have earned; but He pardons much.
- 31) And you will not cause failure [to Allah]⁽¹³²¹⁾ upon the earth. And you have bot besides Allah any protector or helper.
- 32) And of His signs are the ships in the sea, like mountains.
- 33) If He willed, He could still the wind and they would remain motionless on its surface. Indeed in that are signs for everyone patient and grateful.
- 34) Or He could destroy them⁽¹³²²⁾ for what they earned; but He pardons much.
- 35) And [that is so] those who dispute concerning Our signs may know that for them there is no place of escape.
- 36) So whatever thing you have been given- it is but [for] enjoyment of the worldly life. But what is with Allah is better and more lasting for those who have believed and upon their Lord rely.
- 37) And those who avoid the major sins and immoralities, and when they are angry, they forgive,
- 38) And those who have responded to their lord and established prayer and whose affair is [determined by] consultation among themselves, and from what We have provided them, they spend.
- 39) And those who, when tyranny strikes them, they defend themselves.⁽¹³²³⁾
- 40) And the retribution for an evil act is an evil one like it, but whoever pardons and makes reconciliation – his reward is [due] from Allah. Indeed, He does not like the wrongdoers.
- 41) And whoever avenges himself after having been wronged – those have not upon them any cause [for blame].
- 42) The cause is only against the ones who wrong the people and tyrannize upon the earth without right. Those will have a painful punishment.

(1321) i.e., escape from Him.

(1322) Meaning that Allah could sink the ships by means of violent winds.

(1323) Or avenge themselves in a just manner, restoring their rights and not allowing aggressors to take advantage of them out of weakness.

- 43) And whoever is patient and forgives – indeed, that is, of the matters [requiring] determination.⁽¹³²⁴⁾
- 44) And he whom Allah sends astray – for him there is no protector beyond Him. And you will see the wrongdoers, when they see the punishment, saying, "Is there for return [to the former world] any way?"
- 45) And you will see them being exposed to it [i.e., the Fire], humbled from humiliation, looking from [behind] a covert glance. And those who had believed will say, "Indeed, the [true] losers are the ones who lost themselves and their families on the Day of Resurrection. Unquestionably, the wrongdoers are in an enduring punishment."
- 46) And there will not be for them any allies to aid them other than Allah. And whoever Allah sends astray-for him there is no way.
- 47) Respond to your Lord before a Day comes from Allah of which there is no repelling. No refuge will you have that day, nor for you will there be any denial.⁽¹³²⁵⁾
- 48) But if they turn away – then We have not sent you, [O Muhammad], over them as a guardian; upon you is only [the duty of] notification. And indeed, when We let the man taste mercy from us, he rejoices in it; but if evil afflicts him for what his hands have put forth, then indeed, man is ungrateful.
- 49) To Allah belongs the dominion of the heavens and the earth; He creates what he wills. He gives to whom He wills female [children], and He gives to whom He wills males.
- 50) Or He makes them [both] males and females, and He renders whom He wills barren. Indeed, He is Knowing and Competent.
- 51) And it is not for any human being that Allah should speak to him except by revelation or from behind a partition or that He sends a messenger [i.e., the angel] to reveal, by His permission, what He wills. Indeed, He is the Most High and Wise.

(1324) On the part of those seeking the reward of Allah.

(1325) Of your sins or "disapproval" of your punishment.

- 52) And thus We have revealed to you an inspiration of Our command [i.e., the Qu'ran]. You did not know what is the Book or [what is] faith, but We have made it a light by which We guide whom We will of Our servants. And indeed, [O Muhammad], you guide to a straight path-
- 53) The path of Allah, to whom belongs whatever is in the heavens and whatever is on the earth. Unquestionably, to Allah do [all] matters evolve [i.e. return].

Zukhruf-43⁽¹³²⁶⁾

In the name of Allah, the Entirely Merciful, the Especially Merciful

- 1) Ha, Meem.⁽¹³²⁷⁾
- 2) By the Clear Book,
- 3) Indeed, We have made it an Arabic Qu'ran that you might understand.
- 4) And indeed it is, in the Mother of the Book⁽¹³²⁸⁾ with Us, exalted and full of wisdom.⁽¹³²⁹⁾
- 5) Then should We turn the message away, disregarding you, if you are a transgressing people?
- 6) And how many a prophet We sent among the former peoples?
- 7) But there would not come to them a prophet except that they used to ridicule him.
- 8) And We destroyed greater than them⁽¹³³⁰⁾ in [striking] power, and the example of the former peoples has preceded.
- 9) And if you should ask them, "Who has created the heavens and the earth?" they would surely say, "They were created by the Exalted in Might, the Knowing."
- 10) [The one] who has made for you the earth a bed and made for you upon it roads that you might be guided.
- 11) And who sends down rain from the sky in measured amounts, and We revive thereby a dead land – thus will you be brought forth-
- 12) And who created the species, all of them, and has made for you of ships and animals those which you mount.
- 13) That you may settle yourselves upon their backs and then remember the favor of your Lord when you have settled upon

(1326) *Az-Zukhruf*: Ornament, originally meaning gold but including other types of decoration.

(1327) See footnote to 2:1.

(1328) i.e., The Preserved Slate (*al-Lawh al-Mahfuth*).

(1329) Also, "precise" or "specific."

(1330) The disbelievers of the Quraysh, who denied Prophet Muhammad (ﷺ).

them and say. "Exalted is He who has subjected this to us, and we could not have [otherwise] subdued it."⁽¹³³¹⁾

14) And indeed we, to our Lord, will [surely] return."

15) But they have attributed to Him from His servants a portion.⁽¹³³²⁾
Indeed, man is clearly ungrateful.

16) Or has He taken, out of what He has created, daughters and chosen you for [having] sons?

17) And when one of them is given good tidings of that which he attributes to the Most merciful in comparison [i.e., a daughter], his face becomes dark, and he suppresses grief.

18) So is one brought up in ornaments while being during conflict unevident⁽¹³³³⁾ [attributed to Allah]?

19) And they have made the angels, who are servants of the Most Merciful, females. Did they witness their creation? Their testimony will be recorded and they will be questioned.

20) And they said, "If the Most Merciful had willed, we would not have worshipped them." They have of that no knowledge. They are not but falsifying.

21) Or have We given them a book before it [i.e., the Qu'ran] to which they are adhering?

22) Rather, they say, "Indeed, we found our fathers upon a religion, and we are in their footsteps [rightly] guided."

23) And similarly, We did not send before you any warner into a city except that its affluent said, "Indeed, we found our fathers upon a religion, and we are, in their footsteps, following."

24) [Each earner] said, "Even if I brought you better guidance than that [religion] upon which you found your fathers?" They said, "Indeed we, in that with which you were sent, are disbelievers."

(1331) Literally, "made it a companion" or "made it compatible."

(1332) By claiming that He (*subhanahu wa ta'ala*) has a son or daughters, as it is said that a child is part of his parent. This concept is totally incompatible with Allah's unity and exclusiveness.

(1333) Not "obvious" or "distinct" in an argument. Or not "seen," i.e., absent from battles. The reference is to a daughter.

- 25) So we took retribution from them; then see how was the end of the deniers.
- 26) And [mention, O Muhammad], when Abraham said to his father and his people, "Indeed, I am disassociated from that which you worship
- 27) Except for He who created me; and indeed, He will guide me."
- 28) And he made it⁽¹³³⁴⁾ a word remaining among his descendants that they might return [to it].
- 29) However, I gave enjoyment to these [people of Makkah] and their fathers⁽¹³³⁵⁾ until there came to them the truth and a clear Messenger.⁽¹³³⁶⁾
- 30) But when the truth came to them, they said, "This is magic, and indeed we are, concerning it, disbelievers."
- 31) And they said, "Why was this Qu'ran not sent down upon a great man from [one of] the two cities?"⁽¹³³⁷⁾
- 32) Do they distribute the mercy of your Lord? It is We who have apportioned among them their livelihood in the life of this world and have raised some of them above others in degrees [of rank] that they may make use of one another for service. But the mercy of your Lord is better than whatever they accumulate.
- 33) And if it were not that the people would become one community [of disbelievers],⁽¹³³⁸⁾ We would have made for those who disbelieve in the Most Merciful – for their houses – ceilings and stairways of silver upon which to mount
- 34) And for their houses – doors and couches [of silver] upon which to recline
- 35) And gold ornament. But all that is not but the enjoyment of worldly life. And the Hereafter with your Lord is for the righteous.

(1334) i.e., his testimony that none is worthy of worship except Allah.

(1335) The descendants of Abraham.

(1336) i.e., one who is obvious with a clear message, meaning Muhammad (ﷺ).

(1337) Referring to Makkah and at-Ta'if.

(1338) Who assumed that Allah's generosity to them was a sign of His approval or who would hasten to disbelief in order to obtain wealth.

- 36) And whoever is blinded from remembrance of the Most Merciful
We appoint for him a devil, and he is to him a companion.
- 37) And indeed, they [i.e., the devils] avert them from the way [of guidance] while they think that they are [rightly] guided
- 38) Until, when he comes to Us [at Judgment], "Oh, I wish there was between me and you the distance between the east and west how wretched a companion."
- 39) And never will it benefit you that Day, when you have wronged, that you are [all] sharing in the punishment.
- 40) Then will you make the deaf hear, [O Muhammad], or guide the blind or he who is in clear error?
- 41) And whether [or not] We take you away [in death], indeed, We will take retribution upon them.
- 42) Or whether [or not] We show you that which We have promised them, indeed, We are Perfect in Ability.
- 43) So adhere to that which is revealed to you. Indeed, you are on a straight path.
- 44) And indeed, it is a remembrance⁽¹³³⁹⁾ for you and your people, and you [all] are going to be questioned.
- 45) And ask those We sent before you of Our messengers; have We made besides the Most Merciful deities to be worshipped?
- 46) And certainly did We send Moses with Our signs to Pharaoh and his establishment, and he said, "Indeed, I am the messenger of the Lord of the worlds."
- 47) But when he brought them Our signs, at once they laughed at them.
- 48) And We showed them not a sign except that it was greater than its sister, and We seized them with affliction that perhaps they might return [to faith].
- 49) And they said [to Moses], "O magician, invoke for us your Lord by what He has promised you. Indeed, we will be guided."

(1339) i.e., an honor. Or "a reminder."

- 50) But when We removed from them the affliction, at once they broke their word.
- 51) And Pharaoh called out among his people; he said, "O my people, does not the kingdom of Egypt belong to me, and these rivers flowing beneath me; then do you not see?
- 52) Or am I not better than this one [i.e., Moses] who is insignificant and hardly makes himself clear?⁽¹³⁴⁰⁾
- 53) Then why have there not been placed upon him bracelets of gold or come with him the angels in conjunction?"
- 54) So he bluffed his people, and they obeyed him. Indeed, they were [themselves] a people defiantly disobedient [of Allah].
- 55) And when they angered Us, We took retribution from them and drowned them all.
- 56) And We made them a precedent and an example for the later peoples.
- 57) And when the son of Mary was presented as an example,⁽¹³⁴¹⁾ immediately your people laughed aloud.
- 58) And they said, "Are your gods better, or is he?"⁽¹³⁴²⁾ They did not present it [i.e., the comparison] except for [mere] argument. But, [in fact], they are people prone to dispute.
- 59) He [i.e., Jesus] was not but a servant upon whom We bestowed favor, and We made him an example for the Children of Israel.
- 60) And if We willed, We could have made [instead] of you [people] upon the earth angels succeeding [one another].⁽¹³⁴³⁾
- 61) And indeed, he [i.e., Jesus] will be [a sign for] knowledge of the Hour, so be not in doubt of it, and follow Me.⁽¹³⁴⁴⁾ This is a straight path.

(1340) That was true previous to his appointment as a prophet, at which time Allah corrected his speech impediment.

(1341) Of a creation of Allah which is being worshipped along with Him.

(1342) Implying that they must all be the same.

(1343) Or "succeeding [you]."

(1344) i.e., follow the guidance and instruction of Allah.

- 62) And never let Satan avert you. Indeed, he is to you a clear enemy.
- 63) And when Jesus brought clear proofs, he said, "I have come to you with wisdom [i.e., prophethood] and to make clear to you some of that over which you differ, so fear Allah and obey me.
- 64) Indeed, Allah is my Lord and your Lord, so worship Him. This is a straight path."
- 65) But the factions [i.e., denominations] from among them differed [and separated], so woe to those who have wronged from the punishment of a painful Day.
- 66) Are they waiting except for the Hour to come upon them suddenly while they perceive not?
- 67) Close friends, that Day, will be enemies to each other, except for the righteous
- 68) [To whom Allah will say], "O My servants, no fear will there be concerning you this Day, nor will you grieve,
- 69) [You] who believed in Our verses and were Muslims.
- 70) Enter Paradise, you and your kinds,⁽¹³⁴⁵⁾ delighted."
- 71) Circulated among them will be plates and vessels of gold. And therein is whatever the souls desire and [what] delights the eyes, and you will abide therein eternally.
- 72) And that is Paradise which you are made to inherit for what you used to do.
- 73) For you therein is much fruit⁽¹³⁴⁶⁾ from which you will eat.
- 74) Indeed, the criminals will be in the punishment of Hell, abiding eternally.
- 75) It will not be allowed to subside for them, and they, therein, are in despair.
- 76) And We did not wrong them, but it was they who were the wrongdoers.

(1345) i.e., those like you. Another meaning may be "your spouses," i.e., the righteous among them.

(1346) Meaning everything delicious.

- 77) And they will call, "O Malik,⁽¹³⁴⁷⁾ let your Lord put an end to us!" He will say, "Indeed, you will remain."
- 78) We had certainly brought you the truth, but most of you, to the truth, were averse.
- 79) Or have they devised [some] affair?⁽¹³⁴⁸⁾ But indeed, We are devising [a plan].
- 80) Or do they think that We hear not their secrets and their private conversations? Yes, [We do], and Our messengers [i.e., angels] are with them recording.
- 81) Say, [O Muhammad], "If the Most Merciful had a son, then I would be the first of [his] worshippers."⁽¹³⁴⁹⁾
- 82) Exalted is the Lord of the heavens and the earth, Lord of the Throne, above what they describe.
- 83) So leave them to converse vainly and amuse themselves until they meet their Day which they are promised.
- 84) And it is He [i.e., Allah] who is [the only] deity in the heaven, and on the earth [the only] deity. And He is the Wise, the Knowing.
- 85) And blessed is He to whom belongs the dominion of the heavens and the earth and whatever is between them and with whom is knowledge of the Hour and to whom you will be returned.
- 86) And those they invoke besides Him do not possess [power of] intercession; but only those who testify to the truth [can benefit], and they know.⁽¹³⁵⁰⁾
- 87) And if you asked them⁽¹³⁵¹⁾ who created them, they would surely say, "Allah." So how are they deluded?
- 88) And [Allah acknowledges] His saying,⁽¹³⁵²⁾ "O my Lord, indeed these are a people who do not believe."

(1347) Addressing the keeper of Hell.

(1348) Conspiracy against the Prophet (ﷺ). The reference here is to the disbelievers of Makkah.

(1349) Only supposing it were so, which it is not.

(1350) That intercession is granted exclusively by permission of Allah to those He wills.

(1351) Those who associate others with Allah.

(1352) i.e., the complaint of Prophet Muhammad (ﷺ) about his people.

<i>Surah 43</i>	<i>A z - Z u k h r u f</i>	<i>Part 25</i>
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89) So turn aside from them and say, "Peace."⁽¹³⁵³⁾ But they are going to know.

(1353) Meaning safety or security, i.e., "I will not harm you." This was before permission was granted for armed struggle.

Dukhan-44⁽¹³⁵⁴⁾

In the name of Allah, the Entirely Merciful, the Especially Merciful

- 1) Ha, Meem.⁽¹³⁵⁵⁾
- 2) By the clear Book,
- 3) Indeed, We sent it down during a blessed night.⁽¹³⁵⁶⁾ Indeed, We were to warn [mankind].
- 4) Therein [i.e., on that night] is made distinct⁽¹³⁵⁷⁾ every precise matter –
- 5) [Every] matter [proceeding] from Us. Indeed, We were to send [a messenger]
- 6) As mercy from your Lord. Indeed, He is the Hearing, the Knowing.
- 7) Lord of the heavens and the earth and that between them, if you would be certain.
- 8) There is no deity except Him; He gives life and causes death. [He is] your Lord and the Lord of your first forefathers.
- 9) But they are in doubt, amusing themselves.
- 10) Then watch for the Day when the sky will bring a visible smoke.
- 11) Covering the people, this is a painful torment.
- 12) [They will say], "Our Lord, remove from us the torment; indeed, we are believers."
- 13) How will there be for them a reminder [at that time]? And there had come to them a clear Messenger.
- 14) Then they turned away from him and said, "[He was] taught [and is] a madman."
- 15) Indeed, We will remove the torment for a little. Indeed, you [disbelievers] will return [to disbelief].

(1354) *Ad-Dukhan*: Smoke.

(1355) See footnote to 2:1.

(1356) The Night of Decree (*Qadr*). See *surah* 97.

(1357) Or "is separated" or "apportioned," from what is inscribed in the Preserved Slate. The angels record and descend with whatever Allah has decreed for the coming year..

- 16) The Day We will strike with the greatest assault, indeed, We will take retribution.
- 17) And We had already tried before them the people of Pharaoh, and there came to them a noble messenger [i.e., Moses],
- 18) [Saying], "Render to me the servants of Allah."⁽¹³⁵⁸⁾ Indeed, I am to you a trustworthy messenger,"
- 19) And [saying], "Be not haughty with Allah. Indeed, I have come to you with clear authority.
- 20) And indeed, I have sought refuge in my Lord and your Lord, lest you stone me."⁽¹³⁵⁹⁾
- 21) But if you do not believe me, then leave me alone."
- 22) And [finally] he called to his Lord that these were a criminal people.
- 23) [Allah said], "Then set out with My servants by night. Indeed, you are to be pursued.
- 24) And leave the sea in stillness."⁽¹³⁶⁰⁾ Indeed, they are an army to be drowned."
- 25) How much they left behind of gardens and springs
- 26) And crops and noble sites
- 27) And comfort wherein they were amused.
- 28) Thus. And We caused to inherit it another people.
- 29) And the heaven and earth wept not for them, nor were they reprieved.
- 30) And We certainly saved the Children of Israel from the humiliating torment—
- 31) From Pharaoh. Indeed, he was a haughty one among the transgressors.
- 32) And We certainly chose them by knowledge over [all] the worlds.
- 33) And We gave them of signs that in which there was a clear trial.
- 34) Indeed, these [disbelievers] are saying,
- 35) "There is not but our first death, and we will not be resurrected.
- 36) Then bring [back] our forefathers, if you should be truthful."

(1358) i.e., the Children of Israel.

(1359) To death. Or "lest you assault me [with your tongues or harm me otherwise]."

(1360) After it has parted, in order that the soldiers of Pharaoh would follow the Children of Israel and be drowned.

- 37) Are they better or the people of Tubba⁽¹³⁶¹⁾ and those before them? We destroyed them, [for] indeed, they were criminals.
- 38) And We did not create the heavens and earth and that between them in play.
- 39) We did not create them except in truth, but most of them do not know.
- 40) Indeed, the Day of Judgment is the appointed time for them all –
- 41) The Day when no relation⁽¹³⁶²⁾ will avail a relation at all, nor will they be helped-
- 42) Except those [believers] on whom Allah has mercy. Indeed, He is the Exalted in Might, the Merciful.
- 43) Indeed, the tree of zaqqum
- 44) Is food for the sinful.
- 45) Like murky oil, it boils within bellies
- 46) Like the boiling of scalding water.
- 47) [It will be commanded], "Seize him and drag him into the midst of the Hellfire,
- 48) Then pour over his head from the torment of scalding water."
- 49) [It will be said], "Taste! Indeed, you are the honored, the noble!"⁽¹³⁶³⁾
- 50) Indeed, this is what you used to dispute."
- 51) Indeed, the righteous will be in a secure place:
- 52) Within gardens and springs,
- 53) Wearing [garments of] fine and heavy silk, facing each other.
- 54) Thus. And We will marry them to fair women with large, [beautiful] eyes.
- 55) They will call therein for every [kind of] fruit – safe and secure.
- 56) They will not taste death therein except the first death, and He will have protected them from the punishment of Hellfire
- 57) As bounty from your Lord. That is what is the great attainment.

(1361) The tribe of Saba'.

(1362) i.e., patron, protector or close associate.

(1363) As he had claimed upon the earth. He is taunted with these words in Hell as a reminder and additional torment.

<i>Surah 44</i>	<i>A d - D u k h a n</i>	<i>Part 25</i>
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58) And indeed, We have eased it [i.e., the Qur'an] in your tongue that they might be reminded.

59) So watch, [O Muhammad]; indeed, they are watching [for your end].

Jathiyah-45⁽¹³⁶⁴⁾

In the name of Allah, the Entirely Merciful, the Especially Merciful

- 1) Ha, Meem.⁽¹³⁶⁵⁾
- 2) The revelation of the Book is from Allah, the Exalted in Might, the Wise.
- 3) Indeed, within the heavens and earth are signs for the believers.
- 4) And in the creation of yourselves and what He disperses of moving creatures are signs for people who are certain [in faith].
- 5) And [in] the alteration of night and day and [in] what Allah sends down from the sky of provision [i.e., rain] and gives life thereby to the earth after its lifelessness and [in His] directing of the winds are signs for a people who reason.
- 6) These are the verses of Allah which We recite to you in truth. Then in what statement after Allah and His verses will they believe?
- 7) Woe to every sinful liar
- 8) Who hears the verses of Allah recited to him, then persists arrogantly as if he had not heard them. So give him tidings of a painful punishment.
- 9) And when he knows anything of Our verses, he takes them in ridicule. Those will have a humiliating punishment.
- 10) Before them⁽¹³⁶⁶⁾ is Hell, and what they had earned will not avail them at all nor what they had taken besides Allah as allies. And they will have a great punishment.
- 11) This [Qur'an] is guidance. And those who have disbelieved in the verses of their Lord will have a painful punishment of foul nature.

(1364) *Al-Jathiyah*: Kneeling (in dread of the Judgment).

(1365) See footnote to 2:1.

(1366) See footnote to 14:16.

- 12) It is Allah who subjected to you the sea so that ships may sail upon it by His command and that you may seek of His bounty; and perhaps you will be grateful.
- 13) And He has subjected to you whatever is in the heavens and whatever is on earth – all from Him. Indeed in that are signs for a people who give thought.
- 14) Say, [O Muhammad], to those who have believed that they [should] forgive those who expect not the days of Allah [i.e., of His retribution] so that He may recompense a people⁽¹³⁶⁷⁾ for what they used to earn.
- 15) Whoever does a good deed – it is for himself; and whoever does evil – it is against it [i.e., the self or soul]. Then to your Lord you will be returned.
- 16) And We did certainly give the Children of Israel the Scripture and judgment⁽¹³⁶⁸⁾ of prophethood, and We provided them with good things and preferred them over the worlds.
- 17) And We gave them clear proofs of the matter [of religion]. And they did not differ except after knowledge had come to them – out of jealous animosity between themselves. Indeed, your Lord will judge between them on the Day of Resurrection concerning that over which they used to differ.
- 18) Then We put you, [O Muhammad], on an ordained way concerning the matter [of religion]; so follow it and do not follow the inclinations of those who do not know.
- 19) Indeed, they will never avail you against Allah at all. And indeed, the wrongdoers are allies of one another; but Allah is the protector of the righteous.
- 20) This [Qur'an] is enlightenment for mankind and guidance and mercy for a people who are certain [in faith].

(1367) In the Hereafter, where those who forgive will be rewarded and those who earned evil will be punished. This was at the outset of *da'wah* (invitation to Allah) before permission for *jihad*.

(1368) Understanding of the law.

- 21) Or do those who commit evils think We will make them like those who would have believed and done righteous deeds – [make them] equal in their life and their death?⁽¹³⁶⁹⁾ Evil is that which they judge [i.e., assume].
- 22) And Allah created the heavens and earth in truth and so that every soul may be recompensed from what it has earned, and they will not be wronged.
- 23) Have you seen he who has taken as his god his [own] desire, and Allah has sent him astray due to knowledge⁽¹³⁷⁰⁾ and has set a seal upon his hearing and his heart and put over his vision a veil? So who will guide him after Allah? Then will you not be reminded?
- 24) And they say, "There is not but our worldly life; we die and live,⁽¹³⁷¹⁾ and nothing destroys us except time." And they have of that no knowledge; they are only assuming.
- 25) And when Our verses are recited to them as clear evidences, their argument is only that they say, "Bring [back] our forefathers, if you should be truthful."
- 26) Say, "Allah causes you to live, then causes you to die, then He will assemble you for the Day of Resurrection, about which there is no doubt, but most of the people do not know."
- 27) And to Allah belongs the dominion of the heavens and the earth. And the Day the Hour appears – that Day the falsifiers will lose.
- 28) And you will see every nation kneeling [from fear]. Every nation will be called to its record [and told], "Today you will be recompensed for what you used to do."
- 29) This, Our record, speaks about you in truth. Indeed, We were having transcribed⁽¹³⁷²⁾ whatever you used to do."

(1369) Another meaning is "...[the evildoers being] equal in their life and their death," i.e., unresponsive to guidance.

(1370) This can refer to Allah's knowledge of that person and of his preference for his own inclinations or to that person's knowledge of the truth while he refuses it.

(1371) i.e., some people die and others live, replacing them.

(1372) By recording angels.

- 30) So as for those who believed and did righteous deeds, their Lord will admit them into His mercy. That is what is the clear attainment.
- 31) But as for those who disbelieved,[it will be said], "Were not Our verses recited to you, but you were arrogant and became a people of criminals?"
- 32) And when it was said, 'Indeed, the promise of Allah is truth and the Hour [is coming]- no doubt about it,' you said,' We know not what is the Hour. We assume only assumption, and we are not convinced.' "
- 33) And the evil consequences of what they did will appear to them, and they will be enveloped by what they used to ridicule.
- 34) And it will be said, "Today We will forget you as you forgot the meeting of this Day of yours, and your refuge is the Fire, and for you there are no helpers.
- 35) That is because you took the verses of Allah in ridicule, and worldly life deluded you." So that Day they will not be removed from it, nor will they be asked to appease [Allah].
- 36) Then, to Allah belongs [all] praise – Lord of the heavens and Lord of the earth, Lord of the worlds.
- 37) And to Him belongs [all] grandeur within the heavens and the earth, and He is the Exalted in Might, the Wise.

Ahqaf-46⁽¹³⁷³⁾

In the name of Allah, the Entirely Merciful, the Especially Merciful

- 1) Ha, Meem.⁽¹³⁷⁴⁾
- 2) The revelation of the Book is from Allah, the Exalted in Might, the Wise.
- 3) We did not create the heavens and earth and what is between them except in truth and [for] a specified term. But those who disbelieve, from that of which they are warned, are turned away.
- 4) Say, [O Muhammad], "Have you considered that which you invoke besides Allah? Show me what they have created of the earth; or did they have partnership in [creation of] the heavens? Bring me a scripture [revealed] before this or a [remaining] trace of knowledge, if you should be truthful."
- 5) And who is more astray than he who invokes besides Allah those who will not respond to him until the Day of Resurrection [i.e., never], and they, of their invocation, are unaware.
- 6) And when the people are gathered [that Day], they [who were invoked] will be enemies to them, and they will be deniers of their worship.
- 7) And when Our verses are recited to them as clear evidences, those who disbelieve say of the truth when it has come to them, "This is obvious magic."
- 8) Or do they say, "He has invented it?" Say, "If I have invented it, you will not possess for me [the power of protection] from Allah at all. He is most knowing of that in which you are involved."⁽¹³⁷⁵⁾ Sufficient is He as Witness between me and you, and He is the Forgiving the Merciful."

(1373) Al-Ahqaf: The Curving Sand Tracts, a characteristic of the region once inhabited by the tribe of 'Aad.

(1374) See footnote to 2:1.

(1375) Of false implications and suggestions.

- 9) Say, "I am not something original among the messengers,⁽¹³⁷⁶⁾ nor do I know what will be done with me or with you. I only follow that which is revealed to me, and I am not but a clear warner."
- 10) Say, "Have you considered: if it [i.e., the Qur'an] was from Allah, and you disbelieved in it while a witness from the Children of Israel has testified to something similar⁽¹³⁷⁷⁾ and believed while you were arrogant...?"⁽¹³⁷⁸⁾ Indeed, Allah does not guide the wrongdoing people.
- 11) And those who disbelieve say of those who believe, "If it had [truly] been good, they would not have preceded us to it." And when they are not guided by it, they will say, "This is an ancient falsehood."
- 12) And before it was the scripture of Moses to lead and as a mercy. And this is a confirming Book in an Arabic tongue to warn those who have wronged and as good tidings to the doers of good.
- 13) Indeed, those who have said, "Our Lord is Allah," and then remained on a right course – there will be no fear concerning them, nor will they grieve.
- 14) Those are the companions of Paradise, abiding eternally therein as reward for what they used to do.
- 15) And We have enjoined upon man, to his parents, good treatment. His mother carried him with hardship and gave birth to him with hardship, and his gestation and weaning [period] is thirty months. [He grows] until, when he reaches maturity and reaches [the age of] forty years, he says, "My Lord, enable me⁽¹³⁷⁹⁾ to be grateful for Your favor which You have bestowed upon me and upon my parents and to work righteousness of which You will

(1376) i.e., I am neither the first messenger to be sent, nor do I bring something different from the other messengers.

(1377) Based upon information from the Torah.

(1378) The conclusion is estimated to be "...would you not then be the most unjust of people?" or "...in what condition would you then be?"

(1379) Literally, "gather within me the utmost strength and ability."

approve and make righteous for me my offspring. Indeed, I have repented to You, and indeed, I am of the Muslims."

- 16) Those are the ones from whom We will accept the best of what they did and overlook their misdeeds, [their being] among the companions of Paradise. [That is] the promise of truth which they had been promised.
- 17) But one who says to his parents, "Uff⁽¹³⁸⁰⁾ to you; do you promise me that I will be brought forth [from the earth] when generations before me have already passed on [into oblivion]?" while they call to Allah for help [and to their son], "Woe to you! Believe! Indeed, the promise of Allah is truth." But he says, "This is not but legends of the former people" –
- 18) Those are the ones upon whom the word [i.e., decree] has come into effect, [who will be] among nations which had passed on before them of jinn and men. Indeed, they [all] were losers.
- 19) And for all there are degrees [of reward and punishment] for what they have done, and [it is] so that He may fully compensate them for their deeds, and they will not be wronged.
- 20) And the Day those who disbelieved are exposed to the Fire [it will be said], "You exhausted your pleasures during your worldly life and enjoyed them, so this Day you will be awarded the punishment of [extreme] humiliation because you were arrogant upon the earth without right and because you were defiantly disobedient."
- 21) And mention, [O Muhammad], the brother of 'Aad,⁽¹³⁸¹⁾ when he warned his people in the [region of] al-Ahqaf – and warners had already passed on before him and after him – [saying], "Do not worship except Allah. Indeed, I fear for you the punishment of a terrible day."⁽¹³⁸²⁾

(1380) An expression of distaste and irritation

(1381) i.e., the Prophet Hud.

(1382) Upon the earth. It could also refer to "a tremendous Day," i.e., that of resurrection.

- 22) They said, "Have you come to delude us away from our gods? Then bring us what you promise us, if you should be of the truthful."
- 23) He said, "Knowledge [of its time] is only with Allah, and I convey to you that with which I was sent; but I see you [to be] a people behaving ignorantly."
- 24) And when they saw it as a cloud approaching their valleys, they said, "This is a cloud bringing us rain!" Rather, it is that for which you were impatient⁽¹³⁸³⁾ ; a wind, within it a painful punishment,
- 25) Destroying everything by command of its Lord. And they became so that nothing was seen [of them] except their dwellings. Thus do We recompense the criminal people.
- 26) And We had certainly established them in such as We have not established you, and We made for them hearing and vision and hearts [i.e., intellect]. But their hearing and vision and hearts availed them not from anything [of the punishment] when they were [continually] rejecting the signs of Allah; and they were enveloped by what they used to ridicule.
- 27) And We have already destroyed what surrounds you of [those] cities, and We have diversified the signs [or verses] that perhaps they might return [from disbelief].
- 28) Then why did those they took besides Allah as deities by which to approach [Him]⁽¹³⁸⁴⁾ not aid them? But they had strayed [i.e., departed] from them. And that was their falsehood and what they were inventing.
- 29) And [mention, O Muhammad], when We directed to you a few of the jinn, listening to the Qur'an. And when they attended it, they said, "Listen quietly." And when it was concluded, they went back to their people as warners.

(1383) When you challenged your prophet. See verse 22 of this *surah*.

(1384) According to their claim.

- 30) They said, "O our people, indeed we have heard a [recited] Book revealed after Moses confirming what was before it which guides to the truth and to a straight path.
- 31) O our people, respond to the Caller [i.e., Messenger] of Allah⁽¹³⁸⁵⁾ and believe in him; He [i.e., Allah] will forgive for you your sins and protect you from a painful punishment.
- 32) But he who does not respond to the Caller of Allah will not cause failure [to Him] upon earth, and he will not have besides Him any protectors. Those are in manifest error."
- 33) Do they not see that Allah, who created the heavens and the earth and did not fail in their creation, is able to give life to the dead? Yes. Indeed, He is over all things competent.
- 34) And the Day those who disbelieve are exposed to the Fire [it will be said], "Is this not the truth?" They will say, "Yes, by our Lord." He will say, "Then taste the punishment because you used to disbelieve."⁽¹³⁸⁶⁾
- 35) So be patient, [O Muhammad], as were those of determination among the messengers and do not be impatient for them.⁽¹³⁸⁷⁾ It will be – on the Day they see that which they are promised – as though they had not remained [in the world] except an hour of a day. [This is] notification. But will [any] be destroyed except the defiantly disobedient people?

(1385) Prophet Muhammad (ﷺ).

(1386) Or "for what you used to deny."

(1387) i.e., for Allah's punishment of the disbelievers.

Muhammad-47⁽¹³⁸⁸⁾

In the name of Allah, the Entirely Merciful, the Especially Merciful

- 1) Those who disbelieve and avert [people] from the way of Allah He will waste their deeds.⁽¹³⁸⁹⁾
- 2) And those who believe and do righteous deeds and believe in what has been sent down upon Muhammad – and it is the truth from their Lord – He will remove from them their misdeeds and amend their condition.
- 3) That is because those who disbelieve follow falsehood, and those who believe follow the truth from their Lord. Thus does Allah present to the people their comparisons.⁽¹³⁹⁰⁾
- 4) So when you meet those who disbelieve [in battle], strike [their] necks until, when you have inflicted slaughter upon them, then secure their bonds,⁽¹³⁹¹⁾ and either [confer] favor⁽¹³⁹²⁾ afterwards or ransom [them] until the war lays down its burdens.⁽¹³⁹³⁾ That [is the command]. And if Allah had willed, He could have taken vengeance upon them [Himself], but [He ordered armed struggle] to test some of you by means of others. And those who are killed in the cause of Allah – never will He waste their deeds.
- 5) He will guide them and amend their condition
- 6) And admit them to Paradise, which He has made known to them.
- 7) O you who have believed, if you support Allah, He will support you and plant firmly your feet.
- 8) But those who disbelieve – for them is misery, and He will waste their deeds.

(1388) Muhammad: (The Prophet) Muhammad (ﷺ).

(1389) i.e., cause them to be lost or make them worthless, earning no reward.

(1390) So that they may know the results of their choice.

(1391) i.e., take those remaining as captives.

(1392) i.e., release them without ransom.

(1393) i.e., its armor, machinery, etc., meaning “until the war is over.”

- 9) That is because they disliked what Allah revealed, so He rendered worthless their deeds.
- 10) Have they not traveled through the land and seen how was the end of those before them? Allah destroyed [everything] over them,⁽¹³⁹⁴⁾ and for the disbelievers is something comparable.
- 11) That is because Allah is the protector of those who have believed and because the disbelievers have no protector.
- 12) Indeed, Allah will admit those who have believed and done righteous deeds to gardens beneath which rivers flow, but those who disbelieve enjoy themselves and eat as grazing livestock eat, and the Fire will be a residence for them.
- 13) And how many a city was stronger than your city [i.e., Makkah] which drove you out? We destroyed them; and there was no helper for them.
- 14) So is he who is on clear evidence from his Lord like him to whom the evil of his work has been made attractive and they follow their [own] desires?
- 15) Is the description of Paradise, which the righteous are promised, wherein are rivers of water unaltered,⁽¹³⁹⁵⁾ rivers of milk the taste of which never changes, rivers of wine delicious to those who drink, and rivers of purified honey, in which they will have from all [kinds of] fruits and forgiveness from their Lord, like [that of] those who abide eternally in the Fire and are given to drink scalding water that will sever their intestines?
- 16) And among them, [O Muhammad], are those who listen to you, until when they depart from you, they say to those who were given knowledge,⁽¹³⁹⁶⁾ "What has he said just now?" Those are the ones of whom Allah has sealed over their hearts and who have followed their [own] desires.

(1394) i.e., destroyed them and all they owned.

(1395) In taste or smell, neither stagnant nor polluted.

(1396) From among the Prophet's companions.

- 17) And those who are guided – He increases them in guidance and gives them their righteousness.⁽¹³⁹⁷⁾
- 18) Then do they await except that the Hour should come upon them unexpectedly? But already there have come [some of] its indications. Then how [i.e., what good] to them, when it has come, will be their remembrance?
- 19) So know, [O Muhammad], that there is no deity except Allah and ask forgiveness for your sin⁽¹³⁹⁸⁾ and for the believing men and believing women. And Allah knows of your movement and your resting place.
- 20) Those who believe say, "Why has a surah⁽¹³⁹⁹⁾ not been sent down? But when a precise surah is revealed and fighting is mentioned therein, you see those in whose hearts is disease [i.e., hypocrisy] looking at you with a look of one overcome by death. And more appropriate for them⁽¹⁴⁰⁰⁾ [would have been]
- 21) Obedience and good words. And when the matter [of fighting] was determined, if they had been true to Allah, it would have been better for them.
- 22) So would you perhaps, if you turned away,⁽¹⁴⁰¹⁾ cause corruption on earth and sever your [ties of] relationship?
- 23) Those [who do so] are the ones that Allah has cursed, so He deafened them and blinded their vision.
- 24) Then do they not reflect upon the Qur'an, or are there locks upon [their] hearts?
- 25) Indeed, those who reverted back [to disbelief] after guidance had become clear to them – Satan enticed them and prolonged hope for them.

(1397) Taqwa, meaning piety, consciousness and fear of Allah, and care to avoid His displeasure

(1398) See footnote to 40:55.

(1399) i.e., one in which permission is given the believers to fight their enemies.

(1400) The words "*awla lahum*" can also be interpreted as "woe to them!" In that case, the following verse would begin, "[Better for them would have been] obedience and good words."

(1401) From Islam or from *jihad* (struggling in the cause of Allah).

- 26) That is because they said to those who disliked what Allah sent down,⁽¹⁴⁰²⁾ "We will obey you in part of the matter." And Allah knows what they conceal.
- 27) Then how [will it be] when the angels take them in death, striking their faces and their backs?
- 28) That is because they followed what angered Allah and disliked [what earns] His pleasure, so He rendered worthless their deeds.
- 29) Or do those in whose hearts is disease think that Allah would never expose their [feelings of] hatred?
- 30) And if We willed, We could show them to you, and you would know them by their mark; but you will surely know them by the tone of [their] speech. And Allah knows your deeds.
- 31) And We will surely test you until We make evident those who strive among you [for the cause of Allah] and the patient, and We will test your affairs.
- 32) Indeed, those who disbelieved and averted [people] from the path of Allah and opposed the Messenger after guidance had become clear to them – never will they harm Allah at all, and He will render worthless their deeds.
- 33) O you who have believed, obey Allah and obey the Messenger and do not invalidate your deeds.
- 34) Indeed, those who disbelieved and averted [people] from the path of Allah and then died while they were disbelievers – never will Allah forgive them.
- 35) So do not weaken and call for peace while you are superior; and Allah is with you and will never deprive you of [the reward of] your deeds.
- 36) [This] worldly life is only amusement and diversion. And if you believe and fear Allah, He will give you your rewards and not ask you for your properties.

(1402) i.e., the Jews of Madinah.

- 37) If He should ask you for them and press you, you would withhold, and He would expose your hatred [i.e., unwillingness].
- 38) Here you are – those invited to spend in the cause of Allah – but among you are those who withhold [out of greed]. And whoever withholds only withholds [benefit] from himself; and Allah is the Free of need, while you are the needy. And if you turn away [i.e., refuse], He will replace you with another people; then they will not be the likes of you.

Fath-48⁽¹⁴⁰³⁾

In the name of Allah, the Entirely Merciful, the Especially Merciful

- 1) Indeed, We have given you, [O Muhammad], a clear conquest⁽¹⁴⁰⁴⁾
- 2) That Allah may forgive for you what preceded of your sin [i.e., errors] and what will follow and complete His favor upon you and guide you to a straight path
- 3) And [that] Allah may aid you with a mighty victory.
- 4) It is He who sent down tranquility into the hearts of the believers that they would increase in faith along with their [present] faith. And to Allah belong the soldiers of the heavens and the earth, and ever is Allah Knowing and Wise.
- 5) [And] that He may admit the believing men and the believing women to gardens beneath which rivers flow to abide therein eternally and remove from them their misdeed – and ever is that, in the sight of Allah, a great attainment –
- 6) And [that] He may punish the hypocrite men and hypocrite women, and the polytheists men and the polytheist women – those who assume about Allah an assumption of evil nature. Upon them is a misfortune of evil nature; and Allah has become angry with them and has cursed them and prepared for them Hell, and evil it is as a destination.
- 7) And to Allah belong the soldiers of the heavens and the earth. And ever is Allah Exalted in Might and Wise.
- 8) Indeed, We have sent you as a witness and a bringer of good tidings and a warner

(1403) *Al-Fath*: The Conquest

(1404) Ibn Mas'ud said, "You [people] consider the conquest to be that of Makkah, but we consider it to be the Treaty of al-Hudaybiyyah." Al-Bukhari reported a similar quotation from al-Bara bin 'Azib. Although initially regarded by the companions as a setback, the treaty, in effect, served to promote the spread of Islam, which led to the conquest of Makkah the following year.

- 9) That you [people] may believe in Allah and His Messenger and honor him and respect him [i.e., the Prophet] and exalt Him [i.e., Allah] morning and afternoon.
- 10) Indeed, those who pledge allegiance to you, [O Muhammad] – they are actually pledging allegiance to Allah. The hand⁽¹⁴⁰⁵⁾ of Allah is over their hands.⁽¹⁴⁰⁶⁾ So he who breaks his word only breaks it to the detriment of himself. And he who fulfills that which he has promised Allah – He will give him a great reward.
- 11) Those who remained behind of the bedouins will say to you, "Our properties and our families occupied us, so ask forgiveness for us." They say with their tongues what is not within their hearts. Say, "Then who could prevent Allah at all if He intended for you harm or intended for you benefit? Rather, ever is Allah, with what you do, Acquainted.
- 12) But you thought that the Messenger and the believers would never return to their families, ever, and that was made pleasing in your hearts. And you assumed an assumption of evil and became a people ruined."
- 13) And whoever has not believed in Allah and His Messenger – then indeed, We have prepared for the disbelievers a Blaze.
- 14) And to Allah belongs the dominion of the heavens and the earth. He forgives whom He wills and punishes whom He wills. And ever is Allah Forgiving and Merciful.
- 15) Those who remained behind will say when you set out toward the war booty to take it, "Let us follow you." They wish to change the words of Allah. Say, "Never will you follow us. Thus did Allah say before." So they will say, "Rather, you envy us." But [in fact] they were not understanding except a little.⁽¹⁴⁰⁷⁾

(1405) See footnote to 2:19.

(1406) Meaning that He (*subhanahu wa ta'ala*) accepted their pledge.

(1407) i.e., they only understood the material aspects of life.

- 16) Say to those who remained behind of the bedouins, "You will be called to [face] a people of great military might; you may fight them, or they will submit.⁽¹⁴⁰⁸⁾ So if you obey, Allah will give you a good reward; but if you turn away as you turned away before, He will punish you with a painful punishment."
- 17) There is not upon the blind any guilt or upon the lame any guilt or upon the ill any guilt [for remaining behind]. And whoever obeys Allah and His Messenger – He will admit him to gardens beneath which rivers flow; but whoever turns away – He will punish him with a painful punishment.
- 18) Certainly was Allah pleased with the believers when they pledged allegiance to you, [O Muhammad], under the tree, and He knew what was in their hearts, so He sent down tranquility upon them and rewarded them with an imminent conquest⁽¹⁴⁰⁹⁾
- 19) And much war booty which they will take. And ever is Allah Exalted in Might and Wise.
- 20) Allah has promised you much booty that you will take [in the future] and has hastened for you this [victory] and withheld the hands of people from you – that it may be a sign for the believers and [that] He may guide you to a straight path.
- 21) And [He promises] other [victories] that you were [so far] unable to [realize] which Allah has already encompassed.⁽¹⁴¹⁰⁾ And ever is Allah, over all things, competent.
- 22) And if those [Makkans] who disbelieve were to fight you, they would certainly turn their backs [in flight]. Then they would not find a protector or a helper.
- 23) [This is] the established way of Allah which has occurred before. And you will never find in the way of Allah any change.

(1408) To Allah in Islam.

(1409) That of Khaybar, which preceded the conquest of Makkah.

(1410) i.e., prepared for you or decreed.

- 24) And it is He who withheld their hands from you and your hands from them within [the area of] Makkah after He caused you to overcome them. And ever is Allah Seeing of what you do.
- 25) They are the ones who disbelieved and obstructed you from al-Masjid al-Haram while the offering⁽¹⁴¹¹⁾ was prevented from reaching its place of sacrifice. And if not for believing men and believing women whom you did not know – that you might trample [i.e., kill] them and there would befall you because of them dishonor without [your] knowledge – [you would have been permitted to enter Makkah]. [This was so] that Allah might admit to His mercy whom He willed. If they had been apart [from them], We would have punished those who disbelieved among them with painful punishment
- 26) When those who disbelieved had put into their hearts chauvinism- the chauvinism of the time of ignorance. But Allah sent down His tranquility upon His Messenger and upon the believers and imposed upon them the word of righteousness, and they were more deserving of it and worthy of it. And ever is Allah Knowing of all things.
- 27) Certainly has Allah showed to His Messenger the vision [i.e., dream] in truth. You will surely enter al-Masjid al-Haram, if Allah wills, in safety, with your heads shaved and [hair] shortened,⁽¹⁴¹²⁾ not fearing [anyone]. He knew what you did not know and has arranged before that a conquest near [at hand].
- 28) It is He who sent His Messenger with guidance and the religion of trust to manifest it over all religion. And sufficient is Allah as Witness.
- 29) Muhammad is the Messenger of Allah; and those with him are forceful against the disbelievers, merciful among themselves. You see them bowing and prostrating [in prayer], seeking bounty from Allah and [His] pleasure. Their mark [i.e., sign] is

(1411) i.e., seventy camels intended for sacrifice and feeding of the poor.

(1412) i.e., having completed the rites of *'umrah*.

on their faces [i.e., foreheads] from the trace of prostration. That is their description in the Torah. And their description in the Gospel is as a plant which procedures its offshoots and strengthens them so they grow firm and stand upon their stalks, delighting the sowers – so that He [i.e., Allah] may enrage by them⁽¹⁴¹³⁾ the disbelievers. Allah has promised those who believe and do righteous deeds among them forgiveness and a great reward.

(1413) The given examples depict the Prophet (ﷺ) and his companions.

Hujurat-49⁽¹⁴¹⁴⁾

In the name of Allah, the Entirely Merciful, the Especially Merciful

- 1) O you who have believed, do not put [yourselves] before Allah and His Messenger⁽¹⁴¹⁵⁾ but fear Allah. Indeed, Allah is Hearing and Knowing.
- 2) O you who have believed, do not raise your voices above the voice of the Prophet or be loud to him in speech like the loudness of some of you to others, lest your deeds become worthless while you perceive not.
- 3) Indeed, those who lower their voices before the Messenger of Allah – they are the ones whose hearts Allah has tested for righteousness. For them is forgiveness and great reward.
- 4) Indeed, those who call you, [O Muhammad], from behind the chambers – most of them do not use reason.
- 5) And if they had been patient until you [could] come out to them, it would have been better for them. But Allah is Forgiving and Merciful.
- 6) O you who have believed, if there comes to you a disobedient one with information, investigate, lest you harm a people out of ignorance and become, over what you have done, regretful.
- 7) And know that among you is the Messenger of Allah. If he were to obey you in much of the matter, you would be in difficulty, but Allah has endeared to you the faith and has made it pleasing in your hearts and has made hateful to you disbelief, defiance and disobedience. Those are the [rightly] guided.
- 8) [It is] as bounty from Allah and favor. And Allah is Knowing and Wise.
- 9) And if two factions among the believers should fight, then make settlement between the two. But if one of them oppresses the other, then fight against the one that oppresses until it returns to the ordinance of Allah. And if it returns, then make settlement between them in justice and act justly. Indeed, Allah loves those who act justly.

(1414) *Al-Hujurat*: The Chambers, referring to the rooms in which the wives of the Prophet (ﷺ) lived.

(1415) Rather, wait for instruction and follow the way of the Prophet (ﷺ).

- 10) The believers are but brothers, so make settlement between your brothers. And fear Allah that you may receive mercy.
- 11) O you who have believed, let not a people ridicule [another] people; perhaps they may be better than them; nor let women ridicule [other] women; perhaps they may be better than them. And do not insult one another and do not call each other by [offensive] nicknames. Wretched is the name [i.e., mention] of disobedience after [one's] faith. And whoever does not repent – then it is those who are the wrongdoers.
- 12) O you who have believed, avoid much [negative] assumption. Indeed, some assumption is sin. And do not spy or backbite each other. Would one of you like to eat the flesh of his brother when dead? You would detest it. And fear Allah; indeed, Allah is Accepting of repentance and Merciful.
- 13) O mankind, indeed We have created you from male and female and made you peoples and tribes that you may know one another. Indeed, the most noble of you in the sight of Allah is the most righteous⁽¹⁴¹⁶⁾ of you. Indeed, Allah is Knowing and Acquainted.
- 14) The Bedouins say, "We have believed." Say, "You have not [yet] believed; but say [instead], 'We have submitted,' for faith has not yet entered your hearts. And if you obey Allah and His Messenger, He will not deprive you from your deeds⁽¹⁴¹⁷⁾ of anything. Indeed, Allah is Forgiving and Merciful."
- 15) The believers are only the ones who have believed in Allah and His Messenger and then doubt not but strive with their properties and their lives in the cause of Allah. It is those who are the truthful.
- 16) Say, "Would you acquaint Allah with your religion while Allah knows whatever is in the heavens and whatever is on the earth, and Allah is Knowing of all things?"

(1416) Literally, "he who has the most *taqwa*," i.e., consciousness and fear of Allah, piety and righteousness.

(1417) i.e., the reward thereof.

- 17) They consider it a favor to you that they have accepted Islam. Say, "Do not consider your Islam a favor to me. Rather, Allah has conferred favor upon you that He has guided you to the faith, if you should be truthful."
- 18) Indeed, Allah knows the unseen [aspects] of the heavens and the earth. And Allah is Seeing of what you do.

Qaf-50⁽¹⁴¹⁸⁾

In the name of Allah, the Entirely Merciful, the Especially Merciful

- 1) Qaf.⁽¹⁴¹⁹⁾ By the honored Qur'an....⁽¹⁴²⁰⁾
- 2) But they wonder that there has come to them a warner from among themselves, and the disbelievers say, "This is an amazing thing.
- 3) When we have died and have become dust, [we will return to life]? That is a distant [i.e., unlikely] return."
- 4) We know what the earth diminishes [i.e., consumes] of them, and with Us is a retaining record.
- 5) But they denied the truth when it came to them, so they are in a confused condition.
- 6) Have they not looked at the heaven above them – how We structured it and adorned it and [how] it has no rifts?
- 7) And the earth – We spread it out and cast therein firmly set mountains and made grow therein [something] of every beautiful kind,
- 8) Giving insight and a reminder for every servant who turns [to Allah].
- 9) And We have sent down blessed rain from the sky and made grow thereby gardens and grain from the harvest
- 10) And lofty palm trees having fruit arranged in layers –
- 11) As provision for the servants, and We have given life thereby to a dead land. Thus is the emergence [i.e., resurrection].
- 12) The people of Noah denied before them,⁽¹⁴²¹⁾ and the companions of the well⁽¹⁴²²⁾ and Thamud
- 13) And 'Aad and Pharaoh and the brothers [i.e., people] of Lot

(1418) *Qaf*: (the letter) *qaf*.

(1419) See footnote to 2:1.

(1420) See footnote to 38:1.

(1421) i.e., before the disbelievers of Makkah.

(1422) See footnote to 25:38.

- 14) And the companions of the thicket and the people of Tubba'. All denied the messengers, so My threat was justly fulfilled.
- 15) Did We fail in the first creation? Bu they are in confusion over a new creation.
- 16) And We have already created man and know what his soul whispers to him, and We are closer⁽¹⁴²³⁾ to him than [his] jugular vein
- 17) When the two receivers [i.e., recording angels] receive,⁽¹⁴²⁴⁾ seated on the right and on the left.
- 18) He [i.e., man] does not utter any word except that with him is an observer prepared [to record].
- 19) And the intoxication of death will bring the truth; that is what you were trying to avoid.
- 20) And the Horn will be blown. That is the Day of [carrying out] the threat.
- 21) And every soul will come, with it a driver and a witness.⁽¹⁴²⁵⁾
- 22) [It will be said], You were certainly in unmindfulness of this, and We have removed from you your cover,⁽¹⁴²⁶⁾ so your sight, this Day, is sharp."
- 23) And his companion [the angel], will say, "This [record] is what is with me, prepared."
- 24) [Allah will say], "Throw into Hell every obstinate disbeliever,
- 25) Preventer of good, aggressor, and doubter,
- 26) Who made [as equal] with Allah another deity; then throw him into the severe punishment."
- 27) His [devil] companion will say, "Our Lord, I did not make him transgress, but he [himself] was in extreme error."

(1423) In absolute knowledge of everything about him. "We" has also interpreted to mean the angels who are mentioned in the following verse.

(1424) And record each word and deed.

(1425) i.e., one angel driving the soul to the Judgment and one to testify as to its deeds.

(1426) Of heedlessness, or that which had sealed your hearing, your vision and your heart from guidance.

- 28) [Allah] will say, "Do not dispute before Me, while I had already presented to you the threat [i.e., warning].
- 29) The word [i.e., decree] will not be changed with Me, and never will I be unjust to the servants."
- 30) On the Day We will say to Hell, "Have you been filled?" and it will say, "Are there some more,"
- 31) And Paradise will be brought near to the righteous, not far,
- 32) [It will be said], "This is what you were promised – for every returner [to Allah] and keeper [of His covenant]
- 33) Who feared the Most Merciful unseen and came with a heart returning [in repentance].
- 34) Enter it in peace. This is the Day of Eternity."
- 35) They will have whatever they wish therein, and with Us is more.
- 36) And how many a generation before them did We destroy who were greater than them in [striking] power and had explored throughout the lands. Is there any place of escape?
- 37) Indeed in that is a reminder for whoever has a heart or who listens while he is present [in mind].
- 38) And We did certainly create the heavens and earth and what is between them in six days, and there touched Us no weariness.
- 39) So be patient, [O Muhammad], over what they say and exalt [Allah] with praise of your Lord before the rising of the sun and before its setting.
- 40) And [in part] of the night exalt Him and after prostration [i.e., prayer].
- 41) And listen on the Day when the Caller⁽¹⁴²⁷⁾ will call out from a place that is near–
- 42) The Day will hear the blast [of the Horn] in truth. That is the Day of Emergence [from the graves].
- 43) Indeed, it is We who give life and cause death, and to Us is the destination

(1427) An angel who will call out Allah's command for the Resurrection.

- 44) On the Day the earth breaks away from them [and they emerge] rapidly; that is a gathering easy for Us.
- 45) We are most knowing of what they say, and you are not over them a tyrant.⁽¹⁴²⁸⁾ But remind by the Qur'an whoever fears My threat.

(1428) Forcing people to belief or submission.

Dhariyat-51⁽¹⁴²⁹⁾

In the name of Allah, the Entirely Merciful, the Especially Merciful

- 1) By those [winds] scattering [dust] dispersing [it]
- 2) And those [clouds] carrying a load [of water]
- 3) And those [ships] sailing with ease
- 4) And those [angels] apportioning [each] matter,
- 5) Indeed, what you are promised is true.
- 6) And indeed, the recompense is to occur.
- 7) By the heaven containing pathways,⁽¹⁴³⁰⁾
- 8) Indeed, you are in differing speech.⁽¹⁴³¹⁾
- 9) Deluded away from it [i.e., the Qur'an] is he who is deluded.
- 10) Destroyed are the falsifiers⁽¹⁴³²⁾
- 11) Who are within a flood [of confusion] and heedless.
- 12) They ask, "When is the Day of Recompense?"
- 13) [It is] the Day they will be tormented over the Fire
- 14) [And will be told], "Taste your torment. This is that for which you were impatient."
- 15) Indeed, the righteous will be among gardens and springs,
- 16) Accepting what their Lord has given them. Indeed, they were before that doers of good.
- 17) They used to sleep but little of the night,⁽¹⁴³³⁾
- 18) And in the hours before dawn they would ask forgiveness,
- 19) And from their properties was [given] the right of the [needy] petitioner and the deprived.
- 20) And on the earth are signs for the certain [in faith]
- 21) And in yourselves. Then will you not see?
- 22) And in the heaven is your provision and whatever you are promised.

(1429) *Adh-Dhariyat*: The Scattering Winds.

(1430) Explained as tracks, layers or orbits.

(1431) About Prophet Muhammad (ﷺ) and the Qur'an.

(1432) Or "May they be destroyed" or "cursed."

(1433) i.e., spending a portion of the night in prayer and supplication.

- 23) Then by the Lord of the heaven and earth, indeed, it is truth – just as [sure as] it is that you are speaking.
- 24) Has there reached you the story of the honored guests of Abraham?⁽¹⁴³⁴⁾
- 25) When they entered upon him and said, "[We greet you with] peace." He answered, "[And upon you] peace, [you are] a people unknown.
- 26) Then he went to his family and came with a fat [roasted] calf
- 27) And placed it near them; he said, "Will you not eat?"
- 28) And he felt from them apprehension.⁽¹⁴³⁵⁾ They said, "Fear not," and gave him good tidings of a learned boy.
- 29) And his wife approached with a cry [of alarm] and struck her face and said, "[I am] a barren old woman!"
- 30) They said, "Thus has said your Lord; indeed, He is the Wise, the Knowing."
- 31) [Abraham] said, "Then what is your business [here], O messengers?"
- 32) They said, "Indeed, we have been sent to a people of criminals⁽¹⁴³⁶⁾
- 33) To send down upon them stones of clay,
- 34) Marked in the presence of your Lord for the transgressors."
- 35) So We brought out whoever was in them [i.e., the cities] of the believers.
- 36) And We found not within them other than a [single] house of Muslims.⁽¹⁴³⁷⁾
- 37) And We left therein a sign for those who fear the painful punishment.
- 38) And in Moses [was a sign], when We sent him to Pharaoh with clear authority.
- 39) But he turned away with his supporters and said," A magician or a madman."
- 40) So We took him and his soldiers and cast them into the sea, and he was blameworthy.

(1434) Who were angels given honored positions by Allah.

(1435) See footnote to 11:70.

(1436) i.e., those who defied Lot (upon him be peace).

(1437) i.e., Lot and his family, excepting his wife.

- 41) And in 'Aad [was a sign], when We sent against them the barren wind.⁽¹⁴³⁸⁾
- 42) It left nothing of what it came upon but that it made it like disintegrated ruins.
- 43) And in Thamud, when it was said to them, "Enjoy yourselves for a time."
- 44) But they were insolent toward the command of their Lord, so the thunderbolt seized them while they were looking on.
- 45) And they were unable to get up, nor could they defend themselves.
- 46) And [We destroyed] the people of Noah before; indeed, they were a people defiantly disobedient.
- 47) And the heaven We constructed with strength, and indeed, We are [its] expander.
- 48) And the earth We have spread out, and excellent is the preparer.
- 49) And of all thing We created two mates [i.e., counterparts]; perhaps you will remember.
- 50) So flee to Allah.⁽¹⁴³⁹⁾ Indeed, I am to you from Him a clear warner.
- 51) And do not make [as equal] with Allah another deity. Indeed, I am to you from Him a clear warner.
- 52) Similarly, there came not to those before them any messenger except that they said, "A magician or a madman."
- 53) Did they suggest it to them?⁽¹⁴⁴⁰⁾ Rather, they [themselves] are a transgressing people.
- 54) So leave them, [O Muhammad], for you are not to be blamed.
- 55) And remind, for indeed, the reminder benefits the believers.
- 56) And I did not create the jinn and mankind except to worship Me.
- 57) I do not want from them any provision, nor do I want them to feed Me.

(1438) Barren of any benefit, i.e., evil.

(1439) i.e., turn to Allah and take refuge in Him from disbelief and sin, thereby escaping His punishment.

(1440) i.e., did the former disbelievers pass on these words to the Makkans so that they repeat the same expression?

- 58) Indeed, it is Allah who is the [continual] Provider, the possessor of firm strength.
- 59) And indeed, for those who have wronged is a portion [of punishment] like the portion of their companions [i.e., predecessors], so let them not impatiently urge Me.
- 60) And woe to those who have disbelieved from their Day which they are promised.

Tur-52⁽¹⁴⁴¹⁾

In the name of Allah, the Entirely Merciful, the Especially Merciful

- 1) By the mount
- 2) And [by] a Book inscribed⁽¹⁴⁴²⁾
- 3) In parchment spread open
- 4) And [by] the frequented House⁽¹⁴⁴³⁾
- 5) And [by] the ceiling [i.e., heaven] raised high
- 6) And [by] the sea filled [with fire],⁽¹⁴⁴⁴⁾
- 7) Indeed, the punishment of your Lord will occur.
- 8) For it there is no preventer.
- 9) On the Day the heaven will sway with circular motion
- 10) And the mountains will pass on, departing⁽¹⁴⁴⁵⁾ –
- 11) Then woe, that Day, to the deniers,
- 12) Who are in [empty] discourse amusing themselves.
- 13) The Day they are thrust toward the fire of Hell with a [violent] thrust, [its angels will say],
- 14) "This is the Fire which you used to deny.
- 15) Then is this magic, or do you not see?
- 16) [Enter to] burn therein; then be patient or impatient – it is all the same for you. You are only being recompensed [for] what you used to do."
- 17) Indeed, the righteous will be in gardens and pleasure,
- 18) Enjoying what their Lord has given them, and their Lord protected them from the punishment of Hellfire.
- 19) [They will be told], "Eat and drink in satisfaction for what you used to do."

(1441) *At-Tur*: The Mount, where Allah spoke to Moses.

(1442) Interpreted as the Preserved Slate or possibly the Qur'an.

(1443) The house of worship for the angels in the seventh heaven, comparable to the *Ka'bah* on earth.

(1444) On the Day of Resurrection. Or "the sea which has overflowed."

(1445) Becoming dust and moving as clouds.

- 20) They will be reclining on thrones lined up, and We will marry them to fair women with large, [beautiful] eyes.
- 21) And those who believed and whose descendants followed them in faith – We will join with them their descendants, and We will not deprive them of anything of their deeds.⁽¹⁴⁴⁶⁾ Every person, for what he earned, is retained.⁽¹⁴⁴⁷⁾
- 22) And We will provide them with fruit and meat from whatever they desire.
- 23) They will exchange with one another a cup [of wine] wherein [results] no ill speech or commission of sin.
- 24) There will circulate among them [servant] boys [especially] for them, as if they were pearls well-protected.
- 25) And they will approach one another, inquiring of each other.
- 26) They will say, "Indeed, we were previously among our people fearful [of displeasing Allah].
- 27) So Allah conferred favor upon us and protected us from the punishment of the Scorching Fire.
- 28) Indeed, we used to supplicate Him before. Indeed, it is He who is the Beneficent, the Merciful."
- 29) So remind [O Muhammad], for you are not, by the favor of your Lord, a soothsayer or a madman.
- 30) Or do they say [of you], "A poet for whom we await a misfortune of time?"⁽¹⁴⁴⁸⁾
- 31) Say, "Wait, for indeed I am, with you, among the waiters."
- 32) Or do their minds⁽¹⁴⁴⁹⁾ command them to [say] this, or are they a transgressing people?
- 33) Or do they say, "He has made it up"? Rather, they do not believe.

(1446) i.e., the reward thereof.

(1447) i.e., subject or held responsible. Literally, "a hostage."

(1448) i.e., some accident or inevitable death.

(1449) In this expression is also a subtle allusion to the leaders of the Quraysh, who considered themselves to be great minds.

- 34) Then let them produce a statement like it, if they should be truthful.
- 35) Or were they created by nothing, or were they the creators [of themselves]?
- 36) Or did they create the heavens and the earth? Rather, they are not certain.
- 37) Or have they the depositories [containing the provision] of your Lord? Or are they the controllers [of them]?
- 38) Or have they a stairway [into the heaven] upon which they listen? Then let their listener produce a clear authority [i.e., proof].
- 39) Or has He daughters while you have sons?
- 40) Or do you, [O Muhammad], ask of them a payment, so they are by debt burdened down?
- 41) Or have they [knowledge of] the unseen, so they write [it] down?
- 42) Or do they intend a plan? But those who disbelieve – they are the object of a plan.
- 43) Or have they a deity other than Allah? Exalted is Allah above whatever they associate with Him.
- 44) And if they were to see a fragment from the sky falling,⁽¹⁴⁵⁰⁾ they would say, "[It is merely] clouds heaped up."
- 45) So leave them until they meet their Day in which they will be struck insensible –
- 46) The Day their plan will not avail them at all, nor will they be helped.
- 47) And indeed, for those who have wronged is a punishment⁽¹⁴⁵¹⁾ before that, but most of them do not know.
- 48) And be patient, [O Muhammad], for the decision of your Lord, for indeed, you are in Our eyes [i.e., sight]. And exalt [Allah] with praise of your Lord when you arise.

(1450) Marking the onset of Allah's punishment, as they had requested.

(1451) If not in this world, in the grave.

<i>Surah 52</i>	<i>A t - T u r</i>	<i>Part 27</i>
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49) And in a part of the night exalt Him and after [the setting of] the stars.

Najm-53⁽¹⁴⁵²⁾

In the name of Allah, the Entirely Merciful, the Especially Merciful

- 1) By the star when it descends,
- 2) Your companion [i.e., Muhammad] has not strayed, nor has he erred,
- 3) Nor does he speak from [his own] inclination.
- 4) It is not but a revelation revealed,
- 5) Taught to him by one intense in strength [i.e., Gabriel] –
- 6) One of soundness.⁽¹⁴⁵³⁾ And he rose to [his] true form⁽¹⁴⁵⁴⁾
- 7) While he was in the higher [part of the] horizon.⁽¹⁴⁵⁵⁾
- 8) Then he approached and descended
- 9) And was at a distance of two bow lengths or nearer.
- 10) And he revealed to His Servant⁽¹⁴⁵⁶⁾ what he revealed [i.e., conveyed].
- 11) The heart⁽¹⁴⁵⁷⁾ did not lie [about] what it saw.
- 12) So will you dispute with him over what he saw?
- 13) And he certainly saw him in another descent⁽¹⁴⁵⁸⁾
- 14) At the Lote Tree of the Utmost Boundary –
- 15) Near it is the Garden of Refuge [i.e., Paradise] –
- 16) When there covered the Lote Tree that which covered [it].⁽¹⁴⁵⁹⁾
- 17) The sight [of the Prophet (ﷺ)] did not swerve, nor did it transgress [its limit].
- 18) He certainly saw of the greatest signs of his Lord.
- 19) So have you considered al-Lat and al-'Uzza?

(1452) *An-Najm*: The Star.

(1453) i.e., strength of body and of mind.

(1454) Gabriel appeared to Muhammad (ﷺ) at the outset of his prophethood in the angelic form in which Allah originally created him.

(1455) i.e., in the sky, above the eastern horizon.

(1456) i.e., to the Servant of Allah, Prophet Muhammad (ﷺ).

(1457) i.e., mind or perception [of the Prophet (ﷺ)].

(1458) i.e., on another occasion. During his ascent into the heavens (*al-Mi'raj*), the Prophet (ﷺ) also saw Gabriel in his true form.

(1459) Then and there he (ﷺ) saw Gabriel in angelic form.

- 20) And Manat, the third – the other one?⁽¹⁴⁶⁰⁾
- 21) Is for you the male and for Him the female?
- 22) That, then, is an unjust division.⁽¹⁴⁶¹⁾
- 23) They are not but [mere] names you have named them – you and your forefathers – for which Allah has sent down no authority. They follow not except assumption and what [their] souls desire, and there has already come to them from their Lord guidance.
- 24) Or is there for man whatever he wishes?
- 25) Rather, to Allah belongs the Hereafter and the first [life].
- 26) And how many angels there are in the heavens whose intercession will not avail at all except [only] after Allah has permitted [it] to whom He wills and approves.
- 27) Indeed, those who do not believe in the Hereafter name the angels female names,
- 28) And they have thereof no knowledge. They follow not except assumption, and indeed, assumption avails not against the truth at all.
- 29) So turn away from he who turns his back on Our message and desires not except the worldly life.
- 30) That is their sum of knowledge. Indeed, your Lord is most knowing of he who strays from His way, and He is most knowing of he who is guided.
- 31) And to Allah belongs whatever is in the heavens and whatever is in the earth – that He may recompense those who do evil with [the penalty of] what they have done and recompense those who do good with the best [reward] –
- 32) Those who avoid the major sins and immoralities, only [committing] slight ones. Indeed, your Lord is vast in forgiveness. He was most knowing of you when He produced you from the earth and when you were fetuses in the wombs of

(1460) The three names given in this and the previous verse are those of wee-known “goddesses” which were worshipped by the pagan Arabs before the spread of Islam.

(1461) According to their own standards.

your mothers. So do not claim yourselves to be pure; He is most knowing of who fears Him.

- 33) Have you seen the one who turned away
- 34) And gave a little and [then] refrained?
- 35) Does he have knowledge of the unseen, so he sees?⁽¹⁴⁶²⁾
- 36) Or has he not been informed of what was in the scriptures of Moses
- 37) And [of] Abraham, who fulfilled [his obligations] –
- 38) That no bearer of burdens will bear the burden of another
- 39) And that there is not for man except that [good] for which he strives
- 40) And that his effort is going to be seen –
- 41) Then he will be recompensed for it with fullest recompense
- 42) And that to your Lord is the finality
- 43) And that it is He who makes [one] laugh and weep
- 44) And that it is He who causes death and gives life
- 45) And that He creates the two mates – the male and the female –
- 46) From a sperm-drop when it is emitted
- 47) And that [incumbent] upon Him is the other [i.e., next] creation
- 48) And that it is He who enriches and suffices
- 49) And that it is He who is the Lord of Sirius⁽¹⁴⁶³⁾
- 50) And that He destroyed the first [people of] 'Aad
- 51) And Thamud – and He did not spare [them] –
- 52) And the people of Noah before. Indeed, it was they who were [even] more unjust and oppressing.
- 53) And the overturned towns⁽¹⁴⁶⁴⁾ He hurled down
- 54) And covered them by that which He covered.⁽¹⁴⁶⁵⁾
- 55) Then which of the favors of your Lord do you doubt?
- 56) This [Prophet (ﷺ)] is a warner from [i.e., like] the former warners.
- 57) The Approaching Day has approached.
- 58) Of it, [from those] besides Allah, there is no remover.

(1462) Knows that his provision will be exhausted if he spends on the poor, while Allah has promised otherwise.

(1463) A star worshipped by some of the pagan Arabs.

(1464) Whose inhabitants defied Prophet Lot.

(1465) i.e., a rain of stones.

- 59) Then at this statement do you wonder?
60) And you laugh and do not weep
61) While you are proudly sporting?⁽¹⁴⁶⁶⁾
62) So prostrate to Allah and worship [Him].

(1466) Additional meanings are “singing [with expanded chest],” “heedless,” or “lost in vain amusements.”

Qamar-54⁽¹⁴⁶⁷⁾

In the name of Allah, the Entirely Merciful, the Especially Merciful

- 1) The Hour has come near, and the moon has split [in two].⁽¹⁴⁶⁸⁾
- 2) And if they see a sign [i.e., miracle], they turn away and say, "Passing magic."⁽¹⁴⁶⁹⁾
- 3) And they denied and followed their inclinations. But for every matter is a [time of] settlement.
- 4) And there has already come to them of information that in which there is deterrence –
- 5) Extensive wisdom – but warning does not avail [them].
- 6) So leave them, [O Muhammad]. The Day the Caller⁽¹⁴⁷⁰⁾ calls to something forbidding,
- 7) Their eyes humbled, they will emerge from the graves as if they were locusts spreading,
- 8) Racing ahead toward the Caller. The disbelievers will say, "This is a difficult Day."
- 9) The people of Noah denied before them, and they denied Our servant and said, "A madman," and he was repelled.
- 10) So he invoked his Lord, "Indeed, I am overpowered, so help."
- 11) Then We opened the gates of the heaven with rain pouring down
- 12) And caused the earth to burst with springs, and the waters met for a matter already predestined.
- 13) And We carried him on a [construction of] planks and nails,
- 14) Sailing under Our observation as reward for he who had been denied.
- 15) And We left it as a sign, so is there any who will remember?
- 16) And how [severe] were My punishment and warning.⁽¹⁴⁷¹⁾

(1467) *Al-Qamar*: The Moon.

(1468) This was a sign given by Allah to Prophet Muhammad (ﷺ) when the Quraysh challenged him to show them miracle.

(1469) Or "Continuing magic."

(1470) Said to be an angel announcing the account and judgment.

- 17) And We have certainly made the Qur'an easy for remembrance, so is there any who will remember?
- 18) 'Aad denied; and how [severe] were My punishment and warning.
- 19) Indeed, We sent upon them a screaming wind on a day of continuous misfortune,
- 20) Extracting the people⁽¹⁴⁷²⁾ as if they were trunks of palm trees uprooted.
- 21) And how [severe] were My punishment and warning.
- 22) And We have certainly made the Qur'an easy for remembrance, so is there any who will remember?
- 23) Thamud denied the warning
- 24) And said, "Is it one human being⁽¹⁴⁷³⁾ among us that we should follow? Indeed, we would then be in error and madness.
- 25) Has the message been sent down upon him from among us? Rather, he is an insolent liar."
- 26) They will know tomorrow who is the insolent liar.
- 27) Indeed, We are sending the she-camel as trial for them, so watch them and be patient.⁽¹⁴⁷⁴⁾
- 28) And inform them that the water is shared between them,⁽¹⁴⁷⁵⁾ each [day of] drink attended [by turn].
- 29) But they called their companion,⁽¹⁴⁷⁶⁾ and he dared⁽¹⁴⁷⁷⁾ and hamstrung [her].
- 30) And how [severe] were My punishment and warning.
- 31) Indeed, We sent upon them one shriek [i.e., blast from the sky], and they became like the dry twig fragments of an [animal] pen.
- 32) And We have certainly made the Qur'an easy for remembrance, so is there any who will remember?

(1471) To those after them, who were expected to derive a lesson from previous occurrences.

(1472) From their hiding places

(1473) i.e., the Prophet Salih.

(1474) This and the following verse are an address to Salih (upon him be peace).

(1475) i.e., between the tribe of Thamud and the she-camel—a day for each to drink.

(1476) i.e., the worst and most despicable among them.

(1477) Or "he took," referring to his sword or to the she-camel.

- 33) The people of Lot denied the warning.
- 34) Indeed, We sent upon them a storm of stones, except the family of Lot – We saved them before dawn
- 35) As favor from us. Thus do We reward he who is grateful.
- 36) And he had already warned them of Our assault, but they disputed the warning.
- 37) And they had demanded from him his guests, but We obliterated their eyes, [saying], "Taste My punishment and warning."
- 38) And there came upon them by morning an abiding punishment.
- 39) So taste My punishment and warning.
- 40) And We have certainly made the Qur'an easy for remembrance, so is there any who will remember?
- 41) And there certainly came to the people of Pharaoh warning.
- 42) They denied Our signs, all of them, so We seized them with a seizure of one Exalted in Might and Perfect in Ability.
- 43) Are your disbelievers better than those [former ones], or have you immunity in the scripture?
- 44) Or do they say, "We are an assembly supporting [each other]"?
- 45) [Their] assembly will be defeated, and they will turn their backs [in retreat].⁽¹⁴⁷⁸⁾
- 46) But the Hour is their appointment [for due punishment], and the Hour is more disastrous and more bitter.
- 47) Indeed, the criminals are in error and madness.⁽¹⁴⁷⁹⁾
- 48) The Day they are dragged into the Fire on their faces [it will be said], "Taste the touch of Saqar."⁽¹⁴⁸⁰⁾
- 49) Indeed, all things We created with predestination.
- 50) And Our command is but one, like a glance of the eye.
- 51) And We have already destroyed your kinds,⁽¹⁴⁸¹⁾ so is there any who will remember?

(1478) This foretold event took place on the day of Badr.

(1479) Or "in blazing fires."

(1480) One of the proper names of Hell.

(1481) i.e., those similar to you in attitude and behavior when they rejected Allah's messengers.

52) And everything they did is in written records.

53) And every small and great [thing] is inscribed.

54) Indeed, the righteous will be among gardens and rivers,

55) In a seat of honor near a Sovereign, Perfect in Ability.

Rahman-55⁽¹⁴⁸²⁾

In the name of Allah, the Entirely Merciful, the Especially Merciful

- 1) The Most Merciful
- 2) Taught the Qur'an,
- 3) Created man,
- 4) [And] taught him eloquence.
- 5) The sun and the moon [move] by precise calculation,
- 6) And the stars and trees prostrate.⁽¹⁴⁸³⁾
- 7) And the heaven He raised and imposed the balance
- 8) That you not transgress within the balance.
- 9) And establish weight in justice and do not make deficient the balance.
- 10) And the earth He laid [out] for the creatures.
- 11) Therein is fruit and palm trees having sheaths [of dates]
- 12) And grain having husks and scented plants.
- 13) So which of the favors of your Lord would you⁽¹⁴⁸⁴⁾ deny?
- 14) He created man from clay like [that of] pottery.
- 15) And He created the jinn from a smokeless flame of fire.
- 16) So which of the favors of your Lord would you deny?
- 17) [He is] Lord of the two sunrises and Lord of the two sunsets.⁽¹⁴⁸⁵⁾
- 18) So which of the favors of your Lord would you deny?
- 19) He released the two seas,⁽¹⁴⁸⁶⁾ meeting [side by side];
- 20) Between them is a barrier [so] neither of them transgresses.
- 21) So which of the favors of your Lord would you deny?
- 22) From both of them emerge pearl and coral.
- 23) So which of the favors of your Lord would you deny?
- 24) And to Him belong the ships [with sails] elevated in the sea like mountains.
- 25) So which of the favors of your Lord would you deny?

(1482) *Ar-Rahman*: The Most Merciful, or more literally, "The Entirely Merciful." See footnote to 1:1.

(1483) They submit obediently to the laws of Allah. See 22:18.

(1484) Literally, "you two," addressing the species of mankind and *jinn*.

(1485) i.e., the points of sunrise in the east and sunset in the west in both summer and winter.

(1486) The two bodies of water: fresh and salt.

- 26) Everyone upon it [i.e., the earth] will perish,
 27) And there will remain the Face⁽¹⁴⁸⁷⁾ of your Lord, Owner of Majesty and Honor.
 28) So which of the favors of your Lord would you deny?
 29) Whoever is within the heavens and earth asks Him; every day He is in [i.e., bringing about] a matter.⁽¹⁴⁸⁸⁾
 30) So which of the favors of your Lord would you deny?
 31) We will attend to you, O prominent beings.⁽¹⁴⁸⁹⁾
 32) So which of the favors of your Lord would you deny?
 33) O company of jinn and mankind, if you are able to pass beyond the regions of the heavens and the earth, then pass. You will not pass except by authority [from Allah].
 34) So which of the favors of your Lord would you deny?
 35) There will be sent upon you a flame of fire and smoke,⁽¹⁴⁹⁰⁾ and you will not defend yourselves.
 36) So which of the favors of your Lord would you deny?
 37) And when the heaven is split open and becomes rose-colored like oil⁽¹⁴⁹¹⁾
 38) So which of the favors of your Lord would you deny? –
 39) Then on that day none will be asked about his sin among men or jinn.⁽¹⁴⁹²⁾
 40) So which of the favors of your Lord would you deny?
 41) The criminals will be known by their marks, and they will be seized by the forelocks and the feet.
 42) So which of the favors of your Lord would you deny?
 43) This is Hell, which the criminals deny.
 44) They will go around between it and scalding water, heated [to the utmost degree].
 45) So which of the favors of your Lord would you deny?

(1487) See footnote to 2:19.

(1488) For each of His creatures

(1489) Specifically two: mankind and *jinn*.

(1490) Another possible meaning is liquefied brass or copper.

(1491) Or "like a tanned skin."

(1492) Once they have been condemned to the Fire.

- 46) But for he who has feared the position of his Lord⁽¹⁴⁹³⁾ are two gardens
 47) So which of the favors of your Lord would you deny? –
 48) Having [spreading] branches.
 49) So which of the favors of your Lord would you deny?
 50) In both of them are two springs, flowing.
 51) So which of the favors of your Lord would you deny?
 52) In both of them are of every fruit, two kinds.
 53) So which of the favors of your Lord would you deny?
 54) [They are] reclining on beds whose linings are of heavy silk, and
 the fruit of the two gardens is hanging low.
 55) So which if the favors of your Lord would you deny?
 56) In them are women limiting [their] glances,⁽¹⁴⁹⁴⁾ untouched⁽¹⁴⁹⁵⁾
 before them by man or jinni –
 57) So which if the favors of your Lord would you deny? –
 58) As if they were rubies and coral.⁽¹⁴⁹⁶⁾
 59) So which of the favors of your Lord would you deny?
 60) Is the reward for good [anything] but good?
 61) So which of the favors of your Lord would you deny?
 62) And below them both [in excellence] are two [other] gardens –
 63) So which of the favors of your Lord would you deny? –
 64) Dark green [in color].
 65) So which of the favors of your Lord would you deny?
 66) In both of them are two springs, spouting.
 67) So which of the favors of your Lord would you deny?
 68) In both of them are fruit and palm trees and pomegranates.
 69) So which of the favors of your Lord would you deny?
 70) In them are good and beautiful women –
 71) So which of the favors of your Lord would you deny?
 72) Fair ones reserved in pavilions –
 73) So which of the favors of your Lord would you deny? –

(1493) An alternative meaning is “the standing [for account] before his Lord.”

(1494) To their own mates, i.e., being chaste and modest.

(1495) Literally, they have not been caused to bleed by loss of virginity.

(1496) In purity, color and beauty.

- 74) Untouched before them by man or jinni –
75) So which of the favors of your Lord would you deny? -
76) Reclining on green cushions and beautiful fine carpets.
77) So which of the favors of your Lord would you deny?
78) Blessed is the name of your Lord, Owner of Majesty and Honor.

Waqi'ah-56⁽¹⁴⁹⁷⁾

In the name of Allah, the Entirely Merciful, the Especially Merciful

- 1) When the Occurrence occurs,
- 2) There is, at its occurrence, no denial.
- 3) It will bring down [some] and raise up [others].⁽¹⁴⁹⁸⁾
- 4) When the earth is shaken with convulsion
- 5) And the mountains are crumbled, breaking down
- 6) And become dust dispersing.
- 7) And you become [of] three kinds:
- 8) Then the companions of the right – what are the companions of the right?⁽¹⁴⁹⁹⁾
- 9) And the companions of the left – what are the companions of the left?⁽¹⁵⁰⁰⁾
- 10) And the forerunners, the forerunners⁽¹⁵⁰¹⁾ –
- 11) Those are the ones brought near to Allah
- 12) In the Gardens of Pleasure,
- 13) A [large] company of the former peoples
- 14) And a few of the later peoples,
- 15) On thrones woven [with ornament],
- 16) Reclining on them, facing each other.
- 17) There will circulate among them young boys made eternal
- 18) With vessels, pitchers and a cup [of wine] from a flowing spring
- 19) No headache will they have therefrom, nor will they be intoxicated –
- 20) And fruit of what they select
- 21) And the meat of fowl, from whatever they desire.

(1497) *Al-Waqi'ah*: The Occurrence, literally, “That which befalls,” meaning the Resurrection.

(1498) According to their deeds rather than wealth and social position, as is the case in this world.

(1499) i.e., those given their records in their right hand and who are destined for Paradise.

(1500) i.e., those given their records in their left hand and who are destined for Hell.

(1501) The words can also be understood as a complete sentence, i.e., “The forerunners [in good deeds] are the forerunners [in entering Paradise].”

- 22) And [for them are] fair women with large, [beautiful] eyes,
 23) The likenesses of peals well-protected,
 24) As reward for what they used to do.
 25) They will not hear therein ill speech or commission of sin –
 26) Only a saying: "Peace, peace."
 27) The companions of the right – what are the companions of the right?
 28) [They will be] among the lote trees with thorns removed
 29) And [banana] trees layered [with fruit]
 30) And shade extended
 31) And water poured out
 32) And fruit, abundant [and varied],
 33) Neither limited [to season] nor forbidden,
 34) And [upon] beds raised high.
 35) Indeed, We have produced them [i.e., the women of Paradise] in a [new] creation
 36) And made them virgins,
 37) Devoted [to their husbands] and of equal age,
 38) For the companions of the right [who are]
 39) A company of the former peoples
 40) And a company of the later peoples.
 41) And the companions of the left – what are the companions of the left?
 42) [They will be] in scorching fire and scalding water
 43) And a shade of black smoke,
 44) Neither cool nor beneficial.
 45) Indeed they were, before that, indulging in affluence,
 46) And they used to persist in the great violation,⁽¹⁵⁰²⁾
 47) And they used to say, "When we die and become dust and bones, are we indeed to be resurrected?"
 48) And our forefathers [as well]?"

(1502) i.e., *shirk* (association with Allah) or disbelief.

- 49) Say, [O Muhammad], "Indeed, the former and the later peoples
 50) Are to be gathered together for the appointment of a known
 Day."
 51) Then indeed you, O those astray [who are] deniers,
 52) Will be eating from trees of zaqqum
 53) And filling with it your bellies
 54) And drinking on top of it from scalding water
 55) And will drink as the drinking of thirsty camels.
 56) That is their hospitality on the Day of Recompense.
 57) We have created you, so why do you not believe?
 58) Have you seen that which you emit?⁽¹⁵⁰³⁾
 59) Is it you who creates it, or are We the Creator?
 60) We have decreed death among you, and We are not to be
 undone
 61) In that We will change your likenesses and produce you in that
 [form] which you do not know.⁽¹⁵⁰⁴⁾
 62) And you have already known the first creation, so will you not
 remember?
 63) And have you seen that [seed] which you sow?
 64) Is it you who makes it grow, or are We the grower?
 65) If We willed, We could make it [dry] debris, and you would
 remain in wonder,⁽¹⁵⁰⁵⁾
 66) [Saying], "Indeed, we are [now] in debt;
 67) Rather, we have been deprived."
 68) And have you seen the water that you drink?
 69) Is it you who brought it down from the clouds, or is it We who
 bring it down?
 70) If We willed, We could make it bitter, so why are you not
 grateful?

(1503) i.e., semen, which contains the potential for human life.

(1504) An alternative meaning has also been given: "...in what We will replace the likes of you [with others upon the earth] and create you [in the Hereafter] in that which you do not know."

(1505) At what had happened or remain in a state of shock. Another meaning is "in regret."

- 71) And have you seen the fire that you ignite?
 72) Is it you who produced its tree, or are We the producer?
 73) We have made it a reminder⁽¹⁵⁰⁶⁾ and provision for the travelers,⁽¹⁵⁰⁷⁾
 74) So exalt the name of your Lord, the Most Great.
 75) Then I swear by the setting of the stars,⁽¹⁵⁰⁸⁾
 76) And indeed, it is an oath – if you could know – [most] great.
 77) Indeed, it is a noble Qur'an
 78) In a Register well-protected;⁽¹⁵⁰⁹⁾
 79) None touch it except the purified [i.e., the angels].
 80) [It is] a revelation from the Lord of the worlds.
 81) Then is it to this statement that you are indifferent
 82) And make [the thanks for] your provision that you deny [the Provider]?
 83) Then why, when it [i.e., the soul at death] reaches the throat
 84) And you are at that time looking on –
 85) And We [i.e., Our angels] are nearer to him than you, but you do not see –
 86) Then why do you not, if you are not to be recompensed,
 87) Bring it back,⁽¹⁵¹⁰⁾ if you should be truthful?
 88) And if he [i.e., the deceased] was of those brought near to Allah,
 89) Then [for him is] rest and bounty and a garden of pleasure.
 90) And if he was of the companions of the right,
 91) Then [the angels will say], "Peace for you; [you are] from the companions of the right."
 92) But if he was of the deniers [who were] astray,
 93) Then [for him is] hospitality of scalding water
 94) And burning in Hellfire

(1506) Of the great fire of Hell.

(1507) In the form of flints or other means by which to ignite fire. Travelers are mentioned because of the special convenience to them, although it is a provision for all people in general.

(1508) Allah (*subhanahu wa ta'ala*) confirms absolutely by oath.

(1509) The Preserved Slate (*al-Lawh al Mahfuth*), which is with Allah.

(1510) i.e., return the soul to the body, meaning that just as you cannot prevent death when it is decreed, you will not escape the recompense when it is decreed.

95) Indeed, this is the true certainty,

96) So exalt the name of your Lord, the Most Great.

Hadeed-57⁽¹⁵¹¹⁾

In the name of Allah, the Entirely Merciful, the Especially Merciful

- 1) Whatever is in the heavens and earth exalts Allah,⁽¹⁵¹²⁾ and He is the Exalted in Might, the Wise.
- 2) His is the dominion of the heavens and earth. He gives life and causes death, and He is over all things competent.
- 3) He is the First and the Last, the Ascendant⁽¹⁵¹³⁾ and the Intimate,⁽¹⁵¹⁴⁾ and He is, of all things, Knowing.
- 4) It is He who created the heavens and earth in six days and then established Himself above the Throne.⁽¹⁵¹⁵⁾ He knows what penetrates into the earth and what emerges from it and what descends from the heaven and what ascends therein; and He is with you⁽¹⁵¹⁶⁾ wherever you are. And Allah, of what you do, is Seeing.
- 5) His is the dominion of the heavens and earth. And to Allah are returned [all] matters.
- 6) He causes the night to enter the day and causes the day to enter the night, and he is Knowing of that within the breasts.
- 7) Believe in Allah and His Messenger and spend out of that in which He has made you successors. For those who have believed among you and spent,⁽¹⁵¹⁷⁾ there will be a great reward.
- 8) And why do you not believe in Allah while the Messenger invites you to believe in your Lord and He has taken your covenant, is you should [truly] be believers?

(1511) *Al-Hadeed*: Iron.

(1512) By praising Him and declaring Him far above and beyond any failure or imperfection.

(1513) Nothing being above Him. Another meaning is “the Apparent,” i.e., evident through His creation and revelation.

(1514) Nothing being nearer than Him by way of His knowledge. Another meaning is “the Unapparent,” i.e., concealed from man’s physical senses.

(1515) See footnote to 2:19.

(1516) In knowledge—observing and witnessing.

(1517) In ways pleasing to Allah.

- 9) It is He who sends down upon His Servant [Muhammad (ﷺ)] verses of clear evidence that He may bring you out from darknesses into the light. And indeed, Allah is to you Kind and Merciful.
- 10) And why do you not spend in the cause of Allah while to Allah belongs to the heritage of the heavens and the earth? Not equal among you are those who spent before the conquest [of Makkah] and fought [and those who did so after it]. Those are greater in degree than they who spent afterwards and fought. But to all Allah has promised the best [reward]. And Allah, with what you do, is Acquainted.
- 11) Who is it that would loan Allah a goodly loan so He will multiply it for him and he will have a noble reward?
- 12) On the Day you see the believing men and believing women, their light proceeding before them and on their right, [it will be said], "Your good tidings today are [of] gardens beneath which rivers flow, wherein you will abide eternally." That is what is the great attainment.
- 13) On the [same] Day the hypocrite men and hypocrite women will say to those who believed, "Wait for us that we may acquire some of your light." It will be said, "Go back behind you"⁽¹⁵¹⁸⁾ and seek light." And a wall will be placed between them with a door, its interior containing mercy, but on the outside of it is torment.
- 14) They [i.e., the hypocrites] will call to them [i.e., the believers], "Were we not with you?" They will say, "Yes, but you afflicted yourselves"⁽¹⁵¹⁹⁾ and awaited [misfortune for us] and doubted, and wishful thinking deluded you until there came the command of Allah. And the Deceiver [i.e., Satan] deceived you concerning Allah.
- 15) So today no ransom will be taken from you or from those who disbelieved. Your refuge is the Fire. It is most worthy of you, and wretched is the destination.

(1518) To where light was acquired, i.e., in the worldly life.

(1519) By hypocrisy or by falling into temptations.

- 16) Has the time not come for those who have believed that their hearts should become humbly submissive at the remembrance of Allah and what has come down of the truth? And let them not be like those who were given the Scripture before, and a long period passed over them, so their hearts hardened; and many of them are defiantly disobedient.
- 17) Know that Allah gives life to the earth after its lifelessness. We have made clear to you the signs; perhaps you will understand.⁽¹⁵²⁰⁾
- 18) Indeed, the men who practice charity and the women who practice charity and [they who] have loaned Allah a goodly loan it will be multiplied for them, and they will have a noble reward.
- 19) And those who have believed in Allah and His messengers – those are [in the ranks of] the supporters of truth and the martyrs, with their Lord. For them is their reward and their light.⁽¹⁵²¹⁾ But those who have disbelieved and denied Our verses – those are the companions of the Hellfire.
- 20) Know that the life of this world is but amusement and diversion and adornment and boasting to one another and competition in increase of wealth and children – like the example of a rain whose [resulting] plant growth pleases the tillers; then it dries and you see it turned yellow; then it becomes [scattered] debris. And in the Hereafter is severe punishment and forgiveness from Allah and approval. And what is the worldly life except the enjoyment of delusion.
- 21) Race [i.e., complete] toward forgiveness from your Lord and a Garden whose width is like the width of the heavens and the earth, prepared for those who believed in Allah and His messengers. That is the bounty of Allah which He gives to whom He wills, and Allah is the possessor of great bounty.

(1520) That similarly, Allah can soften a heart after its hardness and guide one who had previously been astray.

(1521) Another accepted meaning is “And those who have believed in Allah and His messengers—they are the supporters of truth. And the martyrs, with their Lord, will have their reward and their light.”

- 22) No disaster strikes upon the earth or within ourselves except that it is in a register⁽¹⁵²²⁾ before We bring it into being – indeed that, for Allah, is easy –
- 23) In order that you not despair over what has eluded you and not exult [in pride] over what He has given you. And Allah does not like everyone self-deluded and boastful –
- 24) [Those] who are stingy and enjoin upon people stinginess. And whoever turns away⁽¹⁵²³⁾ – then indeed, Allah is the Free of need, the Praiseworthy.
- 25) We have already sent Our messengers with clear evidences and sent down with them the Scripture and the balance that the people may maintain [their affairs] in justice. And We sent down [i.e., created] iron, wherein is great military might and benefits for the people, and so that Allah may make evident those who support Him and His messengers unseen. Indeed, Allah is Powerful and Exalted in Might.
- 26) And We have already sent Noah and Abraham and placed in their descendants prophethood and scripture; and among them is he who is guided, but many of them are defiantly disobedient.
- 27) Then We sent following their footsteps [i.e., traditions] Our messengers and followed [them] with Jesus, the son of Mary, and gave him the Gospel. And We placed in the hearts of those who followed him compassion and mercy and monasticism, which they innovated; We did not prescribe it for them except [that they did so] seeking the approval of Allah. But they did not observe it with due observance. So We gave the ones who believed among them their reward, but many of them are defiantly disobedient.
- 28) O you who have believed, fear Allah and believe in His Messenger; He will [then] give you a double portion of His

(1522) i.e., the Preserved Slate (*al-Lawh al-Mahfuth*).

(1523) Refusing to spend for Allah's cause or refusing obedience to Him.

mercy and make for you a light by which you will walk and forgive you; and Allah is Forgiving and Merciful.

- 29) [This is] so that the People of the Scripture may know that they are not able [to obtain] anything from the bounty of Allah⁽¹⁵²⁴⁾ and that [all] bounty is in the hand⁽¹⁵²⁵⁾ of Allah; He gives it to whom He wills. And Allah is the possessor of great bounty.

(1524) As long as they refuse to believe in the message of Allah which was conveyed through Muhammad (ﷺ).

(1525) See footnote to 2:19.

Mujadilah-58⁽¹⁵²⁶⁾

In the name of Allah, the Entirely Merciful, the Especially Merciful

- 1) Certainly has Allah heard the speech of the one who argues [i.e., pleads] with you, [O Muhammad], concerning her husband and directs her complaint to Allah. And Allah hears your dialogue; indeed, Allah is Hearing and Seeing.
- 2) Those who pronounce thihar⁽¹⁵²⁷⁾ among you [to separate] from their wives – they are not [consequently] their mothers. Their mothers are none but those who gave birth to them. And indeed, they are saying an objectionable statement and a falsehood. But indeed, Allah is Pardoning and Forgiving,
- 3) And those who pronounce thihar from their wives and then [wish to] go back on what they said – then [there must be] the freeing of a slave before they touch one another. That is what you are admonished thereby; and Allah is Acquainted with what you do.
- 4) And he who does not find [a slave] – then a fast for two months consecutively⁽¹⁵²⁸⁾ before they touch one another; and he who is unable – then the feeding of sixty poor persons. That is for you to believe [completely] in Allah and His Messenger; and those are the limits [set by] Allah. And for the disbelievers is a painful punishment.
- 5) Indeed, those who oppose Allah and His Messenger are abased as those before them were abased. And We have certainly sent down verses of clear evidence. And for the disbelievers is a humiliating punishment.

(1526) *Al-Mujadilah*: The Arguing (or Pleading) Woman.

(1527) The saying by a husband to his wife, “You are to me like the back of my mother,” meaning unlawful to approach. This was a type of divorce practiced by the Arabs before the prophethood of Muhammad (ﷺ).

(1528) See footnote to 4:92.

- 6) On the Day when Allah will resurrect them all and inform them of what they did. Allah had enumerated it, while they forgot it; and Allah is, over all things, Witness.
- 7) Have you not considered that Allah knows what is in the heavens and what is on the earth? There is no private conversation three but that He is the fourth of them,⁽¹⁵²⁹⁾ nor are there five but that He is the sixth of them – and no less than that and no more except that He is with them [in knowledge] wherever they are. Then He will inform them of what they did, on the Day of Resurrection. Indeed Allah is, of all things, Knowing.
- 8) Have you not considered those who were forbidden from private conversation [i.e., ridicule and conspiracy], then they return to that which they were forbidden and converse among themselves about sin and aggression and disobedience to the Messenger? And when they come to you, they greet you with that [word] by which Allah does not greet you⁽¹⁵³⁰⁾ and say among themselves, "Why does Allah not punish us for what we say?" Sufficient for them is Hell, which they will [enter to] burn, and wretched is the destination.
- 9) O you who have believed, when you converse privately, do not converse about sin and aggression and disobedience to the Messenger but converse about righteousness and piety. And fear Allah, to whom you will be gathered.
- 10) Private conversation is only from Satan that he may grieve those who have believed,⁽¹⁵³¹⁾ but he will not harm them at all except by permission of Allah. And upon Allah let the believers rely.

(1529) Through His Knowledge of them and their secrets.

(1530) This is in reference to the Jews who would greet the Muslims with the words "Death be upon you," rather than "Peace."

(1531) The reference may be to the sinful type of conversation, as mentioned in the previous verses, or to the practice of two persons speaking in confidence in the presence of a third, which might lead him to assume that he is the subject of their conversation. Such behavior was prohibited by the Prophet (ﷺ) in narrations of al-Bukhari and Muslim.

- 11) O you who have believed, when you are told, "Space yourselves" in assemblies, then make space; Allah will make space for you.⁽¹⁵³²⁾ And when you are told, "Arise,"⁽¹⁵³³⁾ then arise; Allah will raise those who have believed among you and those who were given knowledge, by degrees. And Allah is Acquainted with what you do.
- 12) O you who have believed, when you [wish to] privately consult the Messenger, present before your consultation a charity. That is better for you and purer. But if you find not [the means] – then indeed, Allah is Forgiving and Merciful.
- 13) Have you feared to present before your consultation charities? Then when you do not and Allah has forgiven you, then [at least] establish prayer and give zakah and obey Allah and His messenger. And Allah is Acquainted with what you do.
- 14) Have you not considered those who make allies of a people with whom Allah has become angry? They are neither of you nor of them, and they swear to untruth while they know [they are lying].
- 15) Allah has prepared for them a severe punishment. Indeed, it is evil – what they used to do.
- 16) They took their [false] oaths as a cover, so they averted [people] from the way of Allah, and for them is a humiliating punishment.
- 17) Never will their wealth or their children avail them against Allah at all. Those are the companions of the Fire; they will abide therein eternally
- 18) On the Day Allah will resurrect them all, and they will swear to Him as they swear to you and think that they are [standing] on something.⁽¹⁵³⁴⁾ Unquestionably, it is they who are the liars.

(1532) In His mercy, in Paradise, or in everything good.

(1533) To prayer, to battle, or to good deeds.

(1534) They assume that their lies will be believed and that they will escape detection as they did in worldly life.

- 19) Satan has overcome them and made them forget the remembrance of Allah. Those are the party of Satan. Unquestionably, the party of Satan – they will be the losers.
- 20) Indeed, the ones who oppose Allah and His Messenger – those will be among the most humbled.
- 21) Allah has written [i.e., decreed], "I will surely overcome, I and My messengers." Indeed, Allah is Powerful and Exalted in Might.
- 22) You will not find a people who believe in Allah and the Last Day having affection for those who oppose Allah and His Messenger, even if they were their fathers or their sons or their brothers or their kindred. Those – He has decreed within their hearts faith and supported them with spirit⁽¹⁵³⁵⁾ from Him. And We will admit them to gardens beneath which rivers flow, wherein they abide eternally. Allah is pleased with them, and they are pleased with Him – those are the party of Allah. Unquestionably, the party of Allah – they are the successful.

(1535) i.e., "that which gives life," explained as the guidance of the Qur'an or victory over their opponents.

Hashr-59⁽¹⁵³⁶⁾

In the name of Allah, the Entirely Merciful, the Especially Merciful

- 1) Whatever is in the heavens and whatever is on the earth exalts Allah,⁽¹⁵³⁷⁾ and He is the Exalted in Might, the Wise.
- 2) It is He who expelled the ones who disbelieved among the People of the Scripture⁽¹⁵³⁸⁾ from their homes at the first gathering.⁽¹⁵³⁹⁾ You did not think they would leave, and they thought that their fortresses would protect them from Allah; but [the decree of] Allah came upon them from where they had not expected, and He cast terror into their hearts [so] they destroyed their houses by their [own] hands and the hands of the believers. So take warning, O people of vision.
- 3) And if not that Allah had decreed for them evacuation, He would have punished them in [this] world, and for them in the Hereafter is the punishment of the Fire.
- 4) That is because they opposed Allah and His Messenger. And whoever opposes Allah – then indeed, Allah is severe in penalty.
- 5) Whatever you have cut down of [their] palm trees or left standing on their trunks – it was by permission of Allah and so He would disgrace the defiantly disobedient.
- 6) And what Allah restored [of property] to His Messenger from them – you did not spur for it [in an expedition] any horses or camels,⁽¹⁵⁴⁰⁾ but Allah gives His messengers power over whom He wills, and Allah is over all things competent.
- 7) And what Allah restored to His Messenger from the people of the towns – it is for Allah and for the Messenger and for [his]

(1536) *Al-Hashr*: The Gathering.

(1537) See footnote to 57:1.

(1538) Referring to the Jews of Banun-Nadheer, who broke their pact with the Messenger of Allah (ﷺ).

(1539) This was the first time they had ever been gathered and expelled.

(1540) Meaning that they went through no hardship (i.e., war) to obtain it.

near relatives⁽¹⁵⁴¹⁾ and orphans and the [stranded] traveler⁽¹⁵⁴²⁾ – so that it will not be a perpetual distribution among the rich from among you. And whatever the Messenger has given you – take; and what he has forbidden you – refrain from. And fear Allah; indeed, Allah is severe in penalty.

- 8) For the poor emigrants who were expelled from their homes and their properties, seeking bounty from Allah and [His] approval and supporting Allah and His Messenger, [there is also a share]. Those are the truthful.
- 9) And [also for] those who were settled in the Home [i.e., al-Madinah] and [adopted] the faith before them.⁽¹⁵⁴³⁾ They love those who emigrated to them and find not any want in their breasts of what they [i.e., the emigrants] were given but give [them] preference over themselves, even though they are in privation. And whoever is protected from the stinginess of his soul – it is those who will be the successful.
- 10) And [there is a share for] those who came after them, saying, "Our Lord, forgive us and our brothers who preceded us in faith and put not in our hearts [any] resentment toward those who have believed. Our Lord, indeed You are Kind and Merciful."
- 11) Have you not considered those who practice hypocrisy, saying to their brothers [i.e., associates] who have disbelieved among the People of the Scripture, "If you are expelled, we will surely leave with you, and we will not obey, in regard to you, anyone – ever; and if you are fought, we will surely aid you." But Allah testifies that they are liars.
- 12) If they are expelled, they will not leave with them, and if they are fought, they will not aid them. And [even] if they should aid

(1541) Those of Banu Hashim and Banu Muttalib, whom he (ﷺ) had prohibited from accepting *zakah*.

(1542) This ruling concerning properties abandoned by an enemy without a war effort differs from that in *Surah al-Anfal*, verse 41, which refers to spoils of war in which four-fifths is distributed among those who fought in Allah's cause.

(1543) Before the settlement of the emigrants (Muhajireen) among the Ansar, for whom a share is delegated as well.

them, they will surely turn their backs; then [thereafter] they will not be aided.

- 13) You [believers] are more fearful within their breasts than Allah. That is because they are a people who do not understand.
- 14) They will not fight you all except within fortified cities or from behind walls. Their violence [i.e., enmity] among themselves is severe. You think they are together, but their hearts are diverse. That is because they are a people who do not reason.
- 15) [Theirs is] like the example of those shortly before them: they tasted the bad consequence of their affair, and they will have a painful punishment.
- 16) [The hypocrites are] like the example of Satan when he says to man, "Disbelieve." But when he disbelieves, he says, "Indeed, I am disassociated from you. Indeed, I fear Allah, Lord of the worlds."
- 17) So the outcome for both of them is that they will be in the Fire, abiding eternally therein. And that is the recompense of the wrong-doers.
- 18) O you who have believed, fear Allah. And let every soul look to what it has put forth for tomorrow – and fear Allah. Indeed, Allah is Acquainted with what you do.
- 19) And be not like those who forgot Allah, so He made them forget themselves. Those are the defiantly disobedient.
- 20) Not equal are the companions of the Fire and the companions of Paradise. The companions of Paradise – they are the attainers [of success].
- 21) If We had sent down this Qur'an upon a mountain, you would have seen it humbled and breaking down from fear of Allah. And these examples We present to the people that perhaps they will give thought.

- 22) He is Allah, other than whom there is no deity, Knower of the unseen and the witnessed.⁽¹⁵⁴⁴⁾ He is the Entirely Merciful, the Especially Merciful.
- 23) He is Allah, other than whom there is no deity, the Sovereign, the Pure, the Perfection,⁽¹⁵⁴⁵⁾ the Bestower of Faith,⁽¹⁵⁴⁶⁾ the Overseer, the Exalted in Might, the Compeller, the Superior. Exalted is Allah above whatever they associate with Him.
- 24) He is Allah, the Creator, the Inventor, the Fashioner; to Him belong the best names.⁽¹⁵⁴⁷⁾ Whatever is in the heavens and earth is exalting Him. And He is the Exalted in Might, the Wise.

Mumtahinah-60⁽¹⁵⁴⁸⁾

In the name of Allah, the Entirely Merciful, the Especially Merciful

- 1) O you who have believed, do not take My enemies and your enemies as allies,⁽¹⁵⁴⁹⁾ extending to them affection while they have disbelieved in what came to you of the truth, having driven out the Prophet and yourselves [only] because you believe in Allah, your Lord. If you have come out for jihad [i.e., fighting or striving] in My cause and seeking means to My approval, [take them not as friends]. You confide them affection [i.e., instruction], but I am most knowing of what you have confided and what you have declared. And whoever does it among you has certainly strayed from the soundness of the way.
- 2) If they gain dominance over you, they would be [i.e., behave] to you as enemies and extend against you their hands and their tongues with evil, and they wish you would disbelieve.

(1544) See footnote to 6:73.

(1545) Literally, "Free" from any imperfection or "the security."

(1546) Or "of Safety."

(1547) Refer to the final paragraphs of "Editor's Preface" for a brief discussion of these attributes.

(1548) *Al-Mumtahinah*: That (Surah) Which Examines. Also called "*al-Mumtahanah*," meaning "The Woman Examined."

(1549) i.e., close associates and friends.

- 3) Never will your relatives or your children benefit you; the Day of Resurrection He will judge between you. And Allah, of what you do, is Seeing.
- 4) There has already been for you an excellent pattern⁽¹⁵⁵⁰⁾ in Abraham and those with him, when they said to their people, "Indeed, we are disassociated from you and from whatever you worship other than Allah. We have denied you, and there has appeared between us and you animosity and hatred forever until you believe in Allah alone, " except for the saying of Abraham to his father, "I will surely ask forgiveness for you, but I have not [power to do] for you anything against Allah. Our Lord, upon You we have relied, and to You we have returned, and to You is the destination.
- 5) Our Lord, make us not [objects of] torment for the disbelievers and forgive us, our Lord. Indeed, it is You who is the Exalted in Might, the Wise."
- 6) There has certainly been for you in them an excellent pattern for anyone whose hope is in Allah and the Last Day. And whoever turns away – then indeed, Allah is the Free of need, the Praiseworthy.
- 7) Perhaps Allah will put, between you and those to whom you have been enemies among them, affection. And Allah is competent,⁽¹⁵⁵¹⁾ and Allah is Forgiving and Merciful.
- 8) Allah does not forbid you from those who do not fight you because of religion and do not expel you from your homes – from being righteous toward them and acting justly toward them. Indeed, Allah loves those who act justly.
- 9) Allah only forbids you from those who fight you because of religion and expel you from your homes and aid in your expulsion – [forbids] that you make allies⁽¹⁵⁵²⁾ of them. And

(1550) An example to be followed.

(1551) To accomplish this or whatever He should will.

(1552) See footnote to verse 1 of this *surah*.

whoever makes allies of them, then it is those who are the wrongdoers.

- 10) 10. O you who have believed, when the believing women come to you as emigrants, examine [i.e., test] them. Allah is most knowing as to their faith. And if you know them to be believers, then do not return them to the disbelievers; they are not lawful [wives] for them, nor are they lawful [husbands] for them. But give them [i.e., disbelievers] what they have spent.⁽¹⁵⁵³⁾ And there is no blame upon you if you marry them when you have given them their due compensation [i.e., mahr]. And hold not to marriage bonds with disbelieving women, but ask for what you have spent and let them [i.e., disbelievers] ask for what they have spent.⁽¹⁵⁵⁴⁾ That is the judgment of Allah; He judges between you. And Allah is Knowing and Wise.
- 11) And if any of your wives have left you to the disbelievers and you subsequently obtain [something],⁽¹⁵⁵⁵⁾ then give those whose wives have gone the equivalent of what they had spent. And fear Allah, in whom you are believers.
- 12) O Prophet, when the believing women come to you pledging to you that they will not associate anything with Allah, nor will they steal, nor will they commit unlawful sexual intercourse, nor will they kill their children, nor will they bring forth a slander they have invented between their arms and legs,⁽¹⁵⁵⁶⁾ nor will they disobey you in what is right – then accept their pledge and ask forgiveness for them of Allah. Indeed, Allah is Forgiving and Merciful.

(1553) For marriage, i.e., compensate their loss.

(1554) When a disbelieving wife chose to join the disbelievers, a Muslim husband could demand in return the equivalent of her *mahr*. Likewise, the disbelievers had a similar right when a believing woman joined the Muslims. This and the following verses were revealed subsequent to the Treaty of al-Hudaybiyyah.

(1555) From the side of the disbelievers, i.e., war booty or a believing woman seeking refuge with the Muslims.

(1556) This is an allusion to pregnancy and childbirth, i.e., to falsely attribute a child (whether adopted or born of adultery) to a woman's husband.

- 13) O you who have believed, do not make allies of a people with whom Allah has become angry. They have despaired of [reward in] the Hereafter just as the disbelievers have despaired of [meeting] the companions [i.e., inhabitants] of the graves.

Saff-61⁽¹⁵⁵⁷⁾

In the name of Allah, the Entirely Merciful, the Especially Merciful

- 1) Whatever is in the heavens and whatever is on the earth exalts Allah,⁽¹⁵⁵⁸⁾ and He is the Exalted in Might, the Wise.
- 2) O you who have believed, why do you say what you do not do?
- 3) Great is hatred in the sight of Allah that you say what you do not do.
- 4) Indeed, Allah loves those who fight in His cause in a row as though they are a [single] structure joined firmly.
- 5) And [mention, O Muhammad], when Moses said to his people, "O my people, why do you harm me while you certainly know that I am the messenger of Allah to you?" And when they deviated, Allah caused their hearts to deviate. And Allah does not guide the defiantly disobedient people.
- 6) And [mention] when Jesus, the son of Mary, said, "O children of Israel, indeed I am the messenger of Allah to you confirming what came before me of the Torah and bringing good tidings of a messenger to come after me, whose name is Ahmad."⁽¹⁵⁵⁹⁾ But when he⁽¹⁵⁶⁰⁾ came to them with clear evidences, they said, "This is obvious magic."
- 7) And who is more unjust than one who invents about Allah untruth while he is being invited to Islam. And Allah does not guide the wrongdoing people.

(1557) *As-Saff*: The Row.

(1558) See footnote to 57:1.

(1559) Another name of Prophet Muhammad (ﷺ).

(1560) Commentators differ as to whether this pronoun refers to Jesus or to Ahmad, since the context is applicable to both (peace be upon them).

- 8) They want to extinguish the light of Allah with their mouths, but Allah will perfect His light, although the disbelievers dislike it.
- 9) It is He who sent His Messenger with guidance and the religion of truth to manifest it over all religion, although those who associate others with Allah dislike it.
- 10) O you who have believed, shall I guide you to a transaction that will save you from a painful punishment?
- 11) [Its is that] you believe in Allah and His Messenger and strive in the cause of Allah with your wealth and your lives. That is best for you, if you should know.
- 12) He will forgive for you your sins and admit you to gardens beneath which rivers flow and pleasant dwellings in gardens of perpetual residence. That is the great attainment.
- 13) And [you will obtain] another [favor] that you love – victory from Allah and an imminent conquest; and give good tidings to the believers.
- 14) O you who have believed, be supporters of Allah, as when Jesus, the son of Mary, said to the disciples, "Who are my supporters for Allah?" The disciples said, "We are supporters of Allah." And a faction of the children of Israel believed and a faction disbelieved. So We supported those who believed against their enemy, and they became dominant.

Jumu'ah-62⁽¹⁵⁶¹⁾

In the name of Allah, the Entirely Merciful, the Especially Merciful

- 1) Whatever is in the heavens and whatever is on the earth is exalting Allah,⁽¹⁵⁶²⁾ the Sovereign, the Pure, the Exalted in Might, the Wise.
- 2) It is He who has sent among the unlettered a Messenger from themselves reciting to them His verses and purifying them and teaching them the Book [i.e., the Qur'an] and wisdom [i.e., the sunnah] – although they were before in clear error –
- 3) And [to] others of them who have not yet joined them. And He is the Exalted in Might, the Wise.
- 4) That is the bounty of Allah, which He gives to whom He wills, and Allah is the possessor of great bounty.
- 5) The example of those who were entrusted with the Torah and then did not take it on⁽¹⁵⁶³⁾ is like that of a donkey who carries volumes [of books].⁽¹⁵⁶⁴⁾ Wretched is the example of the people who deny the signs of Allah. And Allah does not guide the wrongdoing people.
- 6) Say, "O you who are Jews, if you claim that you are allies of Allah, excluding the [other] people, then wish for death, if you should be truthful."
- 7) But they will not wish for it, ever, because of what their hands have put forth. And Allah is Knowing of the wrongdoers.
- 8) Say, "Indeed, the death from which you flee – indeed, it will meet you. Then you will be returned to the Knower of the unseen and the witnessed, and He will inform you about what you used to do."

(1561) *Al-Jumu'ah*: Friday.

(1562) See footnote to 57:1.

(1563) i.e., neglected their responsibility towards it by not putting its teachings into practice.

(1564) But does not benefit from their contents.

- 9) O you who have believed, when [the adhan] is called for the prayer on the day of Jumu'ah [Friday], then proceed to the remembrance of Allah and leave trade. That is better for you, if you only knew.
- 10) And when the prayer has been concluded, disperse within the land and seek from the bounty of Allah, and remember Allah often that you may succeed.
- 11) But when they saw a transaction or a diversion, [O Muhammad], they rushed to it and left you standing. Say, "What is with Allah better than diversion and than a transaction, and Allah is the best of providers."

Munafiqun-63⁽¹⁵⁶⁵⁾

In the name of Allah, the Entirely Merciful, the Especially Merciful

- 1) When the hypocrites come to you, [O Muhammad], they say, "We testify that you are the Messenger of Allah." And Allah knows that you are His Messenger, and Allah testifies that the hypocrites are liars.
- 2) They have taken their oaths as a cover, so they averted [people] from the way of Allah. Indeed, it is evil – what they used to do.
- 3) That is because they believed, and then they disbelieved; so their hearts were sealed over, and they do not understand.
- 4) And when you see them, their bodies please you, and if they speak, you listen to their speech. [They are] as if they were pieces of wood propped up⁽¹⁵⁶⁶⁾ – they think that every shout is against them. They are the enemy, so beware of them. May Allah destroy them; how are they deluded?
- 5) And when it is said to them, "Come, the Messenger of Allah will ask forgiveness for you," they turn their heads aside and you see them evading while they are arrogant.

(1565) *Al-Munafiqun*: The Hypocrites.

(1566) i.e., merely forms with empty minds and empty hearts.

- 6) It is all the same for them whether you ask forgiveness for them or do not ask forgiveness for them. Never will Allah forgive them. Indeed, Allah does not guide the defiantly disobedient people.
- 7) They are the ones who say, "Do not spend on those who are with the Messenger of Allah until they disband." And to Allah belongs the depositories of the heavens and the earth, but the hypocrites do not understand.
- 8) They say, "If we return to al-Madinah, the more honored [for power] will surely expel therefrom the more humble." And to Allah belongs [all] honor, and to His Messenger, and to the believers, but the hypocrites do not know.
- 9) O you who have believed, let not your wealth and your children divert you from remembrance of Allah. And whoever does that then those are the losers.
- 10) And spend [in the way of Allah] from what We have provided you before death approaches one of you and he says, "My Lord, if only You would delay me for a brief term so I would give charity and be among the righteous."
- 11) But never will Allah delay a soul when its time has come. And Allah is Acquainted with what you do.

Taghabun-64⁽¹⁵⁶⁷⁾

In the name of Allah, the Entirely Merciful, the Especially Merciful

- 1) Whatever is in the heavens and whatever is on the earth is exalting Allah.⁽¹⁵⁶⁸⁾ To Him belongs dominion, and to Him belongs [all] praise, and He is over all things competent.
- 2) It is He who created you, and among you is the disbeliever, and among you is the believer. And Allah, of what you do, is Seeing.
- 3) He created the heavens and earth in truth and formed you and perfected your forms; and to Him is the [final] destination.
- 4) He knows what is within the heavens and earth and knows what you conceal and what you declare. And Allah is Knowing of that within the breasts.
- 5) Has there not come to you the news of those who disbelieved before? So they tasted the bad consequence of their affair, and they will have a painful punishment.
- 6) That is because their messengers used to come to them with clear evidences, but they said, "Shall human beings guide us?" And disbelieved and turned away. And Allah dispensed [with them]; and Allah is Free of need and Praiseworthy.
- 7) Those who disbelieve have claimed that they will never be resurrected. Say, "Yes, by my Lord, you will surely be resurrected; then you will surely be informed of what you did. And that, for Allah, is easy."
- 8) So believe in Allah and His Messenger and the light [i.e., the Qur'an] which We have sent down. And Allah is Acquainted with what you do.
- 9) The Day He will assemble you for the Day of Assembly – that is the Day of Deprivation.⁽¹⁵⁶⁹⁾ And whoever believes in Allah

(1567) *At-Taghabun*: Deprivation, another name for the Day of Judgment. See footnote 1569.

(1568) See footnote to 57:1.

and does righteousness – He will remove from him his misdeeds and admit him to gardens beneath which rivers flow, wherein they will abide forever. That is the great attainment.

- 10) But the ones who disbelieved and denied Our verses – those are the companions of the Fire, abiding eternally therein; and wretched is the destination.
- 11) No disaster strikes except by permission of Allah. And whoever believes in Allah – He will guide his heart. And Allah is Knowing of all things.
- 12) And obey Allah and obey the Messenger, but if you turn away – then upon Our Messenger is only [the duty of] clear notification.
- 13) Allah – there is no deity except Him. And upon Allah let the believers rely.
- 14) O you who have believed, indeed, among your wives and your children are enemies to you, so beware of them. But if you pardon and overlook and forgive – then indeed, Allah is Forgiving and Merciful.
- 15) Your wealth and your children are but a trial, and Allah has with Him a great reward.
- 16) So fear Allah as much as you are able and listen and obey and spend [in the way of Allah]; it is better for your souls. And whoever is protected from the stinginess of his soul – it is those who will be the successful.
- 17) If you loan Allah a goodly loan, He will multiply it for you and forgive you. And Allah is Most Appreciative and Forbearing.
- 18) Knower of the unseen and the witnessed, the Exalted in Might, the Wise.

(1569) “*At-Taghabun*” suggest having been outdone by others in the acquisition of something valued. That Day, the disbelievers will suffer the loss of Paradise to the believers.

Talaq-65⁽¹⁵⁷⁰⁾

In the name of Allah, the Entirely Merciful, the Especially Merciful

- 1) O Prophet, when you [Muslims] divorce women, divorce them for [the commencement of] their waiting period⁽¹⁵⁷¹⁾ and keep count of the waiting period, and fear Allah, your Lord. Do not turn them out of their [husbands'] houses, nor should they [themselves] leave [during that period] unless they are committing a clear immorality. And those are the limits [set by] Allah. And whoever transgresses the limits of Allah has certainly wronged himself. You know not; perhaps Allah will bring about after that a [different] matter.⁽¹⁵⁷²⁾
- 2) And when they have [almost] fulfilled their term, either keep them according to reasonable terms or part with them according to reasonable terms. And bring to witness two just men from among you and establish the testimony for [the acceptance of] Allah. That is instructed to whoever should believe in Allah and the Last day. And whoever fears Allah – He will make for him a way out⁽¹⁵⁷³⁾
- 3) And will provide for him from where he does not expect. And whoever relies upon Allah – then He is sufficient for him. Indeed, Allah will accomplish His purpose. Allah has already set for everything a [decreed] extent.
- 4) And those who no longer expect menstruation among your women – if you doubt, then their period is three months, and [also for] those who have not menstruated. And for those who

(1570) *At-Talaq*: Divorce.

(1571) See rulings in 2:228-233. A wife should not be divorced except after the completion of her menstrual period but before sexual intercourse has occurred, or else during a confirmed pregnancy. The pronouncement of divorce begins her waiting period ('*iddah*).

(1572) Such as regret or renewed desire for the wife.

(1573) i.e., relief from distress.

are pregnant, their term is until they give birth.⁽¹⁵⁷⁴⁾ And whoever fears Allah – He will make for him of his matter ease.

- 5) That is the command of Allah, which He has sent down to you; and whoever fears Allah – He will remove for him his misdeeds and make great for him his reward.
- 6) Lodge them⁽¹⁵⁷⁵⁾ [in a section] of where you dwell out of your means and do not harm them in order to oppress them.⁽¹⁵⁷⁶⁾ And if they should be pregnant, then spend on them until they give birth. And if they breastfeed for you, then give them their payment and confer among yourselves in the acceptable way; but if you are in discord, then there may breastfeed for him [i.e., the father] another woman.⁽¹⁵⁷⁷⁾
- 7) Let a man of wealth spend from his wealth, and he whose provision is restricted – let him spend from what Allah has given him. Allah does not charge a soul except [according to] what He has given it. Allah will bring about, after hardship, ease [i.e., relief].
- 8) And how many a city was insolent toward the command of its Lord and His messengers, so We took it to severe account and punished it with a terrible punishment.
- 9) And it tasted the bad consequence of its affair [i.e., rebellion], and the outcome of its affair was loss.
- 10) Allah has prepared for them a severe punishment; so fear Allah, O you of understanding who have believed. Allah has sent down to you a message [i.e., the Qur'an].⁽¹⁵⁷⁸⁾
- 11) [He sent] a Messenger [i.e., Muhammad (ﷺ)] reciting to you the distinct verses of Allah that He may bring out those who believe and do righteous deeds from darknesses into the light. And

(1574) The ruling concerning pregnancy applies also in the case of the husband's death.

(1575) During their waiting period (referring to wives whose divorce has been pronounced).

(1576) So that they would be forced to leave or to ransom themselves.

(1577) See 2:233.

(1578) Some scholars have interpreted “*dhikr*” here as “a reminder,” meaning the Messenger (ﷺ), since he is mentioned in the following verse.

whoever believes in Allah and does righteousness – He will admit him into gardens beneath which rivers flow to abide therein forever. Allah will have perfected for him a provision.

- 12) It is Allah who has created seven heavens and of the earth, the like of them.⁽¹⁵⁷⁹⁾ [His] command descends among them so you may know that Allah is over all things competent and that Allah has encompassed all things in knowledge.

Tahreem-66⁽¹⁵⁸⁰⁾

In the name of Allah, the Entirely Merciful, the Especially Merciful

- 1) O Prophet, why do you prohibit [yourself from] what Allah has made lawful for you, seeking the approval of your wives? And Allah is Forgiving and Merciful.
- 2) Allah has already ordained for you [Muslims] the dissolution of your oaths.⁽¹⁵⁸¹⁾ And Allah is your protector, and He is the Knowing, the Wise.
- 3) And [remember] when the Prophet confided to one of his wives a statement; and when she informed [another] of it and Allah showed it to him, he made known part of it and ignored a part. And when he informed her about it, she said, "Who told you this?" He said, "I was informed by the Knowing, the Acquainted."
- 4) If you two [wives] repent to Allah, [it is best], for your hearts have deviated. But if you cooperate against him – then indeed Allah is his protector, and Gabriel and the righteous of the believers and the angels, moreover, are [his] assistants.
- 5) Perhaps his Lord, if he divorced you [all], would substitute for him wives better than you – submitting [to Allah], believing

(1579) i.e., a similar number: seven.

(1580) *At-Tahreem*: Prohibition.

(1581) By means of a *kaffarah* (expiation). This is required when one is unable to fulfill an oath or when one has taken an oath which would not be pleasing to Allah. See 5:89

devoutly obedient, repentant, worshipping, and traveling⁽¹⁵⁸²⁾ – [ones] previously married and virgins.

- 6) O you who have believed, protect yourselves and your families from a Fire whose fuel is people and stones, over which are [appointed] angels, harsh and severe; they do not disobey Allah in what He commands them but do what they are commanded.
- 7) O you who have disbelieved, make no excuses that Day. You will only be recompensed for what you used to do.
- 8) O you who have believed, repent to Allah with sincere repentance. Perhaps⁽¹⁵⁸³⁾ your Lord will remove from you your misdeeds and admit you into gardens beneath which rivers flow [on] the Day when Allah will not disgrace the Prophet and those who believed with him. Their light will proceed before them and on their right; they will say, "Our Lord, perfect for us our light and forgive us. Indeed, You are over all things competent."
- 9) O Prophet, strive against the disbelievers and the hypocrites and be harsh upon them. And their refuge is Hell, and wretched is the destination.
- 10) Allah presents an example of those who disbelieved: the wife of Noah and the wife of lot. They were under two of Our righteous servants but betrayed them,⁽¹⁵⁸⁴⁾ so they [i.e., those prophets] did not avail them from Allah at all, and it was said, "Enter the Fire with those who enter."
- 11) And Allah presents an example of those who believed: the wife of Pharaoh, when she said, "My Lord, build for me near You a house in Paradise and save me from Pharaoh and his deeds and save me from the wrongdoing people."

(1582) Emigrating for the cause of Allah.

(1583) i.e., it is expected or promised.

(1584) In the matter of religion.

- 12) And [the example of] Mary, the daughter of 'Imran, who guarded her chastity, so We blew into [her garment] through Our angel [i.e., Gabriel], and she believed in the words of her Lord and His scriptures and was of the devoutly obedient.

Mulk-67⁽¹⁵⁸⁵⁾

In the name of Allah, the Entirely Merciful, the Especially Merciful

- 1) Blessed is He in whose hand is dominion, and He is over all things competent-
- 2) [He] who created death and life to test you [as to] which of you is best in deed – and He is the Exalted in Might, the Forgiving-
- 3) [And] who created seven heavens in layers.⁽¹⁵⁸⁶⁾ You do not see in the creation of the Most Merciful any inconsistency. So return [your] vision [to the sky]; do you see any breaks?
- 4) Then return [your] vision twice again.⁽¹⁵⁸⁷⁾ [Your] vision will return will return to you humbled while it is fatigued.
- 5) And We have certainly beautified the nearest heaven with lamps [i.e., stars] and have made [from] them what is thrown at the devils⁽¹⁵⁸⁸⁾ and have prepared for them the punishment of the Blaze.
- 6) And for those who disbelieved in their Lord is the punishment of Hell, and wretched is the destination.
- 7) When they are thrown into it, they hear from it a [dreadful] inhaling while it boils up.
- 8) It almost bursts with rage. Every time a company is thrown into it, its keepers ask them, "Did there not come to you a warner?"
- 9) They will say, " Yes, a warner had come to us, but we denied and said, 'Allah has not sent down anything. You are not but in great error.' "

(1585) *Al-Mulk*: Dominion.

(1586) i.e., one covering or fitting over the other.

(1587) i.e., repeatedly.

(1588) Thereby driving them from the heavens and preventing them from eavesdropping. See 72:8-9.

- 10) And they will say, "If only we had been listening or reasoning, we would not be among the companions of the Blaze."
- 11) And they will admit their sin, so [it is] alienation⁽¹⁵⁸⁹⁾ for the companions of the Blaze.
- 12) Indeed, those who fear their Lord unseen will have forgiveness and great reward.
- 13) And conceal your speech or publicize it; indeed, He is Knowing of that within the breasts.
- 14) Does He who created not know,⁽¹⁵⁹⁰⁾ while He is the Subtle, the Acquainted?
- 15) It is He who made the earth tame⁽¹⁵⁹¹⁾ for you-so walk among its slopes and eat of His provision- and to Him is the resurrection.
- 16) Do you feel secure that He who [holds authority] in the heaven would not cause the earth to swallow you and suddenly it would sway?⁽¹⁵⁹²⁾
- 17) Or do you feel secure that He who [holds authority] in the heaven would not send against you a storm of stones? Then you would know how [severe] was My warning.
- 18) And already had those before them denied, and how [terrible] was My reproach.
- 19) Do they not see the birds above them with wings outspread and [sometimes] folded in? None holds them [aloft] except the Most Merciful. Indeed He is, of all things, Seeing.
- 20) Or who is it that could be an army for you to aid you other than the Most Merciful? The disbelievers are not but in delusion.
- 21) Or who is it that could provide for you if He withheld His provision? But they have persisted in insolence and aversion.
- 22) Then is one who walks fallen on his face better guided or one who walks erect on a straight path?

(1589) From all good and from Allah's mercy.

(1590) Another accepted meaning is "Does He not know those whom He created...?"

(1591) i.e., stable and subservient.

(1592) In a circular motion, as in an earthquake.

- 23) Say, "It is He who has produced you and made for you hearing and vision and hearts [i.e., intellect]; little are you grateful."
- 24) Say, "It is He who has multiplied you throughout the earth, and to Him you will be gathered."
- 25) And they say, "When is this promise, if you should be truthful?"
- 26) Say, "The knowledge is only with Allah, and I am only a clear warner."
- 27) But when they see it⁽¹⁵⁹³⁾ approaching, the faces of those who disbelieve will be distressed, and it will be said, "This is that for which you used to call."⁽¹⁵⁹⁴⁾
- 28) Say, [O Muhammad], "Have you considered⁽¹⁵⁹⁵⁾ : whether Allah should cause my death and those with me or have mercy upon us, who can protect the disbelievers from a painful punishment?"
- 29) Say, "He is the Most Merciful; we have believed in Him, and upon Him we have relied. And you will [come to] know who it is that is in clear error."
- 30) Say, "Have you considered: if your water was to become sunken [into the earth], then who could bring you flowing water?"

Qalam-68⁽¹⁵⁹⁶⁾

In the name of Allah, the Entirely Merciful, the Especially Merciful

- 1) Nun.⁽¹⁵⁹⁷⁾ By the pen and what they inscribe,
- 2) You are not, [O Muhammad], by the favor of your Lord, a madman.
- 3) And indeed, for you is a reward uninterrupted.
- 4) And indeed, you are of a great moral character.
- 5) So you will see and they will see
- 6) Which of you is the afflicted [by a devil].

(1593) The punishment of which they were warned.

(1594) When they challenged their prophets, saying, "Bring on the punishment, if you are truthful."

(1595) i.e., inform me.

(1596) *Al-Qalam*: The Pen.

(1597) See footnote to 2:1.

- 7) Indeed, your Lord is most knowing of who has gone astray from His way, and He is most knowing of the [rightly] guided.
- 8) Then do not obey the deniers.
- 9) They wish that you would soften [in your position], so they would soften [toward you].
- 10) And do not obey every worthless habitual swearer
- 11) [And] scorner, going about with malicious gossip –
- 12) A preventer of good, transgressing and sinful,
- 13) Cruel, moreover, and an illegitimate pretender.⁽¹⁵⁹⁸⁾
- 14) Because he is a possessor of wealth and children,
- 15) When Our verses are recited to him, he says, "Legends of the former peoples."
- 16) We will brand him upon the snout.⁽¹⁵⁹⁹⁾
- 17) Indeed, We have tried them as We tried the companions of the garden, when they swore to cut its fruit in the [early] morning
- 18) Without making exception.⁽¹⁶⁰⁰⁾
- 19) So there came upon it [i.e., the garden] an affliction from your Lord while they were asleep.
- 20) And it became as though reaped.
- 21) And they called one another at morning,
- 22) [Saying], "Go early to your crop if you would cut the fruit."
- 23) So they set out, while they lowered their voices,
- 24) [Saying], "There will surely not enter it today upon you [any] poor person."
- 25) And they went early in determination, [assuming themselves] able.⁽¹⁶⁰¹⁾
- 26) But when they saw it, they said, "Indeed, we are lost;
- 27) Rather, we have been deprived."

(1598) i.e., claiming a particular lineage falsely. The description given in this verses is of al-Waleed bin al-Mugheerah. (See also 74:11-25) or possibly, as asserted by Ibn Katheer, al-Akhnas bin Shurayq.

(1599) Literally, "trunk," meaning the nose of an elephant or peg.

(1600) i.e., without conceding that nothing can be accomplished unless Allah wills, saying, "...if Allah wills" (*in-sha-Allah*). See 18:23-24.

(1601) To carry out their plan, confident of their ability.

- 28) The most moderate of them said, "Did I not say to you, 'Why do you not exalt [Allah]?' "⁽¹⁶⁰²⁾
- 29) They said, "Exalted is our Lord! Indeed, we were wrongdoers."
- 30) Then they approached one another, blaming each other.
- 31) They said, "O woe to us; indeed we were transgressors.
- 32) Perhaps our Lord will substitute for us [one] better than it. Indeed, we are toward our Lord desirous."⁽¹⁶⁰³⁾
- 33) Such is the punishment [of this world]. And the punishment of the Hereafter is greater, if they only knew.
- 34) Indeed, for the righteous with their Lord are the Gardens of Pleasure.
- 35) Then will We treat the Muslims like the criminals?
- 36) What is [the matter] with you? How do you judge?
- 37) Or do you have a scripture in which you learn
- 38) That indeed for you is whatever you choose?
- 39) Or do you have oaths [binding] upon Us, extending until the Day of Resurrection, that indeed for you is whatever you judge?
- 40) Ask them which of them, for that [claim], is responsible.
- 41) Or do they have partners?⁽¹⁶⁰⁴⁾ Then let them bring their partners, if they should be truthful?
- 42) The Day the shin will be uncovered⁽¹⁶⁰⁵⁾ and they are invited to prostration but they [i.e., the disbelievers] will not be able,
- 43) Their eyes humbled, humiliation will cover them. And they used to be invited to prostration while they were sound.⁽¹⁶⁰⁶⁾

(1602) i.e., remember or mention Him by saying, "...if Allah wills." An additional meaning is "praise" or "thank" Him for His bounty.

(1603) Of His mercy, forgiveness and bounty.

(1604) i.e., those to whom they attribute divinity other than Allah or partners from among themselves

(1605) i.e., when everyone will find before him great difficulty. In accordance with authentic *hadiths*, "the shin" might also refer to that of Allah, before which every believer will prostrate on the Day of Judgment. See footnote to 2:19.

(1606) During worldly life.

- 44) So leave Me, [O Muhammad], with [the matter of] whoever denies this statement [i.e., the Qur'an]. We will progressively lead them [to punishment] from where they do not know.⁽¹⁶⁰⁷⁾
- 45) And I will give them time. Indeed, My plan is firm.
- 46) Or do you ask for them a payment, so they are by debt burdened down?
- 47) Or have they [knowledge of] the unseen, so they write [it] down?
- 48) Then be patient for the decision of your Lord, [O Muhammad], and be not like the companion of the fish [i.e., Jonah] when he called out while he was distressed.
- 49) If not that a favor [i.e., mercy] from his Lord overtook him, he would have been thrown onto the naked shore while he was censured.⁽¹⁶⁰⁸⁾
- 50) And his Lord chose him and made him of the righteous.
- 51) And indeed, those who disbelieve would almost make you slip with their eyes [i.e., looks] when they hear the message, and they say, "Indeed, he is mad."
- 52) But it is not except a reminder to the worlds.

Haqqah-69⁽¹⁶⁰⁹⁾

In the name of Allah, the Entirely Merciful, the Especially Merciful

- 1) The Inevitable reality –
- 2) What is the Inevitable reality?
- 3) And what can make you know what is the Inevitable Reality?
- 4) Thamud and 'Aad denied the Striking Calamity [i.e., the Resurrection].

(1607) Allah will increase His favors to them in this world by way of trial, whereby they will sink deeper into sin and thus into destruction.

(1608) But instead, Allah accepted his repentance and provided means for his recovery. See 37:139-148.

(1609) *Al-Haqqah*: The Inevitable Reality or That Which Manifest Realities-another name for the Resurrection.

- 5) So as for Thamud, they were destroyed by the overpowering [blast].
- 6) And as for 'Aad, they were destroyed by a screaming,⁽¹⁶¹⁰⁾ violent wind
- 7) Which He [i.e., Allah] imposed upon them for seven nights and eight days in succession, so you would see the people therein fallen as if they were hollow trunks of palm trees.
- 8) Then do you see of them any remains?
- 9) And there came Pharaoh and those before him and the overturned cities⁽¹⁶¹¹⁾ with sin.
- 10) And they disobeyed the messenger of their Lord, so He seized them with a seizure exceeding [in severity].
- 11) Indeed, when the water overflowed, We carried you [i.e., your ancestors] in the sailing ship⁽¹⁶¹²⁾
- 12) That We might make it for you a reminder and [that] a conscious ear would be conscious of it.
- 13) Then when the Horn is blown with one blast
- 14) And the earth and the mountains are lifted and leveled with one blow [i.e., stroke] –
- 15) Then on that Day, the Occurrence [i.e., Resurrection] will occur,
- 16) And the heaven will split [open], for that Day it is infirm.⁽¹⁶¹³⁾
- 17) And the angels are at its edges. And there will bear the Throne of your Lord above them, that Day, eight [of them].
- 18) That Day, you will be exhibited [for judgment]; not hidden among you is anything concealed.⁽¹⁶¹⁴⁾
- 19) So as for he who is given his record in his right hand, he will say, "Here, read my record!
- 20) Indeed, I was certain that I would be meeting my account."

(1610) Or "cold."

(1611) Those to which Lot was sent (see 11:82-83) or generally, all cities which were destroyed due to their denial of a messenger from Allah.

(1612) Which was constructed by Noah.

(1613) i.e., weak, enfeebled and unstable.

(1614) i.e., any person or any secret you might attempt to conceal.

- 21) So he will be in a pleasant life –
 22) In an elevated Garden,
 23) Its [fruit] to be picked hanging near.
 24) [They will be told], "Eat and drink in satisfaction for what you put forth⁽¹⁶¹⁵⁾ in the days past."
 25) But as for he who is given his record in his left hand, he will say,
 "Oh, I wish I had not been given my record
 26) And had not known what is my account.
 27) I wish it [i.e., my death] had been the decisive one."⁽¹⁶¹⁶⁾
 28) My wealth has not availed me.
 29) Gone from me is my authority."
 30) [Allah will say], "Seize him and shackle him.
 31) Then into Hellfire drive him.
 32) Then into a chain whose length is seventy cubits insert him."
 33) Indeed, he did not used to believe in Allah, the Most Great,
 34) Nor did he encourage the feeding of the poor.
 35) So there is not for him here this Day any devoted friend
 36) Nor any food except from the discharge of wounds;
 37) None will eat it except the sinners.
 38) So I swear by what you see
 39) And what you do not see
 40) [That] indeed, it [i.e., the Qur'an] is the word of noble Messenger.
 41) And it is not the word of a poet; little do you believe.
 42) Nor the word of a soothsayer; little do you remember.
 43) [It is] a revelation from the Lord of the worlds.
 44) And if he [i.e., Muhammad] had made up about Us some [false] sayings,
 45) We would have seized him by the right hand;⁽¹⁶¹⁷⁾

(1615) Literally, "advanced" in anticipation of reward in the Hereafter.

(1616) i.e., ending life rather than being the gateway to eternal life.

(1617) Another interpretation is "by (Our) right hand," i.e., Allah would have exacted revenge with might and power.

- 46) Then We would have cut from him the aorta.⁽¹⁶¹⁸⁾
 47) And there is no one of you who could prevent [Us] from him.
 48) And indeed, it [i.e., the Qur'an] is a reminder for the righteous
 49) And indeed, We know that among you are deniers.
 50) And indeed, it will be [a cause of] regret upon the disbelievers.
 51) And indeed, it is the truth of certainty.
 52) So exalt the name of your Lord, the Most Great.

Ma'arij-70⁽¹⁶¹⁹⁾

In the name of Allah, the Entirely Merciful, the Especially Merciful

- 1) A supplicant asked for a punishment bound to happen⁽¹⁶²⁰⁾
 2) To the disbelievers; of it there is no preventer.
 3) [It is] from Allah, owner of the ways of ascent.
 4) The angels and the spirit [i.e., Gabriel] will ascend to Him during a Day the extent of which is fifty thousand years.
 5) So be patient with gracious patience.
 6) Indeed, they see it [as] distant,
 7) But We see it [as] near.
 8) On the Day the sky will be like murky oil,⁽¹⁶²¹⁾
 9) And the mountains will be like wool,⁽¹⁶²²⁾
 10) And no friend will ask [anything of] a friend,
 11) They will recognize each other. The criminal will wish that he could be ransomed from the punishment of that Day by his children
 12) And his wife and his brother
 13) And his nearest kindred who shelter him

(1618) Causing immediate death.

(1619) *Al-Ma'arij*: Ways of Ascent, i.e., those of the angles into the heavens.

(1620) In the Hereafter. Disbelievers had challenged the Prophet (ﷺ) by invoking Allah to bring on His punishment. See 8:32.

(1621) Or "molten metal."

(1622) i.e., in the process of disintegration.

- 14) And whoever is on earth entirely [so] then it could save him.
 15) No!⁽¹⁶²³⁾ Indeed, it is the Flame [of Hell],
 16) A remover of exteriors.⁽¹⁶²⁴⁾
 17) It invites he who turned his back [on truth] and went away [from obedience]
 18) And collected [wealth] and hoarded.
 19) Indeed, mankind was created anxious:
 20) When evil touches him, impatient,
 21) And when good touches him, withholding [of it],
 22) Except the observers of prayer –
 23) Those who are constant in their prayer
 24) And those within whose wealth is a known right⁽¹⁶²⁵⁾
 25) For the petitioner and the deprived –
 26) And those who believe in the Day of Recompense
 27) And those who are fearful of the punishment of their Lord –
 28) Indeed, the punishment of their Lord is not that from which one is safe –
 29) And those who guard their private parts
 30) Except from their wives or those their right hands possess,⁽¹⁶²⁶⁾
 for indeed, they are not to be blamed –
 31) But whoever seeks beyond that, then they are the transgressors –
 32) And those who are to their trusts and promises attentive
 33) And those who are in their testimonies upright
 34) And those who [carefully] maintain their prayer:
 35) They will be in gardens,⁽¹⁶²⁷⁾ honored.
 36) So what is [the matter] with those who disbelieve, hastening [from] before you, [O Muhammad],
 37) [To sit] on [your] right and [your] left in separate groups?⁽¹⁶²⁸⁾

(1623) An emphatic refusal meaning “It is not to be.”

(1624) This refers to the skin of the head or of the body or to the body extremities—which will be burned away.

(1625) i.e., a specified share, meaning the obligatory *zakah*.

(1626) i.e., female slaves.

(1627) In Paradise.

- 38) Does every person among them aspire to enter a garden of pleasure?
- 39) No! Indeed, We have created them from that which they know.⁽¹⁶²⁹⁾
- 40) So I swear by the Lord of [all] risings and settings⁽¹⁶³⁰⁾ that indeed We are able
- 41) To replace them with better than them; and We are not to be outdone.
- 42) So leave them to converse vainly and amuse themselves until they meet their Day which they are promised –
- 43) The Day they will emerge from the graves rapidly as if they were, toward an erected idol, hastening.⁽¹⁶³¹⁾
- 44) Their eyes humbled, humiliation will cover them. That is the Day which they had been promised.

(1628) They sat at a distance in order to oppose and mock the Prophet (ﷺ), claiming that they would enter Paradise before the believers.

(1629) i.e., a liquid disdained. So how can they expect to enter Paradise except by the will of their Creator?

(1630) i.e., Allah, who determines the point at which the sun, moon and stars rise and set according to season and every position of observation.

(1631) i.e., just as they used to race, whenever an idol was newly appointed, to be the first of its worshippers.

Nuh-71⁽¹⁶³²⁾

In the name of Allah, the Entirely Merciful, the Especially Merciful

- 1) Indeed, We sent Noah to his people, [saying], "Warn your people before there comes to them a painful punishment."
- 2) He said, "O my people, indeed I am to you a clear warner,
- 3) [Saying], 'Worship Allah, fear Him and obey me.
- 4) He [i.e., Allah] will forgive you of your sins and delay you for a specified term. Indeed, the time [set by] Allah, when it comes, will not be delayed, if you only knew.
- 5) He said, "My Lord, indeed I invited my people [to truth] night and day.
- 6) But my invitation increased them not except in flight [i.e., aversion].
- 7) And indeed, every time I invited them that You may forgive them, they put their fingers in their ears, covered themselves with their garments,⁽¹⁶³³⁾ persisted, and were arrogant with [great] arrogance.
- 8) Then I invited them publicly.
- 9) Then I announced to them and [also] confided to them secretly
- 10) And said, 'Ask forgiveness of your Lord. Indeed, He is ever a Perpetual Forgiver.
- 11) He will send [rain from] the sky upon you in [continuing] showers
- 12) And give you increase in wealth and children and provide for you gardens and provide for you rivers.
- 13) What is [the matter] with you that you do not attribute to Allah [due] grandeur
- 14) While He has created you in stages?⁽¹⁶³⁴⁾

(1632) *Nuh*: (The Prophet) Noah.

(1633) Refusing to look or listen.

(1634) i.e., in various progressive states and conditions. See 22:5 and 23:12-14.

- 15) Do you not consider how Allah has created seven heavens in layers⁽¹⁶³⁵⁾
- 16) And made the moon therein a [reflected] light and made the sun a burning lamp?
- 17) And Allah has caused you to grow from the earth a [progressive] growth.
- 18) Then He will return you into it and extract you [another] extraction.
- 19) And Allah has made for you the earth an expanse
- 20) That you may follow therein roads of passage.' "
- 21) Noah said, "My Lord, indeed they have disobeyed me and followed him whose wealth and children will not increase him except in loss.
- 22) And the conspired an immense conspiracy.
- 23) And said, 'Never leave your gods and never leave Wadd or Suwa' or Yaghuth and Ya'uq and Nasr.'⁽¹⁶³⁶⁾
- 24) And already they have misled many. And, [my Lord], do not increase the wrongdoers except in error."
- 25) Because of their sins they were drowned and put into the Fire, and they found not for themselves besides Allah [any] helpers.
- 26) And Noah said, "My Lord, do not leave upon the earth from among the disbelievers an inhabitant.
- 27) Indeed, if You leave them, they will mislead Your servants and not beget except [every] wicked one and [confirmed] disbeliever.
- 28) My Lord, forgive me and my parents and whoever enters my house a believer and the believing men and believing women. And do not increase the wrongdoers except in destruction."

(1635) See footnote to 67:3.

(1636) These were the names of specific idols named after pious men of earlier generations.

Jinn-72⁽¹⁶³⁷⁾

In the name of Allah, the Entirely Merciful, the Especially Merciful

- 1) Say, [O Muhammad], "It has been revealed to me that a group of the jinn listened and said, 'Indeed, we have heard an amazing Qur'an [i.e., recitation].
- 2) It guides to the right course, and we have believed in it. And we will never associate with our Lord anyone.
- 3) And [it teaches] that exalted is the nobleness of our Lord; He has not taken a wife or a son
- 4) And that our foolish one [i.e., Iblees]⁽¹⁶³⁸⁾ has been saying about Allah an excessive transgression.
- 5) And we had thought that mankind and the jinn would never speak about Allah a lie.
- 6) And there were men from mankind who sought refuge in men from the jinn, so they [only] increased them in burden [i.e., sin].
- 7) And they had thought, as you thought, that Allah would never send anyone [as a messenger].
- 8) And we have sought [to reach] the heaven but found it filled with powerful guards and burning flames.
- 9) And we used to sit therein in positions for hearing,⁽¹⁶³⁹⁾ but whoever listens now will find a burning flame lying in wait for him.
- 10) And we do not know [therefore] whether evil is intended for those on earth or whether their Lord intends for them a right course.
- 11) And among us are the righteous, and among us are [others] not so; we were [of] divided ways.⁽¹⁶⁴⁰⁾

(1637) *Al-Jinn*: The Jinn, a species of beings created by Allah from fire.

(1638) A plural form may also be understood, i.e., "the foolish ones among us."

(1639) Before the prophethood of Muhammad (ﷺ) the jinn used to collect information by eavesdropping on the angels and then pass it on to fortunetellers and soothsayers.

(1640) In opinion, belief and religious practice.

- 12) And we have become certain that we will never cause failure to Allah upon earth, nor can we escape Him by flight.
- 13) And when we heard the guidance [i.e., Qur'an], we believed in it. And whoever believes in his Lord will not fear deprivation or burden.⁽¹⁶⁴¹⁾
- 14) And among us are Muslims [in submission to Allah], and among us are the unjust.⁽¹⁶⁴²⁾ And whoever has become Muslim - those have sought out the right course.
- 15) But as for the unjust, they will be, for Hell, firewood.'
- 16) And [Allah revealed] that if they had remained straight on the way, We would have given them abundant rain [i.e., provision]
- 17) So We might test them therein. And whoever turns away from the remembrance of his Lord⁽¹⁶⁴³⁾ He will put into arduous punishment.
- 18) And [He revealed] that the masjids⁽¹⁶⁴⁴⁾ are for Allah, so do not invoke with Allah anyone.
- 19) And that when the Servant [i.e., Prophet] of Allah stood up supplicating Him, they almost became about him a compacted mass."⁽¹⁶⁴⁵⁾
- 20) Say, [O Muhammad], "I only invoke my Lord and do not associate with Him anyone."
- 21) Say, "Indeed, I do not possess for you [the power of] harm or right direction."
- 22) Say, "Indeed, there will never protect me from Allah anyone [if I should disobey], nor will I find in other than Him a refuge.
- 23) But [I have for you] only notification from Allah, and His messages." And whoever disobeys Allah and His Messenger –

(1641) In regard to his account in the Hereafter. Nothing of his good will be diminished, nor will the evil of another be placed upon him.

(1642) i.e., those who deviate from the truth and act tyrannically.

(1643) i.e., refuses obedience to Him.

(1644) the term "*masjid*" here includes every place of worship or the earth in general.

(1645) Crowding on top of each other in the manner of locusts in order to hear him (ﷺ). "They" may refer to the *jinn* or to the disbelievers among the Arabs.

then indeed, for him is the fire of Hell; they will abide therein forever.

- 24) [The disbelievers continue] until, when they see that which they are promised, then they will know who it is that is weaker in helpers and less in number.
- 25) Say, "I do not know if what you are promised is near or if my Lord will grant for it a [long] period."
- 26) [He is] Knower of the unseen, and He does not disclose His [knowledge of the] unseen to anyone
- 27) Except whom He has approved of messengers, and indeed, He sends before him [i.e., each messenger] and behind him observers⁽¹⁶⁴⁶⁾
- 28) That he [i.e., Muhammad (ﷺ)]⁽¹⁶⁴⁷⁾ may know that they have conveyed the messages of their Lord; and He has encompassed whatever is with them and has enumerated all things in number.

(1646) Guardian angels to protect the messenger and the message.

(1647) This phrase may also be read: "So He [i.e., Allah] may make evident."

Muzzammil-73⁽¹⁶⁴⁸⁾

In the name of Allah, the Entirely Merciful, the Especially Merciful

- 1) O you who wraps himself [in clothing],⁽¹⁶⁴⁹⁾
- 2) Arise [to pray] the night, except for a little –
- 3) Half of it – or subtract from it a little
- 4) Or add to it, and recite the Qur'an with measured recitation.
- 5) Indeed, We will cast upon you a heavy word.⁽¹⁶⁵⁰⁾
- 6) Indeed, the hours of the night are more effective for concurrence [of heart and tongue]⁽¹⁶⁵¹⁾ and more suitable for words.⁽¹⁶⁵²⁾
- 7) Indeed, for you by day is prolonged occupation.
- 8) And remember the name of your Lord and devote yourself to Him with [complete] devotion.
- 9) [He is] the Lord of the East and the West; there is no deity except Him, so take Him as Disposer of [your] affairs.⁽¹⁶⁵³⁾
- 10) And be patient over what they say and avoid them with gracious avoidance.
- 11) And leave Me with [the matter of] the deniers, those of ease [in life], and allow them respite a little.
- 12) Indeed, with Us [for them] are shackles and burning fire
- 13) And food that chokes and a painful punishment –
- 14) On the Day the earth and the mountains will convulse and the mountains will become a heap of sand pouring down.
- 15) Indeed, We have sent to you a Messenger as a witness upon you just as We sent to Pharaoh a messenger.
- 16) But Pharaoh disobeyed the messenger, so We seized him with a ruinous seizure.

(1648) *Al-Muzzammil*: The One Who Wraps Himself (in clothing).

(1649) Allah (*subhanahu wa ta'ala*) addresses the Prophet (ﷺ), who was asleep, wrapped in his garments.

(1650) i.e., the revelation, which when descending on the Prophet (ﷺ) bore down upon him with a great weight. Another meaning is “important ordinances.”

(1651) Another accepted interpretation of the same words is “Indeed, arising at night is more difficult...” meaning that it will only be done by sincere believers and not others.

(1652) i.e., for recitation of the Qur'an and for hearing and understanding it.

(1653) i.e., trust in Allah and rely upon Him.

- 17) Then how can you fear, if you disbelieve, a Day that will make the children white-haired?⁽¹⁶⁵⁴⁾
- 18) The heaven will break apart therefrom;⁽¹⁶⁵⁵⁾ ever His promise fulfilled.
- 19) Indeed, this is a reminder, so whoever wills may take to his Lord a way.
- 20) Indeed, your Lord knows, [O Muhammad], that you stand [in prayer] almost two thirds of the night or half of it or a third of it, and [so do] a group of those with you. And Allah determines [the extent of] the night and the day. He has known that you [Muslims] will not be able to do it⁽¹⁶⁵⁶⁾ and has turned to you in forgiveness, so recite what is easy [for you] of the Qur'an. He has known that there will be among you those who are ill and others traveling throughout the land seeking [something] of the bounty of Allah and others fighting for the cause of Allah. So recite what is easy from it and establish prayer and give zakah and loan Allah a goodly loan.⁽¹⁶⁵⁷⁾ And whatever good you put forward for yourselves – you will find it with Allah. It is better and greater in reward. And seek forgiveness of Allah. Indeed, Allah is Forgiving and Merciful.

(1654) Another meaning is "How can you avoid [punishment]" on such a Day?

(1655) From the terror of that Day.

(1656) Allah has known that if they were to continue in such long periods of worship each night, the people would be caused much hardship.

(1657) In the form of charities and contributions to His cause.

Muddaththir-74⁽¹⁶⁵⁸⁾

In the name of Allah, the Entirely Merciful, the Especially Merciful

- 1) O you who covers himself [with a garment],⁽¹⁶⁵⁹⁾
- 2) Arise and warn
- 3) And your Lord magnify
- 4) And your clothing purify
- 5) And uncleanness⁽¹⁶⁶⁰⁾ avoid
- 6) And do not confer favor to acquire more⁽¹⁶⁶¹⁾
- 7) But for your Lord be patient.
- 8) And when the trumpet is blown,
- 9) That Day will be a difficult day
- 10) For the disbelievers – not easy.
- 11) Leave Me with the one I created alone⁽¹⁶⁶²⁾
- 12) And to whom I granted extensive wealth
- 13) And children present [with him]
- 14) And spread [everything] before him, easing [his life].
- 15) Then he desires that I should add more.
- 16) No! Indeed, he has been toward Our verses obstinate.
- 17) I will cover him with arduous torment.
- 18) Indeed, he thought and deliberated.⁽¹⁶⁶³⁾
- 19) So may he be destroyed [for] how he deliberated.
- 20) Then may he be destroyed [for] how he deliberated.
- 21) Then he considered [again];
- 22) Then he frowned and scowled;
- 23) Then he turned back and was arrogant
- 24) And said, "This is not but magic imitated [from others].

(1658) *Al-Muddaththir*: The One Who Covers Himself (with a garment).

(1659) Referring to the Prophet (ﷺ).

(1660) Specifically, idols or generally, bad conduct and morals.

(1661) An alternative meaning is "Do not consider any favor you have conferred to be great."

(1662) i.e., without wealth or children. The reference is to al-Waleed bin al-Mugheerah, who after inclining toward the Qur'an, denied it publicly in order to win the approval of the Quraysh.

(1663) About what he would say concerning the Qur'an and how he might discredit the Prophet (ﷺ).

- 25) This is not but the word of a human being."
 26) I will drive him into Saqar.⁽¹⁶⁶⁴⁾
 27) And what can make you know what is Saqar?
 28) It lets nothing remain and leaves nothing [unburned],
 29) Altering [i.e., blackening] the skins.
 30) Over it are nineteen [angels].
 31) And We have not made the keepers of the Fire except angels.
 And We have not made their number except as a trial for those who disbelieve – that those who were given the Scripture will be convinced and those who have believed will increase in faith and those who were given the Scripture and the believers will not doubt and that those in whose hearts is disease [i.e., hypocrisy] and the disbelievers will say, "What does Allah intend by this as an example?" Thus does Allah leave astray whom He wills and guides whom He wills. And none knows the soldiers of your Lord except Him. And it [i.e., mention of the Fire] is not but a reminder to humanity.
 32) No! By the moon
 33) And [by] the night when it departs
 34) And [by] the morning when it brightens,
 35) Indeed, it [i.e., the Fire] is of the greatest [afflictions]
 36) As a warning to humanity –
 37) To whoever wills among you to proceed⁽¹⁶⁶⁵⁾ or stay behind.
 38) Every soul, for what it has earned, will be retained⁽¹⁶⁶⁶⁾
 39) Except the companions of the right,⁽¹⁶⁶⁷⁾
 40) [Who will be] in gardens, questioning each other
 41) About the criminals,
 42) [And asking them], "What put you into Saqar?"
 43) They will say, "We were not of those who prayed,

(1664) One of the proper names of Hell.

(1665) To righteousness by acceptance of the warning.

(1666) i.e., subject or held responsible.

(1667) i.e., the righteousness who receive their records in their right hands.

- 44) Nor did we used to feed the poor.
- 45) And we used to enter into vain discourse with those who engaged [in it],
- 46) And we used to deny the Day of Recompense
- 47) Until there came to us the certainty [i.e., death]."
- 48) So there will not benefit them the intercession of [any] intercessors.
- 49) Then what is [the matter] with them that they are, from the reminder, turning away
- 50) As if they were alarmed donkeys
- 51) Fleeing from a lion?
- 52) Rather, every person among them desires that he⁽¹⁶⁶⁸⁾ would be given scriptures spread about.⁽¹⁶⁶⁹⁾
- 53) No! But they do not fear the Hereafter.
- 54) No! Indeed, it [i.e., the Qur'an] is a reminder
- 55) Then whoever wills will remember it.
- 56) And they will not remember except that Allah wills. He is worthy of fear and adequate for [granting] forgiveness.

(1668) Instead of Muhammad (ﷺ).

(1669) i.e., made public. Much of their refusal of his message was due to envy and jealousy of the Prophet (ﷺ).

Qiyamah-75⁽¹⁶⁷⁰⁾

In the name of Allah, the Entirely Merciful, the Especially Merciful

- 1) I swear by the Day of Resurrection
- 2) And I swear by the reproaching soul⁽¹⁶⁷¹⁾ [to the certainty of resurrection].
- 3) Does man think that We will not assemble his bones?
- 4) Yes. [We are] Able [even] to proportion his fingertips.
- 5) But man desires to continue in sin.⁽¹⁶⁷²⁾
- 6) He asks, "When is the Day of Resurrection?"
- 7) So when vision is dazzled
- 8) And the moon darkens
- 9) And the sun and the moon are joined,
- 10) Man will say on that Day, "Where is the [place of] escape?"
- 11) No! There is no refuge.
- 12) To your Lord, that Day, is the [place of] permanence.
- 13) Man will be informed that Day of what he sent ahead⁽¹⁶⁷³⁾ and kept back.⁽¹⁶⁷⁴⁾
- 14) Rather, man against himself, will be a witness,⁽¹⁶⁷⁵⁾
- 15) Even if he presents his excuses.
- 16) Move not your tongue with it, [O Muhammad], to hasten with it [i.e., recitation of the Qur'an].
- 17) Indeed, upon Us is its collection [in your heart] and [to make possible] its recitation.
- 18) So when We have recited it [through Gabriel], then follow its recitation.
- 19) Then upon Us is its clarification [to you].
- 20) No! But you [i.e., mankind] love the immediate

(1670) *Al-Qiyamah*: The Resurrection.

(1671) i.e., that of the believer, which blames him when he falls into sin or error.

(1672) Literally, "to sin ahead of him." This refers to the disbeliever, who denies the Day of Account.

(1673) i.e., his deeds, which await him in the Hereafter.

(1674) i.e., that which he did not do or which he delayed.

(1675) As described in 36:65 and 41:20-23.

- 21) And leave [i.e., neglect] the Hereafter.
 22) [Some] faces, that Day, will be radiant,
 23) Looking at their Lord.⁽¹⁶⁷⁶⁾
 24) And [some] faces, that Day, will be contorted,
 25) Expecting that there will be done to them [something] backbreaking.
 26) No! When it [i.e., the soul] has reached the collar bones⁽¹⁶⁷⁷⁾
 27) And it is said, "Who will cure [him]?"
 28) And he [i.e., the dying one] is certain that it is the [time of] separation
 29) And the leg is wound about the leg,⁽¹⁶⁷⁸⁾
 30) To your Lord, that Day, will be the procession.⁽¹⁶⁷⁹⁾
 31) And he [i.e., the disbeliever] had not believed, nor had he prayed.
 32) But [instead], he denied and turned away.
 33) And then he went to his people, swaggering [in pride].
 34) Woe to you, and woe!
 35) Then woe to you, and woe!
 36) Does man think that he will be left neglected?⁽¹⁶⁸⁰⁾
 37) Had he not been a sperm from semen emitted?
 38) Then he was a clinging clot, and [Allah] created [his form] and proportioned [him]
 39) And made of him to mates, the male and the female.
 40) Is not that [Creator] Able to give life to the dead?

(1676) The people of Paradise will actually see their Creator in the Hereafter.

(1677) At the time it is about to leave the body when one is on the verge of death.

(1678) From the difficulties the person faces at death or his sudden awareness of the realities of both this world and the Hereafter. It may also refer to his shrouding after death.

(1679) Literally, "driving" or "herding" or "the place to which one is driven."

(1680) i.e., to no end or without guidance.

Insan-76⁽¹⁶⁸¹⁾

In the name of Allah, the Entirely Merciful, the Especially Merciful

- 1) Has there [not] come upon man a period of time when he was not a thing [even] mentioned?
- 2) Indeed, We created man from a sperm-drop mixture⁽¹⁶⁸²⁾ that We may try him; and We made him hearing and seeing.
- 3) Indeed, We guided him to the way, be he grateful or be he ungrateful.
- 4) Indeed, We have prepared for the disbelievers chains and shackles and a blaze.
- 5) Indeed, the righteous will drink from a cup [of wine] whose mixture is of Kafur,⁽¹⁶⁸³⁾
- 6) A spring of which the [righteous] servants of Allah will drink; they will make it gush forth in force [and abundance].
- 7) They [are those who] fulfill [their] vows and fear a Day whose evil will be widespread.
- 8) And they give food in spite of love for it⁽¹⁶⁸⁴⁾ to the needy, the orphan, and the captive,
- 9) [Saying], "We feed you only for the countenance [i.e., approval] of Allah. We wish not from you reward or gratitude.
- 10) Indeed, We fear from our Lord a Day austere and distressful."
- 11) So Allah will protect them from the evil of that Day and give them radiance and happiness
- 12) And will reward them for what they patiently endured [with] a garden [in Paradise] and silk [garments].
- 13) [They will be] reclining therein on adorned couches. They will not see therein any [burning] sun or [freezing] cold.

(1681) *Al-Insan*: Man. Also entitled *Surah ad-Dahr* (Time).

(1682) i.e., a combination of the male and female substance, within the womb.

(1683) A sweet-smelling spring in Paradise.

(1684) The meaning here may also be "out of love for Him," i.e., Allah.

- 14) And near above them are its shades, and its [fruit] to be picked will be lowered in compliance.
- 15) And there will be circulated among them vessels of silver and cups having been [created] clear [as glass],
- 16) Clear glasses [made] from silver of which they have determined the measure.
- 17) And they will be given to drink a cup [of wine] whose mixture is of ginger
- 18) [From] a fountain within it [i.e., Paradise] named Salsabeel.
- 19) There will circulate among them young boys made eternal. When you see them, you would think them [as beautiful as] scattered pearls.
- 20) And when you look there [in Paradise], you will see pleasure and great dominion.
- 21) Upon them [i.e., the inhabitants] will be green garments of fine silk and heavy silk. And they will be adorned with bracelets of silver, and their Lord will give them a purifying drink.
- 22) [And it will be said], "Indeed, this is for you a reward, and your effort has been appreciated."
- 23) Indeed, it is We who have sent down to you, [O Muhammad], the Qur'an progressively.
- 24) So be patient for the decision of your Lord and do not obey from among them a sinner or ungrateful [disbeliever].
- 25) And mention the name of your Lord [in prayer] morning and evening
- 26) And during the night prostrate to Him and exalt [i.e., praise] Him a long [part of the] night.
- 27) Indeed, these [disbelievers] love the immediate and leave behind them⁽¹⁶⁸⁵⁾ a grave Day.
- 28) We have created them and strengthened their forms, and when We will, We can change their likeness with [complete] alteration.
- 29) Indeed, this is a reminder, so he who wills may take to his Lord a way.

(1685) i.e., neglect. The meaning may also be "leave ahead of them."

- 30) And you do not will except that Allah wills. Indeed, Allah is ever Knowing and Wise.
- 31) He admits whom He wills into His mercy; but the wrongdoers – He has prepared for them a painful punishment.

Mursalat-77⁽¹⁶⁸⁶⁾

In the name of Allah, the Entirely Merciful, the Especially Merciful

- 1) By those [winds] sent forth in gusts
- 2) And the winds that blow violently
- 3) And [by] the winds that spread [clouds]
- 4) And those [angels] who bring criterion⁽¹⁶⁸⁷⁾
- 5) And those [angels] who deliver a message
- 6) As justification or warning,
- 7) Indeed, what you are promised is to occur.
- 8) So when the stars are obliterated
- 9) And when the heaven is opened
- 10) And when the mountains are blown away
- 11) And when the messengers' time has come....⁽¹⁶⁸⁸⁾
- 12) For what Day was it postponed?⁽¹⁶⁸⁹⁾
- 13) For the Day of Judgment.
- 14) And what can make you know what is the Day of Judgment?
- 15) Woe,⁽¹⁶⁹⁰⁾ that Day, to the deniers.
- 16) Did We not destroy the former peoples?
- 17) Then We will follow them with the later ones.
- 18) Thus do We deal with the criminals.
- 19) Woe, that Day, to the deniers.
- 20) Did We not create you from a liquid disdained?

(1686) *Al-Mursalat*: Those Sent Forth.

(1687) To Allah's human messengers.

(1688) i.e., when they are gathered to witness concerning their nations. The sentence's conclusion is understood to be "...the promised judgment will then take place."

(1689) "It" may refer to either the aforementioned occurrences collectively or to the testimony of the messengers.

(1690) i.e., death and destruction.

- 21) And We placed it in a firm lodging [i.e., the womb]
22) For a known extent.
23) And We determined [it], and excellent [are We] to determine.
24) Woe, that Day, to the deniers.
25) Have We not made the earth a container
26) Of the living and the dead?
27) And We placed therein lofty, firmly set mountains and have
 given you to drink sweet water.
28) Woe, that Day, to the deniers.
29) [They will be told], "Proceed to that which you used to deny.
30) Proceed to a shadow [of smoke] having three columns
31) [But having] no cool shade and availing not against the flame."
32) Indeed, it throws sparks [as huge] as a fortress,
33) As if they were yellowish [black] camels.
34) Woe, that Day, to the deniers.
35) This is a Day they will not speak,
36) Nor will it be permitted for them to make an excuse.
37) Woe, that Day, to the deniers.
38) This is the Day of Judgment; We will have assembled you and
 the former peoples.
39) So if you have a plan, then plan against Me.
40) Woe, that Day, to the deniers.
41) Indeed, the righteous will be among shades and springs
42) And fruits from whatever they desire,
43) [Being told], "Eat and drink in satisfaction for what you used to do."
44) Indeed, We thus reward the doers of good.
45) Woe, that Day, to the deniers.
46) [O disbelievers], eat and enjoy yourselves a little; indeed, you
 are criminals.
47) Woe, that Day, to the deniers.
48) And when it is said to them, "Bow [in prayer]," they do not bow.
49) Woe, that Day, to the deniers.

50) Then in what statement after is [i.e., the Qur'an] will they believe?

Naba'-78⁽¹⁶⁹¹⁾

In the name of Allah, the Entirely Merciful, the Especially Merciful

- 1) About what are they asking one another?
- 2) About the great news⁽¹⁶⁹²⁾ —
- 3) That over which they are in disagreement.
- 4) No! They are going to know.
- 5) Then, no! They are going to know.
- 6) Have We not made the earth a resting place?
- 7) And the mountains as stakes?⁽¹⁶⁹³⁾
- 8) And We created you in pairs
- 9) And made your sleep [a means for] rest
- 10) And made the night as clothing⁽¹⁶⁹⁴⁾
- 11) And made the day for livelihood
- 12) And constructed above you seven strong [heavens]
- 13) And made [therein] a burning lamp
- 14) And sent down, from the rain clouds, pouring water
- 15) That We may bring forth thereby grain and vegetation
- 16) And gardens of entwined growth.
- 17) Indeed, the Day of Judgment is an appointed time —
- 18) The Day the Horn is blown and you will come forth in multitudes
- 19) And the heaven is opened and will become gateways
- 20) And the mountains are removed and will be [but] a mirage.
- 21) Indeed, Hell is lying in wait
- 22) For the transgressors, a place of return,
- 23) In which they will remain for ages [unending].

(1691) *An-Naba'*: The News (or Happening).

(1692) i.e., the Resurrection.

(1693) To stabilize the land and balance the earth.

(1694) Covering and concealing you in its darkness.

- 24) They will not taste therein [any] coolness or drink
 25) Except scalding water and [foul] purulence –
 26) An appropriate recompense.⁽¹⁶⁹⁵⁾
 27) Indeed, they were not expecting an account
 28) And denied Our signs with [emphatic] denial.
 29) But all things We have enumerated in writing.
 30) "So taste [the penalty], and never will We increase you except in torment."⁽¹⁶⁹⁶⁾
 31) Indeed, for the righteous is attainment⁽¹⁶⁹⁷⁾ –
 32) Gardens and grapevines
 33) And full-breasted [companions] of equal age
 34) And a full cup.⁽¹⁶⁹⁸⁾
 35) No ill speech will they hear therein or any falsehood –
 36) [As] reward from your Lord, [a generous] gift [made due by] account,⁽¹⁶⁹⁹⁾
 37) [From] the Lord of the heavens and the earth and whatever is between them, the Most Merciful. They possess not from Him [authority for] speech.⁽¹⁷⁰⁰⁾
 38) The Day that the Spirit [i.e., Gabriel] and the angels will stand in rows, they will not speak except for one whom the Most Merciful permits, and he will say what is correct.
 39) That is the True [i.e., certain] Day; so he who wills may take to his Lord a [way of] return.⁽¹⁷⁰¹⁾
 40) Indeed, We have warned you of a near punishment on the Day when a man will observe what his hands have put forth⁽¹⁷⁰²⁾ and the disbeliever will say, "Oh, I wish that I were dust!"

(1695) In proportion to and comparable with their crimes.

(1696) This announcement will be made to the companions of Hell.

(1697) Of security, success and reward, including escape and safety from Hell.

(1698) Of wine which is delicious and does not intoxicate.

(1699) i.e., as a result of both their own righteous deeds and the limitless generosity of Allah.

(1700) None of Allah's creatures can plead with Him on the Day of Judgment except by His permission.

(1701) i.e., a direct route through correct beliefs and righteous deeds.

(1702) i.e., the deeds he did in this world, which await him in the Hereafter.

Nazi'at-79⁽¹⁷⁰³⁾

In the name of Allah, the Entirely Merciful, the Especially Merciful

- 1) By those [angels] who extract with violence⁽¹⁷⁰⁴⁾
- 2) And [by] those who remove with ease⁽¹⁷⁰⁵⁾
- 3) And [by] those who glide [as if] swimming⁽¹⁷⁰⁶⁾
- 4) And those who race each other in a race⁽¹⁷⁰⁷⁾
- 5) And those who arrange [each] matter,⁽¹⁷⁰⁸⁾
- 6) On the Day the blast [of the Horn] will convulse [creation],
- 7) There will follow it the subsequent [one].
- 8) Hearts,⁽¹⁷⁰⁹⁾ that Day, will tremble,
- 9) Their eyes⁽¹⁷¹⁰⁾ humbled.
- 10) They are [presently] saying, "Will we indeed be returned to [our] former state [of life]?"
- 11) Even if we should be decayed bones?⁽¹⁷¹¹⁾
- 12) They say, "That then, would be a losing return."⁽¹⁷¹²⁾
- 13) Indeed, it will be but one shout,
- 14) And suddenly they will be [alert] upon the earth's surface.
- 15) Has there reached you the story of Moses? –
- 16) When his Lord called to him in the sacred valley of Tuwa,
- 17) "Go to Pharaoh. Indeed, he has transgressed.
- 18) And say to him, 'Would you [be willing to] purify yourself
- 19) And let me guide you to your Lord so you would fear [Him]?' "
- 20) And he showed him the greatest sign,⁽¹⁷¹³⁾

(1703) *An-Nazi'at*: The Extractors.

(1704) i.e., those who tear out the souls of those destined for Hell.

(1705) i.e., those angels who ease out the souls of those destined for Paradise.

(1706) Speeding to execute Allah's commands.

(1707) Racing to deliver the souls of the believers to Paradise.

(1708) According to Allah's decree.

(1709) Those of the disbelievers who denied the Resurrection.

(1710) Those of the disbelievers.

(1711) The disbelievers say this in ridicule of the warning.

(1712) i.e., "If that were so, we would not be able to escape punishment."

(1713) i.e., the miracles of his staff becoming a great snake.

- 21) But he [i.e., Pharaoh] denied and disobeyed.
 22) Then he turned his back, striving [i.e., plotting].⁽¹⁷¹⁴⁾
 23) And he gathered [his people] and called out
 24) And said, "I am your most exalted lord."
 25) So Allah seized him in exemplary punishment for the last and the first [transgression].⁽¹⁷¹⁵⁾
 26) Indeed in that is a lesson [i.e., warning] for whoever would fear [Allah].
 27) Are you a more difficult creation or is the heaven? He [i.e., Allah] constructed it.
 28) He raised its ceiling and proportioned it.
 29) And He darkened its night and extracted its brightness.⁽¹⁷¹⁶⁾
 30) And after that He spread the earth.
 31) He extracted from it its water and its pasture,
 32) And the mountains He set firmly
 33) As enjoyment [i.e., provision] for you and your grazing livestock.
 34) But when there comes the greatest Overwhelming Calamity⁽¹⁷¹⁷⁾
 35) The Day when man will remember that for which he strove,
 36) And Hellfire will be exposed for [all] those who see –
 37) So as for he who transgressed
 38) And preferred the life of the world,
 39) Then indeed, Hellfire will be [his] refuge.
 40) But as for he who feared the position of his Lord⁽¹⁷¹⁸⁾ and prevented the soul from [unlawful] inclination,
 41) Then indeed, Paradise will be [his] refuge.
 42) They ask you, [O Muhammad], about the Hour: when is its arrival?⁽¹⁷¹⁹⁾
 43) In what [position] are you that you should mention it?⁽¹⁷²⁰⁾

(1714) An alternative meaning is "running [from the snake]."

(1715) i.e., for Pharaoh's setting himself up as a deity and for his previous oppression of the people and denial of Moses.

(1716) i.e., created the day from within the surrounding darkness.

(1717) i.e., the Day of Resurrection.

(1718) See footnote to 55:46.

(1719) Literally, "resting" or "establishment."

(1720) Meaning that Muhammad (ﷺ) had no knowledge of it, so how could he inform them?

- 44) To your Lord is its finality.⁽¹⁷²¹⁾
 45) You are only a warner for those who fear it.
 46) It will be, on the Day they see it,⁽¹⁷²²⁾ as though they had not remained [in the world] except for an afternoon or a morning thereof.

‘Abasa-80⁽¹⁷²³⁾

In the name of Allah, the Entirely Merciful, the Especially Merciful

- 1) He [i.e., the Prophet] frowned and turned away
- 2) Because there came to him the blind man,⁽¹⁷²⁴⁾ [interrupting].
- 3) But what would make you perceive, [O Muhammad], that perhaps he might be purified⁽¹⁷²⁵⁾
- 4) Or be reminded and the remembrance would benefit him?
- 5) As for he who thinks himself without need,⁽¹⁷²⁶⁾
- 6) To him you give attention.
- 7) And not upon you [is any blame] if he will not be purified.⁽¹⁷²⁷⁾
- 8) But as for he who came to you striving [for knowledge]
- 9) While he fears [Allah],
- 10) From him you are distracted.
- 11) No! Indeed, they [i.e., these verses] are a reminder;
- 12) So whoever wills may remember it.⁽¹⁷²⁸⁾
- 13) [It is recorded] in honored sheets,
- 14) Exalted and purified,
- 15) [Carried] by the hands of messenger-angels,
- 16) Noble and dutiful.
- 17) Destroyed [i.e., cursed] is man;⁽¹⁷²⁹⁾ how disbelieving is he.

(1721) i.e., its destination and termination. And to Him belongs ultimate knowledge of it.

(1722) i.e., the Hour, the Resurrection.

(1723) ‘Abasa: He Frowned.

(1724) ‘Abdullah, the son of Umm Maktum.

(1725) As a result of what he learns from you.

(1726) i.e., without need of faith or need of Allah. Here it is in reference to certain influential members of the Quraysh whom the Prophet (ﷺ) had hoped to bring to Islam.

(1727) The Prophet (ﷺ) was responsible only for conveying the message, not for ultimate guidance.

(1728) The revelation. Or “Him,” i.e., Allah.

(1729) i.e., those who deny Allah’s message.

- 18) From what thing [i.e., substance] did He create him?
 19) From a sperm-drop He created him and destined for him;⁽¹⁷³⁰⁾
 20) Then He eased the way for him;⁽¹⁷³¹⁾
 21) Then He causes his death and provides a grave for him.⁽¹⁷³²⁾
 22) Then when He wills, He will resurrect him.
 23) No! He [i.e., man] has not yet accomplished what He commanded him.
 24) Then let mankind look at his food –
 25) How We poured down water in torrents,
 26) Then We broke open the earth, splitting [it with sprouts],
 27) And caused to grow within it grain
 28) And grapes and herbage
 29) And olive and palm trees
 30) And gardens of dense shrubbery
 31) And fruit and grass –
 32) [As] enjoyment [i.e., provision] for you and your grazing livestock.
 33) But when there comes the Deafening Blast⁽¹⁷³³⁾
 34) On the Day a man will flee from his brother
 35) And his mother and his father
 36) And his wife and his children,
 37) For every man, that Day, will be a matter adequate for him.⁽¹⁷³⁴⁾
 38) [Some] faces, that Day, will be bright –
 39) Laughing, rejoicing at good news.
 40) And [other] faces, that Day, will have upon them dust.
 41) Blackness will cover them.
 42) Those are the disbelievers, the wicked ones.

(1730) His proportions, provisions, life span, etc.

(1731) Into this world (i.e., his birth). It may also refer to life itself, which has been made easier by Allah's guidance.

(1732) To conceal his decaying body.

(1733) i.e., The piercing blast of the Horn which signals resurrection. As-Sakhkhah is also a name for the Day of Resurrection.

(1734) i.e., to occupy him. He will be concerned only with himself, thus forgetting all others.

Takweer-81⁽¹⁷³⁵⁾

In the name of Allah, the Entirely Merciful, the Especially Merciful

- 1) When the sun is wrapped up [in darkness]
- 2) And when the stars fall, dispersing,
- 3) And when the mountains are removed
- 4) And when full-term she-camels⁽¹⁷³⁶⁾ are neglected
- 5) And when the wild beasts are gathered
- 6) And when the seas are filled with flame⁽¹⁷³⁷⁾
- 7) And when the souls are paired⁽¹⁷³⁸⁾
- 8) And when the girl [who was] buried alive is asked
- 9) For what sin she was killed
- 10) And when the pages⁽¹⁷³⁹⁾ are spread [i.e., made public]
- 11) And when the sky is stripped away
- 12) And when Hellfire is set ablaze
- 13) And when Paradise is brought near,
- 14) A soul will [then] know what it has brought [with it].⁽¹⁷⁴⁰⁾
- 15) So I swear by the retreating stars –
- 16) Those that run [their courses] and disappear [i.e., set] –
- 17) And by the night as it closes in⁽¹⁷⁴¹⁾
- 18) And by the dawn when it breathes [i.e., stirs]
- 19) [That] indeed, it [i.e., the Qur'an] is a word [conveyed by] a noble messenger [i.e., Gabriel]
- 20) [Who is] possessed of power and with the Owner of the Throne, secure [in position],
- 21) Obeyed there [in the heavens] and trustworthy.

(1735) *At-Takweer*: The Wrapping.

(1736) Those ten months pregnant and nearing delivery. This verse alludes to distraction from the most valued of possessions.

(1737) Or “when the seas have overflowed [into each other].”

(1738) With another like soul. It can also mean “joined” (with their groups or sects).

(1739) On which are recorded the deeds of all people.

(1740) i.e., all of one’s deeds from worldly life, which have accompanied the soul to the Hereafter.

(1741) An alternative meaning is “as it departs.”

- 22) And your companion [i.e., the Prophet Muhammad (ﷺ)] is not [at all] mad.⁽¹⁷⁴²⁾
- 23) And he has already seen him [i.e., Gabriel] in the clear horizon.⁽¹⁷⁴³⁾
- 24) And he [i.e., Muhammad] is not a withholder of [knowledge of] the unseen.⁽¹⁷⁴⁴⁾
- 25) And it [i.e., the Qur'an] is not the word of a devil, expelled [from the heavens].
- 26) So where are you going?⁽¹⁷⁴⁵⁾
- 27) It is not except a reminder to the worlds
- 28) For whoever wills among you to take a right course.
- 29) And you do not will except that Allah wills – Lord of the worlds.

Infitar-82⁽¹⁷⁴⁶⁾

In the name of Allah, the Entirely Merciful, the Especially Merciful

- 1) When the sky breaks apart
- 2) And when the stars fall, scattering,
- 3) And when the seas are erupted
- 4) And when the [contents of] graves are scattered [i.e., exposed],
- 5) A soul will [then] know what it has put forth and kept back.
- 6) O mankind, what has deceived you concerning your Lord, the Generous,
- 7) Who created you, proportioned you, and balanced you?
- 8) In whatever form He willed has He assembled you.
- 9) No! But you deny the Recompense.

(1742) Literally, “possessed by *jinn*.”

(1743) i.e., the eastern horizon, where the sun rises. See footnote to 53:6.

(1744) Prophet Muhammad (ﷺ) did not withhold that knowledge of the unseen which Allah had revealed to him in the Qur'an.

(1745) In your denial of the Qur'an and in your accusations against the Prophet (ﷺ). The meaning is essentially “Surely, you have strayed far from Allah's path.”

(1746) *Al-Infitar*: The Breaking Apart.

- 10) And indeed, [appointed] over you are keepers,⁽¹⁷⁴⁷⁾
 11) Noble and recording;
 12) They know whatever you do.
 13) Indeed, the righteous will be in pleasure,
 14) And indeed, the wicked will be in Hellfire.
 15) They will [enter to] burn therein on the Day of Recompense,
 16) And never therefrom will they be absent.
 17) And what can make you know what is the Day of Recompense?
 18) Then, what can make you know what is the Day of Recompense?
 19) It is the Day when a soul will not possess for another soul [power to do] a thing; and the command, that Day, is [entirely] with Allah.

Mutaffifeen-83⁽¹⁷⁴⁸⁾

In the name of Allah, the Entirely Merciful, the Especially Merciful

- 1) Woe to those who give less [than due],⁽¹⁷⁴⁹⁾
 2) Who, when they take a measure from people, take in full.
 3) But if they give by measure or by weight to them, they cause loss.
 4) Do they not think that they will be resurrected
 5) For a tremendous Day –
 6) The Day when mankind will stand before the Lord of the worlds?
 7) No! Indeed, the record of the wicked is in sijjeen.
 8) And what can make you know what is sijjeen?
 9) It is [their destination]⁽¹⁷⁵⁰⁾ recorded in] a register inscribed.

(1747) Angels who preserve the deeds of men in records.

(1748) *Al-Mutaffifeen*: Those Who Give Less.

(1749) i.e., those who cheat people by giving them less than what they paid for when weighing or measuring—an amount so little as to hardly be noticed.

(1750) The lowest depths of Hell.

- 10) Woe, that Day, to the deniers,
- 11) Who deny the Day of Recompense.
- 12) And none deny it except every sinful transgressor.
- 13) When Our verses are recited to him, he says, "Legends of the former peoples."
- 14) No! Rather, the stain has covered their hearts of that which they were earning.⁽¹⁷⁵¹⁾
- 15) No! Indeed, from their Lord, that Day, they will be partitioned.⁽¹⁷⁵²⁾
- 16) Then indeed, they will [enter and] burn in Hellfire.
- 17) Then it will be said [to them], "This is what you used to deny."
- 18) No! Indeed, the record of the righteous is in 'illiyyun.
- 19) And what can make you know what is 'illiyyun?
- 20) It is [their destination⁽¹⁷⁵³⁾ recorded in] a register inscribed
- 21) Which is witnessed by those brought near [to Allah].
- 22) Indeed, the righteous will be in pleasure
- 23) On adorned couches, observing.
- 24) You will recognize in their faces the radiance of pleasure.
- 25) They will be given to drink [pure] wine⁽¹⁷⁵⁴⁾ [which was] sealed.
- 26) The last of it⁽¹⁷⁵⁵⁾ is musk. So for this let the competitors compete.
- 27) And its mixture is of Tasneem,⁽¹⁷⁵⁶⁾
- 28) A spring from which those near [to Allah] drink.
- 29) Indeed, those who committed crimes used to laugh at those who believed.
- 30) And when they passed by them, they would exchange derisive glances.

(1751) i.e., their sins.

(1752) i.e., they will not be able to see Him.

(1753) The highest elevation in Paradise.

(1754) Which is delicious and does not intoxicate.

(1755) i.e., its lingering odor.

(1756) The highest spring in Paradise and the most favored drink of its inhabitants.

- 31) And when they returned to their people they would return jesting.
- 32) And when they saw them, they would say," Indeed, those are truly lost."
- 33) But they had not been sent as guardians over them.
- 34) So Today⁽¹⁷⁵⁷⁾ those who believed are laughing at the disbelievers,
- 35) On adorned couches, observing.
- 36) Have the disbelievers [not] been rewarded [this Day] for what they used to do?

Inshiqaq-84⁽¹⁷⁵⁸⁾

In the name of Allah, the Entirely Merciful, the Especially Merciful

- 1) When the sky has split [open]
- 2) And has listened [i.e., responded]⁽¹⁷⁵⁹⁾ to its Lord and was obligated [to do so]
- 3) And when the earth has been extended⁽¹⁷⁶⁰⁾
- 4) And had cast out that within it⁽¹⁷⁶¹⁾ and relinquished [it]
- 5) And has listened [i.e., responded] to its Lord and was obligated [to do so] –
- 6) O mankind, indeed you are laboring toward your Lord with [great] exertion⁽¹⁷⁶²⁾ and will meet it.⁽¹⁷⁶³⁾
- 7) Then as for he who is given his record in his right hand,
- 8) He will be judged with an easy account
- 9) And return to his people in happiness.
- 10) But as for he who is given his record behind his back,
- 11) He will cry out for destruction

(1757) On the Day of Judgment.

(1758) *Al-Inshiqaq*: The Splitting.

(1759) It will have heard Allah's command and will have inclined immediately to compliance and willing obedience.

(1760) i.e., stretched flat and spread out.

(1761) Of the dead and all else buried therein.

(1762) i.e., striving throughout your life until you meet your Lord, hastening toward death.

(1763) i.e., you will find all that you intended and accomplished awaiting you in the Hereafter. Another meaning is "And will meet Him [i.e., your Lord]" and be recompensed in full by Him.

- 12) And [enter to] burn in a Blaze.
13) Indeed, he had [once] been among his people in happiness;
14) Indeed, he had thought he would never return [to Allah].
15) But yes! Indeed, his Lord was ever of him, Seeing.
16) So I swear by the twilight glow
17) And [by] the night and what it envelops
18) And [by] the moon when it becomes full
19) [That] you will surely embark upon [i.e., experience] state after state.⁽¹⁷⁶⁴⁾
20) So what is [the matter] with them [that] they do not believe,
21) And when the Qur'an is recited to them, they do not prostrate [to Allah]?
22) But those who have disbelieved deny,
23) And Allah is most knowing of what they keep within themselves.
24) So give them tidings of a painful punishment,
25) Except for those who believe and do righteous deeds. For them is a reward uninterrupted.

(1764) i.e., various stages, both in this life and in the Hereafter.

Buruj-85⁽¹⁷⁶⁵⁾

In the name of Allah, the Entirely Merciful, the Especially Merciful

- 1) By the sky containing great stars
- 2) And [by] the promised Day
- 3) And [by] the witness and what is witnessed,
- 4) Destroyed [i.e., cursed] were the companions of the trench⁽¹⁷⁶⁶⁾
- 5) [Containing] the fire full of fuel,
- 6) When they were sitting near it
- 7) And they, to what they were doing against the believers, were witnesses.⁽¹⁷⁶⁷⁾
- 8) And they resented them not except for that they believed in Allah, the Exalted in Might, the Praiseworthy,
- 9) To whom belongs the dominion of the heavens and the earth. And Allah, over all things, is Witness.
- 10) Indeed, those who have tortured⁽¹⁷⁶⁸⁾ the believing men and believing women and then have not repented will have the punishment of Hell, and they will have the punishment of the Burning Fire.
- 11) Indeed, those who have believed and done righteous deeds will have gardens beneath which rivers flow. That is the great attainment.
- 12) Indeed, the assault [i.e., vengeance] of your Lord is severe.
- 13) Indeed, it is He who originates [creation] and repeats.
- 14) And He is the Forgiving, the Affectionate,
- 15) Honorable Owner of the Throne,
- 16) Effector of what He intends.

(1765) *Al-Buruj*: The Great Stars. Also explained as “the planets” or their “high positions in the heaven.”

(1766) Or “May they be destroyed” or “cursed.” The “companions of the trench” (or ditch) were agents of a tyrannical king who refused to allow his people to believe in Allah. Their evil deed in obedience to their ruler earned for them the curse of Allah.

(1767) After casting the believers into a trench filled with fire, they sat at its edge, watching them burn to death. This event occurred before the time of Prophet Muhammad (ﷺ).

(1768) Or, in this instance, the literal meaning of “burned” is also appropriate.

- 17) Has there reached you the story of the soldiers –
 18) [Those of] Pharaoh and Thamud?
 19) But they who disbelieve are in [persistent] denial,
 20) While Allah encompasses them from behind.⁽¹⁷⁶⁹⁾
 21) But this is an honored Qur'an
 22) [Inscribed] in a Preserved Slate.

Tariq-86⁽¹⁷⁷⁰⁾

In the name of Allah, the Entirely Merciful, the Especially Merciful

- 1) By the sky and the night comer –
 2) And what can make you know what is the night comer?
 3) It is the piercing star⁽¹⁷⁷¹⁾ –
 4) There is no soul but that it has over it a protector.
 5) So let man observe from what he was created.
 6) He was created from a fluid, ejected,
 7) Emerging from between the backbone and the ribs.
 8) Indeed, He [i.e., Allah], to return him [to life], is Able.
 9) The Day when secrets will be put on trial,⁽¹⁷⁷²⁾
 10) Then he [i.e., man] will have no power or any helper.
 11) By the sky which returns [rain]
 12) And [by] the earth which cracks open,⁽¹⁷⁷³⁾
 13) Indeed, it [i.e., the Qur'an] is a decisive statement,
 14) And it is not amusement.
 15) Indeed, they are planning a plan,
 16) But I am planning a plan.
 17) So allow time for the disbelievers. Leave them awhile.⁽¹⁷⁷⁴⁾

(1769) See footnote to 2:19.

(1770) *At-Tariq*: That Which Comes at Night.

(1771) Whose light pierces through the darkness.

(1772) i.e., exposed, examined and judged.

(1773) With the growth of plants.

(1774) i.e., do not be in haste for revenge, for you will see what will become of them.

A'la-87⁽¹⁷⁷⁵⁾

In the name of Allah, the Entirely Merciful, the Especially Merciful

- 1) Exalt the name of your Lord, the Most High,
- 2) Who created and proportioned
- 3) And who destined and [then] guided
- 4) And who brings out the pasture
- 5) And [then] makes it black stubble.
- 6) We will make you recite, [O Muhammad], and you will not forget,
- 7) Except what Allah should will. Indeed, He knows what is declared and what is hidden.
- 8) And We will ease you toward ease.⁽¹⁷⁷⁶⁾
- 9) So remind, if the reminder should benefit;⁽¹⁷⁷⁷⁾
- 10) He who fears [Allah] will be reminded.
- 11) But the wretched one will avoid it –
- 12) [He] who will [enter and] burn in the greatest Fire,
- 13) Neither dying therein nor living.
- 14) He has certainly succeeded who purifies himself
- 15) And mentions the name of his Lord and prays.
- 16) But you prefer the worldly life;
- 17) While the Hereafter is better and more lasting.
- 18) Indeed, this is in former scriptures,
- 19) The scriptures of Abraham and Moses.

(1775) *Al-A'la*: The Most High.

(1776) To the path of Allah's religion, which is easy and natural, or toward Paradise, by giving opportunities for righteous deeds.

(1777) i.e., wherever it will be heard and understood.

Ghashiyah-88⁽¹⁷⁷⁸⁾

In the name of Allah, the Entirely Merciful, the Especially Merciful

- 1) Has there reached you the report of the Overwhelming [event]?
- 2) [Some] faces, that Day, will be humbled,
- 3) Working [hard] and exhausted.⁽¹⁷⁷⁹⁾
- 4) They will [enter to] burn in an intensely hot Fire.
- 5) They will be given drink from a boiling spring.
- 6) For them there will be no food except from a poisonous, thorny plant
- 7) Which neither nourishes nor avails against hunger.
- 8) [Other] faces, that Day, will show pleasure.
- 9) With their effort [they are] satisfied
- 10) In an elevated garden,
- 11) Wherein they will hear no unsuitable speech.⁽¹⁷⁸⁰⁾
- 12) Within it is a flowing spring.
- 13) Within it are couches raised high
- 14) And cups put in place
- 15) And cushions lined up
- 16) And carpets spread around.
- 17) Then do they not look at the camels – how they are created?
- 18) And at the sky – how it is raised?
- 19) And at the mountains – how they are erected?
- 20) And at the earth – how it is spread out?
- 21) So remind, [O Muhammad]; you are only a reminder.
- 22) You are not over them a controller.
- 23) However, he who turns away and disbelieves –
- 24) Then Allah will punish him with the greatest punishment.

(1778) *Al-Ghashiyah*: The Overwhelming, one of the names of the Resurrection.

(1779) Another accepted meaning is “They were working hard and exhausted,” i.e., doing deeds during worldly life which did not benefit them since they were not accompanied by faith or done for the acceptance of Allah.

(1780) i.e., any insult, falsehood, immorality, idle or vain talk, etc.

25) Indeed, to Us is their return.

26) Then indeed, upon Us is their account.

Fajr-89⁽¹⁷⁸¹⁾

In the name of Allah, the Entirely Merciful, the Especially Merciful

- 1) By the dawn
- 2) And [by] ten nights⁽¹⁷⁸²⁾
- 3) And [by] the even [number] and the odd
- 4) And [by] the night when it passes,
- 5) Is there [not] in [all] that an oath [sufficient] for one of perception?⁽¹⁷⁸³⁾
- 6) Have you not considered how your Lord dealt with 'Aad –
- 7) [With] Iram⁽¹⁷⁸⁴⁾ – who had lofty pillars,⁽¹⁷⁸⁵⁾
- 8) The likes of whom had never been created in the land?
- 9) And [with] Thamud, who carved out the rocks in the valley?
- 10) And [with] Pharaoh, owner of the stakes?⁽¹⁷⁸⁶⁾ –
- 11) [All of] whom oppressed within the lands
- 12) And increased therein the corruption.
- 13) So your Lord poured upon them a scourge of punishment.
- 14) Indeed, your Lord is in observation.
- 15) And as for man, when his Lord tries him and [thus] is generous to him and favors him, he says, "My Lord has honored me."⁽¹⁷⁸⁷⁾
- 16) But when He tries him and restricts his provision, he says, "My Lord has humiliated me."
- 17) No!⁽¹⁷⁸⁸⁾ But you do not honor the orphan

(1781) *Al-Fajr*: The Dawn.

(1782) Usually interpreted as the first ten nights of the month of Dhul-Hijjah.

(1783) Based upon the following verses, what has been sworn to by Allah is that He will certainly punish the disbelievers.

(1784) Another name for the first people of 'Aad, to whom Prophet Hud was sent.

(1785) Supporting their tents or buildings.

(1786) By which he tortured people.

(1787) He is proud rather than grateful, attributing the favor to his own merit.

(1788) It is not like you imagine. Rather, Allah tries people through prosperity and hardship and rewards both gratitude and patience with honor in the Hereafter.

- 18) And you do not encourage one another to feed the poor.
 19) And you consume inheritance, devouring [it] altogether,⁽¹⁷⁸⁹⁾
 20) And you love wealth with immense love.
 21) No! When the earth has been leveled – pounded and crushed –
 22) And your Lord has come⁽¹⁷⁹⁰⁾ and the angels, rank upon rank,
 23) And brought [within view], that Day, is Hell – that Day, man
 will remember, but how [i.e., what good] to him will be the
 remembrance?
 24) He will say, "Oh, I wish I had sent ahead [some good] for my life."⁽¹⁷⁹¹⁾
 25) So on that Day, none will punish [as severely] as His punishment,
 26) And none will bind [as severely] as His binding [of the evildoers].
 27) [To the righteous it will be said], "O reassured soul,
 28) Return to your Lord, well-pleased and pleasing [to Him],
 29) And enter among My [righteous] servants
 30) And enter My Paradise."

Balad-90⁽¹⁷⁹²⁾

In the name of Allah, the Entirely Merciful, the Especially Merciful

- 1) I swear by this city [i.e., Makkah] –
 2) And you, [O Muhammad], are free of restriction in this city –
 3) And [by] the father⁽¹⁷⁹³⁾ and that which was born [of him],
 4) We have certainly created man into hardship.
 5) Does he think that never will anyone overcome him?
 6) He says, "I have spent wealth in abundance."
 7) Does he think that no one has seen him?
 8) Have We not made for him two eyes?
 9) And a tongue and two lips?
 10) And have shown him the two ways?⁽¹⁷⁹⁴⁾

(1789) Not caring whether it is lawful or unlawful.

(1790) To pass judgment. See footnote to 2:19.

(1791) The everlasting life of the Hereafter.

(1792) *Al-Balad*: The City.

(1793) Said to be Adam (upon whom be peace).

- 11) But he has not broken through the difficult pass.⁽¹⁷⁹⁵⁾
12) And what can make you know what is [breaking through] the difficult pass?
13) It is freeing of a slave
14) Or feeding on a day of severe hunger
15) An orphan of near relationship
16) Or a needy person in misery
17) And then being among those who believed and advised one another to patience and advised one another to compassion.
18) Those are the companions of the right.⁽¹⁷⁹⁶⁾
19) But they who disbelieved in Our signs – those are the companions of the left.⁽¹⁷⁹⁷⁾
20) Over them will be fire closed in.⁽¹⁷⁹⁸⁾

(1794) Of good and evil.

(1795) i.e., the steep incline or obstacle. In other words, he has not spent in the cause of Allah but only boasts of spending in front of others.

(1796) Or “the companion of good fortune,” i.e., those who receive their records in their right hands and proceed to Paradise.

(1797) Or “the companions of ill fortune,” i.e., those who receive their records in their left hands and proceed to Hell.

(1798) The cover over Hell will be sealed and locked, containing its fire and its inhabitants.

Shams-91⁽¹⁷⁹⁹⁾

In the name of Allah, the Entirely Merciful, the Especially Merciful

- 1) By the sun and its brightness
- 2) And [by] the moon when it follows it.
- 3) And [by] the day when it displays it⁽¹⁸⁰⁰⁾
- 4) And [by] the night when it covers [i.e., conceals] it
- 5) And [by] the sky and He who constructed it
- 6) And [by] the earth and He who spread it
- 7) And [by] the soul and He who proportioned it⁽¹⁸⁰¹⁾
- 8) And inspired it [with discernment of] its wickedness and its righteousness,
- 9) He has succeeded who purifies it,
- 10) And he has failed who instills it [with corruption].
- 11) Thamud denied [their prophet] by reason of their transgression,
- 12) When the most wretched of them was sent forth.⁽¹⁸⁰²⁾
- 13) And the messenger of Allah [i.e., Salih] said to them, "[Do not harm] the she-camel of Allah or [prevent her from] her drink."
- 14) But they denied him and hamstrung⁽¹⁸⁰³⁾ her. So their Lord brought down upon them destruction for their sin and made it equal [upon all of them].
- 15) And He does not fear the consequence thereof.⁽¹⁸⁰⁴⁾

(1799) *Ash-Shams*: The Sun.

(1800) The earth. Also interpreted as the sun. the same applies to the following verse.

(1801) i.e., balanced and refined it, creating in it sound tendencies and consciousness.

(1802) To hamstring the she-camel which had been sent by Allah as a sign to them.

(1803) And then killed.

(1804) Allah is not asked about what He does, but His servants will be asked. See 21:23.

Layl-92⁽¹⁸⁰⁵⁾

In the name of Allah, the Entirely Merciful, the Especially Merciful

- 1) By the night when it covers⁽¹⁸⁰⁶⁾
- 2) And [by] the day when it appears
- 3) And [by] He who created the male and female,
- 4) Indeed, your efforts are diverse.
- 5) As for he who gives and fears Allah
- 6) And believes in the best [reward],
- 7) We will ease him toward ease.
- 8) But as for he who withholds and considers himself free of need
- 9) And denies the best [reward],
- 10) We will ease him toward difficulty.
- 11) And what will his wealth avail him when he falls?⁽¹⁸⁰⁷⁾
- 12) Indeed, [incumbent] upon Us is guidance.
- 13) And indeed, to Us belongs the Hereafter and the first [life].
- 14) So I have warned you of a Fire which is blazing.
- 15) None will [enter to] burn therein except the most wretched one.
- 16) Who had denied and turned away.
- 17) But the righteous one will avoid it –
- 18) [He] who gives [from] his wealth to purify himself
- 19) And not [giving] for anyone who has [done him] a favor to be rewarded⁽¹⁸⁰⁸⁾
- 20) But only seeking the countenance of his Lord, Most High.
- 21) And he is going to be satisfied.

(1805) *Al-Layl*: The Night.

(1806) With darkness.

(1807) i.e., when he dies or is destroyed. It can also mean when he falls into the Hellfire.

(1808) i.e., without intending reciprocation for some benefit to himself.

Dhuha-93⁽¹⁸⁰⁹⁾

In the name of Allah, the Entirely Merciful, the Especially Merciful

- 1) By the morning brightness
- 2) And [by] the night when it covers with darkness,⁽¹⁸¹⁰⁾
- 3) Your Lord has not taken leave of you, [O Muhammad], nor has He detested [you].
- 4) And the Hereafter is better for you than the first [life].
- 5) And your Lord is going to give you, and you will be satisfied.
- 6) Did He not find you an orphan and give [you] refuge?
- 7) And He found you lost and guided [you],
- 8) And He found you poor and made [you] self-sufficient.
- 9) So as for the orphan, do not oppress [him].
- 10) And as for the petitioner,⁽¹⁸¹¹⁾ do not repel [him].
- 11) But as for the favor of your Lord, report [it].

(1809) *Adh-Dhuha*: The Morning Brightness, i.e., the brightness or heat of the sun.

(1810) And becomes still.

(1811) Anyone who seeks aid or knowledge.

Inshirah-94⁽¹⁸¹²⁾

In the name of Allah, the Entirely Merciful, the Especially Merciful

- 1) Did We not expand for you, [O Muhammad], your breast?⁽¹⁸¹³⁾
- 2) And We removed from you your burden⁽¹⁸¹⁴⁾
- 3) Which had weighed upon your back
- 4) And raised high for you your repute.
- 5) For indeed, with hardship [will be] ease [i.e., relief].
- 6) Indeed, with hardship [will be] ease.
- 7) So when you have finished [your duties], then stand up [for worship].
- 8) And to your Lord direct [your] longing.

Teen-95⁽¹⁸¹⁵⁾

In the name of Allah, the Entirely Merciful, the Especially Merciful

- 1) By the fig and the olive⁽¹⁸¹⁶⁾
- 2) And [by] Mount Sinai
- 3) And [by] this secure city [i.e., Makkah],
- 4) We have certainly created man in the best of stature;⁽¹⁸¹⁷⁾
- 5) Then We return him to the lowest of the low,⁽¹⁸¹⁸⁾
- 6) Except for those who believe and do righteous deeds, for they will have a reward uninterrupted.
- 7) So what yet causes you to deny the Recompense?⁽¹⁸¹⁹⁾
- 8) Is not Allah the most just of judges?

(1812) *As-Sharh* or *Al-Inshirah*: Expansion.

(1813) i.e., enlighten, assure and gladden your heart with guidance.

(1814) By forgiving any errors which you may have committed previously or might commit consequently. "Burden" can also refer to the anxiety experienced by the Prophet (ﷺ) at the beginning of his mission.

(1815) *At-Teen*: The Fig.

(1816) Referring to the places known for their production, i.e., Damascus and Jerusalem, respectively. It could also refer to the fig and olive trees or to the fruits themselves.

(1817) i.e., upright, symmetrical, and balanced in form and nature.

(1818) This can refer to the depths of Hell, to decrepit old age or to immorality.

(1819) More literally, "What makes you lie concerning it?"

‘Alaq-96⁽¹⁸²⁰⁾

In the name of Allah, the Entirely Merciful, the Especially Merciful

- 1) Recite in the name of your Lord who created –
- 2) Created man from a clinging substance.
- 3) Recite, and your Lord is the most Generous –
- 4) Who taught by the pen –
- 5) Taught man that which he knew not.
- 6) No! [But] indeed, man transgresses
- 7) Because he sees himself self-sufficient.
- 8) Indeed, to your Lord is the return.
- 9) Have you seen the one who forbids
- 10) A servant when he prays?
- 11) Have you seen if he is upon guidance
- 12) Or enjoins righteousness?
- 13) Have you seen if he denies and turns away –
- 14) Does he not know that Allah sees?
- 15) No! If he does not desist, We will surely drag him by the forelock⁽¹⁸²¹⁾ –
- 16) A lying, sinning forelock.
- 17) Then let him call his associates;
- 18) We will call the angels of Hell.⁽¹⁸²²⁾
- 19) No! Do not obey him. But prostrate and draw near [to Allah].

(1820) *Al-‘Alaq*: The Clinging (or Suspended) Substance. The *surah* has also been called *Iqra’*, meaning “recite or read.”

(1821) It may also mean “slap him” or “blacken his face at the forelock.”

(1822) Those who push the wicked into the Fire.

Qadr-97⁽¹⁸²³⁾

In the name of Allah, the Entirely Merciful, the Especially Merciful

- 1) Indeed, We sent it [i.e., the Qur'an] down during the Night of Decree.
- 2) And what can make you know what is the Night of Decree?
- 3) The Night of Decree is better than a thousands months.
- 4) The angels and the Spirit [i.e., Gabriel] descend therein by permission of their Lord for every matter.⁽¹⁸²⁴⁾
- 5) Peace it is⁽¹⁸²⁵⁾ until the emergence of dawn.

In the name of Allah, the Entirely Merciful, the Especially Merciful

Bayyinah-98⁽¹⁸²⁶⁾

- 1) Those who disbelieved among the People of the Scripture and the polytheists were not to be parted [from misbelief]⁽¹⁸²⁷⁾ until there came to them clear evidence –
- 2) A Messenger from Allah, reciting purified⁽¹⁸²⁸⁾ scriptures
- 3) Within which are correct writings [i.e., rulings and laws].
- 4) Nor did those who were given the Scripture become divided⁽¹⁸²⁹⁾ until there had come to them clear evidence.
- 5) And they were not commanded except to worship Allah [being] sincere to Him in religion, inclining to truth, and to establish prayer and to give zakkah. And that is the correct religion.

(1823) *Al-Qadr*: Decree or Destiny. Other meanings are “precise measurement [i.e., amount or extent],” “value,” “gravity,” or “greatness.”

(1824) They bring down the decree for everything destined to occur in the coming year.

(1825) Upon the believers.

(1826) *Al-Bayyinah*: Clear Evidence.

(1827) i.e., from their erroneous beliefs and superstitions.

(1828) i.e., containing no falsehood.

(1829) Into sects and denominations.

- 6) Indeed, they who disbelieved among the People of the Scripture and the polytheists will be in the fire of Hell, abiding eternally therein. Those are the worst of creatures.
- 7) Indeed, they who have believed and done righteous deeds – those are the best of creatures.
- 8) Their reward with Allah will be gardens or perpetual residence beneath which rivers flow, wherein they will abide forever, Allah being pleased with them and they with Him. That is for whoever has feared his Lord.

Zalzalah-99⁽¹⁸³⁰⁾

In the name of Allah, the Entirely Merciful, the Especially Merciful

- 1) When the earth is shaken with its [final] earthquake
- 2) And the earth discharges its burdens⁽¹⁸³¹⁾
- 3) And man says,⁽¹⁸³²⁾ "What is [wrong] with it?" –
- 4) That Day, it will report its news
- 5) Because your Lord has inspired [i.e., commanded] it.
- 6) That Day, the people will depart⁽¹⁸³³⁾ separated [into categories] to be shown [the result of] their deeds.
- 7) So whoever does an atom's weight⁽¹⁸³⁴⁾ of good will see it,
- 8) And whoever does an atom's weight of evil will see it.

(1830) *Az-Zalzalah*: The Earthquake.

(1831) See verse 84:4.

(1832) In terror and amazement.

(1833) From the place of Judgment to their final abode. Another interpretation is “emerge separately” (from the graves).

(1834) Or “the weight of a small ant.”

‘Aadiyat-100⁽¹⁸³⁵⁾

In the name of Allah, the Entirely Merciful, the Especially Merciful

- 1) By the races, panting,⁽¹⁸³⁶⁾
- 2) And the producers of sparks [when] striking⁽¹⁸³⁷⁾
- 3) And the charges at dawn,⁽¹⁸³⁸⁾
- 4) Stirring up thereby [clouds of] dust,
- 5) Arriving thereby in the center⁽¹⁸³⁹⁾ collectively,
- 6) Indeed mankind, to his Lord, is ungrateful.
- 7) And indeed, he is to that a witness.⁽¹⁸⁴⁰⁾
- 8) And indeed he is, in love if wealth, intense.
- 9) But doe he not know that when the contents of the graves are scattered
- 10) And that within the breasts is obtained,⁽¹⁸⁴¹⁾
- 11) Indeed, their Lord with them, that Day, is [fully] Acquainted.

Qari'ah-101⁽¹⁸⁴²⁾

In the name of Allah, the Entirely Merciful, the Especially Merciful

- 1) The Striking Calamity –
- 2) What is the Striking Calamity?
- 3) And what can make you know what is the Striking Calamity?
- 4) It is the Day when people will be like moths, dispersed,⁽¹⁸⁴³⁾
- 5) And the mountains will be like wool, fluffed up.⁽¹⁸⁴⁴⁾
- 6) Then as for one whose scales are heavy [with good deeds],
- 7) He will be in a pleasant life.
- 8) But as for one whose scales are light,

(1835) *Al- 'Aadiyat*: The Racers.

(1836) i.e., the horses of those fighting for Allah's cause as they race to attack the enemy.

(1837) Their hoofs while galloping over rocky terrain.

(1838) While the enemy is unaware.

(1839) i.e., penetrating into the enemy ranks during the surprise attack.

(1840) Through his speech and his actions.

(1841) i.e., when all secrets are made known.

(1842) *Al-Qari'ah*: That Which Strikes or The Sudden Calamity, another name for the Resurrection.

(1843) The people will be as such after having been expelled from their graves.

(1844) i.e., beginning to disintegrate.

- 9) His refuge⁽¹⁸⁴⁵⁾ will be an abyss.⁽¹⁸⁴⁶⁾
 10) And what can make you know what that is?
 11) It is a Fire, intensely hot.

Takathur-102⁽¹⁸⁴⁷⁾

In the name of Allah, the Entirely Merciful, the Especially Merciful

- 1) Competition in [worldly] increase diverts you
 2) Until you visit the graveyards.⁽¹⁸⁴⁸⁾
 3) No! You are going to know.
 4) Then no! You are going to know.
 5) No! If you only knew with knowledge of certainty...⁽¹⁸⁴⁹⁾
 6) You will surely see the Hellfire.
 7) Then you will surely see it with the eye of certainty.⁽¹⁸⁵⁰⁾
 8) Then you will surely be asked that Day about pleasure.⁽¹⁸⁵¹⁾

Asr-103⁽¹⁸⁵²⁾

In the name of Allah, the Entirely Merciful, the Especially Merciful

- 1) By time,⁽¹⁸⁵³⁾
 2) Indeed, mankind is in loss,
 3) Except for those who have believed and done righteous deeds
 and advised each other to truth and advised each other to
 patience.

(1845) Literally, "mother" (a man's original refuge), which will envelop him as in an embrace.

(1846) i.e., the pit of Hellfire.

(1847) *At-Takathur*: Competition in Increase.

(1848) i.e., remain in them temporarily, until the Day of Resurrection.

(1849) The conclusion of this verse is estimated to be "...you would not have been distracted from preparing for the Hereafter."

(1850) i.e., with actual eyesight.

(1851) i.e., the comforts of worldly life and whether you were grateful to Allah for His blessings.

(1852) *Al-'Asr*: Time.

(1853) An oath in which Allah swears by time throughout the ages.

Humazah-104⁽¹⁸⁵⁴⁾

In the name of Allah, the Entirely Merciful, the Especially Merciful

- 1) Woe to every scorner and mocker
- 2) Who collects wealth and [continuously] counts it.⁽¹⁸⁵⁵⁾
- 3) He thinks that his wealth will make him immortal.
- 4) No! He will surely be thrown into the Crusher.⁽¹⁸⁵⁶⁾
- 5) And what can make you know what is the Crushers?
- 6) It is the fire of Allah, [eternally] fueled,
- 7) Which mounts directed at the hearts.⁽¹⁸⁵⁷⁾
- 8) Indeed, it [i.e., Hellfire] will be closed down upon them
- 9) In extended columns.⁽¹⁸⁵⁸⁾

Fil-105⁽¹⁸⁵⁹⁾

In the name of Allah, the Entirely Merciful, the Especially Merciful

- 1) Have you not considered, [O Muhammad], how your Lord dealt with the companions of the elephant?⁽¹⁸⁶⁰⁾
- 2) Did He not make their plan into misguidance?⁽¹⁸⁶¹⁾
- 3) And He sent against them birds in flocks,
- 4) Striking them with stones of hard clay,
- 5) And He made them like eaten straw.⁽¹⁸⁶²⁾

(1854) *Al-Humazah*: The Scorners.

(1855) Rather than spending in the way of Allah.

(1856) i.e., Hellfire, which crushes and destroys all that enters it.

(1857) Covering them and penetrating them.

(1858) Interpreted to be either columns of fire or columns of iron to which are chained the inmates of Hell.

(1859) *Al-Fil*: The Elephant.

(1860) i.e., the army under the command of Abrahah al-Ashram which was accompanied by a huge elephant and came with the intention of destroying the *Ka'bah* at Makkah.

(1861) Causing them to perish.

(1862) i.e., husks which have been chewed by cattle. This event took place in the year of the Prophet's birth.

Quraysh-106⁽¹⁸⁶³⁾

In the name of Allah, the Entirely Merciful, the Especially Merciful

- 1) For the accustomed security of the Quraysh⁽¹⁸⁶⁴⁾ –
- 2) Their accustomed security [in] the caravan of winter and summer⁽¹⁸⁶⁵⁾ –
- 3) Let them worship the Lord of this House,⁽¹⁸⁶⁶⁾
- 4) Who has fed them, [saving them] from hunger and made them safe, [saving them] from fear.

Ma'un-107⁽¹⁸⁶⁷⁾

In the name of Allah, the Entirely Merciful, the Especially Merciful

- 1) Have you seen the one who denies the Recompense?
- 2) For that is the one who drives away the orphan
- 3) And does not encourage the feeding of the poor.
- 4) So woe to those who pray
- 5) [But] who are heedless of their prayer⁽¹⁸⁶⁸⁾ –
- 6) Those who make show [of their deeds]
- 7) And withhold [simple] assistance.

(1863) *Quraysh*: (The Tribe of) Quraysh.

(1864) i.e., the honor and reputation Allah had given them as guardians of the Holy *Ka'bah*, which allowed them to travel without fear of being harmed.

(1865) i.e., the trading caravans that traveled south in winter and north in summer.

(1866) i.e., the *Ka'bah*.

(1867) *Al-Ma'un*: Assistance.

(1868) i.e., the hypocrites who are unconcerned if they miss prayers when no one sees them.

Kawthar-108⁽¹⁸⁶⁹⁾

In the name of Allah, the Entirely Merciful, the Especially Merciful

- 1) Indeed, We have granted you, [O Muhammad], al-Kawthar.
- 2) So pray to your Lord and sacrifice [to Him alone].
- 3) Indeed, your enemy is the one cut off.⁽¹⁸⁷⁰⁾

Kafirun-109⁽¹⁸⁷¹⁾

In the name of Allah, the Entirely Merciful, the Especially Merciful

- 1) Say, "O disbelievers,
- 2) I do not worship what you worship.
- 3) Nor are you worshippers of what I worship.
- 4) Nor will I be a worshipper of what you worship.
- 5) Not will you be worshippers of what I worship.
- 6) For you is your religion, and for me is my religion."

(1869) *Al-Kawthar*: Literally, "the most abundant good." Also, a river in Paradise.

(1870) From all good in this world and the Hereafter.

(1871) *Al-Kafirun*: The Disbelievers. The Prophet (ﷺ) mentioned that this *surah* is disassociation from *shirk* (worship of anything other than Allah) for him who recites it. (Narrated by Ahmad, Abu Dawud and at-Tirmidhi—*hasan*.)

Nasr-110⁽¹⁸⁷²⁾

In the name of Allah, the Entirely Merciful, the Especially Merciful

- 1) When the victory of Allah has come and the conquest,⁽¹⁸⁷³⁾
- 2) And you see the people entering into the religion of Allah in multitudes.
- 3) Then exalt [Him] with praise of your Lord and ask for forgiveness of Him. Indeed, He is ever Accepting of repentance.

Masad-111⁽¹⁸⁷⁴⁾

In the name of Allah, the Entirely Merciful, the Especially Merciful

- 1) May the hands of Abu Lahab be ruined, and ruined is he.⁽¹⁸⁷⁵⁾
- 2) His wealth will not avail him or that which he gained.
- 3) He will [enter to] burn in a Fire of [blazing] flame
- 4) And his wife [as well] – the carrier of firewood.⁽¹⁸⁷⁶⁾
- 5) Around her neck is a rope of [twisted] fiber.

(1872) *An-Nasr*: Victory

(1873) The conquest of Makkah.

(1874) *Al-Masad*: Fiber. This *surah* is also known as *al-Lahab* (Flame).

(1875) Abu Lahab (the Prophet's uncle), who was an enemy of Islam.

(1876) She used to put thorns in the Prophet's path and slander him (ﷺ). The word "firewood" was used by the Arabs to allude to slander and backbiting.

Ikhlas-112⁽¹⁸⁷⁷⁾

In the name of Allah, the Entirely Merciful, the Especially Merciful

- 1) Say, "He is Allah, [who is] One,⁽¹⁸⁷⁸⁾
- 2) Allah, the Eternal Refuge.⁽¹⁸⁷⁹⁾
- 3) He neither begets nor is born,
- 4) Nor is there to Him any equivalent."

Falaq-113⁽¹⁸⁸⁰⁾

In the name of Allah, the Entirely Merciful, the Especially Merciful

- 1) Say, "I seek refuge in the Lord of daybreak
- 2) From the evil of that which He created
- 3) And from the evil of darkness when it settles
- 4) And from the evil of the blowers in knots⁽¹⁸⁸¹⁾
- 5) And from the evil of an envier when he envies."

Nas-114⁽¹⁸⁸²⁾

In the name of Allah, the Entirely Merciful, the Especially Merciful

- 1) Say, "I seek refuge in the Lord of mankind,
- 2) The Sovereign of mankind.
- 3) The God of mankind,
- 4) From the evil of the retreating whisperer⁽¹⁸⁸³⁾ –
- 5) Who whispers [evil] into the breasts of mankind –
- 6) From among the jinn and mankind."⁽¹⁸⁸⁴⁾

(1877) *Al-Ikhlās*: Purification, i.e., the purification of faith—the *surah*'s theme. In narration by al-Bukhari and Ahmad, the Prophet (ﷺ) described this *surah* as being equivalent to one-third of the Qur'an.

(1878) i.e., single, unique and indivisible.

(1879) i.e., the one sought in times of difficulty and need, the one depended upon by all existence.

(1880) *Al-Falaq*: Daybreak. This and the following *surah* were revealed together and are recited when seeking Allah's protection from all kinds of evil.

(1881) i.e., those who practice magic.

(1882) *An-Nas*: People or Mankind.

(1883) i.e., a devil, who makes evil suggestions to man but disappears when one remembers Allah.

(1884) Evil prompters may be from men as well as from *jinn*.

A

- Aaron, 4:163, 6:84, 7:122, 7:142, 7:150, 7:172, 10:75, 19:53, 20:30, 20:40, 20:90, 20:92, 21:48, 23:45, 25:35, 26:12, 26:48, 28:34, 37:114-120
- House of, 2:248
- Ablution, 4:43, 5:6
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- neither Jew nor Christian, 3:67
- stood in first temple at Bakkah, 3:97, 26:123
- Abrogation, 2:106, 16:101
- Abu Lahab (Abd al-Uzza), 111:1-3
- his wife, 111:4-5
- Acacia flowers, 56:26
- Ad, 7:65, 7:74, 9:70, 11:50-60, 22:42, 25:38, 26:123-140, 29:38, 38:12, 41:15-16, 46:21-26, 50:13, 51:41, 53:50, 54:18-21, 69:4, 69:6, 89:6
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- angels to prostrate before, 2:34, 7:11
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- Adultery (see Marriage)
- Adversity
- not burdened beyond capability to withstand, 2:286, 6:152, 7:42, 23:62
- not burdened with another's burden, 6:164, 17:15, 35:18, 39:7, 53:38
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- Aging, 16:70, 22:5, 30:54, 36:68
- behavior towards aging parents in your care, 17:23
- Ahmad, 61:6
- Al Rass, 25:38, 50:13
- Alcohol (see Intoxicants)
- Allah
- a day for Him is
- a thousand human years, 22:47, 32:5
- fifty thousand years, 70:4
- ability to do anything, 2:106, 2:117, 3:165, 3:189, 8:41, 9:116, 11:4, 16:40, 40:68, 41:39, 42:49, 57:2
- best of all judges, 95:8
- beyond definition, 43:82, 67:12
- brings disbelievers schemes to nought, 8:30, 8:36
- cause human beings to disappear and bring forth other beings, 4:133, 14:19, 35:16
- causes laughter and crying, 53:43
- caused a man to sleep for a century, 2:259
- enemy of those who deny the truth, 2:98
- extol his glory from morning until night, 33:42
- false daughters of, 16:57, 17:40, 43:16, 52:39, 53:21-22
- by name, 53:19-20
- gives humans free will, 36:67
- giving it all up for him, 4:66-68, 4:125
- good and evil are from Him, 4:78
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- has no son, 43:81, 72:3, 112:3
- has not forsaken you during your hard times, 93:3
- is everywhere, 2:115, 2:142, 2:177, 4:126
- is the
- First and the Last (alpha and omega), 57:3

- Outward and Inward, 57:3
- knows that beyond comprehension, 6:59, 6:73, 9:94, 9:105, 13:9, 32:6, 34:48, 35:38, 39:46, 49:18, 59:22, 62:8, 64:18, 72:26, 74:31, 87:7
- loves those who behave equitably, 49:9
- made no laws regarding that of which He didn't speak, 5:101, 6:140, 6:148, 7:32
- mercy towards prisoners of war who have good in them, 8:70
- nature of, 2:255
- no human is a divinity, 3:64, 3:151
- not a trinity, 4:171
- refuge from evil with, 113:1-5, 114:1-6
- remembering him standing, sitting, lying down, 3:191, 4:103, 10:12, 25:64
- shapes you in the womb, 3:6
- throne rests upon the water, 11:7
- will create things of which you have no knowledge, 16:8
- wills no wrong to His creation, 3:108, 4:40, 17:71, 21:47, 22:10, 26:209, 40:31, 41:46, 45:22, 50:29, 64:11
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- forbidden with hypocrites, 4:88-89, 4:139, 4:144
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- created from fire, 7:12, 38:76
- eight will bear Allah's throne aloft on Judgement Day, 69:17
- false claim that they are female, 43:19, 53:27
- "guardian", 82:10-12, 86:4
- nineteen lord over hell, 74:30-31
- not sent to satisfy whims, 15:7-8
- sent to inspire, 16:2
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- withhold, 3:134
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- Apes, 5:60
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- Apostasy, 3:72, 3:86-88, 3:90-91, 3:167, 4:137, 5:54, 9:74, 9:107, 16:106, 33:14
- do not ask for speedy doom for apostates, 46:35
- Allah alone will punish them, 73:11, 74:11
- punishment in the hereafter, 2:217, 9:74
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- on Judgement Day is too late, 40:85
- under duress, 16:106
- Arguments/Attacks
- respond in kind, 8:58, 16:126
- being patient is far better, 16:126
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- Armor, 16:81
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- celestial mechanics, 7:54, 22:65
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- objects impacting Earth, 34:9
- planets, 81:16
- Sirius (Alpha Canis Major), 53:49
- stars, 22:18, 37:88, 51:7, 79:1, 81:2, 86:3
- neighborhood of Earth populated by, 37:6, 41:12, 67:5
- proper motion of, 79:2-4
- revolving, 81:15

- sunrise, 37:5, 55:17, 70:40
- sunset, 55:17, 70:40, 84:16
- Atoms (perhaps meant as "ants" originally?), 10:61, 34:3, 34:22, 99:7-8
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- Badr, 8:42
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- Bees, 16:68
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- avoid grave sins and shameful deeds, 53:32
- avoid guesswork about one another, 49:12
- be just in your opinions, 6:152
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- conceit discouraged, 4:36, 57:23
- don't chide those who seek your help, 93:10
- don't consider yourself pure, 53:32
- don't deride others, 49:11, 104:1
- don't mention evil things openly, 4:148
- don't speak ill of each other, 49:12, 104:1
- don't spy on each other, 49:12
- each group given a law and way of life, 2:148, 5:48, 10:47, 10:74, 13:38, 16:36, 16:63, 16:84
- and a prophet, 10:47, 16:36
- and a way of worship, 22:67

- Allah could have made them one community, 5:48, 11:118, 16:93, 42:8
- one community under Allah, 21:92
- forgive Jews who distort the Qur'an, 5:13
- forgive non-believers, 31:15, 45:14
- forgive readily, 42:37
- maligning believers is sinful, 33:58
- men (toward women), 24:30
- peacemakers rewarded, 42:40
- rulers make decisions after consultations, 42:38
- speak justly toward those in want, if you can do nothing else, 17:28
- towards aging parents in your care, 17:23
- towards other Muslims, 33:6
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